## **Assignment-based Subjective Questions**

**Question 1**. From your analysis of the categorical variables from the dataset, what could you infer about their effect on the dependent variable? (Do not edit)

Total Marks: 3 marks (Do not edit)

**Answer:** <Your answer for Question 1 goes below this line> (Do not edit)

Season – unfavourable season is rainy

Workingday – redg users use bikes on workdays where as causal folks prefer non working days Mnth – demand is higher in the months June, jul, aug, sep

**Question 2.** Why is it important to use **drop\_first=True** during dummy variable creation? (Do not edit)

**Total Marks:** 2 marks (Do not edit)

**Answer:** <Your answer for Question 2 goes below this line> (Do not edit)

Idea is to avoid multi collinearity seeping into the model.

**Question 3.** Looking at the pair-plot among the numerical variables, which one has the highest correlation with the target variable? (Do not edit)

**Total Marks:** 1 mark (Do not edit)

Answer: <Your answer for Question 3 goes below this line> (Do not edit)

Temperature as a variable affects the target variable highest.

**Question 4.** How did you validate the assumptions of Linear Regression after building the model on the training set? (Do not edit)

Total Marks: 3 marks (Do not edit)

Answer: <Your answer for Question 4 goes below this line> (Do not edit)

- 1) Linear relationship between actual vs predicted values i.e points distributed symmetrically along the line.
- 2) Normal distribution of error terms with a mean of zero
- 3) Constant variance of error terms

**Question 5.** Based on the final model, which are the top 3 features contributing significantly towards explaining the demand of the shared bikes? (Do not edit)

Total Marks: 2 marks (Do not edit)

**Answer:** <Your answer for Question 5 goes below this line> (Do not edit)

The three variables are -

Temperature, season, workingday

## **General Subjective Questions**

Question 6. Explain the linear regression algorithm in detail. (Do not edit)

Total Marks: 4 marks (Do not edit)

**Answer:** Please write your answer below this line. (Do not edit)

<Your answer for Question 6 goes here>

Question 7. Explain the Anscombe's quartet in detail. (Do not edit)

Total Marks: 3 marks (Do not edit)

**Answer:** Please write your answer below this line. (Do not edit)

<Your answer for Question 7 goes here>

Question 8. What is Pearson's R? (Do not edit)

**Total Marks:** 3 marks (Do not edit)

**Answer:** Please write your answer below this line. (Do not edit)

<Your answer for Question 8 goes here>

It measures the relationship and strength between variables

**Question 9.** What is scaling? Why is scaling performed? What is the difference between normalized scaling and standardized scaling? (Do not edit)

**Total Marks:** 3 marks (Do not edit)

Answer: Please write your answer below this line. (Do not edit)

<Your answer for Question 9 goes here>

Scaling is used to normalize the data of higher data ranges. MinMax scaling normalizes data between 0 and 1. Standardization converts all data points into a standard normal distribution.

**Question 10.** You might have observed that sometimes the value of VIF is infinite. Why does this happen? (Do not edit)

Total Marks: 3 marks (Do not edit)

Answer: Please write your answer below this line. (Do not edit)

<Your answer for Question 10 goes here>

i.e because R<sup>2</sup> is 1. That happens when there is a perfect correlation between 2 variables.

**Question 11.** What is a Q-Q plot? Explain the use and importance of a Q-Q plot in linear regression. (Do not edit)

**Total Marks:** 3 marks (Do not edit)

Answer: Please write your answer below this line. (Do not edit)

<Your answer for Question 11 goes here>

q-q plots are quantile- quantile plots which are useful in linear regression to check if train and test data are from population with same distribution.