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Journal of Natural History

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information:

http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/tnah20

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Version of record first published: 17 Feb 2007.

To cite this article: I.D. Hodkinson (1988): The Nearctic Psylloidea (Insecta: Homoptera): an

annotated check list, Journal of Natural History, 22:5, 1179-1243

To link to this article: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00222938800770751

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The Nearctic Psylloidea (Insecta: Homoptera): an annotated check list

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(Accepted 16 February 1988)

The 302 species of jumping plant lice (Insecta: Homoptera: Psylloidea) recorded from the Nearctic zoogeographical region are listed under their respective genera. Information is given on synonymy, host plants and distribution; and the taxonomic position of problematical species is discussed. A list of host-plants and their associated psyllids in also included.

KEYWORDS: Psylloidea; Homoptera; checklist; distribution; host-plant; synonymy; bibliography.

Introduction

This paper attempts to bring together the scattered literature on the Nearctic Psylloidea. It complements earlier check lists that reviewed the psyllids or jumping plant lice of the Palaearctic, Neotropical, Oriental, Austro-Oriental and Pacific zoogeographical realms (Hodkinson, 1983 a, 1986; Hodkinson & White, 1981; Klimaszewski, 1973). The account includes all psyllids recorded from the North American continent north of the USA-Mexico political boundary, including Greenland and the Arctic islands. The origins of the Nearctic psyllid fauna were discussed in detail by Hodkinson (1980) who recognized 3 basic faunal elements. The first element embraced a group of genera, including Aphalara, Craspedolepta, Livia, Psylla and Cacopsylla, which is holarctic in distribution. These genera contained some species that exhibit a broad northern circumpolar distribution. The second element contained genera that appear to have spread into the Nearctic region from the northern Neotropics. Typical genera included here are Katacephala, Ceropsylla, Leuronota and Gyropsylla. This left a residual third major element of apparently endemic genera such as Tetragonocephala, Leurolophus, Purshivora, Neophyllura, Amorphicola, Pexopsylla and Paraphalaroida which appear to have their origins in the Nearctic region. Recent work on the temperate South American fauna suggests that some genera, such as Aphalaroida, that were considered to belong to this 'endemic' group, have strong elements of the Neotropical fauna (Burckhardt, personal communication). It is also apparent that closer attention should be paid to the relationship between described Nearctic and Palaearctic species as it is possible that some species still exist under different names in the two regions.

Apparently several species have been introduced into North America. These include Arytaina genistae, Arytainilla spartiophila, Acizzia uncatoides, Psyllopsis fraxini, P. fraxinicola, P. discrepans, Blastopsylla occidentalis, Ctenary longicauda, Spanioneura fonscolombii, Cacopsylla mali, C. sorbi, C. pyricola, C. fatsiae, C. buxi, Trioza alacris and Homotoma ficus. Among these, Cacopsylla pyricola is a major pest of

pear (Pyrus communis) while other species, such as A. uncatoides, B. occidentalis, C. mali, T. alacris and H. ficus, are minor pests of Acacia, Eucalyptus, Apple, Bay tree and Fig respectively. Among the native species Paratrioza cockerelli is potentially a serious pest of potato while Trioza tripunctata, Ceropsylla sideroxyli, Trioza diospyri, Pachypsylla spp. are minor pests of blackberry, false mastic, persimmon and nettle-tree respectively. Heteropsylla cubana has recently become a major pest of the forage- and shade-legume Leucaena, within the Pacific Basin.

In addition to the species listed below, Aulmann (1913) and Crawford (1914) included *Psylla cedrelae* Kieffer and *Uhleria* (≡ *Crawfordiella*) *mira* Crawford from N. America. These are mistakes; the former is an Indian species, the latter belongs to the Australian genus *Lasiopsylla* (Taylor, 1960). Also Provancher (1872, 1886) lists 3 species, *Psylla brunnea*, *P. ochracea* and *P. recticeps* whose identity is uncertain and each should be regarded as *nomina dubia*.

I have also incorporated the species and genera included in papers published privately by Bliven (1955, 1956, 1958, 1960). While the descriptions are reasonably adequate for species recognition there remains some doubt as to whether the distribution of the papers was sufficiently wide to signify 'publication' in the sense of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature.

The check list follows the format of my earlier catalogues. Genera are designated by capital letters and are listed alphabetically. Species as presently conceived are listed alphabetically in bold italics within their respective genera. Synonyms, misidentifications and misspellings of names are indented in italics. References in square brackets following a specific name relate to those authors who have referred to the species in question under that name. For each species the type locality and host-plant is given where known. Standard abbreviations are used for states within the USA and provinces within Canada. A further note on distribution is added where species have been recorded outside the type locality. In the main text host plants are quoted directly from the literature to avoid compounding any errors that may have occurred. However, in the host-plant catalogue following the check list, the generic names of plants follows Willis (1973). The abbreviations (BM), (USNM) and (IDH) are used to indicate material deposited in the British Museum (Natural History), the United States National Museum and the I.D. Hodkinson collections respectively. The family classification of the Psylloidea follows White & Hodkinson (1985).

SUPERFAMILY PSYLLOIDEA

ACIZZIA Heslop-Harrison, 1949 a, 1961 b

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla acaciae Maskell, 1894

A large genus distributed primarily on mimosoid legumes throughout the warmer regions of the Old World, including Australia (White & Hodkinson, 1985). A single species has been introduced into the USA.

uncatoides (Ferris and Klyver, 1932) [Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & White, 1981; White & Hodkinson, 1985; Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Psylla uncatoides Ferris & Klyver [Jensen, 1957 d; Munro, 1965; Koehler et al., 1966; Madubunyi & Koehler, 1974; Pinnock et al., 1978]

Neopsylla uncatoides (Ferris & Klyver) [Heslop-Harrison, 1949 a]

Type-locality: New Zealand. Distribution: USA, Calif., Chile, Mexico, Colombia, Guadeloupe, Europe (introd.), native to Australia. Host-plants: *Acacia and Albizia* species, Munro (1965) gives a full list.

AMORPHICOLA Heslop-Harrison, 1961

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla amorphae Mally, 1894

A small North American legume-feeding genus possibly related to the Old World genus *Cyamophila* Loginova, 1977.

amorphae Mally, 1894 [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; Loginova, 1977; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla amorphae Mally [Aulmann, 1913]

Arytaina amorphae (Mally) [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzce, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c; Tuthill, 1943; Heslop-Harrison, 1951 b; Jensen, 1957 c]

Psylla floridensis Crawford, 1911 c [Crawford, 1912 a]

Psylla ilicis Crawford nec Ashmead [Crawford, 1911 c, 1912 a]

Amblyrhina fractiforceps Riley MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Iowa. Distribution: USA, Nebr., Fla. Host-plants: Amorpha canescens, A. fruticosa.

pallida (Tuthill, 1943) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; Loginova, 1977]

Arytaina pallida Tuthill

Type locality: USA, Iowa, Kans., Minn., Nebr. Host-plant: Amorpha canescens.

APHALARA Förster, 1848

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES Aphalara polygoni Förster, 1848

A large, holarctic genus with members feeding on Polygonaceae, Ranunculaceae, and Primulaceae (Hodkinson, 1980). The North American species listed together below as *A. calthae* and *A. polygoni* are almost certainly not conspecific with the European type material and are, in all probability, mixtures of species (see Ossiannilsson & Jansson, 1981 for critical taxonomy of group). Gillette & Baker (1895) listed *Aphalara marginata* from Colorado as a Riley manuscript name. This species was not subsequently described.

calthae L., 1758 and polygoni Förster, 1848 [Gillette & Baker, 1895; Tucker, 1907; Johannsen & Patch, 1911; Patch, 1912 a; Zacher, 1913; Crawford, 1914; McAtee, 1915, 1918; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1931 a, 1932; Kitching, 1971; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Aphalara calthea Mally, 1894 [misspelling]

Distribution: abundant records from throughout the USA, often on *Polygonum*.

confusa Caldwell, 1937 [Strickland, 1938; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Wyo. Distribution: Alta. Host-plant: possibly Rumex sp.

curta Caldwell, 1937 [Strickland, 1938; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

curta var. californica Caldwell

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Iowa, Kans., Nebr., SDak., Utah, Wisc., Wyo. Distribution: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: unknown.

dentata Caldwell, 1937 [Strickland, 1938; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1980] Type locality: USA, Calif., Wyo. Distribution: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: unknown.

loca Caldwell, 1937 [Strickland, 1938; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Ill., Iowa, NMex., Oreg., Tenn., Wash., Wash. DC. Distribution: Canada, Alta., Man. (IDH). Host-plant: *Polygonum erectum*.

maculata Caldwell, 1937

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

manitobaensis Caldwell, 1938 b [Strickland, 1939; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: Canada, Man. Distribution: Canada, Alta; USA, Alas. Host-plant: unknown.

monticola Hodkinson, 1973 a [Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985] Type locality: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Rumex pauciflorus Nuttall.

nigra Caldwell, 1937 [Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980] Type-locality: Canada, Man. Distribution: USA, Alas. Host-plant: unknown.

nubifera Patch, 1912a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1917; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Hodkinson, 1976, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Alphalara nubifera var. reducta Caldwell, 1937

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Alas., Maine, Utah, Wash. Host-plant: unknown.

persicaria Caldwell, 1937 [Caldwell, 1938 a; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara persicaria var. cubana Caldwell, 1937

Type locality: Ohio. Distribution: Cuba (var. cubana). Host-plant: Persicaria persicaria L.

quadrilineata—see Cacopsylla quadrilineata

rumicis Mally, 1894 [Patch, 1912 a; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 d, 1932; Strickland, 1938; Heslop-Harrison, 1949 c; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1973 a, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara exilis rumicis Mally

Aphalara exilis Van Duzee, 1916 nec Weber & Mohr, 1804?

Aphalara calthae maculipennis Löw [Crawford, 1911 b] misidentification

Type locality: USA, Iowa. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Ill., Miss., Mont., Oreg., Tex., Wash., Wyo.; Canada: BC, NS. Host-plant: Rumex altissimus.

simila Caldwell, 1937 [Strickland, 1938; Caldwell, 1941, 1944 a; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Calif., Colo., Idaho, Oreg., Utah, Wash., Wyo. Distribution: Mexico. Host-plant: unknown.

steironemicola Richards, 1970

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Host-plant: Steironema ciliatum.

APHALAROIDA Crawford, 1914

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Aphalaroida pithecolobia Crawford, 1914

A small genus found on legumes in the south western USA and Mexico. It appears to be closely related to *Russelliana* and related genera from S. America (Burckhardt, 1987).

acaciae Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Acacia amentasea and possibly A gregii.

californica Tuthill, 1939 b

Distribution: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

inermis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1939 b; Caldwell, 1941; Jensen, 1949; Hodkinson & White, 1971; Russell, 1973; White and Hodkinson, 1985] Aphalara punctellus Van Duzee, 1923 [Jensen, 1949; Russell, 1973]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif., Tex. Distribution: Mexico. Host-plant: Prosopis juliflor.

intermedia Klyver, 1931 a

Type locality: USA, Nev. Host-plant: unknown.

masonici (Caldwell, 1940) replacement name

Euphyllura acacia Caldwell, 1938 b nec Crawford, 1914

Type locality: USA, Fla. Host-plant: Acacia sp.

pithecolobia Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Jensen, 1957 c]

Type locality: USA, Tex. Distribution: USA, Ariz., NMex. Host-plant: Pithecolobium sp.

prosopis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Rhinocola prosopis Hubbard MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: Prosopis juliflor.

spinifera Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Rhinocola spinifera Hubbard MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Rhinocola rauca Hubbard MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif. Host-plant: Prosopis juliflor and possibly Acacia gregii.

ARYTAINA Förster, 1848

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla genistae Latreille, 1804

An old world genus feeding on legumes of the tribe Genisteae, primarily in the Mediterranean basin (Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987). A single species has been introduced into the USA.

genistae (Latreille, 1804) [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943; Heslop-Harrison, 1951 b; Vondráček, 1953; Loginova, 1976; Hodkinson 1980; Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllopa magna Crawford, 1911 b [Zacher, 1913]

Arytaena genistae Förster [Enderlein, 1921]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Mass. (introd.). Host-plant: *Cytisus scoparius*. A full account of the European distribution, host-plants and synonymy is given by Hodkinson & Hollis (1987).

ARYTAINILLA Loginova, 1972 b

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla delarbrei Puton, 1873

A heterogeneous west palaearctic genus, members of which feed in papilionoid legumes. A single species has been introduced into North America.

spartiophila (Förster, 1848) [Loginova, 1972 b, 1977; Hodkinson, 1973 b; Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla spartii Guérin-Méneville, 1842 [Aulmann, 1913]

Arytaina spartii Guérin-Méneville [Heslop-Harrison, 1951 b]

Arytaina spartiophila Förster, 1848 [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Wash. (introd.). Host-plant: *Cytisus scoparius*. A full account of the European distribution, host-plants and synonymy is given by Hodkinson & Hollis (1987).

BLASTOPSYLLA Taylor, 1985

[APHALARIDAE?]

TYPE-SPECIES: Blatopsylla moorei Taylor, 1985

An Australian Eucalyptus-feeding genus that has been introduced into the USA.

occidentalis Taylor, 1985

Type locality: Australia. Distribution: USA, Calif.; New Zealand. Host-plant: *Eucalyptus spathulata* Hook.

BRACHYLIVIA Riley, 1884—a nomen nudum

CACOPSYLLA Ossiannilsson, 1970

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla mali Schmidberger, 1836

Cacopsylla is used here in its broadest sense to include species previously placed in Psylla (sensu lato) but not congeneric with P. alni and its relatives, which feed on Betulaceae (see Klimaszewski, 1972; Loginova, 1978). White & Hodkinson (1985), however, included Cacopsylla as a subgenus of Psylla (sensu lato). Even as now constituted Cacopsylla is almost certainly an assemblage of distantly related groups that, when fully understood, may well warrant separate generic status. At present, a number of subgenera are described but many of the N. American species remain to be allocated to them (Loginova, 1978).

acuminata (Jensen, 1956) comb. n.

Psylla acuminata Jensen [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Cercocarpus ledifolius.

alaskensis (Ashmead, 1904) comb. n.

Psylla alaskensis Ashmead [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Psyllia alaskensis (Ashmead) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Arytaina fuscata Caldwell, 1938 b [Tuthill, 1943; Heslop-Harrison, 1951 b]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Distribution: USA, Colo.; Canada, Man. Host-plant: Salix sp.

alba (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla alba Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1946, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) alba Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia alba (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938]

Type locality: USA, Calif., NMex., Nev., Tex. Distribution: USA, Colo., Idaho, Utah, Wash., Wisc., Wyo.; Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Salix linearifolia, S. hindsiana, S. longifolia?

albagena (Caldwell, 1938 a) comb. n.

