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— North America 2018 —

Switching the Engine

CoreDNS ♥ Kubernetes





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Jake Sanders

Contributor: Kubernetes

SWE: GKE Security

🐦 🗨 @dekkagaijin

Michael Grosser

Maintainer: CoreDNS | Contributor: K8s

Founder: Okkur Labs & Rekkur Solutions

🐦 @stp_ip 🗨 @stp-ip



Agenda

- Background
- NodeLocal Caching
- Testing Setup
- Local Benchmarks
- Cluster Benchmarks
- e2e Application Benchmarks
- Outlook
- Questions



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Background



Kube-dns History

- Bundle of dnsmasq + [SkyDNS](#)
- SkyDNS written in Go by [Miek Gieben](#) and others*
- Partly maintained

*Erik st. Martin, Brian Ketelsen, Michael Crosby

CoreDNS History



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- Authored by [Miek Gieben](#)
- Based on [Caddy](#) (Golang webserver)
- Plugin-based architecture for extensibility++
- GA in 1.11, default in 1.13

Protocol support



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- UDP (RFCs: [1034](#), [1035](#), [etc.](#))
- TCP (RFC [7766](#))
- TLS (DoT) (RFCs: [7858](#), [8310](#))
- HTTPS (DoH) (RFC [8484](#))
- GRPC (DoG?) (RFCs: none)



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NodeLocal caching

Huge thanks:

Pavithra Ramesh, GKE Networking



Internet Considered Harmful



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“Aaaand it’s gone”
- *South Park*

- Standards from 70s & 80s
- Assumption of most DNS records being ~static
- Congestion + availability > consistency + reliability
- Old decisions can’t keep up w/ new usage patterns

DNS 1.0 (RFCs: [1034](#), [1035](#))



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- Requests generally occur over **UDP**, except under special circumstances. Per [RFC1035 4.2](#):
 - “The DNS assumes that messages will be transmitted as datagrams (UDP) or in a byte stream carried by a virtual circuit (TCP). While virtual circuits can be used for any DNS activity, **datagrams are preferred for queries due to their lower overhead and better performance.**”
 - “Depending on how well connected the client is to its expected servers, the minimum retransmission interval should be **2-5 seconds.**”

/etc/resolv.conf, <resolv.h>



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timeout:n

Sets the amount of time the resolver will wait for a response from a remote name server before retrying the query via a different name server ... Measured in **seconds**, the default is RES_TIMEOUT (**currently 5**, see <resolv.h>) ...

attempts:n

Sets the number of times the resolver will send a query to its name servers before giving up ... The default is RES_DFLRETRY (**currently 2**, see <resolv.h>).

connt rack limits & races



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- Cluster DNS is a k8s **Service**
- DNAT rules used to translate ClusterIP to Pod IP
- Multiple connt rack table entries per 'connection' (including UDP)
 - No UDP 'close' → entries persist long after they're useful
- connt rack table usually limited to **65536 entries**
=> **dropped packets**

contrack limits & races



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- multiple UDP reqs from the same ip:port can results in **race conditions**
=> **dropped packets**
- Races aggravated by **parallelized** reqs for different record types (e.g. A, AAAA)
- N search paths mean **N times** more requests for failed queries



