The Future of Data Science

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What you all have done

COGS 108: What we've learned

01: Data Science & Ethics

02: Version Control & Python

03: Data & Data Wrangling

04: Data Visualization & EDA

05: Inference

06: Text Analysis

07: Machine Learning

08: Non-parametric Statistics & Geospatial Analysis

09: Dimensionality Reduction 10: DS Jobs & Communication

Guest Lectures: Vivian Peng & Tyler Richards

COGS 108: Final Project Lessons

- 1. Asking the right question up front really helps
- 2. Finding the data you need <u>is</u> a skill
 - a. ...so is knowing if the data are reliable
 - b. ...and if they can answer your question
 - c.and recognizing what information you don't have
- 3. Data Visualization and storytelling are important skills.
- 4. Determining which analytical approach is best is HARD.
- 5. Programming is merely a piece of the puzzle for data scientists.

COGS 108 Thank yous!

TAs: Atman, Ganesh, Sidharth

IAs: Abby, Andrew, Emily, Fei, & Michael

All of you for your patience, feedback, and time!

You all are the future of data science!

So, if you remember anything from this course...



Ethics should always be a priority in your work.



Data wrangling is a puzzle and a big part of the job. When done well, it's not boring!



Data science is a competitive, but rewarding field. You have a chance to make a big difference!



Your grade in this course is probably <u>not</u> predictive of future success.

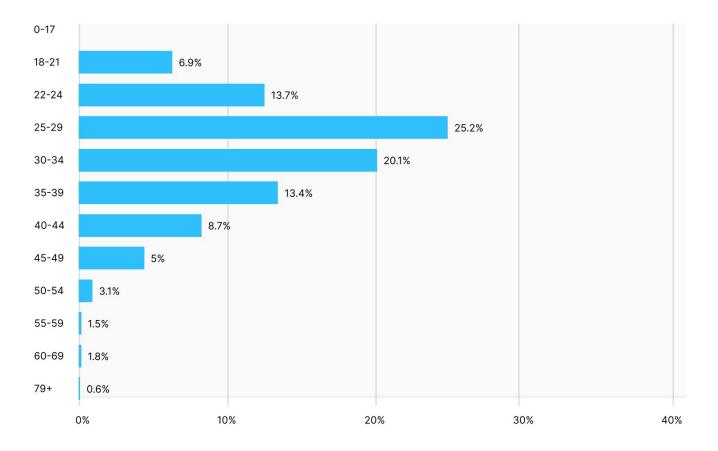


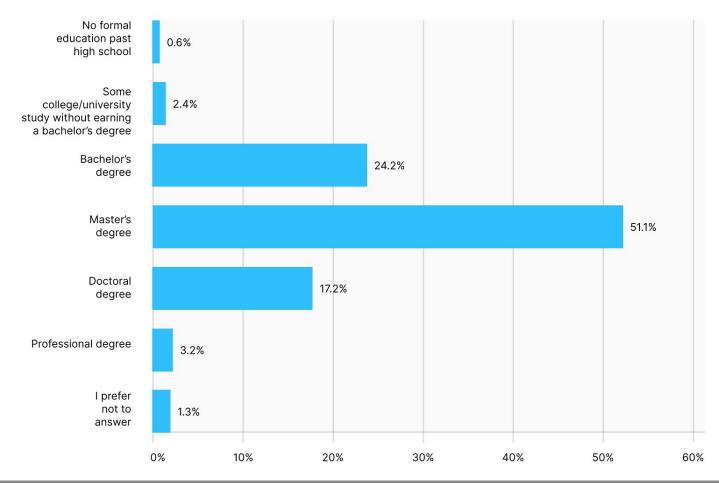
My hope is that all of you go on to (continue to) be good people who are happy & successful

Thanks for taking COGS 108!