Psylla albagena (Caldwell) [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951]

Psyllia albagena Caldwell

Psylla (Hepatopsylla) albagena Caldwell [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Ohio. Distribution: USA, Iowa. Host-plant: Salix interior (=longifolia).

ambigua (Förster, 1848) comb. n.

Psylla ambigua Förster. The record for Greenland of this Salix-feeding species is unlikely to be correct (see Rubsäamen, 1898; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1917; Henriksen, 1939) (Klimaszewski (1973) gives a European bibliography).

americana (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla americana Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Caldwell, 1944 a; Jensen, 1951, 1957 c; Kitching, 1917; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Psyllia americana (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Strickland, 1938]

Psylla americana Crawford, 1911 b nomen nudum [Crawford, 1912 a]

Psylla (Hepatopsylla?) americana Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Calif.; Canada, Alta. Distribution: USA, Colo., Idaho, Oreg., Utah, Wash.; Canada, NS; Mexico.

Tuthill (1943) states that the Alberta specimens differ from those from California. Host-plant: Salix lasiolepis, S. lasiandra.

annulata (Fitch, 1851) comb. n.

Psylla annulata Fitch [Walker, 1852; Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881; Riley, 1885; Lintner, 1893; Mally, 1894; Smith, 1910; Crawford, 1914; Patch, 1912 a, 1924; McAtee, 1918; Tuthill, 1943]

Psyllia annulata (Fitch) [Van Duzee, 1917; Caldwell, 1938 a]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) annulata Fitch [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Conn., Ill., Iowa, Maine, Md., Mass., Mich., NH, NY, Ohio. Host-plant: *Acer saccharum*.

arctica (Walker, 1852) comb. n.

Psylla arctica (Walker) [Scott, 1882; Riley, 1885; Mally, 1894; Schwarz, 1900; Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951; Hodkinson, 1978]

Aphalara arctica Walker

Psylla arctica Walker, 1852 [Van Duzee, 1917]

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Host-plant: unknown. This ia a dubious species as only female types exist and they cannot readily be separated from related species.

breviata (Patch, 1912a) comb. n.

Psylla breviata Patch [Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951, 1957c; Hodkinson, 1978; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Psyllia breviata (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Distribution: USA, Alas., Calif., Mich., Nev. Host-plant: Salix sp. This species was confused with P. confusa by Klyver.

brevistigmata (Patch, 1912 a) comb. n.

Psylla brevistigmata Patch [Crawford, 1914, 1925 a; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c]

Psyllia brevistigmata (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1912, 1916; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) brevistigmata Patch [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla albirufa Crawford MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Psylla brevistigmata acuta Crawford, 1914 [Tuthill, 1943]

Psyllia brevistigmata acuta (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1917]

Psylla acuta Crawford [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., Nev., NMex., Utah. Host-plant: Cercocarpus betulaefoliae, C. parvifolius, C. betuloides, C. ledifolius.

bulbosa (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla bulbosa Tuthill [Jensen, 1951]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: Salix taxifolia.

buxi (Förster, 1848) comb. n.

Psylla buxi Förster [Riley, 1890; Mally, 1894; Smith, 1910; Aulmann, 1913; Britton, 1916; Patch, 1924; Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla (Baeopelma) buxi Förster [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia buxi (Förster) [Van Duzee, 1917; Weiss & Dickerson, 1917; Ferris, 1926; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Caldwell, 1938 a]

Asphagidella buxi Förster [Enderlein, 1926]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: widely distributed throughout the western Palaearctic. USA (introduced) Cal., Conn., Iowa, NJ, NY, Ohio, Oreg. Host-plant: *Buxus sempervirens*. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

confusa (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla confusa Tuthill [Jensen, 1951; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Psyllia breviata Klyver, 1931a nec Patch, 1912 a

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Nev., Utah. Distribution: USA, Calif. Host-plant: 'probably willow'.

coryli (Patch, 1912 a) comb. n.

Psylla coryli Patch [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1946; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Psyllia coryli (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Idaho, Nev., Oreg., Utah, Wash.; Canada, BC. Host-plant: possibly *Purshia tridentata*.

curta (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla curta Tuthill [Jensen, 1951]

Psylla americana curta Tuthill

Type locality: USA, Calif., Colo. Distribution: USA, Oreg. Host-plant: Salix californica.

difficilis Tuthill, 1943 [Jensen, 1946] comb. n.

Type locality: USA, Idaho, Mont. Host-plant: Cercocarpus ledifolius.

dilonchi (Caldwell, 1938 a) comb. n.

Psylla dilonchi (Caldwell) amended name [Tuthill, 1943; Vondráček, 1953]

Psyllia diloncha Caldwell, 1938 a

Psylla coryli Crawford, 1914 nec Patch, 1912 a

Type locality: USA, Ohio. Distribution: USA, Minn., Nev., Wisc.; Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Corylus rostrata.

fatsiae (Jensen, 1957 b) comb. n.

Psyllia fatsiae Jensen [Miyatake, 1964; Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: native to Japan. Host-plant: Fatsia japonica.

fibulata (Crawford, 1914)

Psylla fibulata Crawford, 1914 [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951; Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Psyllia fibulata (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938] Cacopsylla fibulata (Crawford) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) fibulata Crawford [Loginova, 1978]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Idaho, Oreg. Material from Alberta and Alaska differs somewhat from the type. Host-plant: Salix spp.

groenlandica (Šulc, 1913) comb. n.

Psylla groenlandica Šulc [Haupt, 1935; Tuthill, 1943; Koponen, 1978]

Type locality: Greenland. Host-plant: probably Salix.

haliaeeti (Hodkinson, 1978) comb. n.

Psylla haliaeeti Hodkinson [MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix depressa ssp. rostrata.

hamata (Tuthill, 1944 a) comb. n., replacement name

Psylla hamata Tuthill [Jensen, 1951; Hodkinson, 1973 b, 1976, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla uncata Tuthill, 1943 nec Ferris & Klyver, 1932 [Kitching, 1971]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) hamata Tuthill [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Canada, Alta. Distribution: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix sp.

hartigii (Flor, 1861 b) comb. n.

Psylla hartigii Flor [Patch, 1912 a, 1924; Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971: Hodkinson, 1980]

Psyllia hartigii (Flor, 1861 b) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Conn., Maine, Mich., NY, SDak.; Canada, Alta, NS. Host-plant: *Betula populifolia* (in N. America). Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

highwoodensis (Hodkinson, 1978) comb. n.

Psylla highwoodensis Hodkinson

Type locality: Canada, Alta. Distribution: USA, Alas. Host-plant: probably *Salix* spp.

hirsuta (Tuthill, 1938) comb. n.

Arytaina hirsuta Tuthill

Psylla hirsuta Tuthill [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Psylla (Hepatopsylla) hirsuta Tuthill [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Nev., Oreg. Distribution: USA, Calif., Idaho, Mont., Wash. Host-plant: possibly *Purshia tridentata*.

insignita (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla insignita Tuthill [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Papp & Johnson, 1979] Type locality: USA, Calif., Utah. Host-plant: possibly Cercocarpus ledifolius.

jenseni (Hodkinson, 1978) comb. n.

Psylla jenseni Hodkinson [MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix phlebophylla.

kananaskensis (Hodkinson, 1976) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla kananaskensis Hodkinson [Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: Canada, Alta. Distributions: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix spp.

latiforceps (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla latiforceps Tuthill [Jensen, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, possibly Wash.; Canada, possibly BC. Host-plant: *Salix* sp. Jensen (1951) states that paratypes from Oregon are *nordica* Jensen.

ledi (Flor, 1861 b) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla ledi [Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; MacLean, 1981] Psylla (Hepatopsylla) ledi Flor [Loginova, 1978]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Alas. Host-plant: *Ledum palustre*. See Klimaszewski (1973) for bibliography in Palaearctic.

longiforceps (Hodkinson, 1978) comb. n.

Psylla longiforceps Hodkinson

Type locality: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix sp.

macleani (Hodkinson, 1978) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla macleani Hodkinson [Hodkinson et al., 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980] Type locality: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix alaxensis, S. depressa.

maculata (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla maculata Crawford [Crawford, 1925; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Psylla maculata Crawford [Van Duzee 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Utah. Host-plant: *Cercocarpus betulaefoliae*, *C. parvifolius*. According to Tuthill (1943) Crawford's (1914) Californian specimen is a different species. This may also apply to the record by Papp & Johnson (1979).

magna (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla brevistigmata magna Crawford

Psylla magna Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Papp & Johnson, 1979; Spalding, 1979]

Psylla (?Thamnopsylla) magna Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Nev., Utah. Host-plant: possibly Cercocarpus ledifolius.

magnicauda (Crawford, 1914) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla magnicauda Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971] Psylla magnacauda Crawford [Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Psyllia magnicauda (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938, 1939]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) magnicauda Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla americana abdominalis Crawford MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Colo., Wyo. Distribution: USA, Calif., Minn., Mont., NDak.; Canada, Alta, BC, Sask., Man. Host-plant: *Elaeagnus commutata*.

mali (Schmidberger, 1836) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla mali Schmidberger [Brittain, 1919, 1922 a, b, c, d, 1923 a, b; Klyver, 1931 b; Tuthill, 1943]

Psylla (Cacopsylla) mali Schmidberger [Loginova, 1978; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: Canada, NB, NS. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

manisi (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla manisi Tuthill [Heslop-Harrison, 1948 a]

Type locality: USA, Idaho. Host-plant: 'mountain ash'.

media (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla media Tuthill [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Bliven, 1956; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Utah. Host-plant: Cercocarpus ledifolius.

minor (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla americana minor Crawford

Psylla minor Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Psyllia americana minor (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1917, Klyver, 1931 c, 1932]

Psylla rufula Riley MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Psylla americana flava Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1917]

Psylla minor flava Crawford [Tuthill, 1943]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) minor flava Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia americana flava (Crawford) [Strickland, 1938]

Psylla americana longipennis Crawford, 1914 MS name [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Alas., Calif., Oreg., Utah, Wash., Wyo.; Canada, Alta, BC. Host-plant: Salix spp. Some records from California apparently refer to Cacopsylla curta (Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951).

minuta (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla minuta Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 a]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) minuta Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia minuta (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 a, 1932]

Psylla purshiae Riley MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Brachypsylla purshiae Crawford, 1914, MS name [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Nev., Utah. Distribution: USA, Idaho. Host-plant: *Purshia tridentata*.

myrtilli (Wagner, 1947 a) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla myrtilli Wagner

Psylla myrtilli canadensis Hodkinson, 1976 [Hodkinson, 1978, 1983 b; MacLean & Hodkinson 1980; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean, 1981]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) myrtilli Wagner [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: across the N. Holarctic. USA, Alas.; Canada, Alta. Host-plant: *Vaccinium* spp. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

nana (Tuthill, 1938) comb. n.

Psylla nana Tuthill [Caldwell, 1941; Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson & White, 1981] Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: Mexico. Host-plant: unknown.

negundinis (Mally, 1894) comb. n.

Psylla negundinis Mally [Patch, 1912a, 1924; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Psyllia negundinis (Mally) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Caldwell, 1938 a; Strickland, 1938]

Psylla (? Hepatopsylla) negundinis Mally [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla negundinis Riley MS name [Gillette & Baker, 1895]

Type locality: USA, Iowa. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., Conn., Iowa, Kans., Minn., Nebr., NMex., NDak., Ohio, Utah, Wisc.; Canada, Alta, Man. Host-plant: Negundo interius, Acer negundo.

nigranervosa (Jensen, 1956) comb. n.

Psylla nigranervosa Jensen [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

nordica (Jensen, 1951) comb. n.

Psylla nordica Jensen

Psylla latiforceps Tuthill, 1943 in part

Type locality: USA, Wash. Distribution: USA, Oreg. Host-plant: probably Salix sp.

notapennis (Jensen, 1956) comb. n.

Psylla notapennis Jensen [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ribes sp.

omani (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla omani Tuthill, 1943 [Spalding, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

palmeni (Löw, 1882) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla palmeni Löw [Aulmann, 1913; Heslop-Harrison, 1951 a; Hodkinson, 1978; Hodkinson et al., 1979; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; MacLean, 1981]

Psylla (Hepatopsylla) palmeni Löw [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: throughout far northern Palaearctic region. USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix pulchra Cham, S. lanata L., S. glauca L., S. alaxensis (Anderss.) Cov., S. niphoclada Rydb. A full bibliography for the Palaearctic region is given by Klimaszewski (1973).

parallela (Crawford, 1914) comb. n.

Psylla parallela Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951; Bliven, 1956; Kitching, 1971]

Psyllia parallela (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 d]

Psylla (Hepatopsylla) parallela Crawford [Loginova, 1978]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: Records for Washington and British Columbia are possibly incorrect (Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951). Host-plant: Salix sp.

pararibesiae (Jensen, 1956) comb. n.

Psylla pararibesiae Jensen [Kitching, 1971]

Psylla ribesiae Crawford sensu Bliven, 1956 in part

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Nev., Utah, Wash. Host-plant: Ribes sp.

phlebophyllae (Hodkinson, 1978) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla phlebophyllae Hodkinson [Hodkinson et al., 1979; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; MacLean, 1981]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Distribution: USSR, E. Siberia. Host-plant: Salix phlebophylla Anderss., S. reticulata L.

phorodendri (Tuthill, 1939 b) amended name, comb. n.

Psylla phorodendrae Tuthill

Psylla phoradendri Tuthill [Tuthill, 1943; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif. Host-plant: Adults taken from *Phorodendron pubescens* and *P. tomentosum* Olivar.

propria (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla propria Tuthill [Jensen, 1951; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Utah. Host-plant: unknown.

pyricola (Förster, 1848) [Hodkinson, 1980; 1984; Burckhardt & Hodkinson, 1986]

Psylla pyricola (Förster) [Riley & Howard, 1893; Mally, 1894; Riley, 1885; Smith, 1910; Patch, 1911, 1912 a, 1924; Crawford, 1914; Klyver, 1931 b; Brimley, 1938; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson & White, 1981; Chang & Philogene, 1975; Fields et al., 1981]

Psyllia pyricola (Förster) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928; Caldwell, 1938 a] Psylla (Hepatopsylla) pyricola Förster [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla pyri auctt. nec L. [Ashmead, 1881; Riley, 1884]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: mapped in detail by Hodkinson (1984). West Palaearctic to E. Siberia, S. Korea and Japan. Northern USA and Canada. Argentina (introd.). Host-plant: *Pyrus communis*.

Detailed bibliographies on biology and Palaearctic distribution are given by Chang & Philogene (1975), Fields *et al.*, (1981), Klimaszewski (1973), Hodkinson (1984) and Burckhardt & Hodkinson (1986).

quadrilineata (Fitch, 1851) comb. n.