We've All Been There

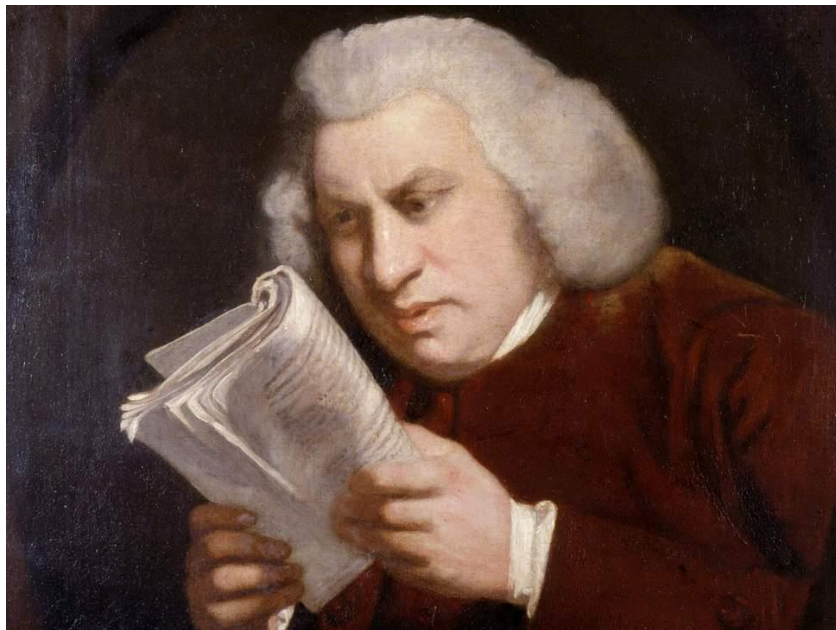


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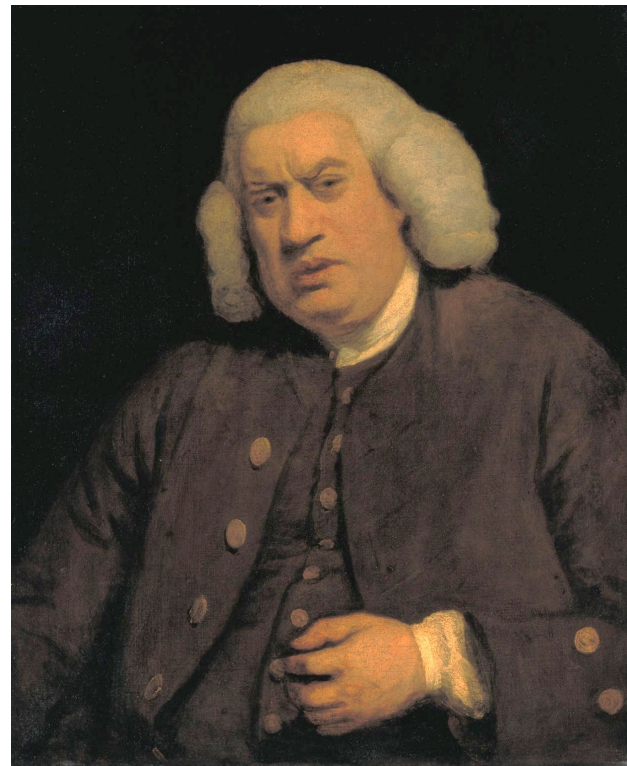


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“nf_contrack: table full, dropping packet”



