

# Transition nondisruptively from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration (ONTAP 9.8 and later)

**ONTAP MetroCluster** 

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# Transition nondisruptively from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration (ONTAP 9.8 and later)

# Transitioning nondisruptively from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration (ONTAP 9.8 and later)

Beginning with ONTAP 9.8, nondisruptive transition of workloads and data from an existing four-node MetroCluster FC configuration to a new MetroCluster IP configuration is supported.

- This procedure is supported on systems running ONTAP 9.8 and later.
- · This procedure is nondisruptive.

The MetroCluster configuration can continue to serve data during the operation.

• This procedure applies only to four-node MetroCluster FC configurations.

If you have a two-node MetroCluster FC configuration, see Choosing your transition procedure.

• You must meet all requirements and follow all steps in the procedure.

# Prepare for transition from a MetroCluster FC to a MetroCluster IP configuration

#### Requirements for nondisruptive FC-to-IP transition

Before starting the transition process, you must make sure the configuration meets the requirements.

- It must be a four-node configuration and all nodes must be running ONTAP 9.8 or later.
- The existing and new platforms must be a supported combination for transition.

Supported platforms for nondisruptive transition

It must support a switched cluster configuration.

NetApp Hardware Universe

• It must meet all requirements and cabling as described in the *MetroCluster Installation and Configuration* procedures.

Fabric-attached MetroCluster installation and configuration

Stretch MetroCluster installation and configuration

#### How transition impacts the MetroCluster hardware components

After completing the transition procedure, key components of the existing MetroCluster configuration have been replaced or reconfigured.

#### · Controller modules

The existing controller modules are replaced by new controller modules. The existing controller modules are decommissioned at the end of the transition procedures.

#### · Storage shelves

Data is moved from the old shelves to the new shelves. The old shelves are decommissioned at the end of the transition procedures.

#### · MetroCluster (back-end) and cluster switches

The back-end switch functionality is replaced by the IP switch fabric. If the MetroCluster FC configuration included FC switches and FC-to-SAS bridges, they are decommissioned at the end of this procedure.

If the MetroCluster FC configuration used cluster switches for the cluster interconnect, in some cases they can be reused to provide the back-end IP switch fabric. Reused cluster switches must be reconfigured with platform and switch-specific RCFs. procedures.

If the MetroCluster FC configuration did not use cluster switches, new IP switches are added to provide the backend switch fabric.

#### Considerations for IP switches

#### · Cluster peering network

The existing customer-provided cluster peering network can be used for the new MetroCluster IP configuration. Cluster peering is configured on the MetroCluster IP nodes as part of the transition procedure.

### **Workflow for nondisruptive MetroCluster transition**

You must follow the specific workflow to ensure a successful nondisruptive transition.

The transition process begins with a healthy four-node MetroCluster FC configuration.



The new MetroCluster IP nodes are added as a second DR group.



Data is transferred from the old DR group to the new DR group, and then the old nodes and their storage are removed from the configuration and decommissioned. The process ends with a four-node MetroCluster IP configuration.



You will use the following workflow to transition the MetroCluster configuration.



#### Considerations for IP switches

You must ensure the IP switches are supported. If the existing switch model is supported by both the original MetroCluster FC configuration and the new MetroCluster IP configuration, you can reuse the existing switches.

#### **Supported switches**

You must use NetApp-provided switches.

- The use of MetroCluster-compliant switches (switches that are not validated and provided by NetApp) is not supported for transition.
- The IP switches must be supported as a cluster switch by both the MetroCluster FC configuration and the MetroCluster IP configuration.

- The IP switches can be reused in the new MetroCluster IP configuration if the MetroCluster FC is a switched cluster and the IP cluster switches are supported by the MetroCluster IP configuration.
- · New IP switches are usually used in the following cases:
  - The MetroCluster FC is a switchless cluster, so new switches are required.
  - The MetroCluster FC is a switched cluster but the existing IP switches are not supported in the MetroCluster IP configuration.
  - You want to use different switches for the MetroCluster IP configuration.

See the NetApp Hardware Universe for information on platform model and switch support.

#### NetApp Hardware Universe

#### Switchover, healing, and switchback operations during nondisruptive transition

Depending on the stage of the transition process, the MetroCluster switchover, healing, and switchback operations use either the MetroCluster FC or MetroCluster IP workflow.

The following table shows what workflows are used at different stages of the transition process. In some stages, switchover and switchback are not supported.

