Extending Kubernetes LoadBalancer Using CRDs

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• sig-scheduling



- sig-testing
- sig-storage

Agenda

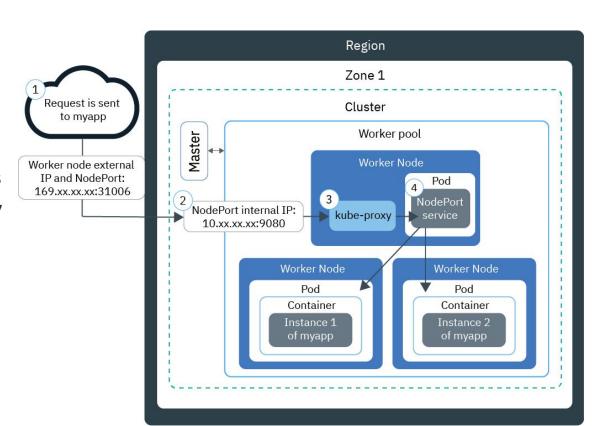
- How to Expose Kubernetes Workloads Externally
- Background / Motivations
- Shared LoadBalancer
- Demos
- Design / Implementation Details

How to Expose Kubernetes Workloads Externally

Kubernetes Basics - NodePort Service

NodePort

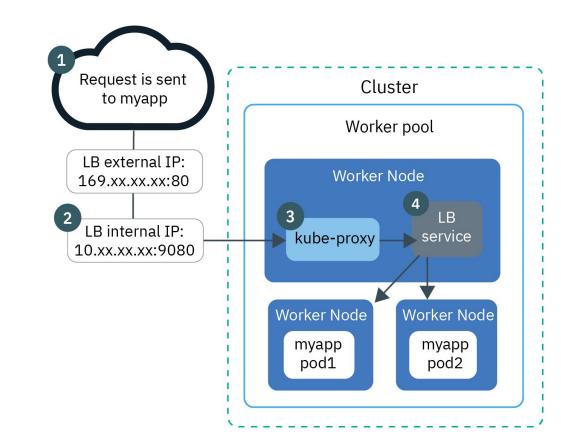
- Worker nodes needs to have a public/external IP
- Ports opened on <u>all</u> worker nodes
- Ports range from 30000 to 32767



Kubernetes Basics - LoadBalancer Service

LoadBalancer

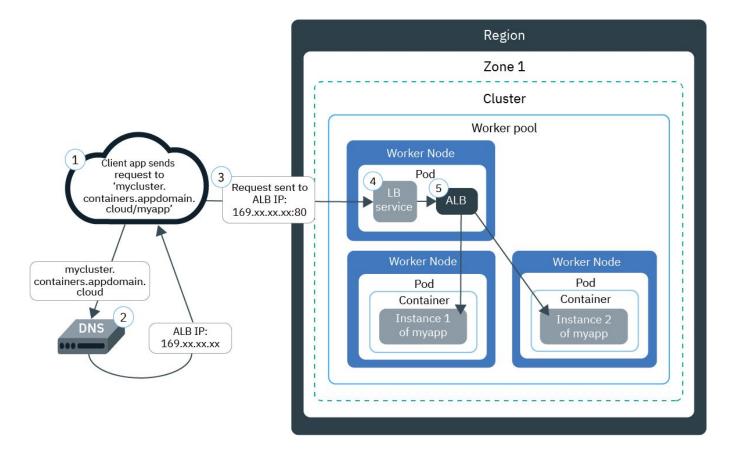
- EKS (Amazon)
- IKS (IBM)
- GKE (Google)
- AKS (Azure)
- ...



Kubernetes Basics - Ingress

Ingress

- L7
- Nginx/Envoy/...



