Coursework 1 - Exercise 8

October 11, 2023

Consider the following two-step method for Alice logging into a server S

1. **Setup**: Alice picks a password P and a number N and then computes the following sequence:

$$x_1 = f(P,1), x_2 = f(x_1,2), x_3 = f(x_2,3), ..., x_N = f(x_N-1,N)$$

, where f() is some easy to compute function but hard to invert. She then stores the pair (x_N,N) with the server to whom she wishes to login later. Similarly, the server maintains for each user the (different) value x_N and the index N.

- 2. **Authentication**: When Alice wants to have access to the host, she types her username and the host looks up her entry and sends N-1 to her. She then responds back with the value x_N-1 , which the host verifies by computing $f(x_N-1,N)$ and comparing against the stored value x_N . If the two values match, the server gives Alice access to her account and replaces the values (x_N,N) with the values $(x_N-1,N-1)$.
- a) What are the advantages (if any) of this scheme over ordinary passwords?
- 1. While the hash function just needs one inversion to recover the original value, the larger the N value is and the more times the user logs in, the more inversions are needed to recover the original values
- 2. Given that the function is hard to invert, if the value x_N was breached the function f would still be needed to inversed, that would be comparable to reversing a hashed password, but the attacker would still need to find out the N value
- 3. If the $x_N 1$, N was discovered by an attacker while the user is authenticating, the attacker would still have to inverse f function, because x_i values change every time the user logs in
- b) What are some attacks (if any) that can be applied to this scheme?
- 1. If an attacker finds out the x_N-1 and the session is still active, the attacker can log in
- 2. If the original P value is discovered, the attacker would just need the N value and the security will be the same as a normal password
- 3. If the attacker attempts to brute force the x_i value, the security is the same as any other method of security with a password with the same length