Psylla quadrilineata Fitch [Riley, 1885; Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881; Provancher, 1886; Lintner, 1893; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951] Psylla 4-lineata Fitch [Gillette & Baker, 1895]

Psyllia quadrilineata (Fitch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928]

Type locality: USA, NY. Distribution: not clear from literature. USA, Colo., Ill., NH. Host-plant: Salix sp. This species has been much confused and there is doubt over the identity of type material. Both Mally (1894) and Crawford (1911b) identified Aphalara species with quadrilineata. Furthermore it is uncertain whether the Psylla quadrilineata of Walker (1852) is the same species (see also Thomas, 1879; Leonard, 1928).

rara (Tuthill, 1944 a) comb. n.

Psylla rara Tuthill, 1944a [Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980] Type locality: USA, NC, NH, Tenn. Distribution: USA, Alas.; Canada, Alta. Hostplant: Viburnun edule.

ribesiae Crawford, 1911 c) comb. n.

Psyllopa ribesiae Crawford [Zacher, 1913]

Arytaina ribesiae (Crawford) [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932]

Psylla ribesiae (Crawford) [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1946, 1956, 1957 c; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Bliven, 1956]

Euglyptoneura ribesiae (Crawford) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961]

Psylla (Osmopsylla) ribesiae (Crawford) [Loginova, 1978; White and Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla gilletti Patch, 1912 a [Tuthill, 1943]

Psylla gilleti Riley MS name [Gillette & Patch, 1895]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Idaho, Kans., Nebr., Nev., NMex., Oreg., SDak., Utah, Wyo. Host-plant: Ribes longiflorum, R. aureum. Klyver lists Ceanothus thyrsiflorus as a host: this is wrong according to Jensen (1956).

ribis (Patch, 1912a) comb. n.

Psylla ribis Patch

Psyllia ribis (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Psylla ribis Riley MS name [Gillette & Baker, 1895]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Host-plant: unknown. A doubtful species, the types of which appear to be lost.

rufipennis Hodkinson, 1978 [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla rufipennis Hodkinson [MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Distribution: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Salix depressa ssp. rostrata.

saliceti (Förster, 1848)/salicicola (Förster, 1848)/dudai (Šulc, 1904) comb. n.

A psyllid species occurring on *Salix* has been recorded from Greenland under the above names. Its true identity is uncertain. See Rubsäamen (1898), Breddin (1902) and Henrikson (1939).

septentrionalis (Šulc, 1939) comb. n.

Psylla septentrionalis Sulc [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: Greenland. Host-plant: probably Salix sp.

sinuata Crawford, 1914 [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla sinuata Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Psyllia sinuata (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938]

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) sinuata Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla fibulata simulans MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Alas., Idaho, Minn., Wyo.; Canada, Alta, Man., Ont. Host-plant: *Salix* spp.

sorbi (L., 1758) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla sorbi L. [Aulmann, 1913; Heslop-Harrison, 1948 a]

Psylla (Cacopsylla) sorbi L. [Loginova, 1978; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: N. America, precise locality not stated. Host-plant: *Pyrus americana* DC. See Klimaszewski (1973) for Palaearctic bibliography.

spiculata (Jensen, 1951) comb. n.

Psylla spiculata Jensen

Psylla parallela Crawford sensu Bliven, 1956?

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: Utah (BMNH). Host-plant: Salix sp.

striata (Patch, 1911) comb. n.

Psylla striata Patch [Crawford, 1914; Patch, 1924; Brimley, 1938; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia striata (Patch) 1911 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Osborn, 1922 a; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938]

Psylla (Chamaepsylla) striata Patch [Loginova, 1978]

Type locality: USA, Maine. Distribution: USA, Alas., Calif., Colo., Conn., Maine, Mass., Mich., NH, NY, NC, SDak., Utah, Wash., Wisc.; Canada, Alta, BC, NS. Hostplant: *Betula* species including *B. fontanalis*.

stricklandi (Caldwell, 1939 a) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psyllia stricklandi Caldwell (Strickland, 1939]

Psylla stricklandi (Caldwell) [Tuthill, 1943, 1944 a; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla (Cacopsylla) stricklandi Caldwell [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Canada, Alta. Distribution: USA, Alas., Colo., NY. Host-plant: Sheperdia canadensis.

subspiculata (Hodkinson, 1976) comb. n.

Psylla subspiculata Hodkinson

Psylla (?Hepatopsylla) subspiculata Hodkinson [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Salix sp.

tenuata (Jensen, 1951) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla tenuata Jensen [Jensen, 1957 c]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Salix laevigata.

toolikensis (Hodkinson, 1978) comb. n.

Psylla toolikensis Hodkinson [MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Host-plant: Salix sp.

tuthilli (Caldwell, 1939 b) replacement name, comb. n. [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psyllia virida Caldwell, 1939 nec Hartig, 1841 [Strickland, 1939]

Psylla tuthilli (Caldwell) [Caldwell, 1940; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Sheperdia argentea

urticaecolens Fitch sensu Walker, 1852? [Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881]

The identity of this species, recorded from New York, is uncertain. Fitch did not describe a Psylla urticaecolens

usitata (Tuthill, 1943) comb. n.

Psylla usitata Tuthill

Type locality: USA, Mont. Host-plant: unknown.

yosemitensis (Jensen, 1951) comb. n.

Psylla vosemitensis Jensen

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Nev. Host-plant: unknown, possibly Salix.

zaecevi (Šulc, 1915) [Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla zaecevi Šulc [Hodkinson, 1978; Hodkinson et al., 1979; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Alas. Arctic and subarctic areas of Palaearctic region. N. India. Host-plant: *Salix lanata* ssp. *richardsonii*, *S. pulchra* Cham. See Klimaszewski (1973) for Palaearctic bibliography.

CALOPHYA Löw, 1879

[CALOPHYDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla rhois Löw, 1878

A large genus with a worldwide distribution. Members feed primarily on Anacardiaceae and Burseraceae.

arcuata Caldwell, 1944 b

Type locality: USA, Fla. Host-plant: unknown.

aurea Tuthill, 1942 b [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality, USA, Colo., Mont. Distribution: USA, Utah. Host-plant: Rhus trilobata.

californica Schwarz, 1904 b [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1942 b; Jensen, 1957 c; Vondráček, 1953]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: *Rhus integrifolia*, *R. ovata*.

dubia Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1942 b; Jensen and Knowlton, 1951; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Mont., Utah. Host-plant: Rhus trilobata.

flaccida Riley, 1884—a nomen nudum as no description given except host plant, Rhus glabra.

flavida Schwarz, 1904 b [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Patch, 1924; Caldwell, 1938 a; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Calophya flavida Riley, nomen nudum [Mally, 1894]

Type locality: USA, Mass., Miss. Distribution: USA, Conn., Kans., Ohio, Wash. DC. Host-plant: *Rhus glabra*.

minuta Tuthill, 1942 b

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: unknown.

nigrella Jensen, 1957 b [Jensen, 1957 c]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Rhus trilobata.

nigripennis Riley, 1884 [Mally, 1894; Schwarz, 1904 b; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914;
Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Weiss & Nicolay, 1918; Patch, 1924; Leonard,
1928; Brimley, 1938; Caldwell, 1938 a; Loginova, 1982; White & Hodkinson, 1985]
Calophya rhois Glover, 1877 nec Löw 1878 [Mally, 1894]

Type locality: USA. Distribution: USA, Conn., Ga, Fla, Md., NY, NJ, NC, Ohio, W. Va, Wash. DC. Host-plant: *Rhus capallina*.

oweni Tuthill, 1939 b

Type locality: USA, Colo. Host-plant: Adults only collected from *Phorodendron juniperinum* Engeln.

pallidula McAtee, 1926 [Frison, 1927]

Type locality: USA, Ill. Host-plant: unknown.

triozomima Schwarz, 1904 b [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1939; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Jensen, 1957 c; Kitching, 1971; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Calophya triozomima claripennis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: USA, Calif., Colo., Idaho, Utah. Host-plant: *Rhus trilobata*.

vitreipennis Riley, 1884 a nomen dubium as no description given.

Distribution: USA, Ariz. [Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1917]. Host-plant: unknown.

washingtonia (Klyver, 1931 d) [Jensen, 1949]

Hemitrioza washingtonia Klyver [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Wash. Host-plant: unknown.

CEANOTHIA Heslop-Harrison 1961

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Arytaina ceanothae Crawford, 1914

A North American genus, members of which feed on Rhamnaceae. Hodkinson & Hollis (1987) have recently transferred several species to it from the European genus *Arytaina*.

aculeata (Crawford, 1914) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Arytaina aculeata Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1957c]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Cercocarpus betuloides.

assimilis (Crawford, 1914) [Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Arytaina assimilis Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus crassifolius and probably C. cuneatus.

bicolor (Jensen, 1957 a) [Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Arytaina bicolor Jensen

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus cuneatus.

boharti (Jensen, 1957 a) [Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Arytaina boharti Jensen

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus cuneatus.

ceanothi (Crawford, 1914) amended name [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; Hodkinson, 1973 b; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Arytaina ceanothae Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932]

Arytaina ceanothi Crawford amended name [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Mont., Utah, Wash. Host-plant: Ceanothus crassifolius, C. rigidus, C. cuneatus, C. thyrsiflorus, C. velutinus.

essigi (Jensen, 1957 a) [Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Arytaina essigi Jensen

Arytaina fuscipennis Klyver, 1932 nec Crawford, 1914 [Jensen, 1957 a, c]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus tomentosus Parry, C. divaricatus Nutt, C. papillosus T & G, and C. crassifolius Torr.

insolita (Tuthill, 1943) [Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Arytaina insolita Tuthill [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957c]

Type locality: USA, Calif., Utah. Host-plant: Ceanothus velutinus.

mitella (Jensen, 1957 a) [Hodkinson & Hollis, 1987]

Arytaina mitella Jensen

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus divaricatus Nutt., C. tomentosus Parry.

tardiuscula (Bliven, 1958) comb. n.

Arytaina tardiuscula Bliven

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus sp.

CERNA—see Craspedolepta

CEROPSYLLA Riley 1884

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Ceropsylla sideroxyli Riley, 1884

A small, primarily Central American genus probably related to *Triozoida*.

sideroxyli Riley, 1884 [Mally, 1894; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Ferris, 1923, 1928 b; Caldwell, 1941; Tuthill, 1943, 1944 b, 1945 a; Caldwell & Martorell, 1952; Mead, 1964; Hodkinson & White, 1981; White & Hodkinson, 1985].

Type locality: USA, Fla. Distribution: Mexico, Puerto Rico, Cuba, Haiti, Virgin Is., Trinidad. Host-plant: *Sideroxylon foetidissimum* Jacq.

CHORICYMOZA Bliven, 1955

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Choricymoza sequoiae Bliven, 1955

A monotypic genus. It is difficult to imagine why Bliven erected this genus, which is not clearly differentiated from existing genera within the Triozidae. The one species is probably now referrable to the subgenus *Bactericera* Puton.

sequoiae Bliven, 1955 [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown, unlikely to be Sequoia sempervirens as stated in description.

CRASPEDOLEPTA Enderlein, 1921

[ALPHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Aphalara artemisiae Förster, 1848

A large, holarctic genus with members feeding primarily on plants in the families Compositae and Onagraceae. The genus has been partially split by Klimaszewski (1973, 1983) into 4 genera; Craspedolepta (sensu stricto), Tetrafollicula Klimaszewski et al., 1974, Cerna Klimaszewski et al., 1974 and Xanioptera Enderlein 1921. In the following account these taxa are given subgeneric status. A detailed description of Craspedolepta morphology is given by Journet & Vickery, 1978 b.

americana Klimaszewski, 1979

Type locality: USA, Wash. Host-plant: unknown.

angustipennis (Crawford, 1911 b) [Enderlein, 1921 a; Russell, 1973; Klimaszewski, 1977, 1979; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara artemisiae angustipennis Crawford [Patch, 1912 a; Zacher, 1913]

Aphalara angustipennis Crawford [Crawford, 1914; 1925 a; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928; Brimley, 1938; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Aphalara utahensis Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Tucker, 1907; Crawford, 1911 b]

Aphalara angustipennis Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette & Baker, 1895; Tucker, 1907]

Aphalara easta Caldwell, 1938 a

Craspedolepta easta (Caldwell) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; Klimaszewski, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Alas., Ariz., Calif., Colo., Idaho, Iowa, Kans., Maine, Md., Mich., Minn., Mont., NMex., NY, NC, NDak., Okla, Ohio, Oreg., Penn., SDak., Utah, Va, Wash., WVa, Wyo.; Canada, Alta, BC, Ont., Queb., Sask., Yuk. Host-plant: Journet & Vickery (1979) give Achillea lanulosa (Nutt) and A. ptermaei. Earlier papers list Artemisia californica, A. tridentata, A. ludoviciana Nutt. and even Solidago sp.

anomola (Crawford, 1914) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara (Anomocera) anomola Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Crawford, 1920 a; Klyver, 1932 a]

Aphalara anomola Crawford [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Aphalara occidentalis anomola Riley MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, NMex., Oreg., Wash. Host-plant: *Artemisia tridentata* and probably 'A. vulgaris'.

canadensis Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: Canada, BC, Ont. Distribution: Canada, Sask.; USA, Ariz., Utah. Host-plant: *Artemisia* sp.

caudata (Crawford, 1914) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Alphalara caudata Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Caldwell, 1941]

Aphalara koebeli Riley MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Aphalara veaziei var. metzaria Crawford, 1914 in part.

