Lab 5

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Parameters and Arguments

Information can be passed to functions as a parameter. Parameters act as variables inside the function.

```
returnType functionName(parameter1, parameter2, parameter3) {
   // code to be executed
}
```

Void Function

```
void myFunction(int age) {
  printf("Hello You are %d years old\n",age);
                                 Output
int main() {
  myFunction( 3);
                      Hello You are 3 years old
  return 0;
```

Int Function

```
int myFunction(int x) {
                               Output
  return 5 + x;
                         Result is: 8
int main() {
  printf("Result is: %d", myFunction(3));
  return 0;
```

Function Declaration and Definition

- > Declaration: the function's name, return type, and parameters (if any)
- > Definition: the body of the function (code to be executed)

```
void myFunction() { // declaration
  // the body of the function (definition)
}
```

For code optimization, it is recommended to separate the declaration and the definition of the function.

Function Declaration and Definition

```
// Function declaration
int myFunction(int, int);
// The main method
int main() {
  int result = myFunction(5, 3); // call the function
  printf("Result is = %d", result);
 return 0;
                                        Output
// Function definition
                                  Result is: 8
int myFunction(int x, int y) {
  return x + y;
```

Math Functions

```
#include <math.h>
                                    Output
int main() {
                                  4.000000
  printf("%f\n", sqrt(16));
                                  2.000000
  printf("%f\n", ceil(1.4));
                                  1.000000
  printf("%f\n", floor(1.4));
                                  64.000000
  printf("%f", pow(4, 3));
  return 0;
```

Try

- > Write a function to calculate the sum of n even integers starting from a given even integer.
- ➤ Write a function to find the absolute value the integer parameter .
- ➤ Write a function to takes a real number as its argument and return the sum of digits of this number.
- >Write a function is digit which should return the digit if the given number is a digit and zero if not.

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
        #include <stdlib.h>
 3
 -
        int main()
 5
 •
             int num;
 int sum=0;
 scanf ("%d", &num);
while(num > 0)
1 2
1.3
                 int mod = num % 10;
1.4
                 printf("%d\n", mod);
11.5
                 num = num / 10;
11.45
                 sum+=mod ;
1 =
         printf("%d\n", sum);
1.9
            return 0;
22 (0)
22 11.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
        #include <stdlib.h>
3
 4
        int main()
 5
 6
            char c;
 7
            scanf("%c",&c);
c-="0";
9
            if(c>=0 && c<=9)
1.0
11
1.2
            printf("digit\n");
1.3
1.4
            else{
15
                   printf("not digit\n");
16
1.7
            return 0;
18
1.9
20
```