Table 1: Kronecker case in dimension (3,3,3)

dominant 1-PS	Inequality	w
(0,0,0) (0,0,0) (1,1,0) -1	(0,0,0) (0,0,0) (1,1,0) -1	(0,1,2) (0,1,2) (0,1,2)
(1,0,0) (1,0,0) (1,1,0) -2	(1,0,0) (1,0,0) (0,1,1) -2	(0,1,2) (0,1,2) (1,2,0)
	(1,0,0) (0,1,0) (1,0,1) -2	(0,1,2) (1,0,2) (0,2,1)
	(1,0,0) (0,0,1) (1,1,0) -2	(0,1,2) (2,0,1) (0,1,2)
(2,1,0)(2,1,0)(2,1,0)-4	(2,1,0)(2,0,1)(0,1,2)-4	(0,1,2) (0,2,1) (2,1,0)
	(2,1,0) (1,2,0) (0,1,2) -4	(0,1,2) (1,0,2) (2,1,0)
	(2,0,1) (2,0,1) (0,2,1) -4	(0,2,1) (0,2,1) (1,2,0)
	(2,0,1) (1,2,0) (1,0,2) -4	(0,2,1) (1,0,2) (2,0,1)