Instructions: Five points total. Problem 2b is worth two points.

- 1. An object is located at the point P(3, -1, 0), but is constrained so that it can only move in the straight-line direction toward the point Q(2, 1, 1).
 - (a) Give, in coordinate form, a vector ${\bf v}$ representing the direction in which the object can move.

 $\mathbf{v} =$

(b) Give, in coordinate form, a unit vector ${\bf u}$ pointing in the direction that the object can move.

 $\mathbf{u} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

- 2. (a) Determine if the vectors $\mathbf{v}_1 = (-1, 3, 7)$ and $\mathbf{v}_2 = (-2, -3, 1)$ are perpendicular.
 - (b) Find a vector ${\bf a}$ that is perpendicular to the plane containing the vectors ${\bf v_1}$ and ${\bf v_2}$.