

$$a) p(x) \Leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \exists y (p(x, y, y))$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R}) \Rightarrow \text{vec}(x) \text{ е изречено.}$$

$$\exists y \in M_{n,k}(\mathbb{R}), \quad x \cdot y = (x) \begin{pmatrix} y_{11} & \dots & y_{1k} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ y_{n1} & \dots & y_{nk} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_{11} & \dots & y_{1k} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ y_{n1} & \dots & y_{nk} \end{pmatrix} \text{ което е възможно при } n=1$$

$= y \in M_{1,k}(\mathbb{R})$ но това y съществува

$$\Leftarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \exists y (p(x, y, y)) \Rightarrow x = (x_1 \dots x_n) \text{ и } \exists y \in M_{n,k}$$

$$(x_1 \dots x_n) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} y_{11} & \dots & y_{1k} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ y_{n1} & \dots & y_{nk} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_{11} & \dots & y_{1k} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ y_{n1} & \dots & y_{nk} \end{pmatrix} \text{ но това е възможно само при } n=1.$$

но това y отговаря на "=" и y е вектор $\Rightarrow k=1$ и $n=1 \Rightarrow$ Да, правилно е

$$b) r_{1,1}(x) \Leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \forall y (p(x, y, y)) \rightarrow \text{това е невъзможно, защото}$$

има и $\forall y \in M_{n,k}(\mathbb{R}) \quad x \cdot y = y, \quad x \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R}),$
не е правилно

$$2) p_{1,1}(x) \Leftrightarrow \exists y (p(x, x, y) \wedge \text{vec}(x))$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R}), \quad \exists y \in M_{n,n}(\mathbb{R}) \quad p(x, x, y), \text{ но } x \cdot x = y \text{ е}$$

всв. вига $(x_1 \dots x_n) \cdot (x_1 \dots x_n) = (y_1 \dots y_n)$, но това е вярно при $n=1 \Rightarrow (x_1)(x_1) = (y_1) \text{ и } y_1 \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R})$

$\text{vec}(x)$ е вярно защото $(x_1) \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R})$ което да е вига като вектор има $(x_1), x_1 \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\Leftarrow \exists y : p(x, x, y) \wedge \text{vec}(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in M_{1,n}(\mathbb{R}), \quad x = (x_1 \dots x_n) \text{ и } (x_1 \dots x_n) \cdot (x_1 \dots x_n) = y$$

но това е възможно при $n=1$

2 заг

$$\Rightarrow x \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R}) \Rightarrow \text{Да, правилно е}$$

same size $(x, y) \leftrightarrow \exists z (s(x, y, z))$ e pogrešno zaženo:

$\exists x \in M_{n,m}(R), \exists y \in M_{q,k}(R) \Rightarrow$ ako x u y sa istim u visy razmer
mo $n=q$ u $m=k$

$$\text{prim } s(x, y, z) \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x_{11} & \dots & x_{1m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ x_{n1} & \dots & x_{nm} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} y_{11} & \dots & y_{1m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ y_{n1} & \dots & y_{nm} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} z_{11} & \dots & z_{1m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ z_{n1} & \dots & z_{nm} \end{pmatrix}$$

no toba e uzgajeno za neke $z \in M_{n,m}$

Ako e za $\forall z$ mo nima ga e bezumno zaženo z neke ga e c
grupni razmer ($z \in M_{n,e}(R)$) $n \neq n, e \neq m$

3. $\text{Pcomb}(A, B, C) \Leftrightarrow C \in \mathcal{L}(A, B)$ $C = \alpha_1 A + \alpha_2 B$ $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \in R$
 $A, B, C \in M_{n,k}(R)$

1) $\text{Pcomb}(x, y, z) \Leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge s(x, y, z)$ Neke za vsaka točka
 $\text{vec}(A) \wedge \text{vec}(B)$
& $\text{vec}(C)$ e uzgajeno