Enter: NodeLocal DNS Cache



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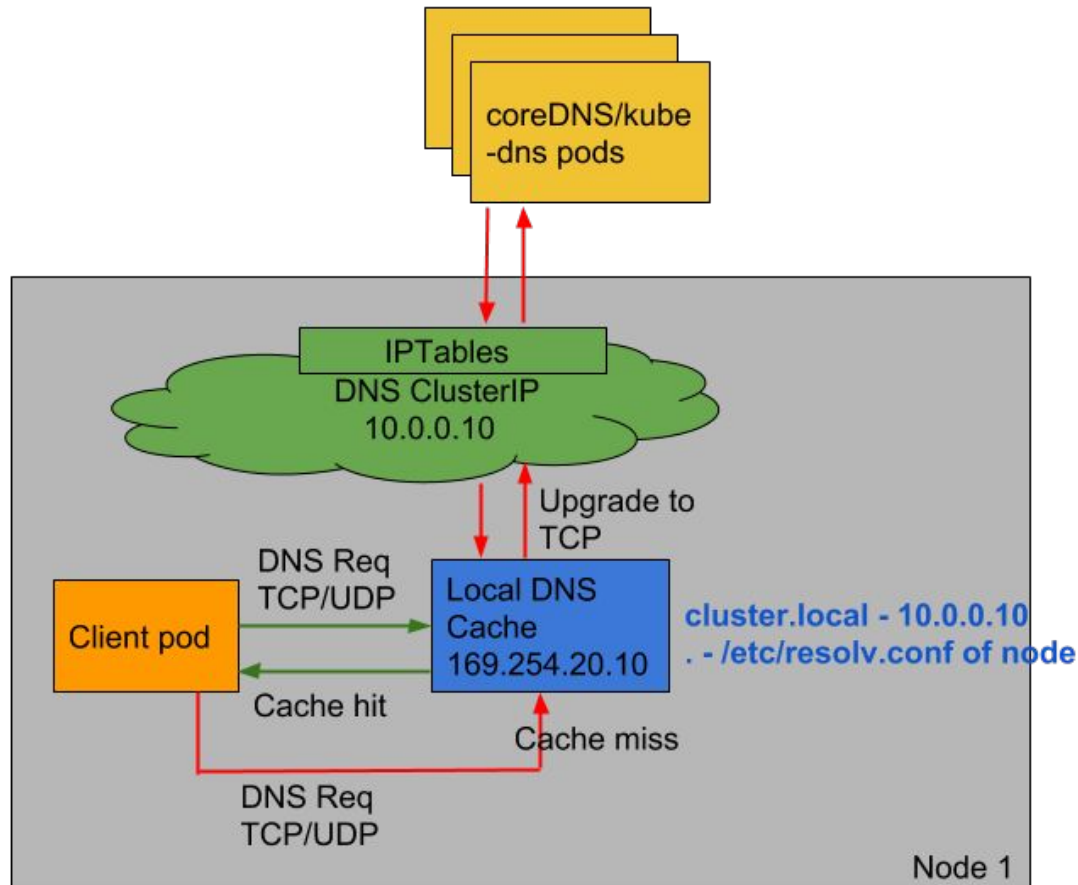
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Coming soon (optionally) to a 1.13 cluster near you!

Runs on every node, serves DNS for pods that are using cluster DNS.

- Improve latency by reducing communication over the network
- **Skips conntrack** for pod-cache connection
 - Less dropped packets!
- Proxy queries over TCP (and preserves the connection)
 - DARPA-grade reliability & consistency!
 - Even less pressure on the cluster DNS's conntrack tables (see above)
- Node-level DNS metrics

Special thanks: [Pavithra Ramesh](#), GKE





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Local Benchmarks



localhost -> 8.8.8.8 (mean latency)

