## MATH 371 Review problems

- 2. In a large calculus class of 200 students, 40 earn an A on a test, 60 earn a B, and the remaining students earn a C, D, or F. Suppose a random sample of size 25 is taken.
  - (a) Find the probability that five students in the sample earned an A on the exam.
  - (b) Find the marginal probability function for the variable A: number of students who earned an A on the exam.
  - (c) Write down a formula that computes the probability of the event
    - E: Between 2 and 5 students in the sample earn a B on the exam, given that 10 students in the sample earned an A.
  - (d) Give the probability function for the jointly distributed random variables (A, B). Are A and B independent?
- 3. Consider the jointly distributed random variables (X,Y) with joint density function

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} ce^{-y}, & \text{for } 0 \le x \le e^2 - 1, \ 0 \le y \le \ln(x+1) \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Draw the *support* of the joint density function f(x,y); that is, the region S where f(x,y) > 0. Then find the value of c so that f(x,y) is a valid density function on S.
- (b) Set up an integral to find the marginal density  $f_Y(y)$  and include the domain of this function.
- (c) Verify that your marginal density  $f_Y(y)$  is correct by integrating it on the support of Y.
- (d) Find the value of the conditional probability  $P(X \ge 4 \mid Y = \ln(3))$ . Answer:  $\frac{e^2 5}{e^2 3} \approx .54$ .