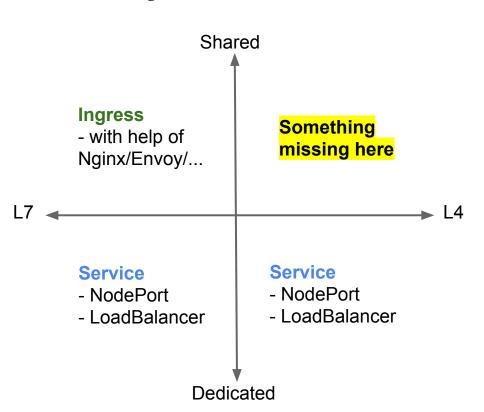
Ways to Expose K8s Apps Externally

Service - for both L4/L7 traffic

- Type NodePort
- Type LoadBalancer

Ingress - for L7 traffic

Shared via ingress controller

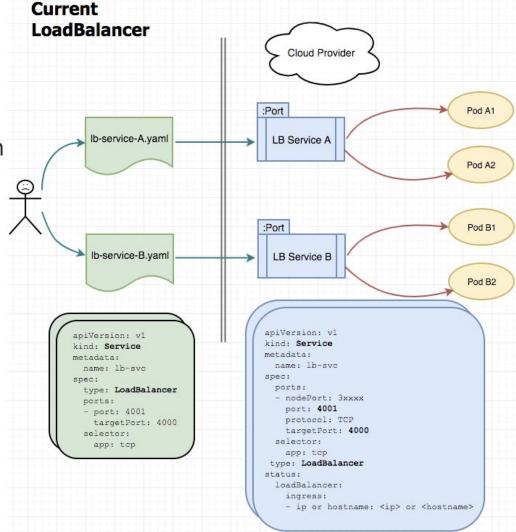


Background / Motivations

Background

An internal business requirement from an internal team.

- Two JDBC services (TCP)
- One data transferring service (UDP)
- One web console service (HTTP)

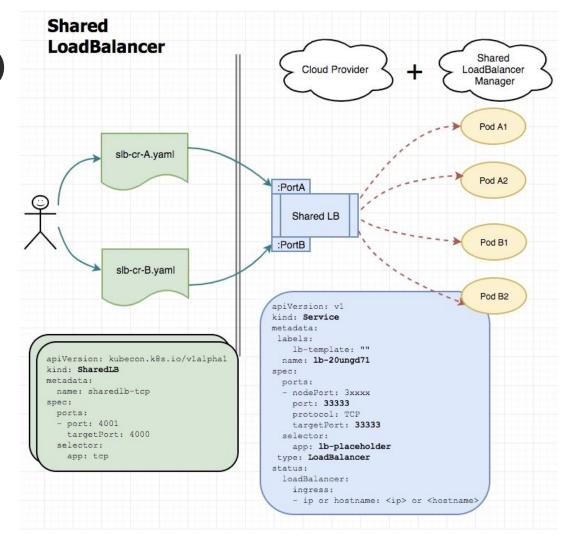


Expected Goal

```
k create -f crs
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp1 created
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp2 created
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp3 created
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp4 created
wei.huang1@wei-mbp:~/gospace/src/github.com/Huang-Wei/shared-loadbalancer
  k get slb
NAME
                EXTERNAL-IP
                                PORT
                                       PROTOCOL
                                                  REF
sharedlb-tcp1
               169.62.88.170
                                4001
                                       TCP
                                                  default/lb-z5lrv7he
sharedlb-tcp2
              169.62.88.170
                                                  default/lb-z5lrv7he
                                4002
                                       TCP
                                                  default/lb-z5lrv7he
sharedlb-tcp3
              169.62.88.170
                                4003
                                       TCP
sharedlb-tcp4
                                                  default/lb-z5lrv7he
               169.62.88.170
                                4004
                                       TCP
```

Expected Goal (cont.)

```
k create -f crs
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.jo/sharedlb-tcp1 created
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp2 created
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp3 created
sharedlb.kubecon.k8s.io/sharedlb-tcp4 created
ei.huang1@wei-mbp:~/gospace/src/github.com/Huang-Wei/shared-loadbalancer
 k get slb
               EXTERNAL-IP
sharedlb-tcp1
              169.62.88.170 4001
               169.62.88.170 4002 TCP
                                                default/lb-z5lrv7he
sharedlb-tcp3
              169.62.88.170 4003 TCP
                                                default/lb-z5lrv7he
              169.62.88.170 4004 TCP
```