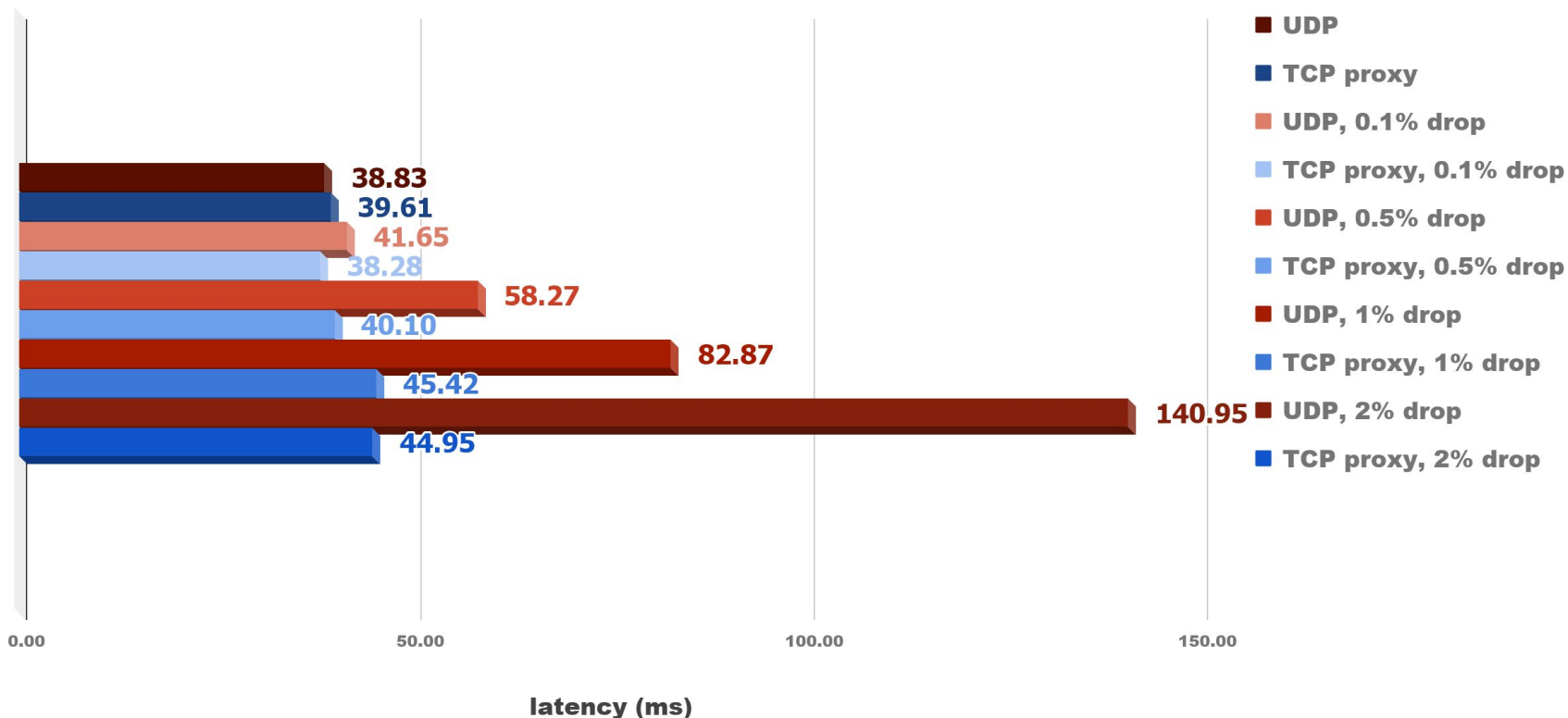


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Code @ <https://github.com/dekkagaijin/coredns-demo/>

localhost -> 8.8.8.8 (tail latency)

