



DEPARTAMENTO DE COMPUTACION

Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales - UBA

Trabajo Práctico Funcional

Paradigmas de Lenguajes de Programación

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1. Código fuente

1.1. Solución

```

module MapReduce where

import Data.Ord
import Data.List

-- -----Sección 1: Diccionario-----
type Dict k v = [(k,v)]

-- Ejercicio 1

belongs :: Eq k => k -> Dict k v -> Bool
-- obtiene una lista con las keys del diccionario, y
-- verifica si la key provista es elemento de la lista

belongs k d = elem k $ map fst $ d

(?) :: Eq k => Dict k v -> k -> Bool
(?) = flip belongs

-- Ejercicio 2

get :: Eq k => k -> Dict k v -> v
-- precondition: belongs k d == True
-- filtra todos los pares del diccionario donde la key no es la
-- key provista. en principio, el resultado podria tener 0 o 1 elementos,
-- pero dada la precondition, el resultado tendra necesariamente 1 elemento.
-- al tomar head de la lista obtenida, se obtiene el par (k, v) correspondiente,
-- siendo el resultado final el value v

get k d = snd $ head $ filter (\kv -> (fst kv) == k) $ d

(!) :: Eq k => Dict k v -> k -> v
(!) = flip get

-- Ejercicio 3

insertWith :: Eq k => (v -> v -> v) -> k -> v -> Dict k v -> Dict k v
-- si la key no esta definida en el diccionario, simplemente se agrega el par
-- (k, v) al mismo.
-- de lo contrario, se mapea cada value del diccionario a si mismo, salvo
-- el value de la key que se esta modificando, el cual recibe el nuevo valor
-- de f(value_anterior, value_nuevo)

insertWith f k v d
  | not $ d ? k    = (k, v) : d
  | otherwise      = map (\kv -> newValue kv) d
  where
    newValue kv = if (fst kv) /= k then kv else (fst kv, f (snd kv) v)

-- Ejercicio 4

```

```
groupByKey :: Eq k => [(k,v)] -> Dict k [v]
-- obtiene una lista de todos los keys en la lista de entrada removiendo duplicados
-- luego, el resultado es una lista de pares donde a cada key unica 'k' le asigna un listado
-- con todos los valores que aparecen en un par asociado con 'k'
```

```
groupByKey xs = [(k, valuesOf k) | k <- keys xs]
  where
    keys xs = nub $ map fst $ xs
    valuesOf k = map snd $ filter (\kv -> (fst kv) == k) $ xs
```

```
-- Ejercicio 5
```

```
unionWith :: Eq k => (v -> v -> v) -> Dict k v -> Dict k v -> Dict k v
-- devuelve una lista donde, por cada key 'k' en la union de los keys
-- de los diccionarios de entrada 'd1' y 'd2', se incluye un par (k, v)
-- con el valor correspondiente a 'k' si este aparece en un unico diccionario,
-- o con el valor f(v1, v2) si aparece en ambos
```

```
unionWith f d1 d2 = [(k, valueOf k) | k <- union (keys d1) (keys d2)]
  where
    keys d = map fst d
    valueOf k
      | (d1 ? k) && (d2 ? k) = f (d1 ! k) (d2 ! k)
      | (d1 ? k)            = (d1 ! k)
      | otherwise           = (d2 ! k)
```

```
-- -----Sección 2 : MapReduce-----
```

```
type Mapper a k v = a -> [(k,v)]
type Reducer k v b = (k, [v]) -> [b]
data Structure = Street | City | Monument deriving Show
```

```
-- Ejercicio 6
```

```
distributionProcess :: Int -> [a] -> [[a]]
-- a cada elemento x de xs lo transforma en (i, x), donde i es el
-- bucket que le corresponde. luego, la respuesta es una comprensión
-- de n buckets, cada uno de ellos con los elementos que le corresponden.
```

```
distributionProcess n xs = [bucketElements i | i <- [1..n]]
  where
    ix = zip [1 + mod (i - 1) n | i <- [1..length xs]] xs
    bucketElements i = map snd $ filter (\ix -> (fst ix) == i) $ ix
```

```
-- Ejercicio 7
```

```
mapperProcess :: Eq k => Mapper a k v -> [a] -> [(k,[v])]
-- aplica la funcion mp a cada elemento de xs, generando
-- muchas listas de tipo [(k, v)]. luego las concatena en
-- una unica lista y aplica la funcion groupByKey para
-- agrupar los pares (k, v) por clave
```

```
mapperProcess mp xs = groupByKey $ concat $ map mp $ xs
```