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., NMex.; Mexico. Host-plant: unknown.

constricta (Caldwell, 1936) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1979]

Aphalara constricta Caldwell [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Craspedolepta osborni (Caldwell) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979] Aphalara osborni Caldwell, 1936

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Idaho. Distribution: USA, Colo. Host-plant: Chrysothamnus nauseosus (Pall.) and possibly Artemisia tridentata Nutt and Crotolaria sp. Type material of osborni does not conform with the original description but is identical with constricta. However, the species described as osborni is a separate species and specimens collected by Caldwell in Texas conform to the description. To prevent confusion Journet & Vickery sank osborni in synonymy and described the Texas material as a new species C. lapsus.

delongi (Caldwell, 1936) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Penn. Distribution: USA, Maine, Mich., NH, NJ, NY, RI, Vt, Wisc. Host-plants: Solidago graminifolia, S. canadensis, S. rugosa.

eas (McAtee, 1918) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara eas McAtee, 1918

Type locality: USA, Mary. Host-plant: unknown.

flavida (Caldwell, 1938 a) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara flavida Caldwell

Cerna flavida (Caldwell) [Klimaszewski, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Maine, Mich., Ohio. Distribution: USA, Oreg., Penn., SDak., Wisc.; Canada, Alta, Man., Ont., Queb., Sask. Host-plant: Solidago graminifolia.

fumida (Caldwell, 1938 a) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara fumida Caldwell [Strickland, 1939; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Maine, Ohio, Penn. Distribution: USA, Alab., Calif., Colo., Ill., Iowa, Kans., Mich., Minn., Miss., Mont., NY, Utah, Va, Wash. DC, Wisc.; Canada, Alta, BC, NB, NS, Ont., Queb., Sask. Host-plant: probably *Solidago canadensis*.

furcata (Caldwell, 1936) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara furcata Caldwell [Caldwell, 1938 a]

Aphalara bifida Caldwell, 1936

Craspedolepta bifida (Caldwell) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Cerna bifida (Caldwell) [Klimaszewski, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Penn., Va.; Canada, Ont. Distribution: USA, Alas., Ark., Calif., Colo., Conn., Fla, Kans., Maine, Md., Mich., Minn., Miss., Mon., NH, NJ, NY, Ohio, Oreg., Penn., SCar., Tex., Tenn., Utah, Va, Wash. DC, Wisc., Wyo.; Canada, Alta, BC, Man., NB, NS, Ont., Queb., Sask. Host-plant: Solidago graminifolia, S. canadensis.

gutierreziae (Klyver, 1931a) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978a, 1979]

Aphalara gutierreziae Klyver [Strickland, 1939]

Type locality: USA, Nev. Distribution: USA, Calif., NMex., Utah; possibly Canada, Alta. Host-plant: *Gutierrezia sorothrae* (Pursh.).

lapsus Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: USA, Tex. Host-plant: unknown. See comment under C. constricta.

macula Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: USA, Calif., Penn. Distribution: Kans., Md., Utah, Va. Host-plant: uncertain, may be one of Artemisia dracunculus, Erigeron canadensis or Echinacea angustifolia.

maculidracunculi Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Artemesia dracunculus.

maculimagna Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: USA, Oreg. Host-plant: probably Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus.

maculipilosa Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: Canada, Alta, Sask. Host-plant: unknown.

magna Journet & Vickery, 1979 [Journet, 1984]

Type locality: Canada, Queb. Distribution: Canada, Alta, Man., NS, NB, Ont., PEI, Sask.; USA, Ariz., Idaho, Maine, Mich., Mon., NH, Wisc. Host-plant: Solidago canadensis, S. rugosa, S. graminifolia, S. nemoralis.

martini (Van Duzee, 1924) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara martini Van Duzee [Ferris, 1924; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Frankenia grandifolia Cham & Sch.

minuta (Caldwell, 1938 a) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara minuta Caldwell

Cerna minuta (Caldwell) [Klimaszewski, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Ill., Ohio, Penn. Distribution: Kans., Maine, Md., Mich., NY, NC, Ohio, Penn., Tenn., Wash. DC, WVa, Wisc. Host-plant: Solidago canadensis, S. graminifolia.

minutissima (Crawford, 1911 b) [Russell, 1973; Hodkinson, 1976; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara minutissima Crawford [Zacher, 1913; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Aphalara (Anomocera) minutissima Crawford [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 a, 1932; Vondráček, 1953]

Aphalara occidentalis Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette & Baker, 1885; Crawford, 1911 b, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Nev. Distribution: USA, Calif., Idaho, Nev., Oreg., Utah; Canada, BC. Host-plant: *Artemisia californica*, A. tridentata.

minutistylus (Klyver, 1931 a) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara minutistylus, Klyver, 1931 a [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality: USA, Utah, neotype designated by Journet & Vickery (1979). Host-plant: *Artemisia filifolia* Torr.

nebulosa (Zetterstedt, 1840) [Heslop-Harrison, 1949 c; Journet & Vickery, 1979; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla nebulosa Zetterstedt

Aphalara nebulosa (Zetterstedt) [Patch, 1912 a; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Aphalara n. sp. [Schwarz, 1904]

Aphalara nebulosa americana Crawford, 1911 b [Journet & Vickery, 1978 a; Zacher, 1913]

Cerna nebulosa (Zetterstedt) [Klimaszewski, 1983]

Aphalara kincaidi Ashmead, 1904 [Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916]

Aphalara nebulosa kincaidi Ashmead [Crawford, 1914; Kitching, 1971; Klyver, 1931 d; Tuthill, 1944 a, Strickland, 1938, 1939; Van Duzee, 1917]

Craspedolepta nebulosa kincaidi (Ashmead) [Russell, 1973; Hodkinson, 1978; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Craspedolepta kincaidi (Ashmead) [Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Aphalara epilobii Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette and Baker, 1895; Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: throughout the Palaearctic region (Klimaszewski, 1973). USA, Alas., Calif., Colo., NH, Wash.; Canada, Alta, BC, Man., NWT, Ont., Queb., Yuk. Host-plant: *Epilobium angustifolium*. Klimaszewski (1973) summarizes references for the Palaearctic region.

nota Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: USA, Kans.; Canada, Man. Distribution: USA, Fla; Canada, Alta. Host-plant: unknown.

numerica (Caldwell, 1941) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Aphalara numerica Caldwell

Type locality: Mexico. Distribution: USA, Calif., Colo., Fla. Kans., NMex. Host-plant: *Echinacea angustifolia*.

nupera (Van Duzee, 1923) [Russell, 1973; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Aphalara nupera Van Duzee [Caldwell, 1941]

Type locality: Mexico. Distribution: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

oregonensis Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: USA, Oreg. Host-plant: unknown.

parvula Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: Canada, NB, Queb. Distribution: Canada, Alta, Sask.; USA, Fla, Mich., Minn., NH, Oreg., Penn. Host-plant: *Solidago nemoralis* Ait., S. canadensis L., S. rugosa Mill.

pinicola (Crawford, 1914) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara pinicola Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Idaho, Oreg., Utah. Host-plant: probably Artemisia tridentata.

pulchella (Crawford, 1911 b) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Alphalara pulchella Crawford [Zacher, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 a, 1932; Jensen, 1949; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Aphalara coquilletti Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Calif., Nev., NMex., Tex., Utah. Host-plant: Salsola kali and possibly Chilopsis linearis.

russellae Klimaszewski, 1977

Craspedolepta russelae Klimaszewski [Klimaszewski, 1979]

Aphalara artemisiae Förster, 1848 (sensu auctt. nec Wagner (1947 b)) [Crawford, 1911 b, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Strickland, 1938; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Craspedolepta artemisiae (Förster, 1848) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Type locality: USA, Wyo. Distribution: USA, Calif., Colo., Idaho, Oreg., Utah, Wash. Host-plant: Chrysothamnus nauseosus (Pall) and probably Artemisia tridentata.

schwarzi (Ashmead, 1904) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara n. sp. [Schwarz, 1900]

Aphalara schwarzi Ashmead [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1917] Aphalara alaskensis Ashmead [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Kitching, 1971]

Craspedolepta alaskensis (Ashmead) [Russell, 1973; Hodkinson, 1976, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Distribution: USA, Colo., Wash.; Canada, Alta, BC. Host-plant: *Epilobium angustifolium*.

scurra Journet & Vickery, 1979

Type locality: Canada, Queb. Distribution: Canada, NS; USA, Maine, Penn. Hostplant: Solidago canadensis, S. graminifolia (L.), S. rugosa Mill.

sinuata (Caldwell, 1936) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Aphalara sinuata Caldwell

Cerna sinuata (Caldwell) [Klimaszewski, 1979]

Type locality: USA, NDak. Host-plant: unknown.

smithsonia (Klimaszewski, 1979) comb. n.

Cerna smithsonia Klimaszewski

Type locality: USA, Mon. Host-plant: unknown.

sonchi (Förster, 1848) [Klimaszewski, 1961; Journet & Vickery, 1979; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara sonchi Förster

Cerna sonchi (Förster) [Klimaszewski. 1983]

Aphalara fascipennis Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Patch, 1924; Leonard, 1928; Caldwell, 1938 a]

Craspedolepta fascipennis (Patch) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Aphalara picta (Zetterstedt, 1828) auctt. [Crawford, 1911 b, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918]

Craspedolepta picta (Zetterstedt) [Wagner, 1947 b; Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Psylla pallida Harris MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Aphalara harrissii Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette & Baker, 1895; Crawford, 1911 b, 1914]

Aphalara leucanthemi Fitch MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: Widely distributed in the W. Palaearctic. USA, Colo., Conn., Mass., Mich., NH, NY, Ohio, Wyo; Canada, Alta, Man., Ont., Sask. Host-plant: several species of Compositae, probably including *Sonchus, Leontodon, Crepis, Hypochoeris, Senecio* and *Hieracium*. This is probably a species complex. Klimaszewski (1961, 1973) discussed the synonymy of the species in W. Europe.

suaedae (Crawford, 1914) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Aphalara suaedae Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 a, c, 1932; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c]

Aphalara suaedae Schwarz MS name and nomen nudum [Cockerell, 1900] Aphalara suaedae Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif., NMex. Distribution: Ariz., Nev., Tex., Utah. Host-plant: Suaeda hiemalis, S. nigra (Raf), S. torreyana (S. Wats), S. ramossimia (Standley), S. fructicosa (= manquini) (L.).

subpunctata (Förster, 1848) [Heslop-Harrison, 1949 c; Hodkinson, 1976, 1978, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; Journet & Vickery, 1979]

Aphalara subpunctata Förster [Aulmann, 1913]

Cerna subpunctata (Förster) [Klimaszewski, 1983]

Aphalara hebecephala Caldwell, 1936 [Strickland, 1938]

Craspedolepta hebecephala (Caldwell) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a] Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Alas., Minn., NY; Canada, Alta, BC, Ont., Man., Sask., Yuk. Host-plant: Epilobium angustifiloum. Klimaszewski (1973) gives the synonymy for the Palaearctic region.

vancouverensis (Klyver, 1931 d) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; Hodkinson, 1980]

Aphalara vancouverensis Klyver [Strickland, 1938; Kitching, 1971]

Cerna vancouverensis (Klyver) [Klimaszewski, 1979]

Aphalara angustipennis Crawford, 1911 b in part [Journet & Vickery, 1979]

Type locality: Canada, BC. Neotype designated by Journet and Vickery (1979) is from USA, Wash. Distribution: Canada, Alta; USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Idaho, Mont., NMex., NDak., Oreg., Utah. Host-plant: possibly Artemisia tridentata Nutt.

veaziei (Patch, 1911) [Enderlein, 1921; Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Aphalara veaziei Patch [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917, 1923; McAtee, 1918; Osborn, 1922 a; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1932; Brimley, 1938; Strickland, 1938;

Caldwell, 1938 a; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971]

Aphalara communis Crawford, 1911 b [Patch, 1912 a; Zacher, 1913]

Aphalara communis metzaria Crawford, 1911 b [Zacher, 1913]

Aphalara veaziei metzaria Crawford [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Caldwell, 1941; Papp & Johnson, 1979]

Craspedolepta veaziei metzaria (Crawford) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Aphalara solidaginis Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette and Baker, 1895; Crawford, 1914; McAtee, 1918]

Type locality: USA, Maine. Distribution: USA, Alab., Ariz., Calif., Colo., Conn., Del., Kans., La., Md., Mich., Minn., Nev., NH, NJ, NY, Ohio, Oreg., Penn., SDak., Tex., Utah, Va, WVa, Wash., Wash. DC, Wisc., Wyo.; Canada, Alta, Man., NB, NS, Ont., Queb., Sask.; Mexico. Host-plant: Solidago nemoralis, S. graminifolia, S. canadensis. This is probably a species complex (Journet & Vickery, 1979).

viridis (Crawford, 1914) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a, 1979]

Aphalara viridis Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Aphalara cuyama Tuthill, 1939 b

Craspedolepta cuyama (Tuthill) [Russell, 1973; Journet & Vickery, 1978 a]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Frankenia grandifolia Cham & Sch.

vulgaris (Journet & Vickery, 1979) [Journet, 1984]

Type locality: USA, Mich., Wyo.; Canada, Queb., Ont. Distribution: USA, Calif., Del., Kans., Maine, Md., Mich., Minn., Mont., Nev., NH, NY, NC, Ohio, Penn., RI, SDak., Vt, Va, Wash. DC, Wyo., Wisc.; Canada, Alta, BC, Man., NB, NS, Ont., PEI, Sask. Host-plant: Solidago canadensis, S. rugosa, S. graminifolia.

CTENARYTAINA Ferris & Klyver, 1932

[APHALARIDAE?]

TYPE-SPECIES: Rhinocola fuchsiae Maskell, 1890

An Australian/Asian/Pacific genus that has been introduced into the USA.

longicauda Taylor, 1987

Type locality: Australia, USA. Host-plant: Lophostemon confertus (R. Br). L. suaveolens (Soland, ex Gaertn).

EUGLYPTONEURA Heslop-Harrison, 1961

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Arytaina minuta Crawford, 1914

A small, Nearctic genus whose members usually feed on the plants of the family Rhamnaceae (Hodkinson, 1980).

fuscipennis (Crawford, 1914) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; Hodkinson, 1973 b; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Arytaina fuscipennis Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c; Kitching, 1971]

Euglyptoneura tristis Schwarz MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford. 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif., Colo., Nev.; Canada, BC. Distribution: USA, Oreg., Utah. Host-plant: *Ceanothus sanguineus*, *C. papillosus*, *C. velutinus*. See also synonymy under *Ceanothia essigi*.

minuta (Crawford, 1914) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961]

Arytaina minuta Crawford [Van Duzee, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Utah. Host-plant: Ceanothus cuneatus and C. rigidus.

robusta (Crawford, 1914) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; Hodkinson, 1973 b; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Arytaina robusta Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Arytaina robusta Crawford complex [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Heslop-Harrison, 1951 b; Jensen, 1957 c]

Arytaina snowi Dowell, 1932 [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Euglyptoneura snowi (Dowell) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961]

Arytaina montana Crawford, 1920 a [Dowell, 1932; Tuthill, 1943]

Euglyptoneura montana (Crawford) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961]

Arytaina robusta sinuata Tuthill, 1943

Euglyptoneura robusta sinuata (Tuthill) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Wash. Distribution: Idaho, Mont., Oreg., SDak., Utah, Wyo.; Canada, BC. Host-plant: Ceanothus fendleri, C. cordulatus, C. velutinus.