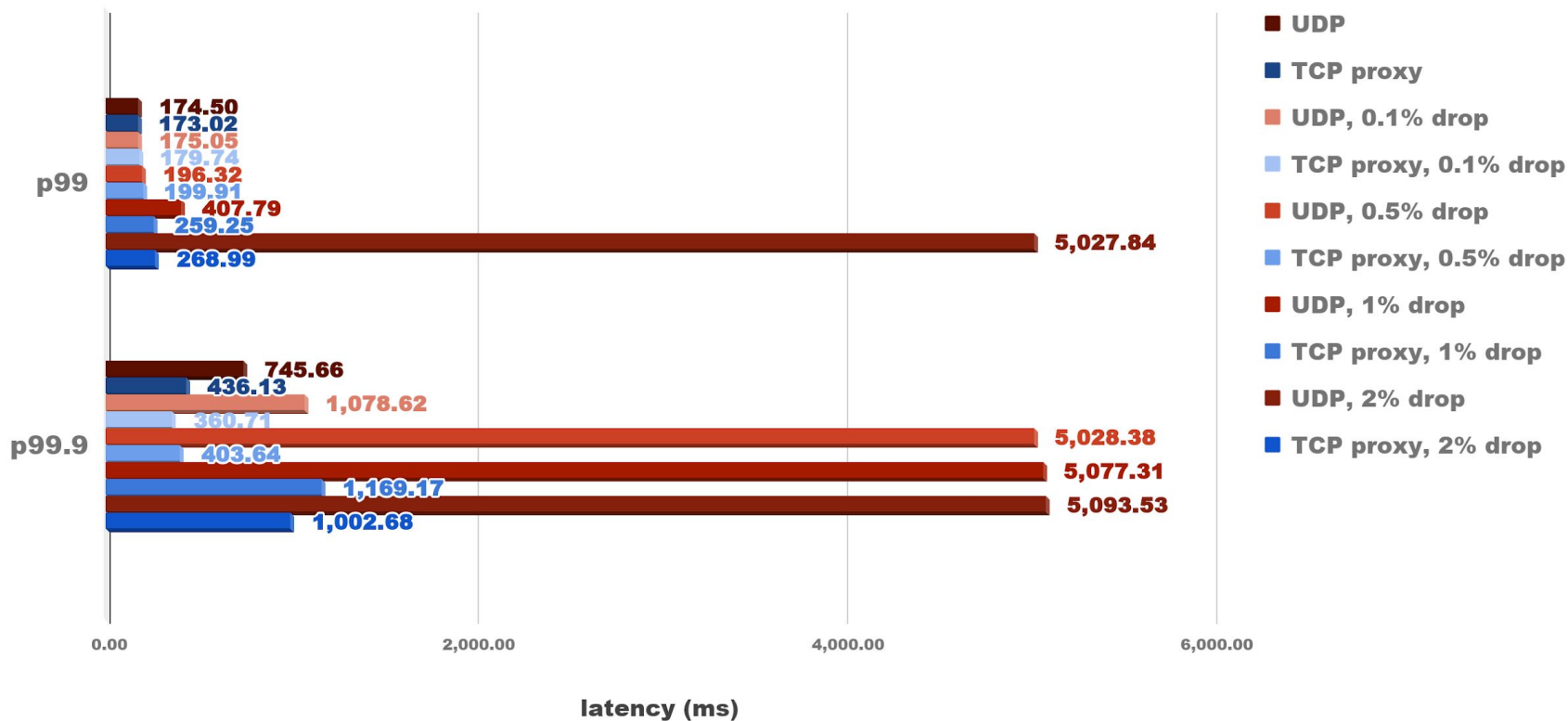


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Cluster DNS Benchmarking

Huge thanks:

Chris O'Haver, Infoblox



CoreDNS vs Kube-DNS: Memory



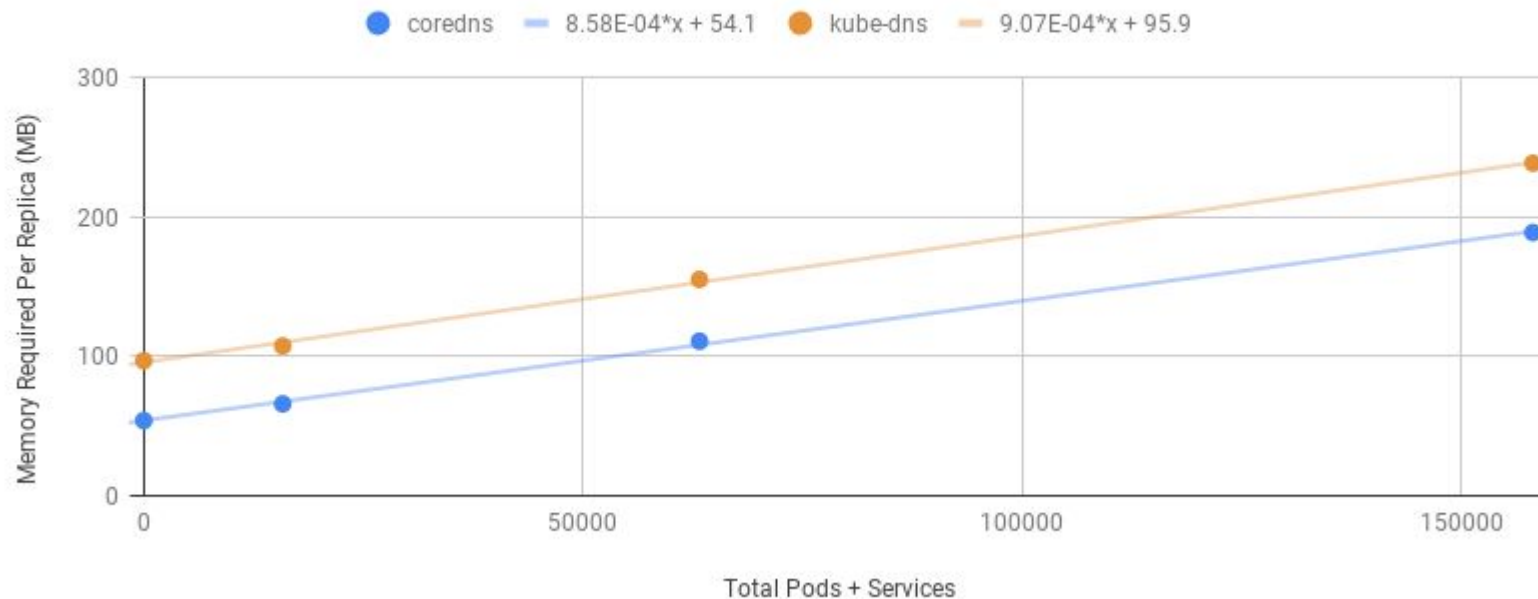
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CoreDNS vs Kube-DNS Est Memory at Scale



Credit: [Chris O'Haver](#), Infoblox

CoreDNS vs Kube-DNS: Queries



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DNS Server	Query Type	QPS	Avg Latency (ms)
CoreDNS	external	6733	12.02
CoreDNS	internal	33669	2.608
Kube-dns	external	2227	41.585
Kube-dns	internal	36648	2.639

Credit: [Chris O'Haver](#), Infoblox



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Application Benchmarks



Our application: TXTDirect



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- DNS [TXT record](#)-based redirects
- Control over your entrypoint and data
- Open Source based on Caddy
- Does a lot of DNS requests

TXTDirect: Request flow



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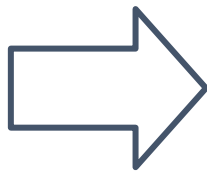
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“GET” kubernetes.opensourcesoftware.rocks

“A/AAAA/CNAME” for **kubernetes.opensourcesoftware.rocks**

TXT for **_redirect.kubernetes.opensourcesoftware.rocks**

“v=txtv0;type=host;to=https://kubernetes.io”



kubernetes.io

Learn more on txtdirect.org

Setup: Standard Kube-dns



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TEXT Direct



Pod, UDP → Kube-dns

Setup: Standard CoreDNS



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TEXT Direct



Pod, UDP → CoreDNS

Setup: NodeLocal cluster



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TEXT Direct



Pod, UDP → NL, TCP → CoreDNS

Setup: NodeLocal direct



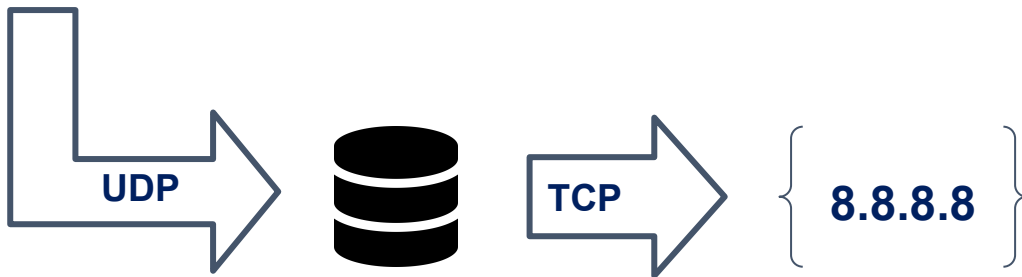
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TEXT Direct



Pod, UDP → NL, TCP → CoreDNS

Setup: Inducing Chaos



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TEXT Direct



Pod, chaos, UDP → CoreDNS

Show me the numbers!