Motivations

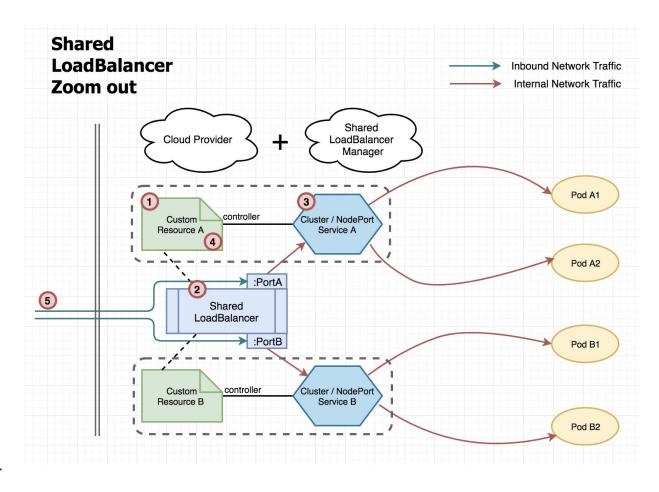
- Cost effective
- User friendly
- Reusing existing Kubernetes assets (don't reinvent wheel)
- Minimum operation efforts
- Consistent with Kubernetes roadmap

Shared LoadBalancer (SLB)

Problem Analysis

- How to open additional ports (and firewall rules) on the "Shared" LoadBalancer
- 2. How to **associate** the ports with backing pods
- 3. How to give **accessing info** back to end-user

Shared LoadBalancer Internals



Demos

Design / Implementation Details

Design Considerations

- 1. Using CRD as the facade to end-user, instead of Service with annotation.
- 2. Namespaced CRD vs. Clustered CRD.
- 3. Create real LB on demand, or prepare placeholder LBs in a pool.
- 4. Configure how many SharedLB CRs are mapped with one real LoadBalancer.
 - a. It can be a static way like 100 SharedLB CRs => 1 real LoadBalancer.
 - b. Or, can be done in a smart/dynamic way to take workload of each CR into consideration.
- 5. Support IKS, EKS, GKE and AKS

	EKS (Amazon)	IKS (IBM)	GKE (Google)	AKS (Azure)
Core Extension Solution	NodePort Service	Cluster Service with "externalIP"	NodePort Service	NodePort Service
SDK Authentication	aws_access_key_id aws_secret_access_ key	APIKEY (only needed when adding portable ip quota)	oauth2 (gcloud auth application-default login)	Service principle and Role (az ad sp create-for-rbac)
Forward Rule Firewall Rule	Use SDK to operate	Auto Managed	Use SDK to operate	Use SDK to operate
Accessing method	<hostname>:<port></port></hostname>	<ip>:<port></port></ip>	<ip>:<port></port></ip>	<ip>:<port></port></ip>
Limitations	UDP not supported Latest version is 1.10	N/A	Incoming port limited to 30000~32767	N/A

Future Considerations

- 1. Get feedback (sig-cloudprovider, sig-network, internal & external users)
- 2. Support on more cloudproviders
- 3. Testings (unit tests, integration tests, e2e tests) and CI
- 4. Features (essentially it's a scheduling problem)
 - a. Ports (completed)
 - b. Request/Limits
 - c. LeastRequested vs. MostRequested
 - d. {Anti}-Affinity, or Taint/Toleration
- 5. Thinking in Kubernetes

Thanks!

- github.com/Huang-Wei/shared-loadbalancer
- Github: @Huang-Wei / @brahmaroutu
- Slack: @Huang-Wei / @srbrahma
- Twitter: @hweicdl / @brahmaroutu

Backup: CRD Practices

- 1. Use CRD built-in features
 - a. validation
 - b. shortNames
 - c. additionalPrinterColumns
 - d. controllerRef
 - e. finalizers
- 2. CRD controller
 - a. kubebuilder
 - b. internal cache
 - c. reconcile upon IndexKey (namespace/name) of a changed object

Changes in User's View

Before/Input: N service yamls (with type LoadBalancer, and src/dst port info)

Before/Output: N publicly accessible {ip/hostname, port} pairs

After/Input: N custom resource yamls (w/ or w/o src port info)

After/Output: 1 publicly accessible {ip/hostname, (random) port} pair

(N is configurable)