

**Instructions:** You get one point for taking this quiz.

1. Let  $f(x, y) = x^2y + \cos(xy^2) + \ln(xy)$

(a) (2 pts.) Compute the partial derivatives  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2xy - \sin(xy^2)[y^2] + \frac{1}{xy} \cdot y$$

$$= \boxed{2xy - y^2 \sin(xy^2) + \frac{1}{x} \quad x \neq 0 \quad y \neq 0}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x^2 - \sin(xy^2)[2xy] + \frac{1}{xy} \cdot x$$

$$= \boxed{x^2 - 2xy \sin(xy^2) + \frac{1}{y} \quad y \neq 0 \quad x \neq 0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \nearrow \\ & x^2 - 2xy \sin(xy^2) + \frac{1}{y} \\ & \text{(MORE LEGIBLE.)} \end{aligned}$$

(b) (2 pts.) Consider the point  $P(\pi, 1)$  in the domain of  $f(x, y)$ . Give the instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x, y)$  with respect to  $x$  at the point  $P$ , and determine (with brief explanation) if the function  $f(x, y)$  is increasing or decreasing in the positive  $x$ -direction at the point  $P$ .

(i) Find  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(\pi, 1)$  :  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(\pi, 1) = 2\pi(1) - 1^2 \sin(\pi(1)^2) + \frac{1}{\pi}$

$$= 2\pi - 0 + \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$= \boxed{2\pi + \frac{1}{\pi}}$$

(ii) Since  $\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right|_{(\pi, 1)} = 2\pi + \frac{1}{\pi} > 0$ ,  $f(x, y)$  is increasing

in the positive  $x$ -direction.