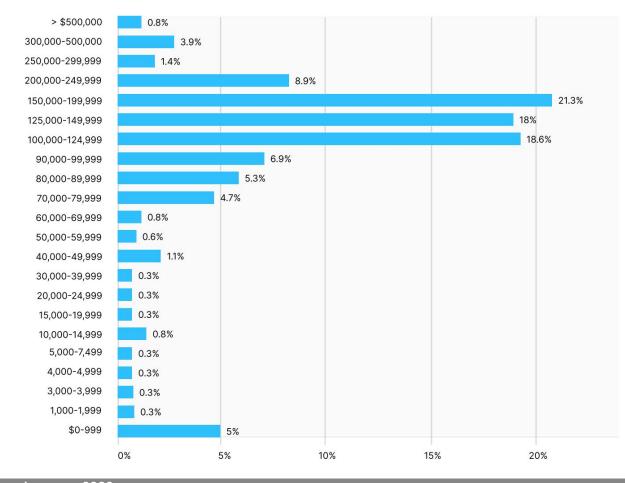
Where we are now

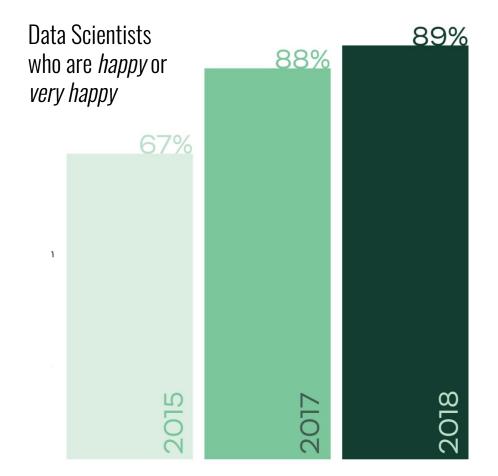
Rank	Job Title	Median Base Salary	Job Satisfaction	Job Openings
1	Front End Engineer	\$105,240	3.9	13,122
2	Java Developer	\$83,589	3.9	16,136
3	Data Scientist	\$107,801	4.0	6,542

