

My Thesis Title

John Smith

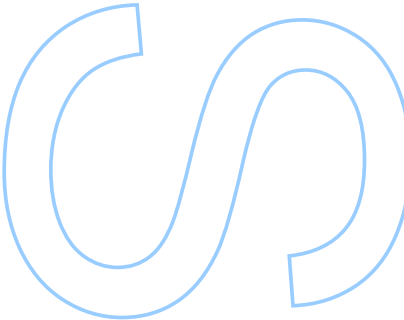
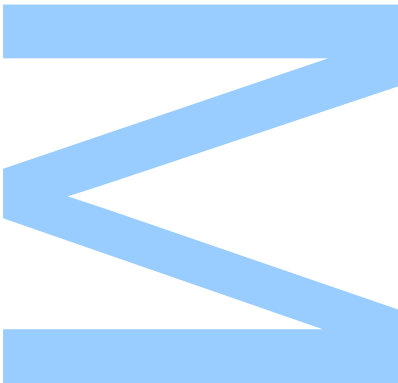
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Departamento de Física e Astronomia
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Coorientador

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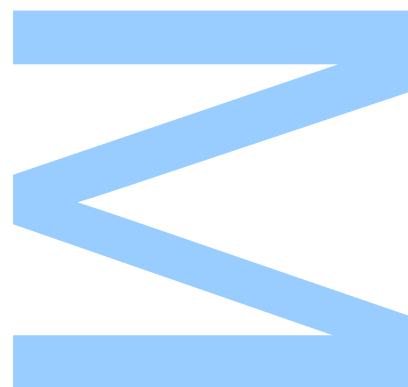




Todas as correções determinadas
pelo júri, e só essas, foram efetuadas.

O Presidente do Júri,

Porto, ____/____/____



UNIVERSIDADE DO PORTO

MASTERS THESIS

MyThesis Title

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*A thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements
for the degree of MSc. Engineering Physics
at the*

Faculdade de Ciências da Universidade do Porto
Departamento de Física e Astronomia

November 27, 2023

" I am and always will be the optimist, the hoper of far-flung hopes and the dreamer of improbable dreams "

Matt Smith as *The Doctor*, written by Matthew Graham

Acknowledgements

Acknowledge ALL the people!

UNIVERSIDADE DO PORTO

Abstract

Faculdade de Ciências da Universidade do Porto

Departamento de Física e Astronomia

MSc. Engineering Physics

MyThesis Title

by [MyName](#) [MYLASTNAME](#)

This thesis is about something, I guess.

UNIVERSIDADE DO PORTO

Resumo

Faculdade de Ciências da Universidade do Porto

Departamento de Física e Astronomia

Mestrado Integrado em Engenharia Física

Titulo da Tese em Português

por [MyName](#) [MYLASTNAME](#)

Este tese é sobre alguma coisa

Contents

Acknowledgements	v
Abstract	vii
Resumo	ix
Contents	xi
List of Figures	xiii
Acronyms	xv
1 Chapter Title Here	1
1.1 Citations	1
1.2 Figures	1
1.2.1 SVGs	3
1.2.1.1 Automatic export	4
1.3 Math	4
1.4 Acronyms	5
A Appendix Title Here	7
Bibliography	9

List of Figures

1.1	FCUP's fat cat.	2
1.2	FCUP's fat cat doing what cats do.	2
1.3	FCUP's fat cat.	2
1.4	FCUP's fat cat.	2
1.5	FCUP's fat cat.	2
1.6	The test SVG image, as it is seen in Inkscape	3

Acronyms

OS Operating System

Chapter 1

Chapter Title Here

Welcome to the tutorial on how to use this thesis model. This is not to teach you how to use \LaTeX . For that read a tutorial. But this aims to teach you how to do the basic stuff you will need in order to produce a decent document. We can start with a section and a section epigraph:

1.1 Citations

Python is a truly wonderful language. When somebody comes up with a good idea it takes about 1 minute and five lines to program something that almost does what you want. Then it takes only an hour to extend the script to 300 lines, after which it still does almost what you want.