- In the MetroCluster FC workflow, the switchover, healing, and switchback steps are those used by a MetroCluster FC configuration.
- In the MetroCluster IP workflow, the switchover, healing, and switchback steps are those used by a MetroCluster IP configuration.
- In the unified workflow, when both the FC and IP nodes are configured, the steps depend on whether NSO or USO is performed. The details are shown in the table.

For information on the MetroCluster FC and IP workflows for switchover, healing, and switchback, see Understanding MetroCluster data protection and disaster recovery.



Automatic unplanned switchover is not available during the transition process.

Stage of transition	Negotiated switchover uses this workflow	Unplanned switchover uses this workflow
Before the MetroCluster IP nodes have joined the cluster	MetroCluster FC	MetroCluster FC
After the MetroCluster IP nodes have joined the cluster, before the metrocluster configure command is performed	Not supported	MetroCluster FC

After the metrocluster configure command has been issued. Volume move can be in progress.	Unified: All remote site nodes remain up and healing is done automatically	<ul> <li>Unified:</li> <li>Mirrored aggregates owned by the MetroCluster FC node are mirrored if storage is accessible, all others are degraded after switchover.</li> <li>All remote site nodes are able to boot up.</li> <li>The heal aggregate and heal root commands must be run manually.</li> </ul>
The MetroCluster FC nodes have been unconfigured.	Not supported	MetroCluster IP
The cluster unjoin command has been performed on the MetroCluster FC nodes.	MetroCluster IP	MetroCluster IP

# Alert messages and tool support during transition

You may notice alert messages during transition. These alerts can be safely ignored. Also, some tools are not available during transition.

• ARS may alert during transition.

These alerts can be ignored and should disappear once the transition has finished.

• OnCommand Unified Manager may alert during transition.

These alerts can be ignored and should disappear once the transition has finished.

- Config Advisor is not supported during transition.
- System Manager is not supported during transition.

# Example naming in this procedure

This procedure uses example names throughout to identify the DR groups, nodes, and switches involved.

DR groups	cluster_A at site_A	cluster_B at site_B
dr_group_1-FC	<ul><li>node_A_1-FC</li><li>node_A_2-FC</li></ul>	<ul><li>node_B_1-FC</li><li>node_B_2-FC</li></ul>
dr_group_2-IP	<ul><li>node_A_3-IP</li><li>node_A_4-IP</li></ul>	<ul><li>node_B_3-IP</li><li>node_B_4-IP</li></ul>

Switches	Initial switches (if fabric-attached configuration:)	Initial switches (if fabric-attached configuration):
	• switch_A_1-FC	• switch_B_1-FC
	• switch_A_2-FC	• switch_B_2-FC
	MetroCluster IP switches:	MetroCluster IP switches:
	• switch_A_1-IP	• switch_B_1-IP
	• switch_A_2-IP	• switch_B_2-IP

# Transition from MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP configurations

## Verifying the health of the MetroCluster configuration

You must verify the health and connectivity of the MetroCluster configuration prior to performing the transition

- 1. Verify the operation of the MetroCluster configuration in ONTAP:
  - a. Check whether the system is multipathed: node run -node node-name sysconfig -a
  - b. Check for any health alerts on both clusters: system health alert show
  - c. Confirm the MetroCluster configuration and that the operational mode is normal: metrocluster show
  - d. Perform a MetroCluster check: metrocluster check run
  - e. Display the results of the MetroCluster check: metrocluster check show
  - f. Check for any health alerts on the switches (if present): storage switch show
  - g. Run Config Advisor.

#### NetApp Downloads: Config Advisor

- h. After running Config Advisor, review the tool's output and follow the recommendations in the output to address any issues discovered.
- Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

3. Verify that all cluster ports are up: network port show -ipspace cluster

```
Cluster_A::> network port show -ipspace cluster

Node: node_A_1_FC

Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy

Node: node_A_2_FC

Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
4 entries were displayed.

cluster_A::>
```

4. Verify that all cluster LIFs are up and operational: network interface show -vserver cluster Each cluster LIF should display "true" for "Is Home" and "up/up" for "Status Admin/Oper".

cluster_A::	> network in	nterface sh	ow -vserver cluster		
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Cluster					
	node_A-1_F0	_	169.254.209.69/16	node A-1 FC	e0a
true	nodo A 1 E				
	node_A_1_F	_	169.254.49.125/16	node_A_1_FC	e0b
true	node_A_2_F	C_clus1			
true		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2_FC	e0a
	node_A_2_F0	_	160 254 10 102/16		o 0 b
true		up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_Z_FC	e0b
4 entries w	ere displaye	ed.			
cluster_A::	>				

<sup>5.</sup> Verify that auto-revert is enabled on all cluster LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

# Removing the existing configuration from the Tiebreaker or other monitoring software

If the existing configuration is monitored with the MetroCluster Tiebreaker configuration or other third-party applications (for example, ClusterLion) that can initiate a switchover, you must remove the MetroCluster configuration from the Tiebreaker or other software prior to transition.

