

Immigration Course on Formal Methods

Academic year 2022/2023

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A couple of reasons to be rigorous

[<https://www.omg.org/spec/BPMN/2.0/>]

A converging **Inclusive Gateway** is used to merge a combination of alternative and parallel paths. A control flow *token* arriving at an **Inclusive Gateway** MAY be synchronized with some other *tokens* that arrive later at this **Gateway**. The precise synchronization behavior of the **Inclusive Gateway** can be found on page 292.

292

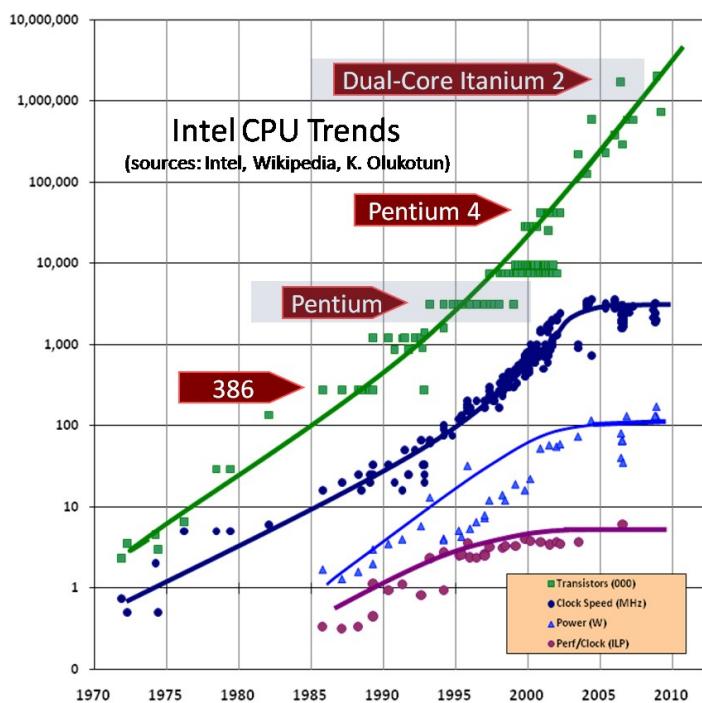
Business Process Model and Notation, v2.0

[<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1812990/incrementing-in-c-when-to-use-x-or-x>]

The screenshot shows a Stack Overflow question page. The title of the question is "Incrementing in C++ - When to use x++ or ++x?". It was asked 12 years, 11 months ago and has been viewed 251k times. The question has 118 answers. The top answer, by user 'The Overflow', provides an explanation of the two incrementation operators. The sidebar on the left shows navigation links like Home, PUBLIC, Questions, Tags, Users, Companies, and COLLECTIVES. The right sidebar shows advertisements for "The Overflow" and "Stop retest: M".

A reson to go concurrent

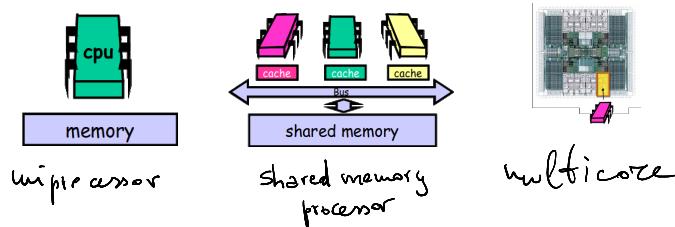
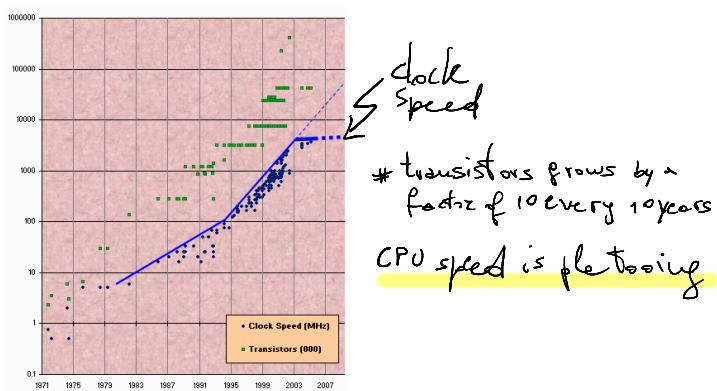
[<https://i.extremetech.com/imagery/content-types/03zc6ghfKswe41smvPXi8Zh/images-6.jpg>]