DR. JACK JANSEN, MAINTAINER OF MACPYTHON

You can add extra info to you references, like [1, section 3]. You can also call them by author, like saying Fienup .

Also a random displayquote thing:

How can we image an object that's behind or enclosed on a medium where light does not propagate trivially? How can we manipulate light propagating in these media?

You can make
personal notes
like this

1.2 Figures

Let us start with a figure with two subfigures like in 1.1.

Or two figures side by side like 1.2 and 1.3.



(A) FCUP's fat cat doing what cats do.



(B) FCUP's fat cat resting.

FIGURE 1.1: FCUP's fat cat.

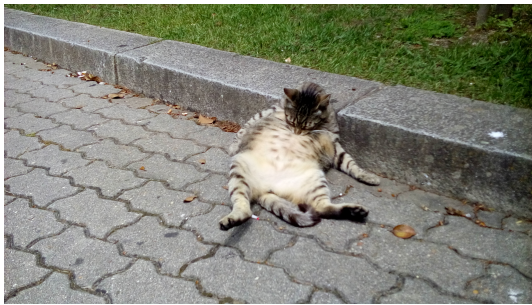


FIGURE 1.2: FCUP's fat cat doing what cats do.



FIGURE 1.3: FCUP's fat cat.

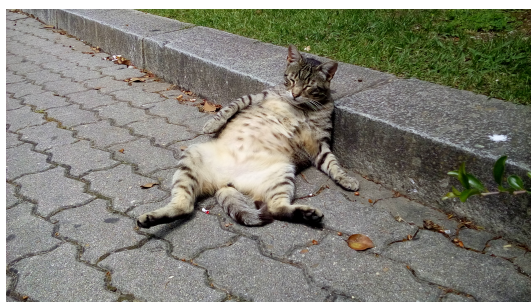
Or a figure with some text on the side, like [1.4](#), or even a figure wrapped around in text, as seen on [Figure 1.5](#).

And here we have some text related to this image. The text can occupy the same space as the image would normally do.



FIGURE 1.4: FCUP's fat cat.

This is where the float goes with text wrapping around it. You may embed tabular environment inside wrappable environment and customize as you like: Ultrices dui sapien eget mi proin sed libero. Ornare lectus sit amet est placerat in egestas erat imperdiet. Tor-tor dignissim convallis aenean et. Quam adipiscing vitae proin sagittis nisl rhoncus mattis. Vivamus at augue eget arcu dictum varius dui. cursus turpis massa tincidunt dui. Leo in vitae turpis massa sed. Tempor orci eu lobortis elementum. Turpis egestas integer eget aliquet nibh praesent tristique



magna. Sed blandit libero volutpat sed cras ornare arcu dui. Feugiat sed lectus vestibulum mattis ullamcorper velit sed ullamcorper. Interdum velit euismod in pellentesque massa placerat dui ultricies lacus. Ac ut consequat semper viverra nam. Dis parturient montes nascetur ridiculus mus. Mattis pellentesque id nibh tortor.

1.2.1 SVGs

How to make a \LaTeX document with vector images, where the text in the images has exactly the same font and size as in normal text? This article describes how this is done using the ‘PDF/EPS/PS + \LaTeX ’ output feature of Inkscape 0.48. Inkscape can export the graphics to PDF/EPS/PS, and the text to a \LaTeX file. When the \LaTeX file is input in the \LaTeX document, the PDF/EPS/PS image is included with overlaid text. Because typesetting of the text is done by \LaTeX , \LaTeX commands can be used in images, such as writing equations, references and shorthand macros.

