

SOLUTIONS TO 24.8 #5, 6, 7 from HW #12

$$\#5. \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + 3x^2 + 1 & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \\ -x^3 + kx^2 + 1 & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

Find  $k$  so that  $f(x)$  is a spline.Solution: There is only 1 knot  $x = 0$ . Require:  $f(x)$  to be continuous and twicedifferentiable at  $x = 0$ . For ease, let  $f_L(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 1$   $f_R(x) = -x^3 + kx^2 + 1$ 

$$\text{Continuous at } x = 0: f_L(0) = 1 = f_R(0) \quad \checkmark$$

$$f'_L(0) = f'_R(0) \quad \therefore f'_L(x) = 3x^2 + 6x$$

$$f'_L(0) = 0$$

$$f_R(x) = -x^3 + kx^2 + 1$$

$$f'_R(x) = -3x^2 + 2kx$$

$$f'_R(0) = 0$$

$$f'_L(0) = f'_R(0) \quad \checkmark$$

2nd derivatives:

$$f''_L(x) = 6x + 6$$

$$f''_R(x) = -6x + 2k$$

$$\text{At } x=0, f''_L(x) = f''_R(x) \Rightarrow 6 = 2k \quad \text{or } \boxed{k=3} \quad \square$$

#6. Natural spline: nodes =  $1/2, 5/8, 3/4, 7/8, 1$   $n=4$ .  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  so the

$$\text{function values} = 2, 8/5, 4/3, 8/7, 1$$

$$\text{index: } \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

Auxiliary equations:

$$c_1 = 2c_0 - c_1$$

$$c_4 = y_4/6$$

$$c_0 = \frac{y_0}{6}$$

$$c_5 = 2c_4 - c_3$$

Matrix Equations for  $c_1, c_2, c_3$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 - y_0/6 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 - y_4/6 \end{pmatrix}$$

Simplifying:

$$c_1 = 2c_0 - c_1$$

$$c_4 = 1/6 = .1\bar{6}$$

$$\boxed{c_0 = 2/6 = 1/3}$$

$$\boxed{c_5 = 2c_4 - c_3}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8/5 - 2/6 \\ 4/3 \\ 8/7 - 1/6 \end{pmatrix} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 1.2\bar{6} \\ 1.\bar{3} \\ .9262 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solving:  $c_1 \approx .4052$   $c_5 \approx .1445$ 

$$c_1 \approx .2615 \quad c_2 \approx .2207 \quad c_3 \approx .1889$$

$$C = [c_{-1} \quad c_0 \quad c_1 \quad c_2 \quad c_3 \quad c_4 \quad c_5]$$

$$c_{-1} \quad c_0 \quad c_1 \quad c_2 \quad c_3 \quad c_4 \quad c_5$$

□

#7. Recto with computer spline.

|       |               |               |               |               |   |
|-------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| $i:$  | 0             | 1             | 2             | 3             | 4 |
| $x_i$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{5}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{7}{8}$ | 1 |
| $y_i$ | 2             | $\frac{8}{5}$ | $\frac{4}{3}$ | $\frac{8}{7}$ | 1 |

$$h = \frac{1}{8} = .125$$

$$f(x) = x^{-1} \quad f'(x) = -1x^{-2}$$

$$f'(\frac{1}{2}) = -4 \quad f'(1) = -1$$

Auxiliary Equations:

$$c_1 = c_1 - \frac{1}{3} h f'(x_0) = c_1 - \frac{1}{3} (\frac{1}{8}) (-4) = c_1 + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$c_5 = c_3 + \frac{2}{3} f'(x_n) = c_3 + \frac{1}{3} (\frac{1}{8}) (-1) (-1) = c_3 - \frac{1}{24}$$

Matrix equations: 5x5 system

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_0 \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_0 + \frac{1}{3} (\frac{1}{8}) (-4) \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \\ y_n - \frac{1}{3} (\frac{1}{8}) (-1) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 - \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{8}{5} \\ \frac{4}{3} \\ \frac{8}{7} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{24} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \rightarrow 1.8\bar{3} \\ \\ \\ \\ \rightarrow 1.041\bar{7} \end{matrix}$$

Solve gives in order

$$\begin{bmatrix} .4299 & .3267 & .2633 & .2202 & .1892 & .1658 & .1475 \end{bmatrix}$$

"   
  $c_5$

"   
  $c_1$

My plot is perfect, but this answer does not agree with the solutions manual.