

PROBLEMS - SET 4

Problem 1. Let $X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$. Compute

$$P[X \text{ is odd}]$$

Problem 2. A box contains k balls numbered from 1 to k . We extract n balls from the box and let X denote the maximum number that we obtain. In both the cases with or without replacement, compute the distribution F_X .

Problem 3. Compute the characteristic function and the moment generating function of the absolutely continuous random variables with densities

i.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} (1 - \frac{1}{2}|x|) & \text{if } |x| \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

ii.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} 1_{[a,b]}(x)$$

iii.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \exp[-|x-a|].$$

Problem 4. We know that for a real, discrete random X variable with density p , the characteristic function is given by

$$\varphi_X(u) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{iun} p(n).$$

Determine the densities of the discrete random variables having the following characteristic functions:

i.

$$\varphi(u) = \frac{1}{4} (1 + e^{iu})^2$$

ii.

$$\varphi(u) = \frac{1}{2 - e^{iu}}$$

iii.

$$\varphi(u) = \cos(u)$$

iv.

$$\varphi(u) = \cos^2(u)$$

v.

$$\varphi(u) = \sum_{k=0}^{+\infty} a_k \cos(kt)$$

where $a_k > 0$ and $\sum_k a_k = 1$.

Problem 5. Let $X \sim N(1, 4)$ and $Y \sim N(2, 1)$ be independent random variables.

- (a) Set $U := X + Y$ and $V := X - 2Y$. Find μ and Σ such that $(U, V) \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$.
 (b) Find a 2×2 matrix A such that defining

$$\begin{pmatrix} Z \\ W \end{pmatrix} = A \begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix},$$

Z and W are independent and have both variance 1.

Problem 6. Set $V := \{1, 2, \dots, N\}$. To each *unordered* pair $\{i, j\}$ with $i, j \in V$ and $i \neq j$ we assign a random variable $X_{ij} \sim N(0, 1)$ and we assume that they are all independent. You can interpret it as follows: if the elements of V are geographical locations, $e^{-X_{ij}}$ is the time needed to travel from i to j of viceversa. We say that i and j are *far* if $X_{ij} < 0$. For $i \in V$, set

$$X_i := \sum_{j: j \neq i} X_{ij};$$

$$N_i := \text{number of locations far from } i = |\{j : X_{ij} < 0\}|.$$

- (a) Find the distribution of N_i .
 (b) What is the joint distribution of X_1 and X_2 ? Are they independent?
 (c) We say that i is *isolated* if it is far from all other elements of V . Let p_N be the probability that there exists at least one isolated point. Show that

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow +\infty} p_N = 0.$$