Context Free Grammors (infinite)

9 = (N, E, P, seN) PENX(NUZ) * stort symbol (fixed grammer a) the corresponding TS is

S= (NUZ)* -> = () } (~×5, ~~) | M, 0 € (N))* } (x, w)e?

terminal TS Sys= (S, -D, T) where (S, w) is a TS & TES s.t. YSET YSES S +PS'

Exercise 4 Give a terminal TS for each of the exemples above

An important variant

A labelled transition system is a triple (S, A, \rightarrow) where - S is a set of states - A is a set of lebels (or ections, or operations, or events, ---) (->: 5 -> 2 AXS) transition relation $- \rightarrow \leq S \times A \times S$ observable information about what happens during the transition posticularly handly to model communication / concovering / distribution

Example An FSA, M=(Q, Z, 90, S, F) is an LTS: $S_{M}=(S \cup \{0\}, Z \cup \{1\},) \text{ where } S \xrightarrow{\alpha} DS' \iff 0Z$ $Q=V \& S'=0 \& S \in F$ $Q_{M}=\{a_{1}...a_{n} \in Z^{m} \mid J_{1}...,q_{n} \mid q_{n} \xrightarrow{a_{1}} q_{n} \iff q_{n} \iff 0\}$

A more sophisticated example Petri Nets

A Petzi net (aka place-transition) met is a 4-tuple

N=(P,T,F,M) where

P is a finite set (of places)

T is a finite set (of transitions)

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· F E (PxT) v (TxP) is a (flow) relation · M c P is the initial marking

with marking $m = \{a, b\}$ $t_1 n t_2 \neq \emptyset$ $t_1 + t_2 = b$ $t_1 \neq t_2$

A= d X =T | \tag{\tau_t'} \in X: not t \tau t'} exem & m'= m\"X v X" Exercise 5 Deaw the transition system from the initial marking a be