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Probability Distribution (Latency)

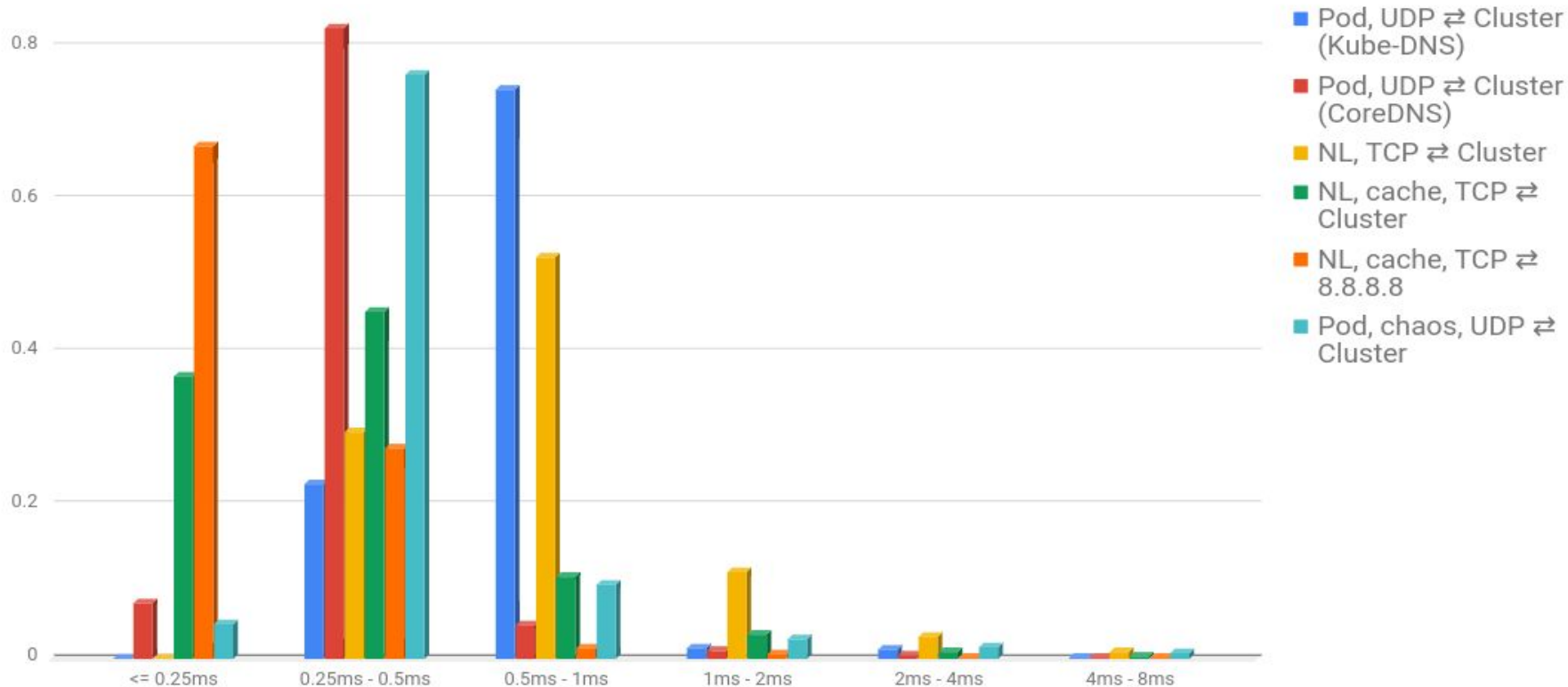


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Probability Distribution (Tail Latency)