EUPHARLERUS Schwarz, 1904 a

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Euphalerus nidifex Schwarz, 1904 b

A heterogeneous genus in need of revision. At present the genus contains many unrelated species from different parts of the world. The usual host-plants of members closest to the type species are Leguminosae, although several of the North American species occur on Rhamnaceae and Rosaceae and are most closely related to *Ceanothia* and *Euglyptoneura*. See also *Nyctiphalerus* Bliven.

adustus Tuthill, 1937 [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality: USA, Colo., Utah. Host-plant: Cercocarpus ledifolius

cercocarpi Jensen, 1957 b

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Cercocarpus ledifolius Nuttall.

dubius Caldwell, 1944 a

Type locality: USA, Tex. Host-plant: unknown.

idahoensis Jensen, 1946

Type locality: USA, Idaho. Host-plant: Cercocarpus ledifolius.

jugonervosus Tuthill, 1937 [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

nepos Bliven, 1955 [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Ceanothus sp.

nidifex Schwarz, 1940 b [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1937, 1943; Mead, 1967; Russell, 1971; Hodkinson & White, 1981; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Euphalerus ficus Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Undescribed species Schwarz (1904 a)

Type locality: USA, Fla. Distribution: Antigua; Belize; Jamaica; Mexico; Puerto Rico; Virgin Is? Host-plant: Piscida piscipula (L.) Sarg., P. carthegenesis.

propinquus Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1937, 1943]

Cephalopsylla latifrons Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: Ceanothus sp. and possibly Amorpha fruticosa.

rugipennis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1937, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Cephalopsylla rugipennis Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914] Cephalopsylla rugipennis immaculatus Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif. Distribution: USA, Oreg., Utah. Host-plant: Ceanothus cuneatus, C. rigidus.

tantillus Tuthill, 1937 [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality: USA, Utah. Host-plant: unknown.

vermiculosus Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Crawford, 1925 a; Tuthill, 1937, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Bliven, 1956; Jensen, 1957 c; Papp & Johnson, 1979; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Euphalerus beameri Tuthill, 1943

Euphalerus vermiculosus beameri Tuthill [Jensen, 1957 c]

Euphyllerus vermiculosus Crawford [Klyver, 1932]

Cephalopsylla ceanothi Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Idaho, Mont., Oreg., Utah. Host-plants: Ceanothus cordulatus, C. velutinus, C. leucodermis.

GYROPSYLLA [APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Paurocephala spegazziniana Lizer, 1919

A genus broadly distributed throughout the Neotropical region with members usually feeding on *Ilex* sp. A single species occurs in the southern USA. The full synonymy of the genus is discussed by Hodkinson & White (1981).

ilicis (Ashmead, 1881) [Tuthill, 1950 a; Mead, 1983; White & Hodkinson, 1985] Psylla ilicis Ashmead

Aphalara ilicis (Ashmead) [Mally, 1894; Riley, 1885; Aulmann, 1913]

Paurocephala ilicis (Ashmead) [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Boselli, 1929 a]

Metaphalara ilicis (Ashmead) [Crawford, 1925 b; Heslop-Harrison, 1949 c, 1952] Type locality: USA, Fla. Distribution: USA, Ga. Host-plant: *Ilex vomitoria* Ait.

HEMITRIOZA Crawford, 1914

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Hemitrioza sonchi Crawford, 1914

A monotypic genus related to Trioza (sensu lato).

sonchi Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Crawford, 1920c; Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza sonchi Riley, 1884 nomen nudum [Aulmann, 1913]

Type locality: USA, Fla, Ga, Wash. DC, Va. Host-plant: Sonchus arvensis.

HETEROPSYLLA Crawford, 1914

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Heteropsylla texana Crawford, 1914

A tropical Central and South American genus, members of which feed on mimosoid legumes. A few species extend into the southern States of the USA.

cubana Crawford, 1914 [Tuthill, 1945 b; Caldwell and Martorell, 1952; Hodkinson & White, 1981; Burckhardt, 1986 a]

Rhinocola incisa Šulc, 1914 [Burckhardt, 1986 a]

Type locality: Cuba. Distribution: Central America; Antilles; USA, Fla; Colombia; Peru; Surinam. This is the species that has, between 1984 and 1986, spread rapidly from its native habitat in C. America to become a major pest of forage legumes throughout the Pacific basin. Host-plant: Leucaena glauca, Leucaena leucopcephala and other Leucaena species.

mimosae Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Caldwell, 1941; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Type locality: USA, Tex. Distribution: Mexico; El Salvador; Costa Rica; Colombia. Host-plant: *Mimosa* sp.

quassiae Crawford, 1914 [Leonard, 1928; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Type locality: Bahamas. Distribution: USA, Fla; Cuba. Leonard (1928) confused Long Is., New York with Long Is., Bahamas. Host-plant: *Quassia* sp.?

texana Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 a, c, 1932; Caldwell, 1944 a; Jensen, 1945, 1949; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Tuthill, 1959, 1964; Russell, 1973; Hodkinson & White, 1981; White & Hodkinson, 1985].

Aphalara mera Van Duzee, 1923

Paurocephala (Aphalara) mera (Van Duzee) [Caldwell, 1941]

Type locality: USA, Tex. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., Kans., Nev., NMex., Utah; Mexico: Nicaragua; Peru. Host-plant: Prosopis juliflor and Prosopis chilensis. Also recorded less reliably from Pithecolobium sp., Sphaeralcea angustifolia, Monarda citriodora and Chrysopsis sp.

HOMOTOMA Guérin-Méneville, 1844

[HOMOTOMIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Chermes ficus L., 1758

A genus associated with plants of the genus *Ficus* throughout the Old World. A single species has been introduced into the USA.

ficus (L., 1758)

Chermes ficus L.

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA (USNM) introduced. Warmer regions of western Palaearctic. Host-plant: *Ficus carica*. See Klimaszewski (1961, 1973) and Hodkinson (1980) for full bibliography and distribution data.

KATACEPHALA Crawford, 1914

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Katacephala grandis Crawford, 1914

A small, Central American genus with one species occurring in Florida.

grandiceps Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1945 b; Loginova, 1974; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Type locality: USA, Fla; Bahamas. Distribution: Cuba. Host-plant: unknown.

KUWA YAMA Crawford, 1911 b

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Paratrioza medicaginis Crawford, 1910 a

A poorly defined genus that includes representatives in North and South America and the Pacific islands. *Kuwayama* is a replacement name for *Epitrioza* Crawford (1911 a) which was preoccupied by *Epitrioza* Kuwayama.

medicaginis (Crawford, 1910a) [Crawford, 1911b, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Caldwell, 1941; Tuthill, 1943, 1945a; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Paratrioza medicaginis Crawford

Epitrioza medicaginis (Crawford) [Crawford, 1911 a; Zacher, 1913]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., NMex., Tex.; Mexico. Host-plant: unknown, possibly *Medicago sativa*.

LEUROLOPHUS Tuthill, 1942 c

[ALPHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Leurolophus vittatus Tuthill, 1942 c

A monotypic genus related to Agonoscena and its allies.

vittatus Tuthill, 1942 c [Heslop-Harrison, 1952; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: USA, Tex. (USNM). Host-plant: Rhus sp.

LEURONOTA Crawford, 1914

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Trioza maculata Crawford, 1910 a

Primarily a Central and South American genus near to *Trioza* (sensu lato). Species are also ascribed to this genus from India and Borneo (Hodkinson, 1983 a, 1986). The wide range of host-plant families on which the different species feed is unusual among the Psylloidea.

longipennis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Crawford, 1920 b; Tuthill, 1943] Type locality: USA, Fla. Host-plant: unknown.

maculata (Crawford, 1910 a) [Crawford, 1914, 1920 b; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Ferris, 1928 b; Klyver, 1932; Caldwell, 1941; Tuthill, 1943, 1945 a; Hodkinson & White, 1981; Loginova, 1982]

Trioza maculata Crawford [Crawford, 1910b]

Allotrioza maculata Crawford [Crawford, 1911 a]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: USA, NMex., Tex.; Mexico. Host-plant: Celtis iguanea, C. pallidus.

LEVIDEA Tuthill, 1938

[TROIZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Levidea lineata Tuthill, 1938

A monotypic Nearctic genus.

lineata Tuthill, 1938 [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: Parthenium incanum.

LIVIA Latreille, 1805

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla juncorum Latreille, 1798

A characteristic holarctic genus, extending southwards into Mexico, India and Indo-China (Loginova, 1974; Hodkinson, 1980). The identities of several species described under *Diraphia* (a synonym) by Provancher (1872, 1886) are very doubtful and the synonymies suggested by different authors often conflict. Some of the species may not belong in *Livia* as it is now conceived. As the Provancher names have priority they are, in the interest of stability, best regarded as *nomina dubia*. The names are *bifasciata*, 4-cornis (quadricornis), sanguinea and viridescens. They are mentioned or discussed by Patch (1912b); Aulmann (1913); Van Duzee (1912, 1917); Heslop-Harrison (1949b) and Tuthill (1943). In addition, it is unlikely that the record of *L. juncorum* for the USA by Papp & Johnson (1979) is correct and it is excluded. *Vailakiella* Bliven (1955) is almost certainly synonymous with *Livia*.

aba Caldwell, 1940

Type locality: USA, Wyo. Host-plant: unknown.

caricis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Diraphia caricis (Crawford) [Heslop-Harrison, 1948 b, 1949 b; Vondráček, 1953; Hodkinson, 1973 b]

Type locality: USA, Calif., Colo., Ill., Maine, NMex., Oreg., Penn., Utah, Va; Canada, BC. Distribution: USA, Idaho. Host-plant: Carex sp.

coloradensis Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Caldwell, 1938 a; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Diraphia coloradensis Crawford [Heslop-Harrison, 1949b]

Type locality: USA, Colo., Ark. Distribution: USA, Ohio. Host-plant: unknown.

fimbriata (Heslop-Harrison, 1949 b) comb. n.

Diraphia fimbriata Heslop-Harrison.

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Host-plant: unknown.

maculipennis (Fitch, 1857) [Riley, 1885; Mally, 1894; Smith, 1910; Patch, 1912 b, 1916, 1924; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1915, 1918; Weiss & West, 1922; Heslop-Harrison, 1949 b; Loginova, 1974; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Diraphia maculipennis Fitch, 1857 [Thomas, 1879, Ashmead, 1881]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Alab., Colo., Conn., Ill., Mass., NH, NJ, NY, Penn., Wash. DC; Canada, Ont., Queb. Host-plant: *Juncus* sp.

marginata Patch, 1912 b [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Patch, 1924]

Diraphia marginata Patch [Heslop-Harrison, 1949 b; Loginova, 1974] Type locality: USA, Conn. Distribution: NH. Host-plant: unknown.

omissa (Heslop-Harrison, 1949 b) [Loginova, 1974]

Diraphia omissa Heslop-Harrison

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Host-plant: unknown.

ohioensis Caldwell, 1938 a

Type locality: USA, Ohio. Host-plant: unknown.

opaqua Caldwell, 1938 a

Type locality: USA, Ohio. Distribution: USA, Ill. Host-plant: unknown.

vernaliforma Caldwell, 1940

Type locality: USA, NDak. Host-plant: unknown.

vernalis Fitch, 1851 [Walker, 1852; Lintner, 1893; Mally, 1894; Gillette & Baker, 1895; Smith, 1910; Patch, 1912 b, 1924; Crawford, 1914; McAtee, 1915; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928; Caldwell, 1938 a; Loginova, 1974; White & Hodkinson, 1985] Diraphia vernalis (Fitch) [Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881; Riley, 1885; Heslop-

Harrison, 1949 b]

Livia calamorum Fitch, 1857

Diraphia calamorum (Fitch) [Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881; Heslop-Harrison, 1949 b]

Livia femoralis Fitch, 1951 [Walker, 1852; Lintner, 1893; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Heslop-Harrison, 1949 b]

Diraphia femoralis (Fitch) [Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., Conn., Ill., Iowa, La, Md., Mich., NJ, NY, Ohio, Penn., Va, Wash. DC; Canada, Queb. Host-plant: unknown.

METATRIOZA Tuthill, 1939 a

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Metatrioza pubescens Tuthill, 1939 a

A poorly defined Nearctic genus.

pubescens Tuthill, 1939 a [Tuthill, 1943, 1945 a]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Host-plant: unknown.

neotriozella Caldwell, 1944 b

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: unknown.

NEOPHYLLURA Loginova, 1973

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Euphyllura arctostaphyli Schwarz, 1904 b

A genus created to contain those Nearctic species previously assigned to Euphyllura Förster.

arbuti (Schwarz, 1904b) [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Neophyllura (Arbutophila) arbuti (Schwarz) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura arbuti Schwarz [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Ferris & Hyatt, 1923; Ferris, 1928 a; Klyver, 1930 b, 1931 c, d, 1932; Martin, 1931; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1957 c; Kitching, 1971]

Platystigma arbuti (Schwarz) (Enderlein, 1921]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Oreg.; Canada, BC. Host-plant: Arbutus menziezii.

arbuticola (Crawford, 1914) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura arbuticola Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Ferris, 1928 a; Klyver, 1930 b; Martin, 1931; Tuthill, 1943]

Platystigma arbuticola (Crawford) [Enderlein, 1921]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: Arbutus arizonica Sargent.

arctostaphyli Schwarz, 1904 b [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Neophyllura (Neophyllura) arctostaphyli (Schwarz) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura arctostaphyli Schwarz [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914, 1920 a; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1930 b, 1931 c, d, 1932; Martin, 1931; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c, Kitching, 1971]

Euphyllura arctostaphyli Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette & Baker, 1895]

Platystigma arctostaphyli (Schwarz) [Enderlein, 1921]

Euphyllura arctostaphyli var. bifasciata Crawford, 1920 a [Tuthill, 1943]

Neophyllura (Neophyllura) arctostaphyli bifasciata (Crawford) [Loginova, 1973]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., Mont., Nev., NMex., Oreg., Utah, Wash., Wyo.; Canada, BC, Man. Host-plant: Arctostaphylos pungens H.B.K., A. tomentosa Pur., A. patula Greene, A. montana East, A. glauca Lindl, A. canescens East, A. viscida Parry.

bicolor (Martin, 1931) [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Neophyllura (Neophyllura) bicolor (Martin) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura bicolor Martin [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Arctostaphylos glauca Lindl, A. manzanita Parry, A. zacaensis East, A. patula Greene, A. glandulosa East.

niveipennis (Schwarz, 1904 b)

Neophyllura (Neophyllura) niveipennis (Schwarz) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura arctostaphyli var. niveipennis Schwarz, 1904 b [Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917].

Euphyllura neveipennis Schwarz, 1904 b [Klyver, 1930 b, 1932; Martin, 1931] Euphyllura niveipennis Schwarz [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Arctostaphylos viscida Parry.

pruinosa (Martin, 1931)

Neophyllura (Neophyllura) pruinosa (Martin) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura pruinosa Martin [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Arctostaphylos pungens H.B.K., A. glauca Lindl, A. tomentosa Pur.

separata (Tuthill, 1943)

Neophyllura (Neophyllura) separata (Tuthill) [Loginova, 1973]

Euphyllura separata Tuthill

Type locality: USA, Oreg. Host-plant: unknown.