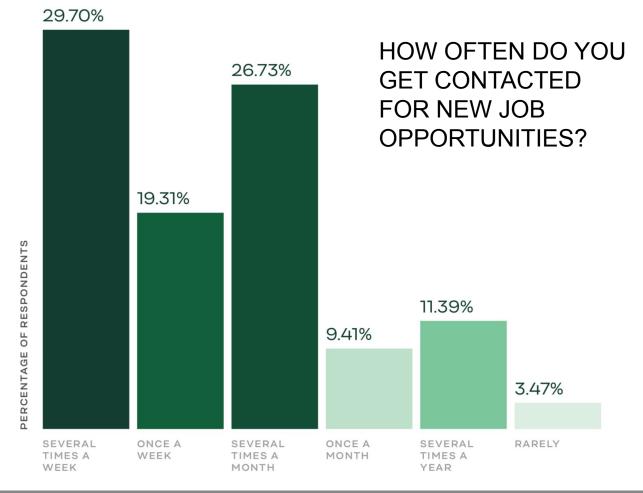




SALARY DISTRIBUTION FOR US-BASED DATA SCIENTISTS





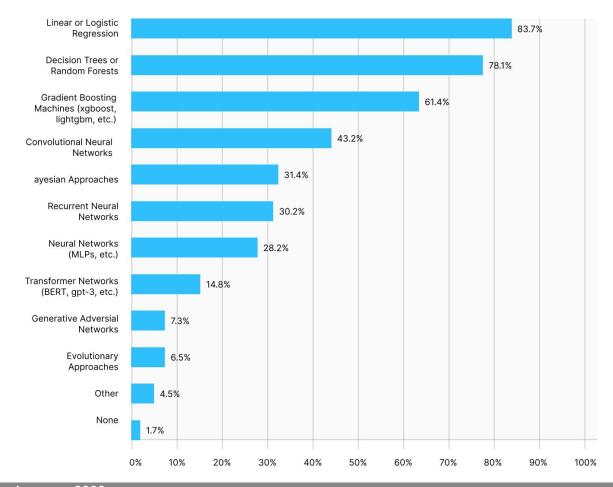


The Ten Most Common Data Science Skills in Job Postings

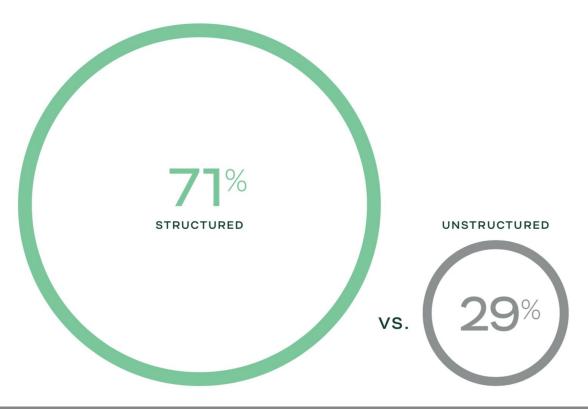
Skill	Percentage of Job Listings
Python	72%
R	64%
SQL	51%
Hadoop	39%
Java	33%
SAS	30%
Spark	27%
Matlab	20%
Hive	17%
Tableau	14%

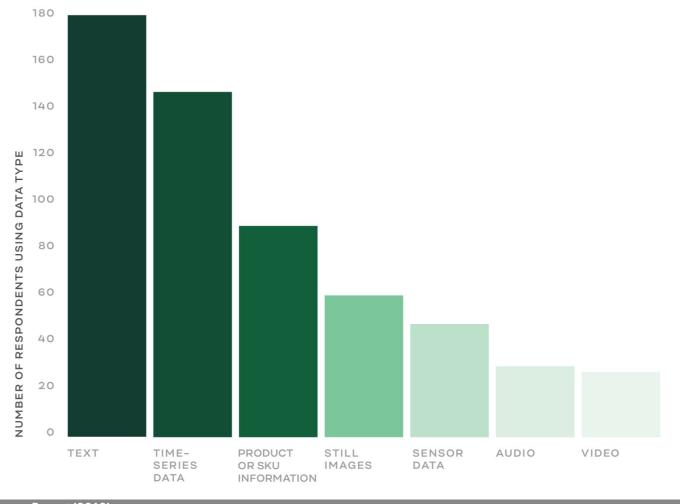
Source: Glassdoor Economic Research.

glassdoor



DO YOU WORK PRIMARILY WITH STRUCTURED OR UNSTRUCTURED DATA?





Glut of new data scientists

First, let's talk about the oversupply of junior data scientists. The continuing media hype cycle around data science has enormously exploded the amount of junior talent available on the market over the past five years.

This is purely anecdotal evidence, so take it with a large grain of salt. But, based on my own participation as a resume screener, mentor to data scientists leaving boot camps, interviewer, interviewee, and from conversations with friends and colleagues in similar positions, I've developed an intuition that the number of candidates per any given data science position, particularly at the entry level, has grown from 20 or so per slot, to 100 or more. I was talking to a friend recently who had to go through 500 resumes for a single opening.

This is not abnormal. More anecdotal evidence comes from job openings like this one, from machine learning's godfather, Andrew Ng, whose AI startup demanded 70-80 hours a week. He was flooded with applications, after blithely noting that previously many people had tried to volunteer for free. As of this latest writing, they ran out of space in their current office.

It's very, very hard to estimate the true gap between market demand and supply, but here's a starting point.

