

Greedy Solutions

Solution 1:

Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity: $O(1)$

```
import java.util.*;

class Solution {

    static int BalancedPartition(String str, int n){

        if (n == 0)
            return 0;

        int r = 0, l = 0;
        int ans = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (str.charAt(i) == 'R'){
                r++;
            }

            else if (str.charAt(i) == 'L'){
                l++;
            }

            if (r == l){
                ans++;
            }
        }

        return ans;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args){
        String str = "LLRRLLRRL";
        int n = str.length();

        System.out.print(BalancedPartition(str, n) + "\n");
    }
}
```

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Solution 2 :

Time Complexity : $O(1)$ Space Complexity: $O(1)$

```
class Solution {  
  
    public static int kthOdd(int[] range, int K) {  
  
        if (K <= 0)  
            return 0;  
  
        int L = range[0];  
        int R = range[1];  
  
        if ((R & 1) > 0) {  
            int Count = (int) Math.ceil((R - L + 1) / 2);  
            if (K > Count)  
                return 0;  
            else  
                return (R - 2 * K + 2);  
        } else {  
            int Count = (R - L + 1) / 2;  
            if (K > Count)  
                return 0;  
            else  
                return (R - 2 * K + 1);  
        }  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
        int[] p = { -10, 10 };  
        int k = 8;  
        System.out.println(kthOdd(p, k));  
    }  
}
```

Solution 3 :

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Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity: $O(n)$

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class Main {
    public static char[] lexo_small(int n, int k){
        char arr[] = new char[n];
        Arrays.fill(arr, 'a');
        for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
            k -= i;
            if (k >= 0) {
                if (k >= 26) {
                    arr[i] = 'z';
                    k -= 26;
                }
                else {
                    arr[i] = (char)(k + 97 - 1);
                    k -= arr[i] - 'a' + 1;
                }
            }
            else
                break;

            k += i;
        }
        return arr;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args){
        int n = 5, k = 42;

        char arr[] = lexo_small(n, k);

        System.out.print(new String(arr));
    }
}
```

Solution 4 :

Time Complexity : $O(n)$ Space Complexity: $O(1)$

```
class Solution {
static int maxProfit(int prices[], int n)
{
    int buy = prices[0], max_profit = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        if (buy > prices[i])
            buy = prices[i];
        else if (prices[i] - buy > max_profit)
            max_profit = prices[i] - buy;
    }
    return max_profit;
}

public static void main(String args[]){
    int prices[] = { 7, 1, 5, 6, 4 };
    int n = prices.length;
    int max_profit = maxProfit(prices, n);
    System.out.println(max_profit);
}
}
```

Solution 5 :

Time Complexity : $O((N-1)C(K-1))$

(Here 'c' here depicts combinations i.e. $\frac{(n-1)!}{((n-k)!*(k-1)!})$ Where N is the number of elements of the array and K is the number of divisions that we are having)

Space Complexity: $O(n)$

```
class Solution {
    public static int ans = 10000000;
    public static void solve(int a[], int n, int k,
                             int index, int sum, int maxsum){
```

```
        if (k == 1) {
            maxsum = Math.max(maxsum, sum);
            sum = 0;
            for (int i = index; i < n; i++) {
                sum += a[i];
            }
            maxsum = Math.max(maxsum, sum);
            ans = Math.min(ans, maxsum);
            return;
        }
        sum = 0;
        for (int i = index; i < n; i++) {
            sum += a[i];
            maxsum = Math.max(maxsum, sum);
            solve(a, n, k - 1, i + 1, sum, maxsum);
        }
    }

    public static void main(String[] args){
        int arr[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4 };
        int k = 3; // K divisions
        int n = 4; // Size of Array
        solve(arr, n, k, 0, 0, 0);
        System.out.println(ans + "\n");
    }
}
```