Compilers

Lab Session 2

```
Expr.g4
prog: stat+ EOF;
stat: expr NEWLINE  # print
| ID '=' expr NEWLINE  # assign
| NEWLINE  # blank
expr: expr MUL expr # prod | expr ADD expr # plus
                                     # int
          INT
          TD
                                        # id
MUL:
ADD : '+';
ID : [a-zA-Z]+; // match identifiers

INT : [0-9]+; // match integers

NEWLINE: '\r'? '\n'; // return newlines to parser
WS : [\t]+ -> skip; // toss out whitespace
```

```
Expr.g4
      stat+ EOF ;
prog:
                            # print
stat:
     expr NEWLINE
                                                          Rule labels
      ID '=' expr NEWLINE
                            # assign
                                                          (Not comments!)
                            # blank
      NEWLINE
                            # prod
expr:
      expr MUL expr
                            # plus
      expr ADD expr
                            # int
      INT
      TD
                            # id
                                                       Those are comments
MUL:
ADD : '+' :
                           match identifiers
     [a-zA-Z]+;
     [0-9]+;
                           match integers
NEWLINE: '\r'? '\n';
                        // return newlines to parser
WS : [ \t]+ -> skip ;
                        toss out whitespace
```

```
main.cpp
// Sample "calculator" using visitors
class Calculator : public CalcBaseVisitor {
public:
 // stat : expr NEWLINE # print
 antlrcpp::Any visitPrint(CalcParser::PrintContext *ctx) {
   int value = visit(ctx->expr()); // evaluate the 'expr' child
   std::cout << value << endl; // print resulting value</pre>
   return 0:
                            // return dummy value
 // expr : INT # int
 antlrcpp::Any visitInt(CalcParser::IntContext *ctx) {
   return std::stoi(ctx->INT()->qetText()); // get integer value
// expr : expr MUL expr # prod
 antlrcpp::Any visitProd(CalcParser::ProdContext *ctx) {
   int left = visit(ctx->expr(0)); // get value of left subexpression
   int right = visit(ctx->expr(1)); // get value of right subexpression
   return left*right;
                     // compute and return result
```

```
main.cpp
// Sample "calculator" using visitors
class Calculator : public CalcBaseVisitor {
public:
 // stat : expr NEWLINE
                        # print
 antlrcpp::Any visitPrint(CalcParser::PrintContext *ctx) {
   int value = visit(ctx->expr()); // evaluate the 'expr' child
                                                                       Rule labels
   std::cout << value << endl; // print resulting value</pre>
   return 0;
                            // return dummy value
                                                                       generate
                                                                       diferent
 // expr : INT  # int
                                                                       visitors for
 antlrcpp::Any visitInt(CalcParser::IntContext *ctx) {
                                                                       each subrule
   return std::stoi(ctx->INT()->getText()); // get integer value
// expr : expr MUL expr
                        # prod
 antlrcpp::Any visitProd(CalcParser::ProdContext *ctx) {
   int left = visit(ctx->expr(0)); // get value of left subexpression
   int right = visit(ctx->expr(1)); // get value of right subexpression
   return left*right;
                                 // compute and return result
```

```
main.cpp
// Sample "calculator" using visitors
class Calculator : public CalcBaseVisitor {
public:
 // "memory" for the calculator; stores current value for each variable
  std::map<std::string, int> memory;
 // stat : ID '=' expr NEWLINE # assign
  antlrcpp::Any visitAssign(CalcParser::AssignContext *ctx) {
   std::string id = ctx->ID()->getText(); // id is left-hand side of '='
   int value = visit(ctx->expr());
                                      // compute value of expression on right
   memorv[id] = value;
                                      // store it in the memory
                                       // return dummy value
   return 0;
                                                                     We need to
 // expr : ID  # id
 antlrcpp::Any visitId(CalcParser::IdContext *ctx) {
                                                                     store and
   std::string id = ctx->ID()->getText();
                                                                     retrieve
   if (memory.find(id) != memory.end())
      return memory[id]; // retrieve current variable value
                                                                     values for
   else
      return 0;
                 // ...or zero if it does not exist
                                                                     variables
};
```

Exercise 3

- Complete the grammar using what you did in exercise 2 Add missing operators and others like comparisons, conditional ternary, postfix factorial!, sum(e1,e2,...), ...
- Extend the Calculator **visitor** to handle the missing operators and compute the result in each case. Use **rule** labels.
- Extend your Calc language with additional statements (IF, WHILE, ...)

Summary

Key concepts learnt in this session

- How to use rule labels in antlr4 to get cleaner code for our visitors
- How to use attributes (e.g. memory map) to store information that persists and is accesible from any node.