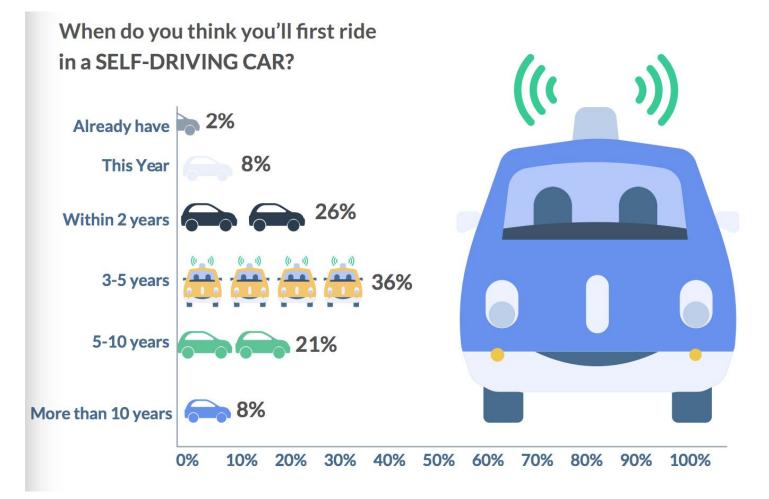
Advice from Vicki Boykis

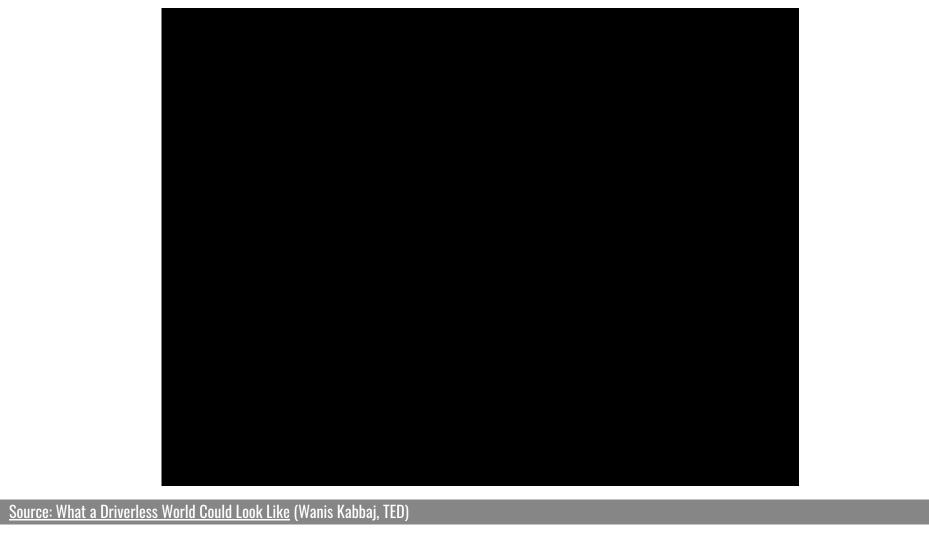
Sr. Manager, Data Science + Engineering at CapTech Ventures, Inc

- 1. Learn SQL
- 2. Learn a programming language extremely well and learn programming concepts.
- Learn how to work in the cloud.
- 4. This stuff is really hard for everyone, and there are a million things it seems like you have to know. Don't get discouraged.



...so where are we going?







WOULD DRIVE THEMSELVES

75%



Algorithms are fragile

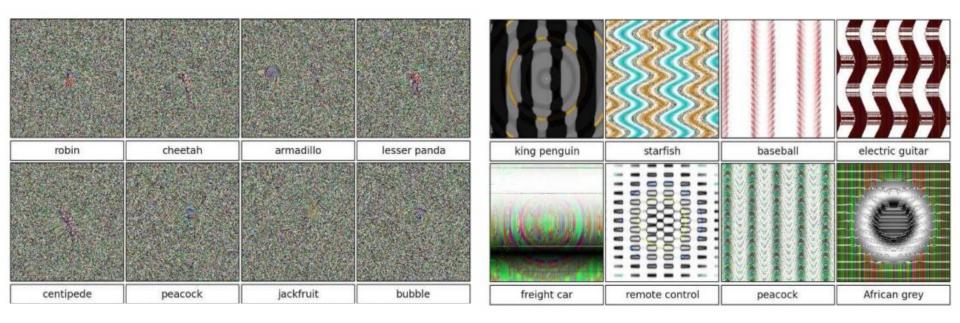
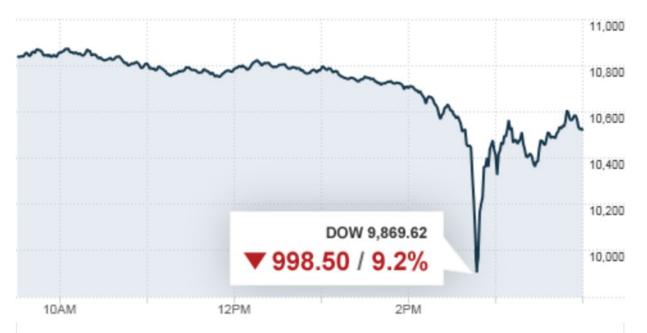


Figure 1. Evolved images that are unrecognizable to humans, but that state-of-the-art DNNs trained on ImageNet believe with $\geq 99.6\%$ certainty to be a familiar object. This result highlights differences between how DNNs and humans recognize objects. Images are either directly (top) or indirectly (bottom) encoded.

