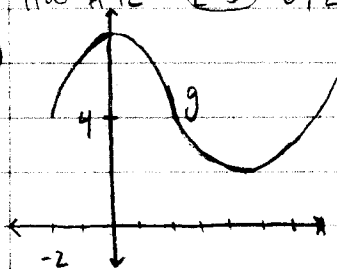


HW #12 (2.3) 6, 20, 32, 34, 36, 46, 48 (2.4) 8, 10, 12

6)



a) $g(-2) = 4$

$g(0) = 7$

$g(7) = 4$

c) $g(-2) = 4$

$g(2) = 4$

$g(7) = 4$

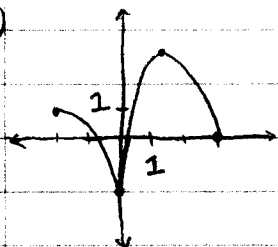
d) $g(x) > 4$ when $-2 < x < 2$ and $7 < x \leq 8$

b) Domain $[-2, 8]$

Range $[2, 7]$

$g(x) = 4$ when $x = -2, 2, 7$

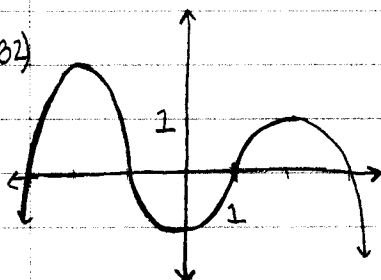
20)



a) increasing on $[0, 1]$

b) decreasing on $[-2, 0]$ and $[1, 3]$

32)



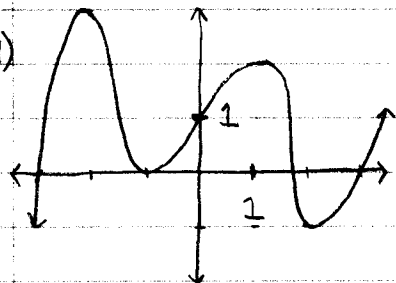
a) Local max: 2 at $x = -2$, and 1 at $x = 2$

Local min: -1 at $x = 0$

b) Increases on $(-\infty, -2]$ and $[0, 2]$

decreases on $[-2, 0]$ and $[2, \infty)$

34)



a) Local max: 3 at $x = -2$, and 2 at $x = 1$

Local min: 0 at $x = -1$, and -1 at $x = 2$

b) Increases on $(-\infty, -2]$, $[-1, 1]$, $[2, \infty)$

decreases on $[-2, -1]$, $[1, 2]$

Extra Credit.

36) $f(x) = 3 + x + x^2 - x^3$

a) Local max 4.00 when $x \approx 1.00$

Local min 2.81 when $x \approx -0.33$

b) Increases on $[-0.33, 1.00]$

decreases on $(-\infty, -0.33]$, $[1.00, \infty)$

46.48 (2.4) 8, 10, 12 (3, 5]

46b) increasing on $[8, 9]$, $[10, 12]$ and $[15, 17]$

Constant on $[9, 10]$, $[12, 13]$ and $[17, 18]$

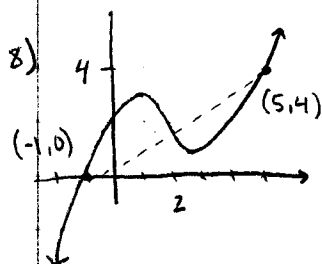
decreasing on $[13, 15]$, $[18, 19]$ ($[1, 3]$, $[6, 7]$)

b) The salesman travels away from home and stops to make a sales call between 9 and 10 am, then travels further from home for a sales call between 12 noon and 1 pm. Next he travels along a route that takes him closer to home before taking him further away from home. He then makes a final sales call between 5 and 6 pm, then goes home.

48a) increases on $[0, 25]$, decreases on $[25, 50]$

b) A maximum population was 50,000, and it was attained at $x=25$ years which is 1975

(2.4)



average rate of change is $\frac{4-0}{5-(-1)} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$

10) $g(x) = 5 + \frac{1}{2}x$ $x=1, 5$

$$\text{average rate of change} = \frac{g(5) - g(1)}{5 - 1} = \frac{[5 + \frac{1}{2}(5)] - [5 + \frac{1}{2}(1)]}{4}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15}{2} - \frac{11}{2}}{4} = \frac{\frac{4}{2}}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

12) $f(z) = 1 - 3z^2$ $z = -2, z = 0$

$$\text{average rate of change} = \frac{f(0) - f(-2)}{0 - (-2)} = \frac{[1 - 3(0)^2] - [1 - 3(-2)^2]}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1 - (-11)}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$$