[<https://www.comsol.com/blogs/havent-cpu-clock-speeds-increased-last-years>]

This screenshot shows a blog post from the COMSOL website. The title is "Why Haven't CPU Clock Speeds Increased in the Last Few Years?". The author is Pär Persson Mattsson, and the date is November 13, 2014. The post discusses the reasons behind the stagnation of CPU clock speeds despite increasing transistor counts. The page includes a sidebar with categories like "COMSOL Now" and links for "Get New Posts by Email" and "Leave a Comment".

Hw Efficiency is no longer on hw thing \rightarrow S_w



- programming constructs in all languages
- "new" languages
 - Go
 - Scala
 - Elixir / Erlang
 - Bell霖
 - Concurrents
- supporting library, Akka
- Modelling languages
 - BPEL
 - BPMN

Job interviews and prime numbers

"On the first day of your new job, your boss asks you to find all primes between 1 and 10^{10} (never mind why), using a parallel machine that supports ten concurrent threads. This machine is rented by the minute, so the longer your program takes, the more it costs. You want to make a good impression. What do you do?"

[Herlihy, Shavit: The Art of Multiprocessor Programming. Elsevier, 2012.]

An example of shared memory concurrency

Print all prime integer between 1 & 10^{10}

```
1 void primeSeq {  
2     for (j = 1, j<10^10; j++) {  
3         if (isPrime(j))  
4             print(j);  
5     }  
6 }
```