Trading program sparked May 'flash crash'



Automatic computerized traders on the stock market shut down as they detected the sharp rise in buying and selling. (*NYT*)

Government regulators say a trading program was behind the massive stock slide on May 6.

Algorithms are fragile & powerful

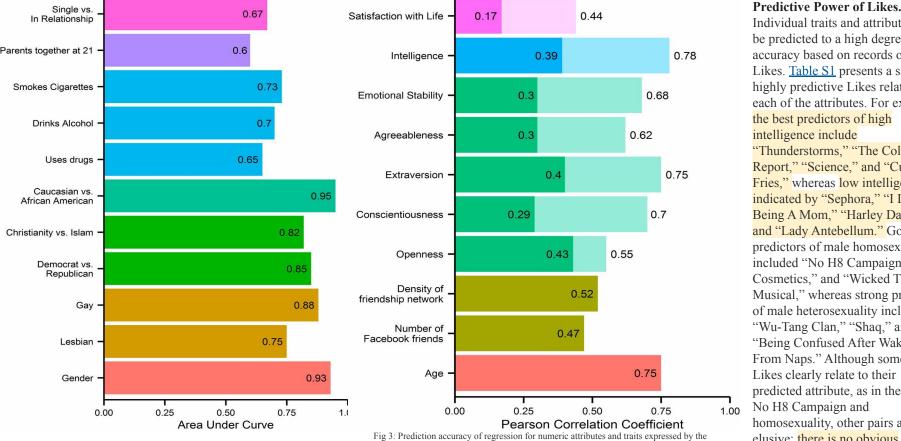
Human-based computation







From the amusing...



Pearson correlation coefficient between predicted and actual attribute values; all correlations are significant at the P < 0.001 level. The transparent bars indicate the questionnaire's baseline accuracy, expressed in terms of test-retest reliability.

Individual traits and attributes can be predicted to a high degree of accuracy based on records of users' Likes. Table S1 presents a sample of highly predictive Likes related to each of the attributes. For example, the best predictors of high intelligence include "Thunderstorms." "The Colbert Report," "Science," and "Curly Fries," whereas low intelligence was indicated by "Sephora," "I Love Being A Mom," "Harley Davidson," and "Lady Antebellum." Good predictors of male homosexuality included "No H8 Campaign," "Mac Cosmetics," and "Wicked The Musical," whereas strong predictors of male heterosexuality included "Wu-Tang Clan," "Shaq," and "Being Confused After Waking Up From Naps." Although some of the Likes clearly relate to their predicted attribute, as in the case of No H8 Campaign and homosexuality, other pairs are more elusive: there is no obvious connection between Curly Fries and high intelligence.

Fig 2: Prediction accuracy of classification of dichotomous/dichotomized attributes

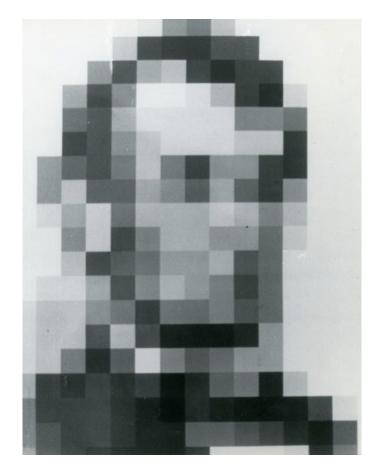
expressed by the AUC

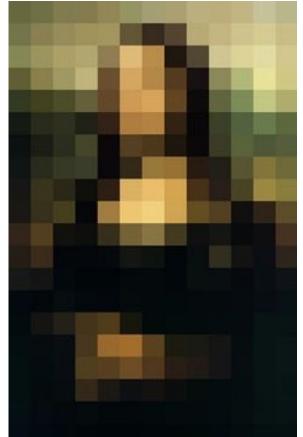
From the amusing...

