

Cincinnati Fire Department Fire Training Supplement DRILL BOOK

SECTION #3
Engine Co.
Operations

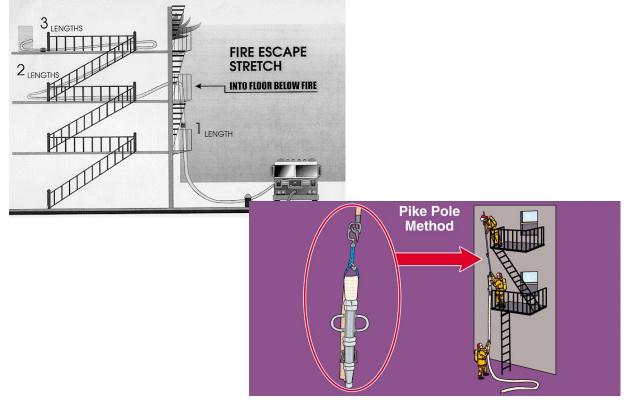
Date: April 2018
Section #: 3

TOPIC TITLE: Advancing Hose Via Fire Escapes

Total Pages: 2 Topic #: 27

ELEVATING A LINE UP A FIRE ESCAPE

- Sufficient hose should be stretched and arranged below the fire escape.
- The fire escape ladder needs lowered, use a ceiling hook.
- The hose can be hoisted with a handy line rope or a 6-foot hook.
- If the rope is used the nozzle firefighter should proceed to the floor below the fire.
- The back-up firefighter will remain at ground level and secure the rope to the hose.
- Once sufficient line has been hoisted and the line has been charged, the back-up firefighter can ascend the fire escape and join the nozzle team.
- If a 6-foot hook is used, the backup firefighter inverts the hook and places the handle of the controlling nozzle onto the hook. The other members ascend the fire escape and position themselves on successive balconies. The handle is passed from the member below to the member on the balcony above. Once the handle has been passed, each member proceeds up the fire escape to another level until the line is hoisted to balcony below the fire.
- The line must be secured with hose straps on alternate floors, beginning with the floor below the fire. *ALWAYS SECURE THE HOSE PRIOR TO CHARGING*.
- Always check the safety and status of the fire escape before committing personnel onto the ladders or landings. NEVER OVERLOAD A FIRE ESCAPE!





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1 Length of Hose should reach 5 floors of a building on the exterior

Using a ladder to access the main level of the fire escape and then hoisting the hose with a rope will save time and effort and avoid the hose getting caught up in the stairs and railings of the fire escape