\hookrightarrow Toba moce $x + y = z$, roeno ne bnam e bžno

2) $\text{Pcomb}(x, y, z) \Leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \text{vec}(y) \wedge \exists u \exists u_1 \exists v \exists v_1$
 $(p(u, x, u_1) \wedge p(v, y, v_1) \wedge p(u_1, v_1, z))$ \Rightarrow iprimo

\hookrightarrow Toba ne e bžno, zaženo prim $z \in \mathcal{L}(x, y) \Leftrightarrow u \cdot x + v \cdot y = z$
my u u v sa skalaru, a b repnam gedy u, v sa
bektor amzidobe $\begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_n \end{pmatrix} \cdot (x_1 \dots x_n) = (u_1 \dots u_n)$ u ne bnam kao
skalaru \Rightarrow iprimo

$$3) P_{comb}(x, y, z) \stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} \exists u \exists u_1 \exists v \exists v_1 (P_{1,1}(u) \wedge P_{1,1}(v) \wedge p(u, x, u_1) \wedge p(v, y, v_1) \wedge s(u_1, v_1, z))$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{comb}(x, y, z) \rightarrow d_1 x + d_2 y = z \text{ и } d_1, d_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

мык d_1 и d_2 nome ga e paznyom rano skazuyem

$$\rightarrow d_1, d_2 \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R}). \text{ Нема } u_1 = u, d_2 = v$$

$$\rightarrow u, x = u_1 \text{ и } p(u, x, u_1) \rightarrow \text{моба } u_1 \text{ и } \text{vec}(u_1)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{смысло за } v, y = v_1 \iff p(v, y, v_1) \rightarrow \text{vec}(v_1)$$

$$\rightarrow s(u_1, v_1, z)$$

$$\Leftarrow \exists u \exists u_1 \exists v \exists v_1 \text{ и } P_{1,1}(u) \wedge P_{1,1}(v) \rightarrow u \text{ и } v \text{ nome ga e rano rano skazuyem}$$

$$\text{и } p(u, x, u_1) \& p(v, y, v_1) \text{ e rano } u, x = u_1 \text{ и } v, y = v_1 \text{ и моба e верно и } u, v \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\text{рано nome } s(u_1, v_1, z) \text{ e } u_1 + v_1 = z$$

$$\rightarrow u_1 + v_1 = u, x + v, y = z \text{ когдо } u, v \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R}) \text{ моба правильно e и } p(u, x, u_1) \text{ и } p(v, y, v_1) \text{ и } s(u_1, v_1, z)$$

$\Rightarrow 3) \text{ e верно}$

$$4) P_{comb}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, z) \iff \text{vec}(x_1) \& \dots \& \text{vec}(x_n) \rightarrow d_1 x_1 + d_2 x_2 + d_3 x_3 + \dots + d_n x_n = z$$

$$\rightarrow \exists d_1, \dots, d_n \in M_{1,1}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\beta_1 \beta_2 \beta_3 \dots \beta_{n-1} \beta_n$$

$$\text{Формально: } P_{comb}(x_1, \dots, x_n, z) \stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} \exists d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n \exists \beta_1, \dots, \beta_n \exists \beta'_1, \dots, \beta'_{n-1} \left(\bigwedge_{i=1}^n P_{1,1}(d_i) \wedge \bigwedge_{i=1}^n p(d_i, x_i, \beta_i) \right)$$

$$\wedge s(\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta'_2) \wedge \bigwedge_{i=3}^{n-1} s(\beta_{i-1}, \beta_i, \beta'_i)$$

$$\wedge s(\beta'_{n-1}, \beta_n, z)$$

$$S, S \models p_{1,n}[A] \leftrightarrow A \in M_{1,n}(\mathbb{R})$$

1) unapredu na n za $p_{1,n}$ sa nama $p_{1,1}, p_{1,2} \dots p_{1,n-1}$

$$p_{1,n}(x) \leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \bigwedge_{i=1}^n \neg p_{1,i}(x) \quad \text{ne e moguće zadržati}$$

imaće protivrečnosti

$$p_{1,n}(x) \leftrightarrow \neg p_{1,n}(x) \wedge \dots$$

→ ne e ispravno

$$2) p_{1,n}(x) \leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \exists y_1 \exists y_2 \dots \exists y_n [\text{Pcomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, x)]$$

$$\wedge \forall z (\text{vec}(z) \Rightarrow \text{Pcomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, z))]$$

mi se u ovom slučaju $\forall z$ ako e $\text{vec}(z)$ no name ga e prepoznati
on n nadzori prepoznati.

