Screenshots and demonstration:

Overall 1-1 time-out Demo:

The following screenshots demonstrate my program meet most of requirements directly for this assignment, the other requirement will be explained by pseudo code and other instruction section:

- Agent is able to generate ID, record start up time, set time interval, create port number, and get host IP address. ID is randomly generated during startup. Port number is also randomly generated since we are testing in local machine, so port number cannot be the same if we need to start multiple agents.
- All BEACON struct information is packed into one UDP packet successfully.
- UDP connection is successful.
- TCP connection is successful.
- Manager is able to continuously wait and receive UDP packets from agents ("clients").
- Manager is able to display UDP packet contents from agent: here we use IP address and startup time as example.
- Manager is able to call getOS and getTime function and get data from agent by TCP channel which is "Linux" and UNIX time "1581390084" in this case.
- Manager is able to check stored agent's health status periodically every 5 seconds in another
 thread (for easy demonstration I picked small time interval and check period). After pause agent
 side, after a while, manager will display that agent ID and say it is timed out.

```
Server Reply:

Server
```

UDP no time-out DEMO:

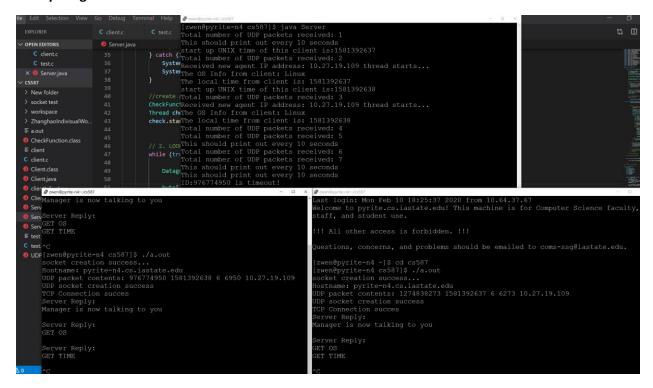
The next screenshot demonstrates:

- As you can see the time interval is set to 6 seconds. So every 6 seconds manager display that it get a new UDP packet from that client and update the count.
- Only the first time that manager get UDP packet from this client display manager get new agent by showing its startup time and IP address. Therefore, the correctness of check ID and add to the clients table is proved.

• I can display ID or whatever info agent is provided, based on time concern, I think start up time and IP information are strong enough to prove agents' identity (could also be replaced by ID).

```
| Jumphymbend-ydd37 | [zwen@pyrite-n4 c5587] |
```

Multiple-agents DEMO:



How to run the program:

The program is developed in pyrite.cs.iastate.edu

To compile the c code: gcc client.c -lpthread

To run the c file: ./a.out

To compile the Java code: javac Server.java

To run the java code: java Server

Design details:

Overall workflow:

- Agent send UDP packet to manager
 - Build UDP socket
 - Create socket
 - Java listen port and c know the port
 - Create struct and relevant information
 - int ID;
 - int startUpTime;
 - int timeInterval;
 - int cmdPort;
 - char IP[4];
 - launch thread to send UDP packet periodically
- ❖ Manager listen UDP packet, process data, and build TCP connection
 - Create thread implementation, data structure to store clients information
 - ArrayList<Thread> clientThreads
 - ArrayList<ClientsHandler> clients
 - Hashtable<Integer, clientInfo> agentsTable
 - class CheckFunction implements Runnable
 - class ClientsHandler implements Runnable
 - class clientInfo
 - Process data:
 - Use 1 thread to listen UDP.
 - if UDP packet ID is new, create new client and add it to table and build TCP connetion, if not, update timeout.
 - Store all data to the table.
 - TCP channel
- Manager send command to agents through TCP
 - Send getOS, getLocalTime
 - Receive and printout

Pseudo code C

```
struct BEACON

declare function

char* getIPAddress()

void GetLocalTime

void GetLocalOS

void *BeaconSender(void *vargp){

    get myID, my_start_time, my_time_interval, bport, *IP;

    struct BEACON myBeacon = {myID, my_start_time, my_time_interval, bport, *IP};

    convert data from all kinds of type to char array
```

```
sprintf convert from int type to char array
               srrcat link all char array to the message that going to send by UDP
               get message
        Build UDP connection;
        While(1){
               Send message
               sleep(time_interval)
        }
}
main(){
        create BeaconSender thread by pthread_t;
        build TCP connection
        listen to the port that created before cmdPort;
        while(1){
               accept message from manager
               strcmp compare string from server to local command
               if(strcmp(server_reply, "GET OS")==0){
                       send OS
               if(strcmp(server_reply, "GET TIME")==0){
                       send TIME
               }
       }
}
```

Pseudo code Java

```
Print out get new agent message
                        Create TCP connection
                        Launch new thread
                        ClientsHandler()
                       clientThreads.add(threadID,t)
                        threadID++
               }
       }
}
Updatetimeout{ (thread)
        timeout = (int)(new Timestamp(System.currentTimeMillis()).getTime()/ 1000L) + 2*timeinterval;
}
class ClientsHandler implements Runnable{
               ClientsHandler (this.port = port, this.ip = ip)
               run(){
                        try{
                                clientSocket = new Socket("localhost",port);
                                out = new printWriter();
                                out.println(cmd)
                               out.flush()
                               in = scanner()
                                print(in.nextline) get OS and Time
                        }catch{IOE exception}
               }
}
class CheckFunction implements Runnable{
        pass agentstable and clientThreads
        run(){
               while(true){
                        go through all table to check if each agent is timed out
                       if(ID.timeout){
                               table.remove(ID)
               Thread.sleep(10000);
       }
}
```

Other details:

- The port number is generated randomly between 6000 6999 and use current UNIX time as seed to make sure generate different random sequence when start up a new agent.
- ID is also use current UNIX time as seed to make sure generate different random sequence when start up a new agent.
- Manager is able to check ID, if ID does not exist, then create new thread for that agent to build TCP connection, if exist, then update new timeout information.
- Thread usage discussion: In my implementation from manager side, I started with use different threads to handle each UDP packet and use thread to handle TCP connection. Although this could be "ideal" to handle situation like manager get 2 UDP packets at the same time while one thread is only able to process one packet at a time and the other UDP packet could get dropped. However, it is too tedious and maybe not that important in reality. If one packet dropped, then the agent could send again after the pre-defined time interval. So, in my later implementation I changed only use 1 thread to listen UDP. Based on the nature of TCP, there is not doubt that use different thread to handle each TCP connection. When one TCP connection terminated, then close that thread to save memory (there is limitation on thread usage). To accomplish this, I used ArrayList to handle all threads and control its start and close.
- Create a new thread in java to check health status. Use system time, time interval, and last time
 one UDP packet time to determine whether timeout or not. If time out, then remove from
 agentsTable.
- Create object clientInfo to store all data from struct. And use clientInfo as data type in the
 Hashtable. Hashtable<Integer, clientInfo> first integer act as a key and overall to make data
 communication between different functions easier.