-- Ejercicio 8

```
combinerProcess :: (Eq k, Ord k) => [[(k, [v])]] -> [(k, [v])]
-- dada la lista con el resultado del mapperProcess 'ejecutado'
-- en cada maquina, une los resultados en un unico diccionario
-- donde a cada clave se le asigna la concatenacion de todos sus
-- valores en todos los resultados parciales

combinerProcess xs = foldr (\x r -> unionWith (++) x r) [] $ xs
```

-- Ejercicio 9

```
reducerProcess :: Reducer k v b -> [(k, [v])] -> [b]
-- aplica la funcion reducer a cada par (k, [v]) producto del
-- proceso de combinacion, generando en cada caso una lista de
-- resultados. luego, se concatenan los resultados generados para
-- todas las claves

reducerProcess rd xs = concat $ map rd $ xs
```

-- Ejercicio 10

```
mapReduce :: (Eq k, Ord k) => Mapper a k v -> Reducer k v b -> [a] -> [b]
-- primero distribuye todos los documentos a procesar de la entrada
-- entre 100 maquinas, luego aplica el mapperProcess a cada subconjunto
-- de la entrada (simulando la ejecucion en multiples maquinas).
-- luego se combinan los resultados parciales del mapeo en cada maquina
-- y se realiza el proceso de reduccion

mapReduce mp rd xs = reduced $ combined $ mapped $ distributed $ xs
  where
    distributed = distributionProcess 100
    mapped = map $ mapperProcess mp
    combined = combinerProcess
    reduced = reducerProcess rd
```

-- Ejercicio 11

```
visitasPorMonumento :: [String] -> Dict String Int
-- cada vez que se procesa un monumento, se emite el par (nombre, 1)
-- luego la funcion de reduccion simplemente cuenta la cantidad de 1's
-- que aparecen como valor para una key determinada

visitasPorMonumento = mapReduce mp rd
  where
    mp s = [(s, 1)]
    rd (k, vs) = [(k, length vs)]
```

-- Ejercicio 12

```
monumentosTop :: [String] -> [String]
-- computa la cantidad de visitas por monumento (utilizando el ejercicio previo)
-- y luego realiza otra etapa de procesamiento mapReduce donde se ordenan
```

```
-- las tuplas (monumento, cantidad de visitas)

monumentosTop xs = mapReduce mp rd $ visitasPorMonumento $ xs
  where
    mp (s, i) = [(1, (s, i))]
    rd (k, vs) = map fst $ sortBy (\a b -> compare (snd b) (snd a)) $ vs

-- Ejercicio 13

monumentosPorPais :: [(Structure, Dict String String)] -> [(String, Int)]
-- la funcion de mapeo solo emite key-value's en el caso de que
-- el documento procesado sea un Monumento, ignorando los demas features.
-- para cada monumento, se emite el key-value (pais, 1), permitiendo que en
-- la etapa de reduccion se cuente la cantidad de veces que aparece cada pais
-- simplemente contando la cantidad de 1's (similar al ejercicio 11)

monumentosPorPais = mapReduce mp rd
  where
    mp (Monument, dt) = [(dt ! "country", 1)]
    mp (_, dt) = []
    rd (k, vs) = [(k, length vs)]
```

1.2. Tests

```
-- Para correr los tests deben cargar en hugs el módulo Tests
-- y evaluar la expresión "main".
-- Algunas funciones que pueden utilizar para chequear resultados:
-- http://hackage.haskell.org/package/hspec-expectations-0.6.1/docs/Test-Hspec-Expectations.html
```

```
import Test.Hspec
import Data.List
import MapReduce
```

```
-- ----- Ejemplo de datos para el ejercicio 13 -----
```

```
items1 :: [(Structure, Dict String String)]
```

```
items1 = [
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "Obelisco"),
    ("latlong", "-36.6033,-57.3817"),
    ("country", "Argentina")]),
  (Street, [
    ("name", "Int. Güiraldes"),
    ("latlong", "-34.5454,-58.4386"),
    ("country", "Argentina")]),
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "San Martín"),
    ("country", "Argentina"),
    ("latlong", "-34.6033,-58.3817")]),
  (City, [
    ("name", "Paris"),
    ("country", "Francia"),
    ("latlong", "-24.6033,-18.3817")]),
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "Bagdad Bridge"),
    ("country", "Irak"),
    ("new_field", "new"),
    ("latlong", "-11.6033,-12.3817")])
]
```

```
items2 :: [(Structure, Dict String String)]
```

```
items2 = [
]
```

```
items3 :: [(Structure, Dict String String)]
```

```
items3 = [
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "Obelisco"),
    ("latlong", "-36.6033,-57.3817"),
    ("country", "Argentina")]),
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "Obelisco"),
    ("latlong", "-36.6033,-57.3817"),
    ("country", "Brasil")]),
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "Obelisco"),
    ("latlong", "-36.6033,-57.3817"),
    ("country", "Yugoslavia")]),
  (Monument, [
    ("name", "Obelisco"),

