#### NAME

curl\_version\_info - returns run-time libcurl version info

# **SYNOPSIS**

#include <curl/curl.h>

curl\_version\_info\_data \*curl\_version\_info( CURLversion type);

#### DESCRIPTION

Returns a pointer to a filled in struct with information about various run-time features in libcurl. *type* should be set to the version of this functionality by the time you write your program. This way, libcurl will always return a proper struct that your program understands, while programs in the future might get a different struct. CURLVERSION NOW will be the most recent one for the library you have installed:

```
data = curl version info(CURLVERSION NOW);
```

Applications should use this information to judge if things are possible to do or not, instead of using compile-time checks, as dynamic/DLL libraries can be changed independent of applications.

The curl\_version\_info\_data struct looks like this

```
typedef struct {
                         /* see description below */
CURLversion age;
/* when 'age' is 0 or higher, the members below also exist: */
const char *version; /* human readable string */
unsigned int version_num; /* numeric representation */
const char *host;
                      /* human readable string */
                    /* bitmask, see below */
int features;
char *ssl_version;
                       /* human readable string */
long ssl_version_num; /* not used, always zero */
const char *libz_version; /* human readable string */
const char **protocols; /* list of protocols */
/* when 'age' is 1 or higher, the members below also exist: */
const char *ares:
                      /* human readable string */
int ares num;
                      /* number */
/* when 'age' is 2 or higher, the member below also exists: */
const char *libidn;
                       /* human readable string */
/* when 'age' is 3 or higher, the members below also exist: */
int iconv_ver_num; /* '_libiconv_version' if iconv support enabled */
const char *libssh_version; /* human readable string */
} curl_version_info_data;
```

age describes what the age of this struct is. The number depends on how new the libcurl you're using is. You are however guaranteed to get a struct that you have a matching struct for in the header, as you tell libcurl your "age" with the input argument.

version is just an ascii string for the libcurl version.

*version\_num* is a 24 bit number created like this: <8 bits major number> | <8 bits minor number> | <8 bits patch number>. Version 7.9.8 is therefore returned as 0x070908.

*host* is an ascii string showing what host information that this libcurl was built for. As discovered by a configure script or set by the build environment.

features can have none, one or more bits set, and the currently defined bits are:

## **CURL VERSION IPV6**

supports IPv6

#### **CURL VERSION KERBEROS4**

supports kerberos4 (when using FTP)

### **CURL VERSION SSL**

supports SSL (HTTPS/FTPS) (Added in 7.10)

# CURL\_VERSION\_LIBZ

supports HTTP deflate using libz (Added in 7.10)

## **CURL VERSION NTLM**

supports HTTP NTLM (added in 7.10.6)

#### CURL VERSION GSSNEGOTIATE

supports HTTP GSS-Negotiate (added in 7.10.6)

#### **CURL VERSION DEBUG**

libcurl was built with extra debug capabilities built-in. This is mainly of interest for libcurl hackers. (added in 7.10.6)

# CURL\_VERSION\_ASYNCHDNS

libcurl was built with support for asynchronous name lookups, which allows more exact timeouts (even on Windows) and less blocking when using the multi interface. (added in 7.10.7)

# CURL\_VERSION\_SPNEGO

libcurl was built with support for SPNEGO authentication (Simple and Protected GSS-API Negotiation Mechanism, defined in RFC 2478.) (added in 7.10.8)

# CURL VERSION LARGEFILE

libcurl was built with support for large files. (Added in 7.11.1)

# CURL VERSION IDN

libcurl was built with support for IDNA, domain names with international letters. (Added in 7.12.0)

# CURL\_VERSION\_SSPI

libcurl was built with support for SSPI. This is only available on Windows and makes libcurl use Windows-provided functions for NTLM authentication. It also allows libcurl to use the current user and the current user's password without the app having to pass them on. (Added in 7.13.2)

# CURL\_VERSION\_CONV

libcurl was built with support for character conversions, as provided by the CUR-LOPT CONV \* callbacks. (Added in 7.15.4)

ssl\_version is an ASCII string for the OpenSSL version used. If libcurl has no SSL support, this is NULL.

ssl\_version\_num is the numerical OpenSSL version value as defined by the OpenSSL project. If libcurl has no SSL support, this is 0.

libz\_version is an ASCII string (there is no numerical version). If libcurl has no libz support, this is NULL.

*protocols* is a pointer to an array of char \* pointers, containing the names protocols that libcurl supports (using lowercase letters). The protocol names are the same as would be used in URLs. The array is terminated by a NULL entry.

# **RETURN VALUE**

A pointer to a curl\_version\_info\_data struct.

# **SEE ALSO**

curl\_version(3)