...to the amazing



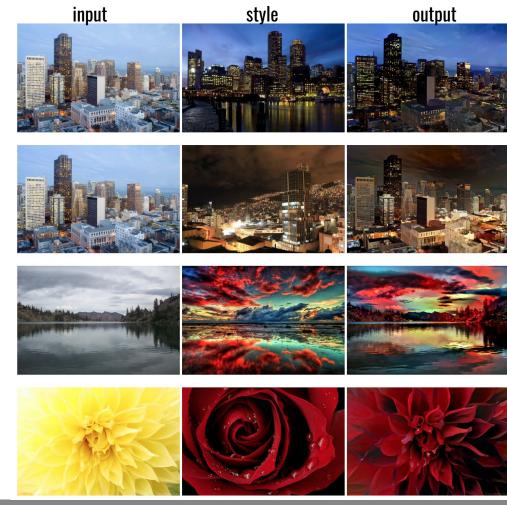


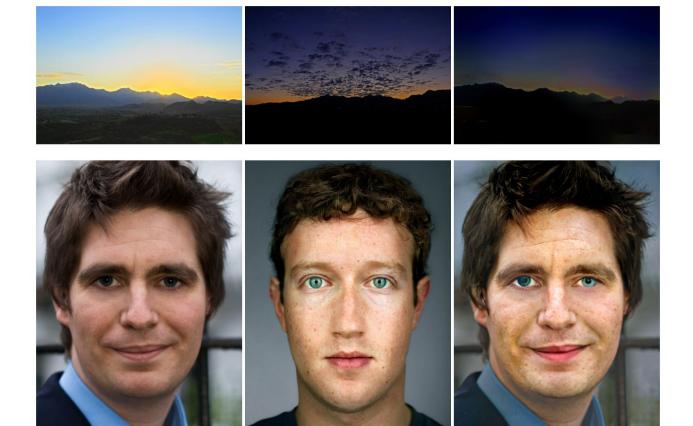




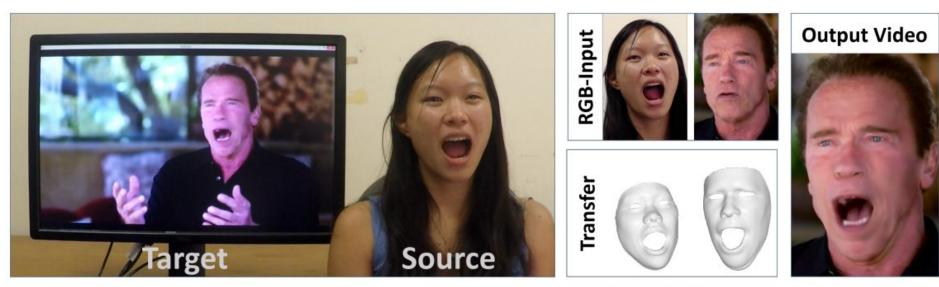


"...the first column is the 16x16 input image, the second one is what you would get from a standard bicubic interpolation, the third is the output generated by the neural net, and on the right is the ground truth."





Reality manipulation



Proposed online reenactment setup: a monocular target video sequence (e.g., from Youtube) is reenacted based on the expressions of a source actor who is recorded live with a commodity webcam.



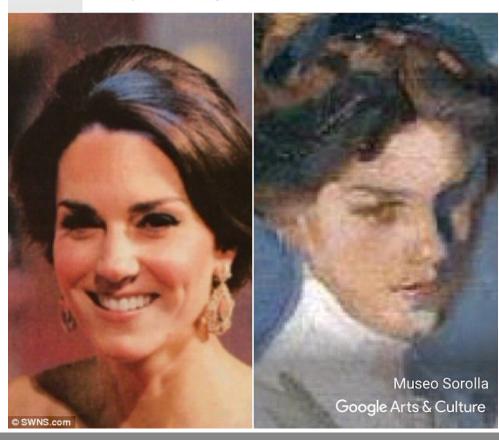


60%

Strolling along the Seashore

match

Joaquín Sorolla y Bastida



Was The Facebook '10 Year Challenge' A Way To Mine Data For Facial Recognition AI?



Nicole Martin Contributor (i)

Al & Big Data

I write about technology, data and privacy.

Which of the following do you personally think might be issues regarding ethics and AI?