```

```

    ("latlong", "-36.6033, -57.3817"),
    ("country", "Argentina"))],
(Street, [
    ("name", "Int. Güiraldes"),
    ("latlong", "-34.5454, -58.4386"),
    ("country", "Argentina"))],
(Monument, [
    ("name", "San Martín"),
    ("country", "Argentina"),
    ("latlong", "-34.6033, -58.3817"))],
(City, [
    ("name", "Paris"),
    ("country", "Francia"),
    ("latlong", "-24.6033, -18.3817"))],
(City, [
    ("name", "Paris"),
    ("country", "Francia"),
    ("latlong", "-24.6033, -18.3817"))],
(Monument, [
    ("name", "Bagdad Bridge"),
    ("country", "Yugoslavia"),
    ("new_field", "new"),
    ("latlong", "-11.6033, -12.3817"))]
]

```

-- ----- Tests -----

```

main :: IO ()
main = hspec $ do
  describe "Utilizando Diccionarios" $ do
    it "belongs, (?)" $ do
      belongs 3 [(3, "A"), (0, "R"), (7, "G")]
      'shouldBe' True
      belongs "k" []
      'shouldBe' False
      [("H", [1]), ("E", [2]), ("Y", [0])] ? "R"
      'shouldBe' False
      [("V", [1]), ("O", [2]), ("S", [0])] ? "V"
      'shouldBe' True
      [("calle", [3]), ("city", [2, 1])] ? "city"
      'shouldBe' True

    it "get, (!)" $ do
      get 3 [(3, "A"), (0, "R"), (7, "G")]
      'shouldBe' "A"
      [("V", [1]), ("O", [2]), ("S", [0])] ! "V"
      'shouldBe' [1]
      [("calle", [3]), ("city", [2, 1])] ! "city"
      'shouldBe' [2, 1]

    it "insertWith" $ do
      insertWith (++) 1 [99] [(1, [1]), (2, [2])]
      'shouldMatchList' [(1, [1, 99]), (2, [2])]
      insertWith (++) 3 [99] [(1, [1]), (2, [2])]
      'shouldMatchList' [(1, [1]), (2, [2]), (3, [99])]
      insertWith (++) 2 ['p'] (insertWith (++) 1 ['a', 'b'] (insertWith (++) 1 ['l'] []))
      'shouldMatchList' [(1, "lab"), (2, "p")]