Ako $n=2$ u $\forall z \in M_{1,2}(\mathbb{R})$ name ga e prepoznati, xeno
e ne moguće → ne e ispravno

$$3) p_{1,n}(x) \leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \bigwedge_{i=1}^n p_{1,i}(x) \wedge$$

$$\forall y_1 \dots \forall y_n \forall z (\text{same size}(x, y) \Rightarrow \text{Pcomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, z))$$

mi se tak imaće protivrečnosti $p_{1,n}(x) \leftrightarrow \neg p_{1,n}(x)$
⇒ ne e ispravno

Dijeljenje Nama namae $p_{1,1} \dots p_{1,n-1}$

$$p_{1,n}(x) \leftrightarrow \text{vec}(x) \wedge \bigwedge_{i=1}^{n-1} \neg p_{1,i}(x)$$

shati e
ne moguće

$$\wedge \exists y_1 \dots \exists y_n (\bigwedge_{i=1}^n \neg \text{Pcomb}(y_1 \dots y_{i-1} y_{i+1} \dots y_n, y_i))$$

$$\bigwedge_{i=1}^n \text{same size}(y_i, x) \wedge \text{Pcomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, x)$$

$$\wedge \forall z (\text{same size}(z, x) \Rightarrow \text{Pcomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, z))$$

Ako name ga e
izgubljen i name
zag. S na ym

$$\boxed{\Rightarrow} f_{1,n}(x) \rightarrow \text{vec}(x) \text{ и } \neg p_{1,i}(x) \text{ за } i=1 \dots n-1 \text{ none } x \in M_{1,n}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\exists y_1 \dots y_n \text{ m. r. same size } (y_i, x) \text{ за } i=1 \dots n$$

ам. О. с. об. н. н. л. е. н. н.

$$\Rightarrow \text{lecomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, x)$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall z \text{ kernel same size } (z, x) \Rightarrow \text{lecomb}(y_1 \dots y_n, z)$$

$$\boxed{\Leftarrow} x \text{ e вектор. рег } c \quad x = (x_1 \dots x_k) \quad k > n-1$$

$$\text{none } \exists y_1 \dots y_n \text{ и same size } (y_i, x) \text{ за } i=1 \dots n$$

$$\text{и } x \in \ell(y_1 \dots y_n)$$

$$\text{и } \text{size same size } (z, x) \text{ за } \forall z \in M_{1,k}(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow z \in \ell(y_1 \dots y_n)$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{1,k}(\mathbb{R}) \subseteq \ell(y_1 \dots y_n)$$

$$\text{и same size } (y_i, x) \wedge \text{same size } (z, x) \Rightarrow y_i \in M_{1,k} \text{ за } i=1 \dots n$$

$$\Rightarrow \ell(y_1 \dots y_n) \subseteq M_{1,k}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\Rightarrow \ell(y_1 \dots y_n) = M_{1,k}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in M_{1,k}(\mathbb{R})$$

$$6 \text{ заг } \text{basis}(x_1 \dots x_n) \rightarrow \bigwedge_{i=1}^n p_{1,n}(x_i) \wedge \forall z (p_{1,n}(z) \wedge \text{lecomb}(x_1 \dots x_n, z))$$

Тутх урелканн е в конформация

$$p_{1,n}(z) \Rightarrow \text{lecomb}(x_1 \dots x_n, z)$$

защото иначе знаем че $\forall z \in M^* \rightarrow z \in M_{1,n}$ и в лун. об. на $x_1 \dots x_n$