(requires Inkscape version 0.48 or higher; this document discusses features up to Inkscape 0.49)

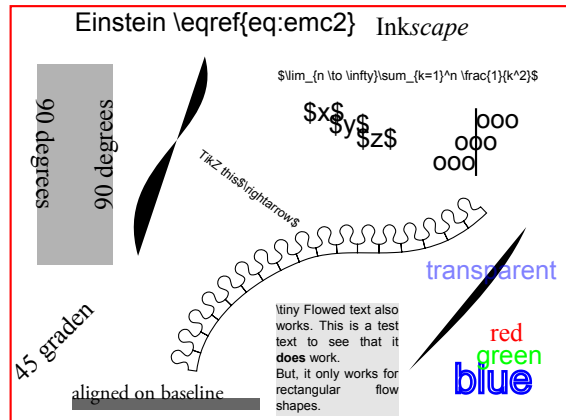


FIGURE 1.6: The test SVG image, as it is seen in Inkscape (exported to PDF *without* \LaTeX option).

$$E = mc^2 \tag{1.1}$$

1.2.1.1 Automatic export

(‘write18’ must be enabled, see the `epstopdf` package documentation. Add `-shell-escape` to the command line when calling `pdflatex`. **And inkscape must be discoverable by the OS**),

Whenever the SVG file is updated, it is possible to have \LaTeX automatically call Inkscape to export the image to PDF and \LaTeX again. This simplifies the workflow to

- Modify the SVG image in Inkscape;
- Save the SVG (Ctrl+S, no need to export to PDF);
- Recompile \LaTeX document. `pdf\text{\LaTeX}` will notice the SVG file has changed, and will automatically do the export for you.

1.3 Math

The following equation uses a custom mathematical operator defined in line 88 of `preamble.tex`:

$$\begin{aligned} meshgrid_{\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2} \mathbf{x}_1 &= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \end{bmatrix} \\ meshgrid_{\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2} \mathbf{x}_2 &= \begin{bmatrix} a_2 & a_2 & a_2 \\ b_2 & b_2 & b_2 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (1.2)$$

The following equation uses the custom `ceil` and `floor` operator defined in line 86 of the stock `preamble.tex`:

$$x = \left\lfloor \frac{y}{2} \right\rfloor + \left\lceil \frac{w}{2} \right\rceil \quad (1.3)$$

And this is an equation with multiple lines:

$$\begin{aligned} I_0 &= I' + I'' \cos(\Psi) \\ I_{\pi/2} &= -I'' \sin(\Psi) \\ I_{\pi} &= I' - I'' \cos(\Psi) \\ I_{3\pi/2} &= I'' \sin(\Psi) \end{aligned} \quad (1.4)$$

And this is some random Python code:

```
1 def Hello():
    """
3     Meaningful docstring with in-depth explanation of this function
```



```
5      """
      print(`Hello World !!`)
7  if __name__ == '__main__':
      Hello()
```

1.4 Acronyms

What about an acronym?

1. Add them in `Extras/acros.tex`;
2. Then use them as `\ac{OS}` and they will look like this Operating System (OS) the first usage and like OS in the second;
3. If needed to expand in some specific phrase use `\ac1{OS}` and will show Operating System;
4. If needed the plural form, just use `\acs{OS}` and will render OSs.

If needed consult `acro` package documentation.

Before submission add/uncomment `final` option in Thesis class (check `main.tex`) for proper acronym rendering. This is done for performance reasons, latest version of `acro` package has great flexibility but slow performance in huge acronym lists.

Appendix A

Appendix Title Here

Write your Appendix content here.

Bibliography

- [1] J. R. Fienup, "Phase retrieval algorithms: A comparison," EN, *Applied Optics*, vol. 21, no. 15, pp. 2758–2769, Aug. 1982, ISSN: 2155-3165. DOI: [10.1364/AO.21.002758](https://doi.org/10.1364/AO.21.002758). [Online]. Available: <https://www.osapublishing.org/ao/abstract.cfm?uri=ao-21-15-2758> (cit. on p. 1).