

Semantics

$$\mathcal{T}S \models \Phi \iff \forall s \in \mathcal{I}. s \models \Phi$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 s \models \text{true} & \\
 s \models \neg \Phi & \iff \text{not } s \models \Phi \\
 s \models \Phi \wedge \Psi & \iff s \models \Phi \ \& \ s \models \Psi \\
 s \models \exists \varphi & \iff \exists \pi \in \mathcal{L}hs(s) : \pi \models \varphi \\
 s \models \forall \varphi & \iff \forall \pi \in \mathcal{L}hs(s) : \pi \models \varphi
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \pi \models_0 \Phi & \iff \pi[1] \models \Phi \\
 \pi \models \Phi \cup \Psi & \iff \exists j \geq 0 : \pi[j] \models \Psi \ \& \ \forall 0 \leq i < j : \pi[i] \models \Phi
 \end{aligned}$$

Eventually

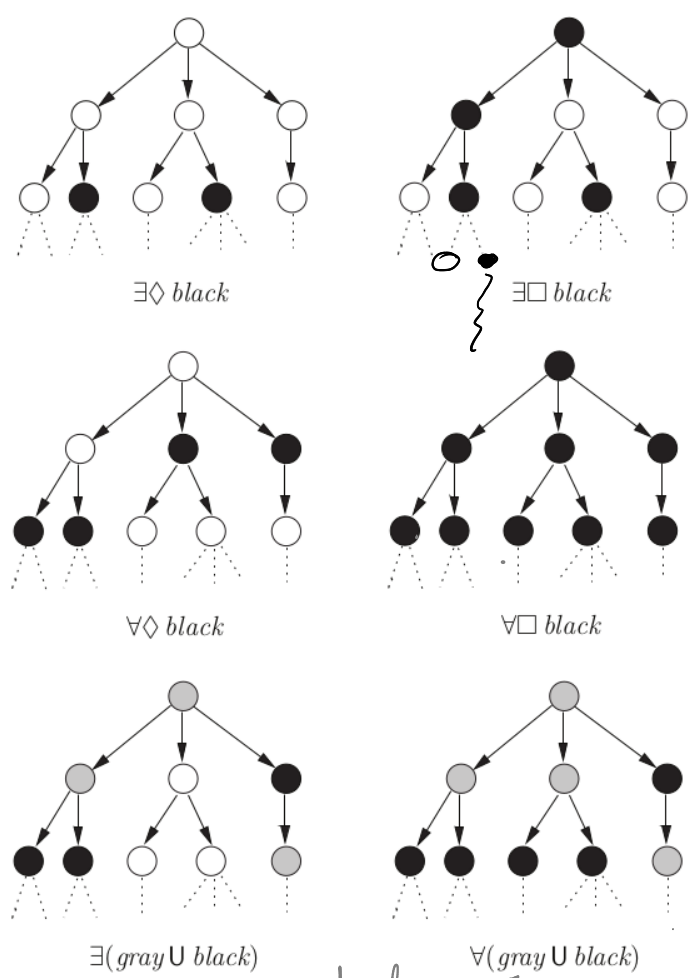
$$\begin{cases}
 \exists \Diamond \phi \equiv \exists (\text{true} \cup \phi) \\
 \forall \Diamond \phi \equiv \forall (\text{true} \cup \phi)
 \end{cases}$$

potentially ϕ
inevitably ϕ

Always

$$\begin{cases}
 \exists \Box \phi \equiv \neg \forall \Diamond \neg \phi \\
 \forall \Box \phi \equiv \neg \exists \Diamond \neg \phi
 \end{cases}$$

potentially invariantly ϕ
invariantly ϕ



Borrowed from [1]
Figure 6.2: Visualization of semantics of some basic CTL formulae.

The syntactic restrictions of CTL forbid writing e.g.

$$\text{felicity} \bigwedge_{0 \leq i \leq n} (\Box \Diamond w_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond c_i) \text{ is \underline{not} a CTL f.l.}$$

which is not in CTL because of the consecutive temporal operators.

[Emerson & Halpern 86] propose CTL*

Syntax

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &::= \text{true} \mid \overset{AP}{a} \mid \neg \Phi \mid \Phi \wedge \Phi \mid \exists \varphi \\ \varphi &::= \Phi \mid \varphi \wedge \varphi \mid \neg \varphi \mid \circ \varphi \mid \varphi \cup \varphi \end{aligned}$$

state f.l. path f.l.

Semantics

$$\top S \models \Phi \iff \forall s \in I. s \models \Phi$$

$$\forall s \in S \quad s \models \text{true} \quad ; \quad s \models a \iff a \in L(s)$$

$$s \models \neg \Phi \iff \text{not } s \models \Phi$$

$$s \models \Phi \wedge \Psi \iff s \models \Phi \ \& \ s \models \Psi$$

$$s \models \exists \varphi \iff \exists \pi \in \text{Paths}(s) : \pi \models \varphi$$

} as for CTL

$$\pi \models \Phi \iff \pi[0] \models \Phi$$

$$\pi \models \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \iff \pi \models \varphi_1 \ \& \ \pi \models \varphi_2$$

$$\pi \models \neg \varphi \iff \pi \not\models \varphi$$

$$\pi \models \circ \varphi \iff \pi_{\geq 1} \models \varphi$$

$$\pi \models \varphi_1 \cup \varphi_2 \iff \exists j \geq 0 : \pi_{\geq j} \models \varphi_2 \ \& \ (\forall 0 \leq h < j : \pi_{\geq h} \models \varphi_1)$$