NEOTRIOZELLA Crawford, 1911 b

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Trioza immaculata Crawford, 1910 a

A small Nearctic genus of uncertain position. *Neotriozella* is a replacement name for *Neotrioza* Crawford, 1911 a, preoccupied by *Neotrioza* Kieffer, 1905.

hirsuta Tuthill, 1939 a [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: unknown.

laticeps (Crawford, 1910 a) [Crawford, 1911 b, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1939 a, 1943]

Trioza laticeps Crawford [Aulmann, 1913]

Neotrioza laticeps (Crawford) [Crawford, 1911 a]

Type locality: USA, La. Distribution: USA, NMex. Host-plant: unknown.

pyrifolii (Forbes, 1885) amended name [Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza pyrifoliae Forbes [Mally, 1894; Crawford, 1910 a; Zacher, 1913; Van Duzee, 1917; Frison, 1927]

Neotriozella pyrifoliae (Forbes) [Tuthill, 1939 a]

Neotriozella ottowaensis Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914]

Trioza immaculata Crawford, 1910a, [Aulmann, 1913]

Neotriozella immaculata (Crawford) [Crawford, 1911 b, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Caldwell, 1938 a]

Type locality: USA, Ill. Distribution: USA, Iowa, Ohio; Canada, Ottawa, also one specimen taken from surface of Atlantic Ocean 94 miles off Nova Scotia. Host-plant: unknown.

sculptoconus Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1939 a, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

NYCTIPHALERUS Bliven, 1955

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Nyctiphalerus lynceus Bliven, 1955

A monotypic genus of doubtful status: there is little to distinguish the one species from others placed in *Euphalerus* (sensu lato).

lynceus Bliven, 1955 [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

PACHYPSYLLA Riley, 1885

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla venusta Osten-Sacken, 1861

A compact North American genus with members forming various galls on *Celtis* spp. (Ulmaceae) (Hodkinson, 1980; Lewis & Walton, 1964). The Old World species previously referred to this genus have recently been transferred to *Celtisaspis* Yang & Li (see Hodkinson, 1986). Riley (1884) mentioned this genus but did not describe it until a year later (Riley, 1885). Similarly *Pachypsylla coagulata* Uhler and *P. celtidis-minuta* Riley are published manuscript names that should be treated as *nomina nuda* (see Tucker, 1907; Leonard, 1928).

celtidisgemma Riley, 1885 [Riemann, 1966; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Pachypsylla (Blastophysa) celtidis-gemma [Riley, 1890; Mally, 1894; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Blastophysa celtidis-gemma Riley, 1884 nomen nudum

Pachypsylla celtidis-gemma Riley [Beutenmuller, 1892; Smith, 1910; Crawford, 1914; McAtee, 1918; Weiss, 1921; Patch, 1924; Leonard, 1928; Brimley, 1938; Caldwell, 1938 a: Tuthill, 1943; Smith & Taylor, 1953; Walton, 1960]

Pachypsylla gemma Riley [Wells, 1916]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Conn., Ga, Iowa, Kans., La, NJ, NY, NC, Nebr., Md., Mo., Ohio, Okla., Tex., Va, Wash. DC. Host-plant: Celtis occidentalis.

celtidismamma (Fletcher, 1883 a) [Thompson, 1962; Riemann, 1966; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla celtidis-mamma Fletcher, 1883 a [Fletcher, 1883 b; Fyles, 1883 a, b]

Psylla celtidis-mamma (Riley, 1876) nomen nudum

Pachypsylla celtidis-mamma (Riley) [Riley, 1885, 1890; Mally, 1894; Beutenmüller, 1892; Cook, 1903; Tucker, 1907; Smith, 1910; Crawford, 1914; McAtee, 1915, 1918; Weiss, 1916; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Patch, 1924; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1932; Caldwell, 1938 a; Jensen, 1946; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Smith & Taylor, 1953]

Pachypsylla celtidis-mamma (Fletcher) [Tuthill, 1943]

Pachypsylla celtidis-mammae (Riley) [Cook, 1904; Stough, 1910; Patch, 1912 a]

Pachypsylla celtidis mamma (Riley) [Boselli, 1929b]

Pachypsylla mamma (Riley) [Stebbins, 1909; Wells, 1916, 1920]

Pachypsylla celtidis-astericus Riley, 1890 [Mally, 1893; Riley, 1894; Tucker, 1907; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Boselli, 1929 b]

Pachypsylla astericus Riley [Wells, 1920]

Pachypsylla celtidis-umbilicus Riley, 1890 [Mally, 1893; Riley, 1894; Gillette and Baker, 1895; Tucker, 1907; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Boselli, 1929 b]

Pachypsylla celtidis-pubescens Riley, 1890 [Mally, 1893; Riley, 1894; Tyler-Townsend, 1895; Tucker, 1907; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Boselli, 1929 b]

Pachypsylla celtidis-cucurbita Riley, 1890 [Mally, 1893; Riley, 1894; Beutenmüller, 1892; Tucker, 1907; Smith, 1910; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Boselli, 1929 b] Pachypsylla celtidiscucurbita Riley [Riemann, 1966]

Pachypsylla cucurbita Riley, 1890 [Stebbins, 1909]

Pachypsylla celtidis-globulus Riley, 1890 [Mally, 1893; Riley, 1894; Tucker, 1895; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Boselli, 1929 b]

Pachypsylla rohweri Cockerell, 1910 [Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Iowa, Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., Conn., Ill., Ind., Kans., Mass., Minn., Nebr., NJ, NY, NC, Ohio, Okla., Tex., Utah, Wash. DC; Canada, Ont. Host-plant: Celtis occidentalis, Celtis texana, Celtis reticulata Torrey.

celtidisinteneris Mally, 1893 [Riemann, 1966]

Pachypsylla celtidis-inteneris Mally [Mally, 1894; Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943; Smith & Taylor, 1953]

Pachypsylla inteneris Mally [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Pachypsylla ungulata Caldwell, 1938 a [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Iowa. Distribution: USA, Ill., Kans., Ohio. Host-plant: Celtis sp.

celtidisvesiculum Riley, 1884 [Riemann, 1966; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Pachypsylla celtidis-vesiculum Riley [Beutenmüller, 1892; Mally, 1894; Smith, 1910; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Patch, 1924; Leonard, 1928; Boselli, 1929 b]

Pachypsylla celtidis-vesicula Riley [Tuthill, 1943; Smith & Taylor, 1953; Jensen, 1957 c]

Pachypsylla vesiculum Riley [Stebbins, 1909; Wells, 1916]

Type locality: type specimen not designated. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Conn., Ill., Iowa, Kans., La, Nebr., NJ, NY, Ohio. Okla. Host-plant: Celtis douglasi Planchon.

dubia Patch 1912 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Utah. Host-plant: unknown.

pallida Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943] Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: USA, NMex. Host-plant: unknown.

venusta (Osten-Sacken, 1861) [Riley, 1885, 1890; Mally, 1894; Beutenmüller, 1892; Smith, 1910; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Wells, 1916; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Patch, 1924; Ferris, 1926; Leonard, 1928; Boselli, 1929 b; Klyver, 1932; Caldwell, 1938 a; Brimley, 1938; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1946, 1957 c; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Smith & Taylor, 1953; Riemann, 1966; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla venusta Osten-Sacken [Ashmead, 1881; Riley, 1883; Fyles, 1883 a, b]

Psylla celtidis-grandis Riley, 1876 [Riley, 1885; Mally, 1894]

Pachypsylla tridentata Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Wash. Distribution: USA, Colo., Conn., Idaho, Iowa, Kans., Miss., NJ, NMex., NY, NC, Ohio, Tenn., Tex., Utah. Host-plant: Celtis occidentalis, C. douglasi.

PARAPHALAROIDA Loginova, 1972 a

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Paurocephala fremontiae Klyver, 1930 a

A monotypic genus.

fremontiae (Klyver, 1930 a) [Loginova, 1972 a; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Paurocephala fremontiae Klyver [Klyver, 1931 b, c, 1932]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Fremontia californica Torrey.

PARATRIOZA Crawford, 1910 a

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Paratrioza ocellata Crawford, 1910 a

A loosely defined genus with representatives in the Palaearctic and Oriental regions in addition to the New World (Hodkinson & White, 1981; Hodkinson, 1986; Klimaszewski, 1973). *Paratrioza cockerelli* (Šulc) is an important pest of potato in the USA.

arbolensis Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Allotrioza arbolensis (Crawford) [Crawford, 1911 a; Patch, 1912 a; Zacher, 1913] Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Mont., Wyo. Host-plant: Sheperdia canadensis.

cockerelli (Šulc, 1909) [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914; Patch, 1912 a; Zacher, 1913; Compere, 1915, 1916; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Essig, 1917; Ferris, 1925; Pack, 1928; Shapovalov, 1929; Lehrman, 1930; Richards, 1927, 1928, 1931; Richards & Blood, 1933; Klyver, 1931 a, c, 1932; List, 1925, 1932, 1934, 1935, 1938, 1939 a, b, 1943; List & Daniels, 1934; Knowlton, 1932, 1933 a, b, c, d, e, 1934 a, b, c, 1937; Knowlton & Thomas, 1934; Knowlton & Allen, 1936; Knowlton & Janes, 1931; Eyer & Crawford, 1933; Sandsten, 1933, 1934; Daniels, 1934; Rowe & Knowlton, 1935; Hartman, 1936; Eyer, 1937; Davis, 1937; Janes, 1937, 1939; Hixson, 1938; Strickland, 1938, 1939; Milliron, 1939; Mills, 1939; Romney, 1939; Wallis, 1940, 1941, 1946, 1951, 1954, 1955; Edmundson, 1940; Swenk & Tate, 1940; Pletsch, 1940, 1942, 1947; Caldwell, 1941, 1944 a; Tuthill, 1943, 1945 a; Riedl & Harrison, 1945; Hill, 1947; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1954; Sanford, 1952; Staples, 1968; Kitching, 1971; Neilson, 1978; Papp & Johnson, 1979; Hodkinson & White, 1981; Arslan et al., 1985; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza cockerelli Šulc

Paratrioza ocellata Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a, c, 1914; Zacher, 1913] Paratrioza pulchella Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914]

Paratrioza pulchella flava Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914; Zacher, 1913] Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Idaho, Iowa, Kans., Minn., Mont., Nebr., NMex., Nev., NDak., Okla., SDak., Tex., Utah, Wyo.; Canada, Alta, BC, Sask.; Mexico. Host-plant: various species of Solanaceae including Capsicum, Lycium and Solanum species. See Knowlton & Thomas (1934) for full list.

dorsalis (Crawford, 1914) [Tuthill, 1943]

Kuwayama dorsalis Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: unknown.

dubia Tuthill, 1943 [Tuthill, 1945 a; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Paratrioza simila Caldwell 1944a [Tuthill, 1945 a]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Distribution: USA, Calif.; Mexico; Guatemala. Host-plant: Senecio salignis.

lavaterae (Van Duzee, 1924) [Tuthill, 1943; White & Hodkinson, 1985] Kuwayama lavaterae Van Duzee [Ferris, 1924; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932] Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Lavatera assurgentiflora.

maculipennis (Crawford, 1910 a) [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza maculipennis Crawford [Aulmann, 1913]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Utah. Host-plant: Convolvulus sp.

PEXOPSYLLA Jensen, 1957 b

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Pexopsylla cercocarpi Jensen, 1957 b

A monotypic genus probably related to some of the North American species currently placed in *Euphalerus* (sensu lato) and *Euglyptoneura*.

cercocarpi Jensen, 1957 b [Jensen, 1957 c; Loginova, 1982; White & Hodkinson, 1985] Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Cercocarpus betuloides Nuttall, C. ledifolius Nuttall.

PSYLLA Geoffroy, 1762

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Chermes alni Linnaeus, 1758

The genus *Psylla* is used here in the restricted sense as defined by Klimaszewski (1972) and Klimaszewski *et al.* (1973), and includes species placed in the nominate subgenus *Psylla* by Loginova (1978) (see *Cacopsylla*). This is now a moderate-sized holarctic genus, members of which feed on Betulaceae and Carpinaceae.

alni (L., 1758) [Aulmann, 1913; Henriksen, 1939; Tuthill, 1943; Russell, 1946; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971; Loginova, 1978; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Chermes alni L. [Caldwell, 1946]

Psyllia alni (L.) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Ferris, 1925]

Psylla alniamericana L. [Loginova, 1978]

Psyllia alni americana L. [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 d, 1932; Strickland, 1938]

Psylla alni americanella Strickland, 1939 replacement name

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Idaho, Nev., Oreg., Wash.; Canada, Alta, BC; Greenland. Widely distributed across the Palaearctic region. Hostplant: *Alnus rhombifolia*; Strickland's record from swamp birch is doubtful. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

betulae L., 1958 [Loginova, 1978; Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: Canada, Alta (IDH). Widely distributed across the Palaearctic. Host plant: *Betula* sp. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

betulaenanae Ossiannilsson, 1970 [Koponen, 1978; Loginova, 1978; Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean, 1981; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Alas.; Greenland. Widely distributed across the northern Palaearctic. Host-plant: Betula nana.

borealis Horvath, 1908 [Šulc, 1913; Aulmann, 1912]

Psyllia borealis (Horvath) [Van Duzee, 1917]

Type locality: Greenland. Host-plant: unknown. This may be a form of *Psylla alni* (see Šulc, 1913).

carpinicola Crawford, 1914 replacement name for *Psylla carpini* Fitch, 1851. [McAtee, 1918; Patch, 1924; Tuthill, 1943; Vondráček, 1953; Miyatake, 1964; Loginova, 1978; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla carpini Fitch, 1851 *nec* Förster, 1848 [Walker, 1852; Thomas, 1879; Ashmead, 1881; Riley, 1885; Lintner, 1893; Mally, 1894; Van Duzee, 1906, 1908]

Psyllia carpinicola Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Osborn, 1922 a; Leonard, 1928; Caldwell, 1938 a]

Psylla carpina Fitch [Smith, 1910]

Psylla coryli Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette & Baker, 1895; Tucker, 1907]

Psylla cephalica Crawford, 1914 [Tuthill, 1943]

Psyllia cephalica Crawford [Van Duzee, 1917; Leonard, 1928]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Alab., Ark., Colo., Conn., Fla, Ill., Iowa, La, Md., Mich., Miss., Mo., NH, NJ, NY, NC, Ohio, Penn., Tex., Va, Wash. DC, Wisc.; Canada, NS; Japan. Host-plant: *Carpinus caroliniana*.

caudata Crawford, 1914 [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971; Loginova, 1978]

Psyllia caudata (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 d, 1932]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Idaho; Canada, BC. Host-plant: Alnus tenuifolia.

floccosa Patch, 1909 a [Patch, 1909 b, 1911, 1924; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; Loginova, 1978; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia floccosa (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Osborn, 1922 a; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1932; Strickland, 1938, 1939]

Asphagidella floccosa (Patch) [Enderlein, 1921]

Psylla styliformis Patch MS name [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Maine. Distribution: USA, Alas., Calif., Colo., Conn., Maine, Mich, Minn., Mont., Nev., NH, NMex., NY, Oreg., Utah, Wash., Wyo.; Canada, Alta, BC, Man., NS, Ont. Host-plant: *Alnus incana*, *A. tenuifolia*.

galeaformis Patch, 1911 [Crawford, 1914; Patch, 1924; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971; Loginova, 1978; Hodkinson, 1978; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psyllia galeaformis (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928]

Type locality: USA, Maine. Distribution: USA, Colo., Conn., Maine, Mass., Mich., Minn., Nev., NH, NY, Oreg., Utah, Vt, Wash., Wisc.; Canada, BC, Man., NS, Ont., Sask. Host-plant: *Alnus crispa*, *A. tenuifolia*.

trimaculata Crawford, 1911c [Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971; Loginova, 1978; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Psylla alni trimaculata Crawford, 1911 c [Zacher, 1913]

Psyllia trimaculata (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Osborn, 1922 b; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1932]

Psyllia 3-maculata (Crawford) [Osborn, 1922 a]

Psylla astigmata Crawford, 1914 [Tuthill, 1943; Loginova, 1978]

Psylla trimaculata astigmata Crawford [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971; Loginova, 1978]

Psyllia astigmata (Crawford) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 d, 1932]

Psylla cerasi Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914; Patch, 1924]

Psylla trimaculata cerasi Crawford [Tuthill, 1943]

Psyllia cerasi (Patch) [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Strickland, 1939]

Type locality: USA, NY. Distribution: USA, Calif., Colo., Conn., Fla, Maine, Mich., Minn., NH, NY, Wash., Wisc.; Canada, Alta, BC, Man., NS. Host-plant: *Prunus cerasus*, *P. emarginata*, *P. demissa*?

