

Lab Test One 2013

Prescription Number: ENCE360

Lab Test Course Title: Operating Systems

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Number of pages: 13

- This exam is worth a total of 20 marks
- Contribution to final grade: 20 %
- Length: 3 questions
- Use this *exam paper* for answering *all* questions. If you need more space, use a separate *Answer Booklet* provided.
- This is an open book test. Notes, text books and online resources may be used.
- This open book test is supervised as a University of Canterbury exam. Therefore you cannot communicate with anyone other than the supervisors during the test. Anyone using email or other forms of communication with others will be removed and score zero for this test.
- Please answer *all* questions carefully and to the point. Check carefully the number of marks allocated to each question. This suggests the degree of detail required in each answer, and the amount of time you should spend on the question.

1 Instructions

First reboot your PC (to minimise problems during the test)

Now, write your name and student number at the top of the front page of this paper to avoid scoring 0. This test is open book. You are given 90 minutes. To answer each question you need to write the answer on this exam paper. If you need extra space, you may request an answer book.

To help with your written answers, you may edit the files supplied to you. The examiner not look at the edited files. Your source code files are not marked.

Only this written test paper is marked.

So your source code files are NOT marked.

There are three questions, worth a total of 20 marks.

1.1 Preparation

Log in with your normal user code. At the beginning of the test, the source code files for this test will be available from Learn.

Before the test begins you may check that the files are available, you may not view or edit them until the test has begun.

You should now have the following files:

- "2012 mock lab test.pdf" this lab test handout
- one.c source code for question one
- twoServer.c, twoClient.c source code for question two
- threeServer.c, threeClient.c source code for question three

If you do not have all these files, then call over an exam supervisor promptly.

These source code files are not marked.

1.2 Comments and code layout

Your source code answers (hand-written on this exam paper) should always be neatly laid out and commented to make it clear to the examiner. There are a total of FOUR MARKS across all three questions for commenting in your written answers.

This test paper has semi-complete source code for which your task is to fill out all the gaps (empty boxes) and comment almost every line of the code – both the supplied code and your added lines of code.

Separate source code files are also supplied for each question. But any commenting in these separate source code files is not examined.

Only your answers in this written paper are marked.

Your edited source code files are NOT marked.

Question 1: Mutex (4 Marks)

The child thread, set_data() is setting gobal_data to a random number with rand().

The child thread, read_data() is displaying the value of global_data.

Use a mutex to protect the critical region of code accessing this global variable. To enable consistent results, place the printf() inside this critical region.

```
(Hint: use pthread_mutex_lock() and pthread_mutex_unlock())
```

Your task for this question is to complete the code below and **comment almost every line of code**, including both existing and new lines of code.

Source code is in one.c

Compile one.c using: gcc -o one one.c -lpthread

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
pthread mutex t mutex1 = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
int global data = 0;
void read data();
void set data();
int main()
{
    pthread t thread1, thread2;
    int thread return1, thread return2;
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 5; i++) {</pre>
            thread return1 = pthread create( &thread1, NULL, (void*) &set data, NULL);
            thread_return2 = pthread_create( &thread2, NULL, (void*)&read_data, NULL);
      }
    pthread join(thread1, NULL);
    pthread join(thread2, NULL);
    printf("exiting\n");
    exit(0);
}
```

```
void set_data()
{
    /* use: global_data = rand(); */

    pthread_mutex_lock( &mutex1 );
    printf("Setting data\t");
    global_data = rand();
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &mutex1 );
}

void read_data()
{
    int data;

    pthread_mutex_lock( &mutex1 );
    data = global_data;
    printf("Data: %d\n", data);
    pthread_mutex_unlock( &mutex1 );
```

//Run the program and write down the results displayed:

```
Setting data Data: 1481765933
```

Question 2: Pipes (12 Marks)

Two named pipes are created for two way communication between a server (twoServer.c) and a client (twoClient.c). One is created by the server and the other is created by the client.

Two unnamed pipes are also created for two way communication between the server and a child process it forks.

Text typed into the client terminal is piped to the server and then to the child process which "compresses" the text by changing it to lower case and stripping out any vowels.

This compressed text is piped back to the parent process and then piped back to the client to be displayed on the client terminal.

enter text \rightarrow client \rightarrow server \rightarrow child(compress text) \rightarrow server \rightarrow client \rightarrow display text

Your task for this question is to complete the code below and **comment almost every line of code**, including both existing and new lines of code.

Source code files are in **twoClient.c** and **twoServer.c**Compile twoServer.c using: gcc twoServer.c -o twoServer

Compile twoClient.c using: gcc twoClient.c -o twoClient

To run:

• open two terminals

• in one terminal type: **twoServer**

• in the other terminal type: **twoClient**

(Note: always run twoServer before twoClient)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define PRE FILE "PRE PIPE"
#define POST_FILE "POST_PIPE"
#define BUFSIZE 80
int main(void)
     FILE* fp1; // file pointer to named pipe
     FILE* fp2; // file pointer to named pipe
     char buffer[BUFSIZE] = {0};
     char recieved[BUFSIZE] = {0};
     /* open an existing client to server named pipe: */
     fp1 = fopen(PRE_FILE, "w");
     printf("Enter a string to compress (no spaces): ");
     scanf("%s", buffer);
     fputs(buffer, fp1); // pipe text to the server
     fclose(fp1);
     /* create a server to client named pipe (if it does not exist): */
     mknod(POST FILE, S IFIFO | 0666, 0);
     fp2 = fopen(POST FILE, "r");
     fgets(recieved, BUFSIZE, fp2); //read compressed text back from server
     printf("Recieved from server: %s\n", recieved);
     fclose(fp2);
     return 0;
}
```

```
/****************************** twoServer.c ***********************/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#define PRE_FILE "PRE_PIPE"
#define POST FILE "POST PIPE"
#define BUFSIZE 80
#define ASCII_A 97
#define ASCII E 101
#define ASCII I 105
#define ASCII_0 111
#define ASCII U 117
int isNotVowel(char c)
{
     /* return 0 if the character is a vowel, otherwise return 1 */
      if (c != ASCII A && c != ASCII E && c != ASCII I && c != ASCII O && c != ASCII U)
           return 1;
      else
           return 0;
void clearBuffer(char* buff)
     int i;
     for(i = 0; i < BUFSIZE; i++)</pre>
          buff[i] = ' \setminus 0';
}
```

```
int main(void)
      FILE* fp1;
      FILE* fp2;
      char buffer[BUFSIZE] = {0};
      char modified[BUFSIZE] = {0};
      pid_t childPid;
      int child_status;
      int fd1[2];
      int fd2[2];
      int i,p;
      /* Create a client to server named pipe (if it does not exist): */
      umask(0);
      mknod(PRE FILE, S IFIFO | 0666, 0);
      while(1) {
            clearBuffer(buffer);
            clearBuffer(modified);
            fp1 = fopen(PRE FILE, "r");
            /\star read text from client via the named pipe: \star/
            fgets(buffer, BUFSIZE, fp1);
            fclose(fp1);
            /* create two unnamed pipes for communication between parent and child: */
            if (pipe(fd1) == -1) {
                  perror("pipe");
                  exit(1);
            }
            if (pipe(fd2) == -1) {
                  perror("pipe");
                  exit(1);
            }
```

```
/* fork a child */
childPid = fork();
if(childPid == -1) {
      perror("fork");
      exit(2);
else if (childPid == 0) { /* in the child code */
      /\!\!\!\!^{\star} read text from a pipe from the parent ^{\star}/\!\!\!
      close(fd1[1]);
      if (read(fd1[0], modified, BUFSIZE) == -1) {
            perror("Read");
            exit(3);
      /* compress text: convert all leters to lower case & remove vowels */
      p = 0;
      for(i = 0; i < strlen(modified); i++) {</pre>
            modified[i] = tolower(modified[i]);
            char c = modified[i];
            if (isNotVowel(c)) {
                   modified[p] = c;
                  p++;
             }
      modified[p] = ' \setminus 0';
      /* pipe compressed text back to the parent: */
      close(fd2[0]);
      if (write(fd2[1], modified, strlen(modified)) == -1) {
            perror("Write");
            exit(4);
      /* child is finished so exit */
      exit(0);
}
```

}

```
else { /* in the parent code */
            /* pipe text to the child: */
            close(fd1[0]);
            if (write(fd1[1], buffer, strlen(buffer)) == -1) {
                  perror("Write");
                  exit(5);
            }
            /* the child will convert the message...*/
            /* read compressed text back from the child: */
            close(fd2[1]);
            if (read(fd2[0], modified, BUFSIZE) == -1) {
                  perror("Read");
                  exit(6);
            }
      wait(&child_status);
      /* pipe compressed text back to the client: */
      fp2 = fopen(POST_FILE, "w");
      fputs (modified, fp2);
      fclose(fp2);
}
return 0;
```

Question 3: Sockets (4 Marks)

Your task for this question is to add error checks to the code below and **comment almost every line of code**, including both existing and new lines of code. Source files are in **threeServer.c** and **threeClient.c**.

To compile: gcc twoServer.c -o twoServer and gcc twoClient.c -o twoClient

To run: In one terminal type **twoServer** and in the other terminal type **twoClient** (but always run twoServer before twoClient).

threeServer.c:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#define PORT NUMBER 1234
#define BUFFER SIZE 512
int main() {
    char buffer[BUFFER SIZE] = { '\0' };
    struct sockaddr in server address, client address;
    int server_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0); /* create a socket */
    server address.sin family = AF INET;
    server address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
    server address.sin port = htons(PORT NUMBER);
    bind(server socket, (struct sockaddr *) &server address,
                              sizeof(struct sockaddr in)); /* bind to PORT NUMBER */
    listen(server socket, 5);
    socklen t client address length = sizeof(struct sockaddr in);
    int client socket = accept(server socket, (struct sockaddr *) &client address,
                               &client address length); /* accept client's socket */
    int message length = read(client socket, buffer, BUFFER SIZE-1); /* from client */
    printf("from client: %s\n", buffer);
    message length = sprintf(buffer, "back to ya client");
    message length = write(client socket, buffer, message length); /* to client */
    close(client socket);
    return 0;
```

threeClient.c:

}

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#define PORT NUMBER "1234"
#define BUFFER SIZE 512
int main()
    struct addrinfo hints;
      struct addrinfo *server address = NULL;
    char buffer[BUFFER SIZE] = {'\0'};
    int socket_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0); /* create a socket */
    memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(struct addrinfo));
    hints.ai_family = AF_INET;
    hints.ai socktype = SOCK STREAM;
    getaddrinfo("localhost", PORT_NUMBER, &hints, &server_address);
    connect(socket fd, server address->ai addr, server address->ai addrlen);
    int message_length = sprintf(buffer, "hello server");
    message_length = write(socket_fd, buffer, message_length); /* to server */
   message_length = read(socket_fd, buffer, BUFFER_SIZE-1);    /* from server */
    printf("from server: %s\n", buffer);
    close(socket fd);
    return 0;
```