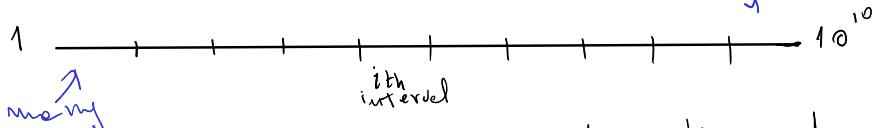
Now let's try concurrently



Split the interval & launch a thread on each position

Primes are distributed unevenly

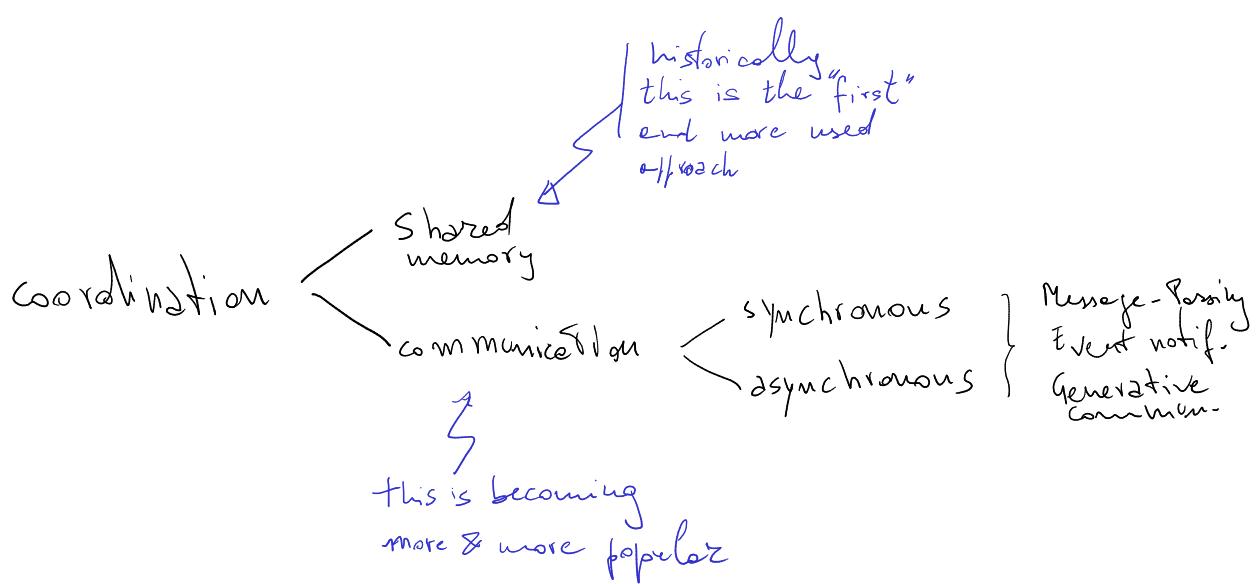
few



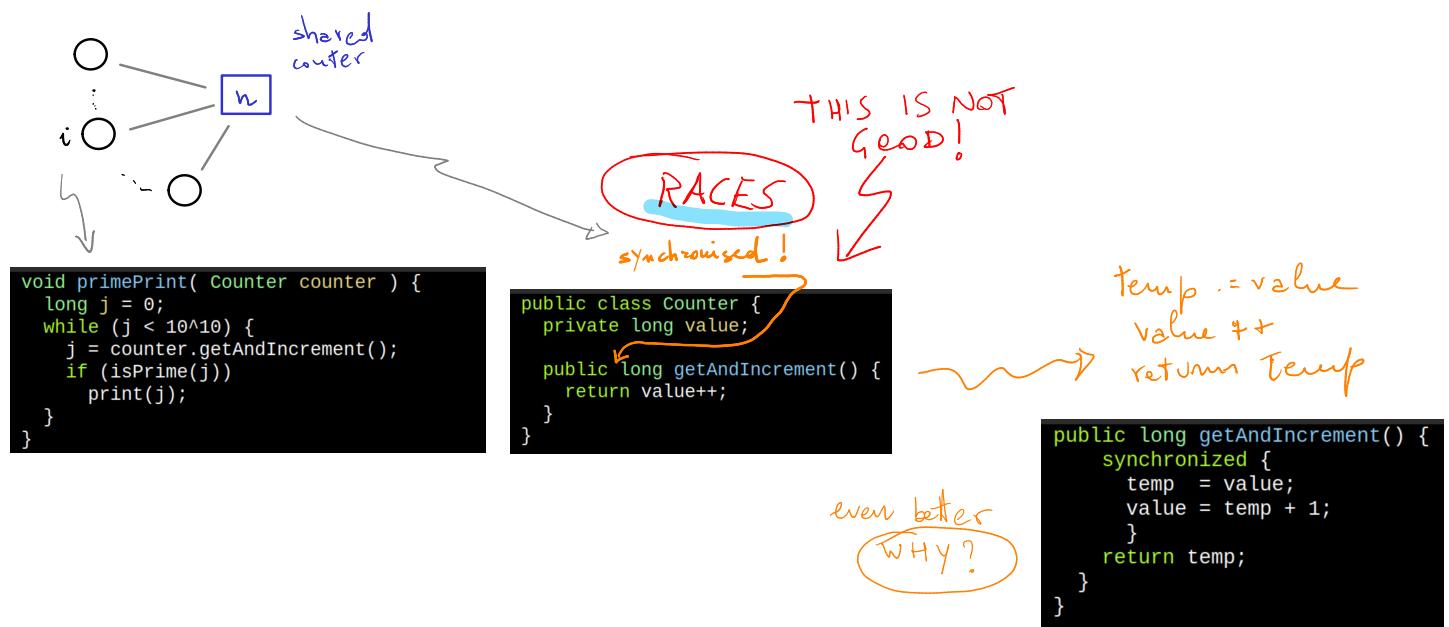
How good is this idea?

