

$$V(i,j) = \frac{D(i,j) - k}{2}$$

$$P(i,j) = \begin{cases} V(i,j) & ; \text{ če se } (i,j) \text{ nahaja pod diagonalo } \Delta \\ V(i,j) + (k-\Delta) & ; \text{ če se } (i,j) \text{ nahaja nad diagonalo } \Delta \end{cases}$$