1. Remove the existing MetroCluster configuration from the Tiebreaker software.

Removing MetroCluster configurations

2. Remove the existing MetroCluster configuration from any third-party application that can initiate switchover.

Refer to the documentation for the application.

## Generating and applying RCFs to the new IP switches

If you are using new IP switches for the MetroCluster IP configuration, you must configure the switches with a custom RCF file.

This task is required if you are using new switches.

If you are using existing switches, proceed to Moving the local cluster connections.

- 1. Install and rack the new IP switches.
- 2. Prepare the IP switches for the application of the new RCF files.

Follow the steps in the section for your switch vendor from the MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

- · Resetting the Broadcom IP switch to factory defaults
- Resetting the Cisco IP switch to factory defaults
- 3. Update the firmware on the switch to a supported version, if necessary.
- 4. Use the RCF generator tool to create the RCF file depending on your switch vendor and the platform models, and then update the switches with the file.

Follow the steps in the section for your switch vendor from *MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration*.

MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

- Downloading and installing the Broadcom IP RCF files
- · Downloading and installing the Cisco IP RCF files

#### Move the local cluster connections

You must move the MetroCluster FC configuration's cluster interfaces to the IP switches.

#### Move the cluster connections on the MetroCluster FC nodes

You must move the cluster connections on the MetroCluster FC nodes to the IP switches. The steps depend on whether you are using the existing IP switches or you are using new IP switches.

You must perform this task on both MetroCluster sites.

#### Which connections to move

The following task assumes a controller module using two ports for the cluster connections. Some controller module models use four or more ports for the cluster connection. In that case, for the purposes of this example, the ports are divided into two groups, alternating ports between the two groups

The following table shows the example ports used in this task.

Number of cluster connections on the controller module	Group A ports	Group B ports
Two	e0a	e0b
Four	e0a, e0c	e0b, e0d

- Group A ports connect to local switch switch x 1-IP.
- Group B ports connect to local switch switch x 2-IP.

The following table shows which switch ports the FC nodes connect to. For the Broadcom BES-53248 switch, the port usage depends on the model of the MetroCluster IP nodes.

Switch model	MetroCluster IP node model	Switch port(s)	Connects to
Cisco 3132Q-V or 3232C Any		5	node_x_1-FC
		6	node_x_2-FC
Broadcom BES-53248	FAS2750/A220	1, 2, 3	node_x_1-FC
	FAS8200 / A300	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9	node_x_1-FC
	FAS2750/A220	4, 5, 6	node_x_2-FC
	FAS8200 / A300	4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12	node_x_2-FC

#### Moving the local cluster connections when using new IP switches

If you are using new IP switches, you must physically move the existing MetroCluster FC nodes' cluster connections to the new switches.

1. Move the MetroCluster FC node group A cluster connections to the new IP switches.

Use the ports described in Which connections to move.

- a. Disconnect all the group A ports from the switch, or, if the MetroCluster FC configuration was a switchless cluster, disconnect them from the partner node.
- b. Disconnect the group A ports from node A 1-FC and node A 2-FC.
- c. Connect the group A ports of node A 1-FC to the switch ports for the FC node on switch A 1-IP
- d. Connect the group A ports of node\_A\_2-FC to the switch ports for the FC node on switch\_A\_1-IP
- 2. Verify that all cluster ports are up:

network port show -ipspace Cluster

#### 3. Verify that all interfaces display true in the "Is Home" column:

network interface show -vserver cluster

This might take several minutes to complete.

cluster_A::	*> network	interface s	how -vserver cluste	r	
Current Is	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Cluster					
	node_A_1_F	_			
true		up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node_A_1_FC	e0a
	node_A_1-F	_			
true		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node_A_1-FC	e0b
	node_A_2-F	_	160 054 45 104/16	1 7 0 70	0
true		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2-FC	e0a
	node_A_2-F	_	160 254 10 102/16		a 0 la
true		up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_Z=FC	e0b
4 entries w	ere display	ed.			
cluster_A::	*>				

- 4. Perform the above steps on both nodes (node\_A\_1-FC and node\_A\_2-FC) to move the group B ports of the cluster interfaces.
- 5. Repeat the above steps on the partner cluster "cluster B".