- Uneven load
- Is there an "optimal" split?

```
void primePrint(int i){ // i non-negative  
    for (j = i*10^9+1, j<(i+1)*10^9; j++) {  
        if (isPrime(j))  
            print(j);  
    }  
}
```



Exercise 0 Find a better multi-threaded program for the primality test



REFLECT about why this solution is better than splitting

Some terminology

Concurrence vs Parallelism

compose "independent" stuff

deal with a lot of stuff
AT ONCE

GOAL: "good" composition

break down problems
&
compose the pieces

run stuff simultaneously

do a lot of stuff
AT ONCE

GOAL: "good" execution

DESIGN

PERFORMANCE

A Choreographic Formal Model of Communicating Systems

—Immigration Course on Formal Methods—

Emilio Tuosto @ GSSI

So far...

- An idea of FMs

Leonardo da Vinci

" Ma prima farò alcuna esperienza avanti ch'io più oltre proceda, perché mia intenzione è allegare prima l'esperienza e poi colla ragione dimostrare. "

eM's (bad) translation

" Before proceeding further, I will first get some experiment, because my intention is to first understand the experiment and then to explain it with the intellect. "

- Concurrency vs Parallelism
- Shared-memory

Message-passing

Pink Floyd

"Is there anybody out there?"

A glimpse of Erlang

```
ping(N, Pong_PID) ->
    Pong_PID ! {ping, self()},
    receive
        pong ->
            io:format("Ping received pong~n", [])
    end,
    ping(N - 1, Pong_PID).

ping(), Pong_PID) ->
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pong() ->
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Semantics

- Message passing
- FIFO buffers [\[mailboxes in Erlang's jargon\]](#)
- Spawn of threads

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Semantics

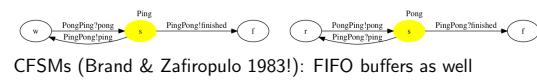
- Message passing
- FIFO buffers [\[mailboxes in Erlang's jargon\]](#)
- Spawn of threads

Asynchrony by design

Erlang is an embodiment of the well-known **actor model** of Hewitt and Agha...dates back to '73!

Friendlier representations

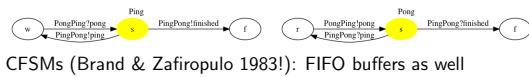
Local behaviour: communicating machines



CFSMs (Brand & Zafiropulo 1983!): FIFO buffers as well

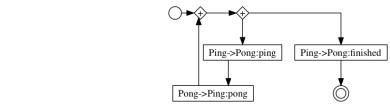
Friendlier representations

Local behaviour: communicating machines



CFSMs (Brand & Zafiropulo 1983!): FIFO buffers as well

Choreography: global graph



... "synchronous" distributed workflow (Deniéou and Yoshida 2012)

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Q:

Is this program correct?

A glimpse of Erlang

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Q:

Is this program correct?

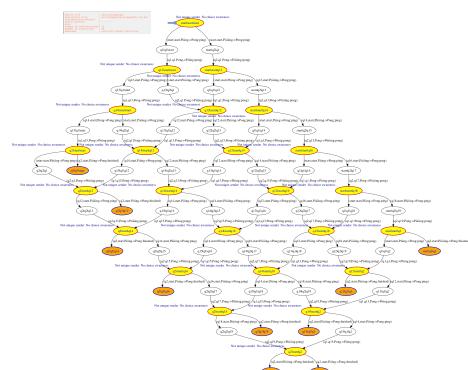
A:

No!

Exercise:

find the bug

Send ping-pong to shell !!! ... I mean, use ChoSyn



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-  **Brand, D. and Zafiroplou, P. (1983).**
On Communicating Finite-State Machines.
JACM, 30(2):323–342.
-  **Guanciale, R. and Tuosto, E. (2016).**
An abstract semantics of the global view of choreographies.
In *Proceedings 9th Interaction and Concurrency Experience, ICE 2016, Heraklion, Greece, 8-9 June 2016.*, pages 67–82.
-  **Tuosto, E. and Guanciale, R. (2018).**
Semantics of global view of choreographies.
Journal of Logic and Algebraic Methods in Programming, 95:17–40.
Revised and extended version of [Guanciale and Tuosto, 2016].