```

```

it "groupByKey" $ do
  groupByKey [("calle", "Jean Jaures"), ("ciudad", "Brujas"), ("ciudad", "Kyoto"), ("calle", "7")]
  'shouldMatchList' [("calle", ["Jean Jaures", "7"]), ("ciudad", ["Brujas", "Kyoto"])]
  groupByKey [("10", 4), ("33", 756), ("10", 32), ("95", 76), ("33", -68), ("10", 777)]
  'shouldMatchList' [("10", [4, 32, 777]), ("33", [756, -68]), ("95", [76])]
  groupByKey (groupByKey (groupByKey [("10", 4), ("10", 45)]))
  'shouldMatchList' [("10", [[4, 45]])]

it "unionWith" $ do
  unionWith (++) [("calle", [3]), ("city", [2, 1])] [("calle", [4]), ("altura", [1, 3, 2])]
  'shouldMatchList' [("calle", [3, 4]), ("city", [2, 1]), ("altura", [1, 3, 2])]
  unionWith (+) [("calle", 23), ("city", 654)] [("calle", -23), ("altura", 435), ("city", -1)]
  'shouldMatchList' [("calle", 0), ("city", 653), ("altura", 435)]
  unionWith union [("calle", [0]), ("city", [653]), ("altura", [435])]
    [("calle", [3, 4]), ("city", [2, 1]), ("altura", [1, 3, 2])]
  'shouldMatchList' [("calle", [0, 3, 4]), ("city", [653, 2, 1]), ("altura", [435, 1, 3, 2])]

describe "Utilizando Map Reduce" $ do
  it "distributionProcess" $ do
    distributionProcess 5 [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12]
    'shouldBe' [[1, 6, 11], [2, 7, 12], [3, 8], [4, 9], [5, 10]]
    distributionProcess 2 [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12]
    'shouldBe' [[1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11], [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12]]
    distributionProcess 97 [1..150]
    'shouldBe' [[1, 98], [2, 99], [3, 100], [4, 101], [5, 102], [6, 103], [7, 104],
      [8, 105], [9, 106], [10, 107], [11, 108], [12, 109], [13, 110], [14, 111], [15, 112],
      [16, 113], [17, 114], [18, 115], [19, 116], [20, 117], [21, 118], [22, 119], [23, 120],
      [24, 121], [25, 122], [26, 123], [27, 124], [28, 125], [29, 126], [30, 127], [31, 128],
      [32, 129], [33, 130], [34, 131], [35, 132], [36, 133], [37, 134], [38, 135], [39, 136],
      [40, 137], [41, 138], [42, 139], [43, 140], [44, 141], [45, 142], [46, 143], [47, 144],
      [48, 145], [49, 146], [50, 147], [51, 148], [52, 149], [53, 150], [54], [55], [56], [57],
      [58], [59], [60], [61], [62], [63], [64], [65], [66], [67], [68], [69], [70], [71], [72],
      [73], [74], [75], [76], [77], [78], [79], [80], [81], [82], [83], [84], [85], [86], [87],
      [88], [89], [90], [91], [92], [93], [94], [95], [96], [97]]

  it "mapperProcess" $ do
    mapperProcess (\xs -> [(x, 1) | x <- xs]) [[1, 6, 11], [6, 7, 12], [12, 8], [11, 9], [1, 10]]
    'shouldBe' [(1, [1, 1]), (6, [1, 1]), (11, [1, 1]), (7, [1]), (12, [1, 1]), (8, [1]), (9, [1]), (10, [1])]
    mapperProcess (\xs -> [(product xs, sum xs)])
      [[1, 6, 11], [6, 7, 12], [12, 8], [11, 9], [66, 1]]
    'shouldBe' [(66, [18, 67]), (504, [25]), (96, [20]), (99, [20])]

  it "combinerProcess" $ do
    combinerProcess [(1, [1, 1]), (66, [1, 1]), (11, [1, 1]), (7, [1]), (99, [1, 1]), (8, [1]),
      (9, [1]), (10, [1])], [(66, [18, 67]), (504, [25]), (96, [20]), (99, [20])]
    'shouldBe' [(1, [1, 1]), (66, [1, 1, 18, 67]), (11, [1, 1]), (7, [1]), (99, [1, 1, 20]),
      (8, [1]), (9, [1]), (10, [1]), (504, [25]), (96, [20])]

  it "reducerProcess" $ do
    reducerProcess (\(k, vs) -> k:vs)
      [(1, [1, 1]), (66, [1, 1, 18, 67]), (11, [1, 1]), (7, [1]), (99, [1, 1, 20]),
      (8, [1]), (9, [1]), (10, [1]), (504, [25]), (96, [20])]
    'shouldBe' [1, 1, 1, 66, 1, 1, 18, 67, 11, 1, 1, 7, 1, 99, 1, 1, 20, 8, 1, 9, 1, 10, 1, 504, 25, 96, 20]

  it "visitasPorMonumento" $ do
    visitasPorMonumento [ "m1" , "m2" , "m3" , "m2", "m1", "m3", "m3"]
    'shouldMatchList' [("m3", 3), ("m1", 2), ("m2", 2)]
    visitasPorMonumento [ "m1" , "m2" , "m3" , "m2", "m1", "m3", "m3",

```



```
      "m1" , "m2" , "m3" , "m2", "m1", "m3", "m3"]
    'shouldMatchList' [("m3",6), ("m1",4), ("m2",4)]
visitasPorMonumento ([ "m2" , "m2" , "m3" , "m2", "m1", "m3", "m2"] ++ ["m100" | i <- [1..100]])
    'shouldMatchList' [("m2",4), ("m100",100), ("m3",2), ("m1",1)]

it "monumentosTop" $ do
  monumentosTop [ "m1", "m0", "m0", "m0", "m2", "m2", "m3"]
    'shouldSatisfy' (\res -> res == ["m0", "m2", "m3", "m1"]
      || res == ["m0", "m2", "m1", "m3"])
  monumentosTop ([ "m2" , "m2" , "m3" , "m2", "m1", "m3", "m2"] ++ ["m100" | i <- [1..100]])
    'shouldBe' ["m100", "m2", "m3", "m1"]

it "monumentosPorPais" $ do
  monumentosPorPais items1
    'shouldMatchList' [("Argentina", 2), ("Irak", 1)]
  monumentosPorPais items2
    'shouldMatchList' []
  monumentosPorPais items3
    'shouldMatchList' [("Argentina",3), ("Brasil",1), ("Yugoslavia",2)]
```