#### Moving the local cluster connections when reusing existing IP switches

If you are reusing existing IP switches, you must update firmware, reconfigure the switches with the correct Reference Configure Files (RCFs) and move the connections to the correct ports one switch at a time.

This task is required only if the FC nodes are connected to existing IP switches and you are reusing the switches.

- 1. Disconnect the local cluster connections that connect to switch A 1 IP
  - a. Disconnect the group A ports from the existing IP switch.
  - b. Disconnect the ISL ports on switch\_A\_1\_IP.

You can see the Installation and Setup instructions for the platform to see the cluster port usage.

AFF A320 systems: Installation and setup

AFF A220/FAS2700 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

AFF A800 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

AFF A300 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

FAS8200 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

2. Reconfigure switch\_A\_1\_IP using RCF files generated for your platform combination and transition.

Follow the steps in the procedure for your switch vendor from *MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration*:

MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

a. If required, download and install the new switch firmware.

You should use the latest firmware that the MetroCluster IP nodes support.

- Downloading and installing the Broadcom switch EFOS software
- Downloading and installing the Cisco switch NX-OS software
- b. Prepare the IP switches for the application of the new RCF files.
  - Resetting the Broadcom IP switch to factory defaults \*\*
  - Resetting the Cisco IP switch to factory defaults
- c. Download and install the IP RCF file depending on your switch vendor.
  - Downloading and installing the Broadcom IP RCF files
  - Downloading and installing the Cisco IP RCF files
- 3. Reconnect the group A ports to switch A 1 IP.

Use the ports described in Which connections to move.

4. Verify that all cluster ports are up:

network port show -ipspace cluster

Cluster-A::\*> network port show -ipspace cluster

Node: node\_A\_1\_FC

Port	IPspace	Broadcast Do	omain I	Link		Speed(Mbps) Admin/Oper	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster	υ	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b	Cluster	Cluster	υ	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy

Node: node\_A\_2\_FC

Port	IPspace	Broadcast Domai	n Link	MTU	Speed (Mbps) Admin/Oper	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy

4 entries were displayed.

Cluster-A::\*>

# 5. Verify that all interfaces are on their home port:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

Cluster-A::	*> network	interface s	how -vserver Cluste	er	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is	3				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
					•
Cluster					
0_000	node_A_1_F	C_clus1			
		up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node_A_1_FC	e0a
true					
	node_A_1_F	_	160 054 40 105/16		a Ola
true		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node_A_1_FC	e0b
0140	node A 2 F	C clus1			
		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2_FC	e0a
true					
	node_A_2_F	_	160 254 10 102/16	~~d~	o O b
true		up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_Z_FC	e0b
32 00					
4 entries w	ere display	ed.			
Cluster-A::	*>				

- 6. Repeat all the previous steps on switch\_A\_2\_IP.
- 7. Reconnect the local cluster ISL ports.
- 8. Repeat the above steps at site\_B for switch B\_1\_IP and switch B\_2\_IP.
- 9. Connect the remote ISLs between the sites.

#### Verifying that the cluster connections are moved and the cluster is healthy

To ensure that there is proper connectivity and that the configuration is ready to proceed with the transition process, you must verify that the cluster connections are moved correctly, the cluster switches are recognized and the cluster is healthy.

1. Verify that all cluster ports are up and running:

network port show -ipspace Cluster

Cluster-A::\*> network port show -ipspace Cluster

Node: Node-A-1-FC

						Speed (Mbps)	
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy

Node: Node-A-2-FC

Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed (Mbps) Admin/Oper	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy

4 entries were displayed.

Cluster-A::\*>

## 2. Verify that all interfaces are on their home port:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

This might take several minutes to complete.

The following example shows that all interfaces show true in the "Is Home" column.

