## Unit 2—Lesson 3: Structures

### Structures

```
struct Person {
  var name: String
}
```

Capitalize type names

Use lowercase for property names

### Structures

## Accessing property values

```
struct Person {
  var name: String
}

let person = Person(name: "Jasmine")
print(person.name)
```

Jasmine

# Structures Adding functionality

```
struct Person {
  var name: String
 func sayHello() {
    print("Hello there! My name is \((name)!")
let person = Person(name: "Jasmine")
person.sayHello()
```

Hello there! My name is Jasmine!

### Instances

```
struct Shirt {
  var size: String
  var color: String
}
let myShirt = Shirt(size: "XL", color: "blue")
let yourShirt = Shirt(size: "M", color: "red")
```

```
struct Car {
  var make: String
  var year: Int
  var color: String
  func startEngine() {...}
  func drive() {...}
  func park() {...}
  func steer(direction: Direction) {...}
let firstCar = Car(make: "Honda", year: 2010, color: "blue")
let secondCar = Car(make: "Ford", year: 2013, color: "black")
firstCar.startEngine()
firstCar.drive()
```

## Initializers

```
let string = String.init() // ""
let integer = Int.init() // 0
let bool = Bool.init() // false
```

## Initializers

```
var string = String() // ""
var integer = Int() // 0
var bool = Bool() // false
```

# Initializers Default values

```
struct Odometer {
   var count: Int = 0
}
let odometer = Odometer()
print(odometer.count)
```

## Initializers Memberwise initializers

```
let odometer = Odometer(count: 27000)
print(odometer.count)
```

27000

## Initializers Memberwise initializers

```
struct Person {
  var name: String
}
```

## Initializers Memberwise initializers

```
struct Person {
  var name: String

func sayHello() {
   print("Hello there!")
  }
}

let person = Person(name: "Jasmine") // Memberwise initializer
```

```
struct Shirt {
  let size: String
  let color: String
let myShirt = Shirt(size: "XL", color: "blue") // Memberwise initializer
struct Car {
  let make: String
  let year: Int
  let color: String
let firstCar = Car(make: "Honda", year: 2010, color: "blue") // Memberwise initializer
```

## Initializers Custom initializers

```
struct Temperature {
  var celsius: Double
}
let temperature = Temperature(celsius: 30.0)
```

## Initializers Custom initializers

```
struct Temperature {
  var celsius: Double
}
let temperature = Temperature(celsius: 30.0)
```

```
let fahrenheitValue = 98.6
let celsiusValue = (fahrenheitValue - 32) / 1.8
let newTemperature = Temperature(celsius: celsiusValue)
```

```
struct Temperature {
  var celsius: Double
  init(celsius: Double) {
    self.celsius = celsius
  init(fahrenheit: Double) {
    celsius = (fahrenheit - 32) / 1.8
let currentTemperature = Temperature(celsius: 18.5)
let boiling = Temperature(fahrenheit: 212.0)
print(currentTemperature.celsius)
print(boiling.celsius)
18.5
100.0
```

### Unit 2—Lesson 3

Lab: Structures



Open and complete the following exercises in Lab - Structures.playground:

- Exercise Structs, Instances, and Default Values
- App Exercise Workout Tracking

### Instance methods

```
struct Size {
 var width: Double
 var height: Double
 func area() -> Double {
   return width * height
var someSize = Size(width: 10.0, height: 5.5)
let area = someSize.area() // Area is assigned a value of 55.0
```

## Mutating methods

```
struct Odometer {
  var count: Int = 0 // Assigns a default value to the 'count' property.
}
```

#### Need to

- Increment the mileage
- Reset the mileage

```
struct Odometer {
  var count: Int = 0 // Assigns a default value to the 'count' property.
 mutating func increment() {
    count += 1
 mutating func increment(by amount: Int) {
    count += amount
 mutating func reset() {
    count = 0
var odometer = Odometer() // odometer.count defaults to 0
odometer.increment() // odometer.count is incremented to 1
odometer increment (by: 15) // odometer count is incremented to 16
odometer.reset() // odometer.count is reset to 0
```

## Computed properties

```
struct Temperature {
  let celsius: Double
  let fahrenheit: Double
  let kelvin: Double
}

let temperature = Temperature(celsius: 0, fahrenheit: 32, kelvin: 273.15)
```

```
struct Temperature {
  var celsius: Double
  var fahrenheit: Double
 var kelvin: Double
  init(celsius: Double) {
   self.celsius = celsius
    fahrenheit = celsius * 1.8 + 32
   kelvin = celsius + 273.15
  init(fahrenheit: Double) {
   self.fahrenheit = fahrenheit
   celsius = (fahrenheit - 32) / 1.8
   kelvin = celsius + 273.15
  init(kelvin: Double) {
   self.kelvin = kelvin
   celsius = kelvin - 273.15
    fahrenheit = celsius * 1.8 + 32
let currentTemperature = Temperature(celsius: 18.5)
let boiling = Temperature(fahrenheit: 212.0)
let freezing = Temperature(kelvin: 273.15)
```

```
struct Temperature {
  var celsius: Double
  var fahrenheit: Double {
    return celsius * 1.8 + 32
let currentTemperature = Temperature(celsius: 0.0)
print(currentTemperature.fahrenheit)
32.0
```

## Challenge

## 2003 2003

## Add support for Kelvin

Modify the following to allow the temperature to be read as Kelvin

```
struct Temperature {
  let celsius: Double

var fahrenheit: Double {
   return celsius * 1.8 + 32
  }
}
```

Hint: Temperature in Kelvin is Celsius + 273.15

```
struct Temperature {
  let celsius: Double
  var fahrenheit: Double {
    return celsius * 1.8 + 32
  var kelvin: Double {
    return celsius + 273.15
let currentTemperature = Temperature(celsius: 0.0)
print(currentTemperature.kelvin)
```

273.15

## Property observers

```
struct StepCounter {
    var totalSteps: Int = 0 {
        willSet {
           print("About to set totalSteps to \(newValue)")
        didSet {
            if totalSteps > oldValue {
                print("Added \(totalSteps - oldValue) steps")
```

## Property observers

```
var stepCounter = StepCounter()
stepCounter.totalSteps = 40
stepCounter.totalSteps = 100
```

```
About to set totalSteps to 40 Added 40 steps.
About to set totalSteps to 100 Added 60 steps.
```

## Type properties and methods

```
struct Temperature {
 static var boilingPoint = 100.0
 static func convertedFromFahrenheit(_ temperatureInFahrenheit: Double) -> Double {
    return(((temperatureInFahrenheit -32) * 5) / 9)
let boilingPoint = Temperature.boilingPoint
let currentTemperature = Temperature.convertedFromFahrenheit(99)
let positiveNumber = abs(-4.14)
```

## Copying

250

```
var someSize = Size(width: 250, height: 1000)
var anotherSize = someSize

someSize.width = 500

print(someSize.width)
print(anotherSize.width)
```

#### self

```
struct Car {
  var color: Color

  var description: String {
    return "This is a \((self.color) car.")
  }
}
```

### self

## When not required

Not required when property or method names exist on the current object

```
struct Car {
  var color: Color

  var description: String {
    return "This is a \((color) car."
  }
}
```

## self When required

```
struct Temperature {
  var celsius: Double

  init(celsius: Double) {
    self.celsius = celsius
  }
}
```

## Unit 2—Lesson 3

Lab: Structures



Open and complete the remaining exercises in Lab – Structures playground