

Hw #8 12, 14, 32, 36, 54, 60, 66, 92, 94, 106

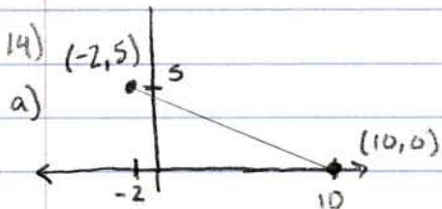
12) pts are $(-2, -3)$ and $(4, -1)$

$$a) d = \sqrt{(-2-4)^2 + (-3-(-1))^2} = \sqrt{(-6)^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{36+4} = \sqrt{40}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$b) \text{midpt: } \left(\frac{-2+4}{2}, \frac{-3+(-1)}{2} \right) = (1, -2)$$



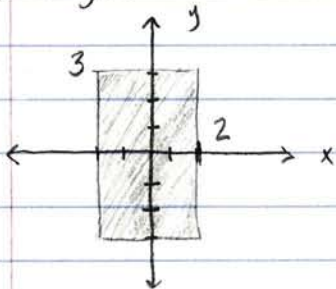
$$b) d = \sqrt{(-2-10)^2 + (5-0)^2} = \sqrt{(-12)^2 + (5)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{169}$$

$$= 13$$

$$c) \text{midpt: } \left(\frac{-2+10}{2}, \frac{5+0}{2} \right) = (4, \frac{5}{2})$$

32) $\{(x,y) \mid |x| \leq 2 \text{ and } |y| \leq 3\}$



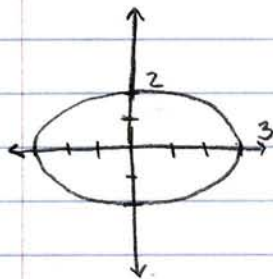
36) a) d from $(7,3)$ to origin is $\sqrt{(7-0)^2 + (3-0)^2} = \sqrt{7^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{58}$ > equal

d from $(3,7)$ to origin is $\sqrt{(3-0)^2 + (7-0)^2} = \sqrt{3^2 + 7^2} = \sqrt{58}$

b) d from (a,b) to origin is $\sqrt{(a-0)^2 + (b-0)^2} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ > equal

d from (b,a) to origin is $\sqrt{(b-0)^2 + (a-0)^2} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$

54) $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$



x intercept: $y=0$ $\frac{x^2}{9} + 0 = 1$

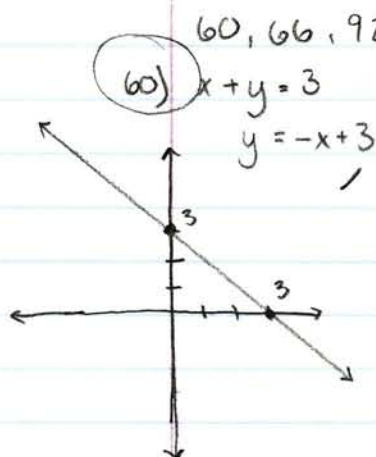
$$x^2 = 9$$

$$x = \pm 3 \Rightarrow (\pm 3, 0)$$

y intercept: $x=0$ $0 + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$

$$y^2 = 4$$

$$y = \pm 2 \Rightarrow (0, \pm 2)$$



x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	✓
y	5	4	3	2	1	0	-1	

y intercept: $x = 0$ $y = 0 + 3$ $y = 3$

x intercept: $y = 0$ $0 = -x + 3$ $x = 3$

x-axis symmetry: $x + (-y) = 3$

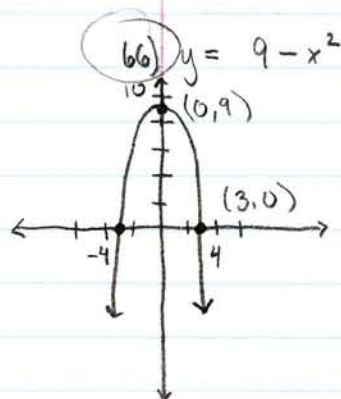
$-x + y = -3 \neq x + y = 3$ not symmetric w/ x-axis

y-axis symmetry: $(-x) + y = 3$

$x - y = -3 \neq x + y = 3$ not symmetric w/ y-axis

Origin symmetry: $(-x) + (-y) = 3$

$x + y = -3 \neq x + y = 3$ not symmetric w/ origin



x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y	-7	0	5	8	9	8	5	0	-7

y intercept: $x = 0$ $y = 9 - 0$ $y = 9$

x intercept: $y = 0$ $0 = 9 - x^2$

$x^2 = 9$ $x = \pm 3$

x-axis symmetry: $(-y) = 9 - x^2$

$y = x^2 - 9 \neq 9 - x^2$ not x-axis symmetry.

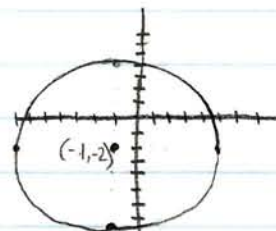
y-axis symmetry: $y = 9 - (-x)^2$

$y = 9 - x^2 \stackrel{!}{=} 9 - x^2$ has y-axis symmetry.

origin symmetry: $(-y) = 9 - (-x)^2$

$y = x^2 - 9 \neq 9 - x^2$ not symmetric w/ origin

92) $(x+1)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 36$ Find center and sketch
 center is at $(-1, -2)$ with radius 6



94) Center $(-1, -4)$ radius 8

$h = -1, k = -4, r = 8$ we get $(x - (-1))^2 + (y - (-4))^2 = 8^2$
 $(x+1)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 64$

106) $x^2 + y^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + 2y + \frac{1}{16} = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{completing the square}} (x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + (\frac{1}{4})^2) + (y^2 + 2y + (\frac{2}{2})^2) = -\frac{1}{16} + (\frac{1}{4})^2 + (\frac{2}{2})^2$
 $\Rightarrow (x + \frac{1}{4})^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 1$

So, Circle has center at $(-\frac{1}{4}, -1)$ and radius of 1