_							
Cluster-A::	*> network	interface s	how -vserver Cluste	r			
	Logical	Status	Network	Current			
Current Is							
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port		
Home							
					-		
Cluster	Node-A-1 F	C clus1					
	NOGC 71 1_1	_	169.254.209.69/16	Node-A-1 FC	e0a		
true		1 . 1		_			
	Node-A-1-F	C_clus2					
		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	Node-A-1-FC	e0b		
true							
	Node-A-2-F	<del>-</del>	1.60 0.71 1.71 1.01 /1.6				
true		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	Node-A-2-FC	e0a		
crue	Node-A-2-F	C clus?					
	NOGC 11 2 1	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	Node-A-2-FC	e0b		
true		<u> </u>					
4 entries we	4 entries were displayed.						
Cluster-A::	Cluster-A::*>						

# 3. Verify that both the local IP switches are discovered by the nodes:

network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Cluster-A::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp							
Node/	Local	Discovered					
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform			
Node-A-1-FO	C						
	/cdp						
	e0a	Switch-A-3-IP	1/5/1	N3K-			
C3232C							
	e0b	Switch-A-4-IP	0/5/1	N3K-			
C3232C							
Node-A-2-F							
	/cdp	Switch-A-3-IP	1/6/1	N3K-			
C3232C	eva	SWILCH-A-3-IF	1/0/1	N2V-			
032320	e0b	Switch-A-4-IP	0/6/1	N3K-			
C3232C	002		0, 0, 1	1,01			
4 entries were displayed.							
Cluster-A:	Cluster-A::*>						

4. On the IP switch, verify that the MetroCluster IP nodes have been discovered by both local IP switches:

show cdp neighbors

You must perform this step on each switch.

This example shows how to verify the nodes are discovered on Switch-A-3-IP.

```
(Switch-A-3-IP) # show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                 s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                 Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                                Port
ID
Node-A-1-FC
                  Eth1/5/1
                                 133
                                        Η
                                                  FAS8200
                                                               e0a
Node-A-2-FC
                   Eth1/6/1
                                 133
                                                  FAS8200
                                                                e0a
Switch-A-4-IP(FD0220329A4)
                   Eth1/7
                                 175 R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                               Eth1/7
Switch-A-4-IP(FD0220329A4)
                   Eth1/8
                                 175
                                       R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                               Eth1/8
Switch-B-3-IP(FD0220329B3)
                   Eth1/20
                                 173
                                       R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/20
Switch-B-3-IP(FD0220329B3)
                   Eth1/21
                            173
                                        R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/21
Total entries displayed: 4
(Switch-A-3-IP)#
```

This example shows how to verify that the nodes are discovered on Switch-A-4-IP.

```
(Switch-A-4-IP) # show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                 s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                  Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                                  Port
ΤD
Node-A-1-FC
                  Eth1/5/1
                                  133
                                         Н
                                                   FAS8200
                                                                 e0b
Node-A-2-FC
                                  133
                   Eth1/6/1
                                                   FAS8200
                                                                 e0b
Switch-A-3-IP(FD0220329A3)
                   Eth1/7
                                  175 R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                                 Eth1/7
Switch-A-3-IP(FD0220329A3)
                   Eth1/8
                                  175
                                        R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                                 Eth1/8
Switch-B-4-IP(FD0220329B4)
                   Eth1/20
                                  169
                                         R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/20
Switch-B-4-IP(FD0220329B4)
                   Eth1/21
                                  169
                                         R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/21
Total entries displayed: 4
(Switch-A-4-IP)#
```

# **Preparing the MetroCluster IP controllers**

You must prepare the four new MetroCluster IP nodes and install the correct ONTAP version.

This task must be performed on each of the new nodes:

- node A 1-IP
- node\_A 2-IP
- node B 1-IP
- node B 2-IP

In these steps, you clear the configuration on the nodes and clear the mailbox region on new drives.

1. Rack the new controllers for the MetroCluster IP configuration.

The MetroCluster FC nodes (node\_A\_x-FC and node\_B\_x-FC) remain cabled at this time.

2. Cable the MetroCluster IP nodes to the IP switches as shown in the Cabling the IP switches.

- 3. Configure the MetroCluster IP nodes using the following sections:
  - a. Gathering required information
  - b. Clearing the configuration on a controller module
  - c. Verifying the ha-config state of components
  - d. Manually assigning drives for pool 0 (ONTAP 9.4 and later)
- 4. From Maintenance mode, issue the halt command to exit Maintenance mode, and then issue the boot ontap command to boot the system and get to cluster setup.

Do not complete the cluster wizard or node wizard at this time.