PSYLLOPSIS Löw, 1879

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Psylla fraxinicola Förster, 1848

A west Palaearctic genus whose members feed on *Fraxinus* spp. (Klimaszewski, 1973). Three species appear to have been introduced into North America.

discrepans (Flor, 1861 a) [Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson, 1980]

Psylla discrepans Flor

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: W. Palaearctic region. Canada, NS (introd.). Host-plant: *Fraxinus excelsior*. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic.

fraxini (L., 1761) [Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Chermes fraxini L.

Psyllopsis fraxinicola Felt, 1910 nec Förster, 1848 [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: W. Palaearctic Region; USA, NY, (introd.). Host-plant: *Fraxinus excelsior*. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic.

fraxinicola (Förster, 1848) [Smith, 1910; Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Ferris, 1923; Patch, 1924; Leonard, 1928?; Klyver, 1931 c; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1980; White & Hodkinson, 1985.

Psylla fraxinicola Förster

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: W. Palaearctic region; USA, Calif., Conn., Idaho, NJ, Utah, Wash. DC (introd.); Canada, BC, NS (introd.). Host-plant: *Fraxinus excelsior*, F. dipetala.

PURSHIVORA Heslop-Harrison, 1961

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Arytaina chelifera Crawford, 1914

A small, North American genus most probably related to Amorphicola, Euglyptoneura, and Ceanothia (Hodkinson, 1980).

chelifera (Crawford, 1914) [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Arytaina chelifera Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Brachypsylla purshiae Schwarz MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914] Type locality: USA, Ariz., Utah. Host-plant: Prushia tridentata.

pubescens Crawford, 1914 [Heslop-Harrison, 1961; Hodkinson, 1973b; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Arytaina pubescens Crawford [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Tuthill, 1938, 1943; Jensen, 1946; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Cal., Colo., Nev. Distribution: USA, Idaho, Oreg., Utah; Canada, BC. Host-plant: *Purshia tridentata*.

RHINOPSYLLA Riley, 1885

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Rhinopsylla schwarzii Riley, 1885

A genus that extends as far south as Panama (Hodkinson, 1980). The taxonomic limits of the individual species are poorly defined and the genus, which has representatives in the Oriental and Austro-Oriental regions, is in need of revision. *Rhinopsylla* species resemble, in some respects, Palaearctic species placed in *Bactericera* (sensu stricto).

arcuata Tuthill, 1942 a

Rhinopsylla schwarzi Tuthill, 1938 nec Riley 1885

Type locality: USA, Fla. Host-plant: unknown.

antennata Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914; Zacher, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1942 a, 1950 b; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Paratrioza antennata Crawford

Rhinopsylla antennata proxima Crawford, 1911 a [Zacher, 1913; Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1942 a]

Rhinopsylla dimorpha Caldwell, 1938 a [Tuthill, 1942 a]

Rhinopsylla nigra Laing, 1923 [Caldwell, 1941; Caldwell, 1944 a; Tuthill, 1950 b] Rhinopsylla nigra Caldwell [Tuthill, 1950 b]

Rhinopsylla rubrafacia Caldwell, 1941 [Tuthill, 1950b]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Okla., Ohio, Tex., Utah; Mexico; Panama (IDH). Host-plant: *Polygonum persicaria* L.

athenae Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1942 a] Type locality: USA, Ga. Host-plant: unknown.

caldwelli Tuthill, 1944 a

Type locality: USA, Fla. Host-plant: unknown.

schwarzii Riley, 1885 [Mally, 1894; Crawford, 1911 a, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Brimley, 1938; Tuthill, 1942 a]

Rhinopsylla schwarzii Riley, 1884 nomen nudum

Type locality: USA, Fla. Distribution: NC. Host-plant: unknown.

SPANIONEURA Förster, 1848

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Spanioneura fonscolombii Förster, 1848

A small Palaearctic genus, some of whose members feed on box (Buxus). A single species has been introduced into the USA.

fonscolombii Förster, 1848 [Aulmann, 1913; Britton, 1916; Patch, 1924; Tuthill, 1943; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Conn. (introd.). Host-plant: *Buxus sempervirens*. Klimaszewski (1973) gives a bibliography for the Palaearctic region.

TETRAFOLLICULA—see Craspedolepta.

TETRAGONOCEPHALA Crawford, 1914

[PSYLLIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Tetragonocephala flava Crawford, 1914

A monotypic genus related to *Pachypsylla*. The single species feeds on *Celtis* (Ulmaceae).

flava Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943; Riemann, 1958, 1966; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Type locality: USA, Tex. Distribution: USA, Ariz.; Mexico. Host-plant: Celtis reticulata, C. laevigata.

TRIOZA Förster, 1848

[TRIOZIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Chermes urticae L., 1758

A diverse and ubiquitous genus of worldwide distribution (Hollis, 1984). European workers have, in recent years, tended to split *Trioza* into separate genera or subgenera (e.g. Klimaszewski, 1975). Subdivision of the North American species is probably not worthwhile at this stage and must await a comprehensive revision. Members of *Trioza* (sensu lato) feed on a variety of different plant families.

alacris Flor, 1861 a [Crawford, 1912 b, 1914; Van Duzee, 1917; Essig, 1917; Weiss, 1917; Weiss & Dickerson, 1918; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Trioza (Heterotrioza) alacris Flor [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Lauritrioza alacris (Flor) [Conci & Tamanini, 1985]

Spanioza alacris Flor [Enderlein, 1926]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Calif., NJ (introd.); Argentina; Brazil; Chile (introd.). Native to W. Palaearctic region. Host-plant: *Laurus nobilis*. Klimaszewski (1973) and Conci & Tamanini (1985) gave bibliographies for the Palaearctic region. The genus *Lauritrioza* Conci & Taminini (1985) is not recognised here.

albifrons Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1930 a, 1932; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c; Vondráček, 1953; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & White, 1981; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza rotundipennis Crawford, 1910a [Crawford, 1914]

Trioza fovealis Crawford, 1910 a [Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza similis fovealis Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a; Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza frontalis Crawford, 1911 a, 1914 in part [Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza sulcata similis Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza urticae Van Duzee, 1916 nec L., 1758?

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Alas., Ariz., Colo., Idaho, Minn., Mont., NMex., Oreg., Utah, Wash.; Canada, Alta, BC; Mexico. Host-plant: *Urtica holosericea*, *U. dioica*, *U. gracilis*.

arctica Hodkinson, 1978 [Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Alas. Distribution: USSR, Chukotka. Host-plant: Salix spp.

astraea Bliven, 1960

Type locality: USA, Calif., Host-plant: possibly Rubus parviflorus.

atkasookensis Hodkinson, 1978 [Hodkinson et al., 1979; Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Trioza (?Bactericera) atkasookensis Hodkinson [White & Hodkinson, 1985] Type locality: USA, Alas. Distribution: USSR, Chukotka. Host-plant: Salix spp.

aylmeriae Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1943, 1944 a]

Trioza alymeriae Patch [Van Duzee, 1916]

Trioza (?Bactericera) aylmeriae Patch [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Neotriozella virginiana Caldwell, 1938 a [Tuthill, 1939 a, 1943]

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Distribution: USA, Ohio. Host-plant: 'Bilberry'?

bakeri Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914, 1925 a; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1943; Jensen, 1957 c; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza montana Crawford, 1911 c [Zacher, 1913; Crawford, 1914]

Trioza puberula Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Calif., Colo., Nev. Host-plant: Rhamnus smithii Green, R. crocea var. ilicifolia.

beameri Tuthill, 1939 b [Tuthill, 1943; Jensen, 1957 c; White & Hodkinson, 1985] Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: Rhamnus californica Esch.

breviantennata Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1943] Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

californica Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a; Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943]

Triozoida californica (Crawford) [Crawford, 1911b]

Ceropsylla californica (Crawford) [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917]

Trioza ichneumonia Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo. Host-plant: possibly Salix.

chlora Tuthill, 1938 [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: unknown.

collaris Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Patch, 1912 a; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 c, 1932; Tuthill, 1943, 1944 c; Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Trioza longistylus Crawford, 1910a [Crawford, 1911a, 1914; Patch, 1912a; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Caldwell, 1941; Tuthill, 1943; 1944c]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Colo., NMex., Tex.; Mexico. Host-plant: *Baccharis viminea*.

diospyri (Ashmead, 1881) [Forbes, 1885; Riley, 1885; Mally, 1894; Smith, 1910; Crawford, 1910 a; 1911 a, 1914; Patch, 1912 a; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Leonard, 1928; Brimley, 1938; Mead, 1966 a; Hodkinson & White, 1981; Hollis, 1984] Psylla diospyri Ashmead [Aulmann, 1913]

Megatrioza diospyri (Ashmead) [Crawford, 1919]

Trioza (Megatrioza) diospyri (Ashmead) [Tuthill, 1943, 1945 a; Vondráček, 1953; White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Spanioza diospyri (Ashmead) [Enderlein, 1926]

Phylloplecta diospyri (Ashmead) [Ferris, 1926, 1928 b; Caldwell, 1938 a, 1941]

Trioza latipennis Crawford, 1910 a nomen nudum [Crawford, 1910b]

Type locality: USA, Fla. Distribution: USA, Ala., Ga, Iowa, Ky, La, Miss., Mo, NJ, NY, NC, Ohio, Okla, Tenn., Tex., Va; Mexico. Host-plant: *Diospyros virginiana*.

forcipula Patch, 1912a [Van Duzee, 1917; Leonard, 1928]

Spanioza forcipula (Patch) [Enderlein, 1926]

Type locality: Canada, Ont.; USA, Colo., NY. Host-plant: unknown.

frontalis Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 d, 1932; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1943, 1944 a; Strickland, 1939; Kitching, 1971]

Trioza (? Bactericera) frontalis Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Spanioza frontalis (Crawford) [Enderlein, 1926]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Calif., Minn., Nev., NDak., SDak.; Canada, Alta, BC, Man. Host-plant: *Amelanchier alnifolia* Nuttall.

incerta Tuthill, 1943 [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971; Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; Papp & Johnson, 1979; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Type locality: USA, Alas., Calif., Colo., Oreg., Utah, Wash.; Canada, BC. Distribution: Utah. Host-plant: Salix depressa ssp. rostrata.

inversa Tuthill, 1939 b [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Colo., Utah; Canada, BC. Host-plant: Amelanchier sp.

lobata Crawford, 1914 [Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1931 a; Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza (?Heterotrioza) lobata Crawford [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Calif. Distribution: USA, Colo., Nev., NMex. Host-plant: unknown.

loletae Bliven, 1958

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

This species appears to be synonymous with Trioza albifrons.

longicornis: Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Trioza dubia Patch, 1912 a [Tuthill, 1943]

Spanioza forcipula Enderlein, 1926

Trioza forcipula (Enderlein, 1926) [Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: Canada, BC. Distribution: USA. Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

magnoliae (Ashmead, 1881) [Riley, 1885; Mally, 1894; Crawford, 1910 a, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Barber, 1919; Tuthill, 1943, 1944 c; Mead, 1963; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Psylla magnoliae Ashmead [Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza (?Heterotrioza) magnoliae (Ashmead) [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Allotrioza magnoliae (Ashmead) [Crawford. 1911 a]

Type locality: USA, Fla. Distribution: USA, Ga; Mexico. Host-plant: *Persea borbonia* (L.) Spreng and probably not *Magnolia virginia* as suggested in earlier accounts (see Mead, 1963).

mexicana Crawford, 1911 a [Crawford, 1914; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1945 a; Caldwell, 1941, 1944 a]

Trioza mexicana minuta Crawford, 1911 a [Crawford, 1914; Caldwell, 1941]

Trioza mexicana minor Crawford, 1911 a [Tuthill, 1943; Vondráček, 1953]

Type locality: Mexico. Distribution: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: Rhus sp.

minuta Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a; Aulmann, 1913; Tuthill, 1943; Vondráček, 1953; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Jensen, 1957 c]

Trioza (?Heterotrioza) minuta Crawford, 1910 a [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza minuta similis Crawford, 1911 a [Crawford, 1914]

Phylloplecta minuta (Crawford, 1910a) [Caldwell, 1940]

Trioza marginata (Crawford, 1910 a) nec Hartig 1841 [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a; Patch, 1912 a; Aulmann, 1912]

Trioza arizonae Aulmann, 1912 replacement name [Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Caldwell, 1941, 1944 a; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Trioza minuta var. arizonae [Tuthill, 1943, 1944 c; Jensen, 1957 c]

Trioza nigra Crawford, 1910 a nec Kuwayama 1910 [Crawford, 1910b]

Trioza nigrilla Crawford, 1911 b replacement name [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1917; Osborn, 1922 a; Leonard, 1928]

Trioza louisianae Aulmann, 1912 replacement name [Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza assimilis Crawford, 1910 a nec Flor, 1861 a [Crawford, 1911 a]

Trioza flori Crawford, 1911 b replacement name [Crawford, 1911 b, 1914]

Trioza pomonae Aulmann, 1912 replacement name [Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza salicis Mally, 1894 nec Linnaeus, 1761 [Crawford, 1910 a, 1911 a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913; McAtee, 1915, 1918; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Klyver, 1932; Tuthill, 1943]

Phylloplecta salicis (Mally, 1894) [Caldwell, 1938 a]

Phylloplecta multidubiata Caldwell, 1939 a replacement name [Strickland, 1939; Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Iowa (for salicis Mally). Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Colo., Idaho, Ill., Iowa, La, Md., Mont., Nev., NY, Okla., Oreg., Utah, Wash., Wash. DC; Canada, Alta; Mexico. Host-plant: Salix spp. including S. lasiandra Benth, S. lasiolepsis, S. longifolia.

