Instructions. (100 points) You have 90 minutes. Closed book, closed notes, no calculator. Show all your work in order to receive full credit.

(6^{pts}) **1.** Show that $\lim_{(x,y)\to(-1,1)} \frac{xy+1}{2x^2-y^2-1}$ does not exist.

(8^{pts}) **2.** Use Lagrange multipliers to find the point(s) on the curve $x^2 - 2y^2 = 1$ closest from the point P(0,2).

(6^{pts}) **3.** Find an equation of the tangent plane to the following surface at the point $(x_0, y_0, z_0) = (2, 1, -1)$:

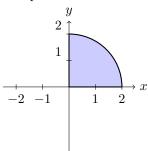
$$x\ln y - 3yz^2 + 1 = xz.$$

(12^{pts}) 4. For each of the iterated integrals below, sketch the region of integration then convert as indicated. DO NOT evaluate.

(a) (6 pts) Rewrite
$$\int_{-2}^{0} \int_{0}^{x^{2}} 3xy \ dy \ dx$$
 in the order $dx \ dy$.

(b) (6 pts) Rewrite
$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_{0}^{1} r^{2} dr d\theta$$
 in rectangular coordinates.

(12^{pts}) 5. Compute the mass m of the planar lamina with density $\rho(x,y)=y^2$ shown below.



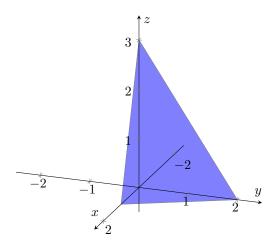
(16^{pts}) **6.** Consider the function:

$$f(x,y) = x^3 - 12xy + 8y^3.$$

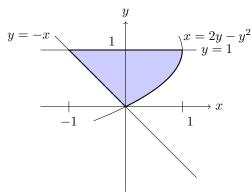
(a) (8 pts) Find and classify all critical points of f(x, y).

(b) (8 pts) Find the absolute minimum and maximum values of f(x,y) in the rectangular region R defined by $0 \le x \le \frac{1}{2}$ and $0 \le y \le 1$.

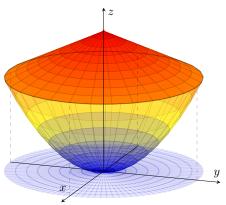
- (22^{pts}) **7.** Evaluate the following.
 - (a) (8 pts) the volume below the plane 6x + 3y + 2z = 6 in the first octant:



(b) (6 pts) the surface area of the cone $z=\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$ above the region R bounded by the graphs of $y=-x,\,x=2y-y^2,\,y=0$ and y=1 as sketched below:



(c) (8 pts) the volume of the solid bounded by the paraboloid $z=x^2+y^2$ and the inverted cone $z=6-\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$ using polar coordinates.



(18^{pts}) 8. The bee population in a boxed beehive is given at each point (x, y, z) by

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + xyz.$$

(a) (6 pts) At the point (3,1,2), what is the unit direction of greatest decrease in population?

(b) (6 pts) Find the directional derivative of f at (3,1,2) in the direction of $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1,2,2 \rangle$?

(c) (6 pts) Use the chain rule (no direct substitution) to find $\frac{df}{dt}$ in terms of t if $x(t) = 4 - t^2$, y(t) = 3t - 2 and $z(t) = 3t^3 - 1$.