5. Repeat these steps on the other MetroCluster IP nodes.

#### Configure the MetroCluster for transition

To prepare the configuration for transition you add the new nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration and then move data to the new nodes.

#### Sending a custom AutoSupport message prior to maintenance

Before performing the maintenance, you should issue an AutoSupport message to notify NetApp technical support that maintenance is underway. Informing technical support that maintenance is underway prevents them from opening a case on the assumption that a disruption has occurred.

#### About this task

This task must be performed on each MetroCluster site.

#### Steps

1. To prevent automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate maintenance is underway:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=maintenance-window-in-hours
```

"maintenance-window-in-hours" specifies the length of the maintenance window, with a maximum of 72 hours. If the maintenance is completed before the time has elapsed, you can invoke an AutoSupport message indicating the end of the maintenance period:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=end
```

2. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.

#### Enabling transition mode and disabling cluster HA

You must enable the MetroCluster transition mode to allow the old and new nodes to operate together in the MetroCluster configuration, and disable cluster HA.

- 1 Fnable transition:
  - a. Change to the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

#### b. Enable transition mode:

metrocluster transition enable -transition-mode non-disruptive



Run this command on one cluster only.

c. Return to the admin privilege level:

```
set -privilege admin
```

2. Verify that transition is enabled on both the clusters.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode

non-disruptive

cluster_A::*>

cluster_B::*> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode

non-disruptive

Cluster_B::>
```

#### 3. Disable cluster HA.



You must run this command on both clusters.

```
Cluster_A::*> cluster ha modify -configured false

Warning: This operation will unconfigure cluster HA. Cluster HA must be configured on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the event of storage failover.

Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Notice: HA is disabled.

Cluster_A::*>

Cluster_B::*> cluster ha modify -configured false

Warning: This operation will unconfigure cluster HA. Cluster HA must be configured on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the event of storage failover.

Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Notice: HA is disabled.

cluster_B::*>
```

4. Verify that cluster HA is disabled.



You must run this command on both clusters.

```
cluster A::> cluster ha show
High Availability Configured: false
Warning: Cluster HA has not been configured. Cluster HA must be
configured
on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the
event of storage failover. Use the "cluster ha modify -configured
true" command to configure cluster HA.
cluster A::>
cluster B::> cluster ha show
High Availability Configured: false
Warning: Cluster HA has not been configured. Cluster HA must be
configured
on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the
event of storage failover. Use the "cluster ha modify -configured
true" command to configure cluster HA.
cluster B::>
```

#### Joining the MetroCluster IP nodes to the clusters

You must add the four new MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration.

#### About this task

You must perform this task on both clusters.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Add the MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration.
  - a. Join the first MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_1-IP) to the existing MetroCluster FC configuration.

```
Welcome to the cluster setup wizard.

You can enter the following commands at any time:

"help" or "?" - if you want to have a question clarified,

"back" - if you want to change previously answered questions, and

"exit" or "quit" - if you want to quit the cluster setup wizard.

Any changes you made before quitting will be saved.

You can return to cluster setup at any time by typing "cluster setup".

To accept a default or omit a question, do not enter a value.
```

```
This system will send event messages and periodic reports to NetApp
Technical
Support. To disable this feature, enter autosupport modify -support
disable
within 24 hours.
Enabling AutoSupport can significantly speed problem determination
and
resolution, should a problem occur on your system.
For further information on AutoSupport, see:
http://support.netapp.com/autosupport/
Type yes to confirm and continue {yes}: yes
Enter the node management interface port [e0M]:
Enter the node management interface IP address: 172.17.8.93
Enter the node management interface netmask: 255.255.254.0
Enter the node management interface default gateway: 172.17.8.1
A node management interface on port e0M with IP address 172.17.8.93
has been created.
Use your web browser to complete cluster setup by accessing
https://172.17.8.93
Otherwise, press Enter to complete cluster setup using the command
line
interface:
Do you want to create a new cluster or join an existing cluster?
{create, join}:
join
Existing cluster interface configuration found:
Port
        MTU
                ΙP
                                Netmask
e0c
       9000
              169.254.148.217 255.255.0.0
e0d
       9000
               169.254.144.238 255.255.0.0
Do you want to use this configuration? {yes, no} [yes]: yes
```

- b. Join the second MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_2-IP) to the existing MetroCluster FC configuration.
- 2. Repeat these steps to join node B 1-IP and node B 2-IP to cluster B.

#### Configuring intercluster LIFs, creating the MetroCluster interfaces, and mirroring root aggregates

You must create cluster peering LIFs, create the MetroCluster interfaces on the new MetroCluster IP nodes.

#### About this task

The home port used in the examples are platform-specific. You should use the appropriate home port specific to MetroCluster IP node platform.

#### Steps

- 1. On the new MetroCluster IP nodes, configure the intercluster LIFs.
- 2. On each site, verify that cluster peering is configured:

```
cluster peer show
```

The following example shows the cluster peering configuration on cluster\_A:

The following example shows the cluster peering configuration on cluster\_B:

3. Configure the DR group for the MetroCluster IP nodes:

metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group create -partner-cluster

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group create
-partner-cluster
cluster_B -local-node node_A_3-IP -remote-node node_B_3-IP
[Job 259] Job succeeded: DR Group Create is successful.
cluster_A::>
```

4. Verify that the DR group is created.

metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show

<pre>cluster_A::&gt; metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show</pre>							
DR Group ID Cluster Node	Node	DR Partner					
2 cluster_A							
	node_A_3-IP	node_B_3-IP					
	node_A_4-IP	node_B_4-IP					
cluster_B							
	node_B_3-IP	node_A_3-IP					
	node_B_4-IP	node_A_4-IP					
4 entries were displayed.							
cluster_A::>							

You will notice that the DR group for the old MetroCluster FC nodes (DR Group 1) is not listed when you run the metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show command.

You can use metrocluster node show command on both sites to list all nodes.

_	Cluster		Configuration State	Mirroring	Mode
 1	 cluster				
_		<del>-</del>	configured	enabled	normal
		<del></del>	configured		
	cluster		-		
	_	node_B_1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node_B_2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
2	cluster	_A			
		node_A_1-IP	ready to config	ure	
				-	-
		$n \circ d \circ A \circ A = A \circ A$	ready to config	1120	
				<u>-</u>	-
	er_B::> 1	metrocluster noc		-	_
DR	er_B::> : Cluster	— — metrocluster noc	de show	<b>-</b> DR	- Mode
DR Group	Cluster	metrocluster noo Node	de show Configuration	<b>-</b> DR	- Mode
DR Group 	Cluster	 metrocluster noo Node 	de show Configuration	<b>-</b> DR	- Mode
DR Group 	Cluster	Node 	de show Configuration	DR Mirroring	
DR Group	Cluster	Node B_1-FC	de show  Configuration  State	DR Mirroring	normal
DR Group	Cluster	Node B 1-FC node B 2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured	DR Mirroring	normal
DR Group	Cluster	Node B 1-FC node B 2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled	normal normal
OR Group 	Cluster  cluster cluster	Node  B node_B_1-FC node_B_2-FC A node_A_1-FC node_A_2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled	normal normal
DR Group 	Cluster	Node  Node  B  node_B_1-FC  node_B_2-FC  A  node_A_1-FC  node_A_2-FC  B	Configuration State  configured configured configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled enabled enabled	normal normal
OR Group  L	Cluster  cluster cluster	Node  B node_B_1-FC node_B_2-FC A node_A_1-FC node_A_2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled enabled enabled	normal normal
DR Group	Cluster  cluster cluster	Node  Node  B  node_B_1-FC  node_B_2-FC  A  node_A_1-FC  node_A_2-FC  B	Configuration State  configured configured configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled enabled enabled	normal normal

# 5. Configure the MetroCluster IP interfaces for the newly joined MetroCluster IP nodes:

metrocluster configuration-settings interface create -cluster-name

See Configuring and connecting the MetroCluster IP interfaces for considerations when configuring the IP interfaces.



You can configure the MetroCluster IP interfaces from either cluster. Also, beginning with ONTAP 9.9.1, if you are using a layer 3 configuration, you must also specify the <code>-gateway</code> parameter when creating MetroCluster IP interfaces. Refer to <code>xref:./transition/../install-ip/concept</code> considerations layer 3.html.

```
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 3-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.10 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 260] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 3-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.10 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 261] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 4-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.11 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 262] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> :metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 4-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.11 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 263] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 3-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.12 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 264] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 3-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.12 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 265] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 4-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.13 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 266] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 4-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.13 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 267] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
```