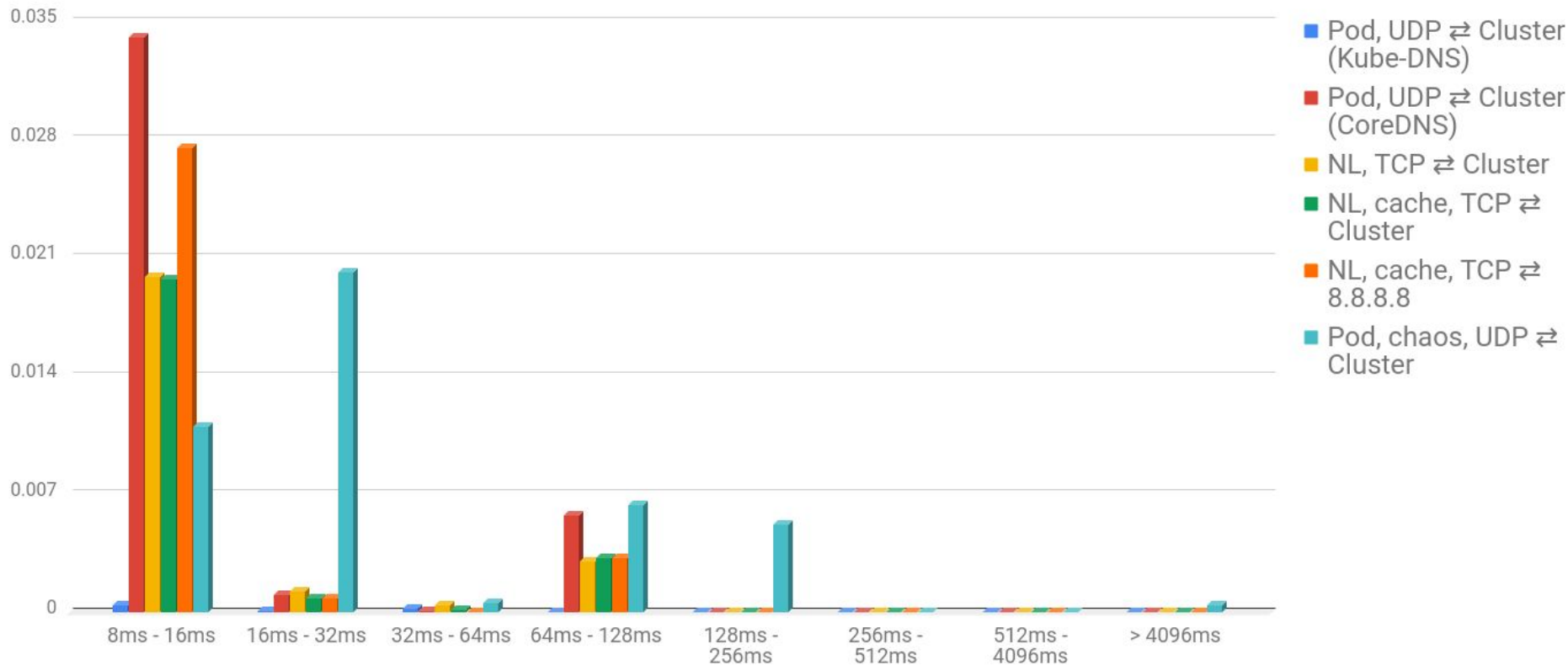


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What we learned

- TCP does what it's supposed to
- TCP forwarding improves the performance of traditional (UDP) clients, with less variance, and without incurring a ton of overhead
- CoreDNS's plugins make it a good fit for special use-cases



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Outlook



Future Work

- Native DNS over GRPC
- Watch based DNS records
- Performance and reliability improvements
- Ideas? Let us know after the talk!

Thank You!



Michael Grosser

@stp_ip

stp-ip.net



Jake Sanders

@dekkagaijin

jsand@google.com

Drinks...



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