mira Tuthill, 1943 replacement name [Jensen & Knowlton, 1951]

Trioza forcipula Tuthill, 1939 b nec Patch, 1912 a

Trioza mira curta Tuthill, 1943

Type locality: USA, Colo., Wash. Distribution: Calif., Utah. Host-plant: Amelanchier alnifolia Nutt.

obtusa Patch, 1911 [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; McAtee, 1918; Patch, 1924; Brimley, 1938; Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson, 1976]

Trioza (Bactericera) obtusa Patch [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza amelanchieris Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Gillette & Baker, 1985; Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: USA, Maine. Distribution: USA, Alab., Colo., Conn., Minn., NY, NC, Wash. DC; Canada, Alta, NS. Host-plants: *Amelanchier canadensis, A. alnifolia*.

occidentalis Tuthill [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Calif.; Canada, BC. Distribution: USA, Wash. Host-plant: *Rubus parviflorus*.

phoradendri Tuthill, 1939 b amended name [Tuthill, 1943]

Trioza phorodendrae Tuthill, 1939 b

Trioza phoradendrae Tuthill, 1939 b [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza phoradendri acuminata Tuthill, 1943

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Calif. Host-plant: adults collected from *Phoradendron juniperinum* Engelm and *P. pubescens*.

pletschi Tuthill, 1944 a [Hodkinson, 1976]

Type locality: USA, Mont. Distribution: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: *Thalictrum occidentale, Thalictrum venulosum.*

proximata Crawford, 1911 a [Crawford, 1914; Caldwell, 1941; Tuthill, 1943, 1945 a; Hodkinson, 1980; Hodkinson & White, 1981]

Type locality: Mexico. Distribution: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: *Baccharis* sp., *Senecio* sp.

pulla Tuthill, 1939 b [Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Oreg., Wash. Host-plant: unknown.

quadripunctata Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1911 a, 1914; Patch, 1912 a; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928; Strickland, 1938, 1939; Caldwell, 1938 a; Tuthill, 1943; Kitching, 1971]

Spanioza quadripunctata (Crawford) [Enderlein, 1926]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Calif., Iowa, Kans., Minn., Mo, Mont., NY, Ohio, Wyo.; Canada, Alta, BC. Host-plant: *Urtica* sp. probably *procera*.

robusta Tuthill, 1944 a

Type locality: USA, Mont. Host-plant: unknown.

rubicola Tuthill, 1943 [Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Wash. Host-plant: Rubus leucodermis.

rubra Tuthill, 1939 b [Tuthill, 1943, 1944 c]

Trioza albanigra Caldwell, 1944 [Tuthill, 1944c]

Type locality: USA, Ariz., Colo., NMex., Oreg. Distribution: Mexico. Host-plant: *Baccharis* sp.

salicivora Reuter, 1876 [Hodkinson, 1978, 1980; Hodkinson & MacLean, 1980; MacLean & Hodkinson, 1980]

Trioza (Bactericera) salicivora Reuter [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Trioza maura (auctt.) N. America nec Förster, 1848 [Patch, 1912 a; Crawford, 1914, 1925 a; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Leonard, 1928; Klyver, 1931 d, 1932; Strickland, 1938; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Vondráček, 1953; Jensen, 1957 c; Kitching, 1971

Trioza aurantiaca Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, c, 1914; Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza aurantiaca frontalis Crawford, 1910 a [Aulmann, 1913; Crawford, 1914]

Trioza fulvida Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza nigrifrons Crawford, 1910a [Crawford, 1910b, 1911a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza fulvida similis Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, 1914; Aulmann, 1913]

Trioza saliciperda Riley MS name and nomen nudum [Crawford, 1914]

Type locality: Europe. Distribution: USA, Alas., Calif., Colo., Ill., Nev., NMex., Oreg., Utah, Wash.; Canada, Alta, BC. Host-plant: Salix species including S. lasiolepsis, S. longifolia, S. lasiandra, S. depressa ssp. rostrata.

sembla Caldwell, 1940 [Tuthill, 1943, 1944 a]

Type locality: USA, Ariz. Host-plant: unknown.

sheperdiae Tuthill, 1938 [Tuthill, 1943]

Phylloplecta multidubiata breviradia Caldwell, 1939 a [Strickland, 1939; Tuthill, 1943]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Sheperdia canadensis (L.) Nutt.

singularis Tuthill, 1943 [Tuthill, 1944 a]

Type locality: USA, Mich. Host-plant: unknown.

sinuosa Tuthill, 1944 a

Type locality: USA, NH. Host-plant: unknown.

stygma Tuthill, 1939 b corrected spelling [Tuthill, 1943; Hodkinson, 1980; Burckhardt, 1983, 1986 b]

Trioza stugma Tuthill, 1939 b

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

stylifera Patch, 1912 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1943, 1944 a; Hodkinson, 1978]

Type locality: Canada, Ont. Distribution: Canada, Man.; USA, Alas. Host-plant: unknown.

sulcata Crawford, 1910a [Aulmann, 1913; Strickland, 1938; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Trioza frontalis sulcata Crawford, 1911 a [Crawford, 1914; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917] Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Ariz., Calif., Nev., Oreg., Utah. Also possibly Canada, Alta. Host-plant: Amelanchier sp.

tripunctata (Fitch, 1851) [Fuller & Riley, 1880; Ashmead, 1881; Riley, 1885; Lintner, 1893; Mally, 1894; Sirrine, 1895; Felt, 1906; Smith, 1910, 1911; Crawford, 1910 a, 1911 a, 1914, 1920 c; Patch, 1912 a; Aulmann, 1913; Zacher, 1913; Headlee, 1914, 1915; McAtee, 1915, 1918; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Peterson, 1923; Patch, 1924; Leonard, 1928; Brimley, 1938; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1943, 1944 a; Mead, 1966 b]

Psylla tripunctata Fitch [Walker, 1852; Thomas, 1879]

Trioza (?Bactericera) tripunctata (Fitch) [White & Hodkinson, 1985]

Phylloplecta tripunctata (Fitch) [Riley, 1884; Ferris, 1926; Caldwell, 1938 a]

Psylla rubi Walsh & Riley, 1869 [Thomas, 1879; Fuller & Riley, 1880; Ashmead, 1881; Mally, 1894]

Type locality: not stated. Distribution: USA, Conn., Ga, Iowa, Maine, Mich., NH, NJ, NY, NC, Ohio, Va, Wash. DC; 'Canada'. Host-plant: Rubus spp.

varians Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1911 a, c, 1914; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Strickland, 1938, 1939; Tuthill, 1943; Jensen & Knowlton, 1951; Kitching, 1971]

Type locality: USA, Colo. Distribution: USA, Calif., Utah; Canada, Alta, BC. Hostplant: Salix spp. including probably Salix linearifolia.

viridis Crawford, 1910 a [Crawford, 1910 b, 1914, 1925 a; Aulmann, 1913; Van Duzee, 1916, 1917; Tuthill, 1939 b, 1943]

Allotrioza viridis (Crawford) [Crawford, 1911 a]

Spanioza viridis (Crawford) [Enderlein, 1926]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

VAILAKIELLA Bliven, 1955

[APHALARIDAE]

TYPE-SPECIES: Vailakiella eos Bliven, 1955

There seems to be no good reason why this monotypic genus should be separated from *Livia*.

eos Bliven, 1955 [Bliven, 1956]

Type locality: USA, Calif. Host-plant: unknown.

Host plants

Generic names of plant listed below follow Willis (1973) and the families are arranged according to Cronquist (1968). Generic names have been amended where necessary, to bring them into line with modern usage.

Host-plant			Psyllid
MAGNOLIALES	Lauraceae	Laurus Persea	Trioza alacris Trioza magnoliae
RANUNCULALES	Ranunculaceae	Thalictrum	Trioza pletschi
URTICALES	Ulmaceae Moraceae	Celtis	Pachypsylla celtidisgemma P. celtidismamma P. celtidisinteneris P. celtidisvesiculum P. venusta Tetragonocephala flava Homotoma ficus
	Urticaceae	Urtica	Trioza albifrons T. quadripunctata
FAGALES	Betulaceae	Alnus Betula	Psylla alni P. caudata P. floccosa P. galeaformis Psylla betulae
		Carpinus Corylus	P. betulaenanae Cacopsylla striata C. hartigii Psylla carpinicola Cacopsylla delonchi
CARYOPHYLLALES	Chenopodiaceae	Salsola Suaeda	Craspedolepta pulchella C. suaedae
POLYGONALES	Polygonaceae	Persicaria Polygonum	Aphalara persicaria Aphalara loca A. 'calthae/polygoni' complex?
		Rumex	Rhinopsylla antennata Aphalara confusa A. monticola A. rumicis
MALVALES	Sterculiaceae Malvaceae	Fremontodendron Lavatera	Paraphalaroida fremontiae Paratrioza lavaterae
VIOLALES	Frankeniaceae	Frankenia	Craspedolepta martini C. viridis
SALICALES	Salicaceae	Salix	Cacopsylla alaskensis C. alba C. albagena C. americana C. bulbosa C. confusa? C. curta C. fibulata C. groenlandica? C. hadiaeeti C. hamata C. highwoodensis C. jenseni C. kananaskensis C. latiforceps C. macleani

Host-plant			Psyllid
			C. minor
			C. nordica?
			C. palmeni
			C. parallela
			C. phlebophylla
			C. quadrilineata
			C. rufipennis
			C. septentrionalis?
			C. sinuata
			C. spiculata
			C. subspiculata
			C. tenuata
			C. toolikensis
			C. zaecevi
			Trioza arctica
			T. atkasookensis
			T. californica
			T. incerta
			T. minuta
			T. salicivora
			T. varians
ERICALES	Ericaceae	Arctostaphylos	Neophyllura arctostaphyli
			$N.\ bicolor$
			N. niveipennis
			N. $pruinosa$
		Arbutus	Neophyllura arbuti
			N. arbuticola
		Ledum	Cacopsylla ledi
		Vaccinium	Cacopsylla myrtilli
			Trioza aylmeriae?
EBENALES	Sapotaceae	Sideroxylon	Ceropsylla sideroxyli
	Ebenaceae	Diospyros	Trioza diospyri
PRIMULALES	Primulaceae	Steironema	Aphalara steironemicola
ROSALES	Grossulariaceae	Ribes	Cacopsylla notapennis
			C. pararibesiae
			C. ribesiae
	Rosaceae	Amelanchier	Trioza frontalis
			T. mira
			T. obtusa
			T. sulcata
		Cercocarpus	Ceanothia aculeata
		e di eo cui puo	Euphalerus adustus
			E. cercocarpi
			E. idahoensis
			Pexopsylla cercocarpi
			Cacopsylla brevistigmata C. acuminata
			C. difficilis
			C. insignita?
			C. maculata
			C. magna?
			C. media
		Malus Prunus	

Host-plant			Psyllid
		Purshia	Purshivora chelifera P. pubescens Cacopsylla coryli? C. hirsuta
		Pyrus	C. minuta Cacopsylla sorbi C. pyricola
		Rubus	Trioza occidentalis T. rubicola T. tripunctata T. astraea
	Leguminosae	Acacia	Acizzia uncatoides Aphalaroida acaciae A. masonici A. spinifera?
		Albizia	Acizzia uncatoides
		Amorpha	Amorphicola pallida
		Cytisus	Euphalerus propinquus Arytaina genistae Arytainilla spartiophila
		Leucaena	Heteropsylla cubana
		Medicago	Kuwayama medicaginis?
		Mimosa	Heteropsylla mimosae
		Piscidia	Euphalerus nidifex
		Pithecellobium Prosopis	Aphalaroida pithecolobia Aphalaroida inermis A. prosopis A. spinifera Heteropsylla texana
MYRTALES	Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus	Blastopsylla occidentalis
	Onagraceae	Lophostemon Epilobium	Ctenarytaina longicauda Craspedolepta nebulosa C. schwarzi C. subpunctata
PROTEALES	Elaeagnaceae	Elaeagnus Sheperdia	Cacopsylla magnicauda Craspedolepta strickland C. tuthilli Trioza sheperdiae Paratrioza arbolensis
SANTALALES	Loranthaceae	Phoradendron	Trioza phoradendri? Cacopsylla phorodendri
CELESTRALES	Aquifoliaceae	Ilex	Gyropsylla ilicis
EUPHORBIALES	Buxaceae	Buxus	Spanioneura fonscolombi Cacopsylla buxi
RHAMNALES	Rhamnaceae	Ceanothus	Ceanothia assimilis C. bicolor C. boharti C. ceanothi C. essigi C. insolita C. mitella C. tardiuscula Euglyptoneura fuscipenni E. minuta

Host-plant			Psyllid
		Rhamnus	E. robusta Euphalerus nepos E. rugipennis E. vermiculosus Trioza bakeri T. beameri
SAPINDALES	Aceraceae	Acer	Cacopsylla annulata
	Anacardiaceae	Negundo Rhus	Cacopsylla negundinis Calophya aurea C. californica C. dubia C. flavida C. nigrella C. nigripennis C. triozomima C. vittatus
	Simaroubaceae	Quassia	Trioza mexicana Heteropsylla quassiae?
UMBELLALES	Araliaceae	Fatsia	Cacopsylla japonica
POLEMONIALES	Solanaceae Convolvulaceae	Capsicum Lycium Solanum Convolvulus	Paratrioza cockerelli Paratrioza cockerelli Paratrioza cockerelli Paratrioza maculipennis
SCROPHULARIALES	Oleaceae	Fraxinus	Psyllopsis discrepans P. fraxini P. fraxinicola Craspedolepta pulchella?
DIDGACALEG	Bigoniaceae	Chilopsis Viburnum	-
DIPSACALES ASTERALES	Caprifoliaceae Compositae	Achillea Artemisia	Cacopsylla rara Craspedolepta angustipenn Craspedolepta anomola C. canadensis C. constricta? C. maculidracunculi C. minutissima C. minutistylus C. pinicola? C. russellae? C. vancouverensis
		Baccharis	Trioza collaris T. proximata T. rubra
		Chrysothamnus Crasped C. macu	Craspedolepta constricta C. maculimagna? C. russellae
		Echinacea Gutierrezia Parthenium Senecio	Craspedolepta numerica Craspedolepta gutierreziae Levidea lineata Paratrioza dubia
		Solidago	Trioza proximata Craspedolepta delongi C. flavida C. fumida? C. furcata

Host-plant			Psyllid
			C. magna
			C. minuta
			C. parvula
			C. scurra
			C. veaziei
		Sonchus	Hemitrioza sonchi
		Other misc. spp.	Craspedolepta sonchi
JUNCALES	Juncaceae	Juncus	Livia maculipennis
	Cyperaceae	Carex	Livia caricis

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