#### 6. Verify the MetroCluster IP interfaces are created:

metrocluster configuration-settings interface show

```
cluster A::>metrocluster configuration-settings interface show
DR
Config
Group Cluster Node Network Address Netmask Gateway
2 cluster A
          node A 3-IP
             Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.10 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
                 172.17.27.10 255.255.255.0 -
completed
           node A 4-IP
             Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.11 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
                 172.17.27.11 255.255.255.0 -
completed
    cluster B
          node B 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.13 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: e1b
                 172.17.27.13 255.255.255.0 -
completed
           node B 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.12 255.255.255.0 -
completed
            Home Port: elb
               172.17.27.12 255.255.255.0 -
completed
8 entries were displayed.
cluster A>
```

#### 7. Connect the MetroCluster IP interfaces:

metrocluster configuration-settings connection connect



This command might take several minutes to complete.

cluster\_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings connection connect
cluster\_A::>

### 8. Verify the connections are properly established:

metrocluster configuration-settings connection show

cluster_A::>	metroclu	ster configuration	on-settings conne	ection show
DR		Source	Destination	
Config State		Network Address		
2 cluster	_A			
	node_A_	3-IP**		
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.10	172.17.26.11	HA Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.10	172.17.26.12	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.10	172.17.26.13	DR Auxiliary
completed				
	Home	Port: elb	170 17 07 11	II.7 D +
l-+-d		1/2.1/.2/.10	172.17.27.11	HA Partner
completed	Uomo	Port: elb		
	поше		172.17.27.12	DR Partner
completed		1/2.1/.2/.10	112.11.21.12	DIV LATCHEL
Compreded	Home	Port: e1b		
	1101110		172.17.27.13	DR Auxiliary
completed		• _ , • _ , • _ ,	L •	210 11021111101 y
	node A	4-IP		
		Port: ela		
			172.17.26.10	HA Partner
completed				

	Homo	Port: ela			
	поше		170 17 06 10	D.D.	D 1
		1/2.1/.26.11	172.17.26.13	DR	Partner
completed					
	Home	Port: ela			
		172.17.26.11	172.17.26.12	DR	Auxiliary
completed					
	Home	Port: elb			
		172.17.27.11	172.17.27.10	НА	Partner
completed					
oomproced.	Home	Port: elb			
	Home		170 17 07 10	ממ	Dantnon
7		1/2.1/.2/.11	172.17.27.13	DR	Partner
completed					
	Home	Port: elb			
		172.17.27.11	172.17.27.12	DR	Auxiliary
completed					
DR		Source	Destination		
Group Cluster No	ode	Network Address	Network Address	Pai	rtner Type
Config State					71
0 1 1					
2 cluster_B					
nc	ode_B_				
	Home	Port: ela			
		172.17.26.13	172.17.26.12	HA	Partner
completed					
	Home	Port: ela			
		172.17.26.13	172.17.26.11	DR	Partner
completed					
1	Home	Port: ela			
	1101110		172.17.26.10	סח	Auxiliary
a amplatad		112.11.20.13	1/2.1/.20.10	את	Auxilialy
completed		B 4 43			
	Home	Port: elb			
		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.12	НА	Partner
completed					
	Home	Port: elb			
		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.11	DR	Partner
completed					
•	Home	Port: elb			
		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.10	DR	Auxiliary
completed		_ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,	_ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,	211	
_	ada D	מ ד ח			
nc	ode_B_3				
	Home	Port: ela			
		172.17.26.12	172.17.26.13	НА	Partner
completed					
	Home	Port: ela			

completed	172.17.26.12	172.17.26.10	DR Partner
_	Port: ela		
	172.17.26.12	172.17.26.11	DR Auxiliary
completed			
Home	Port: elb		
	172.17.27.12	172.17.27.13	HA Partner
completed			
Home	Port: elb		
	172.17.27.12	172.17.27.10	DR Partner
completed			
Home	Port: elb		
	172.17.27.12	172.17.27.11	DR Auxiliary
completed			
24 entries were displa	ayed.		
cluster_A::>			

# 9. Verify disk autoassignment and partitioning:

disk show -pool Pool1

	Usable			Disk	Container	Container
Disk	Size	Shelf	Вау	Type	Type	Name
)wner						
.10.4	-	10	4	SAS	remote	_
node_B_2						
.10.13	-	10	13	SAS	remote	-
node_B_2						
.10.14	-	10	14	SAS	remote	-
ode_B_1						
.10.15	-	10	15	SAS	remote	-
node_B_1						
.10.16	-	10	16	SAS	remote	-
ode_B_1						
.10.18	-	10	18	SAS	remote	_
ode_B_2						
••						
2.20.0	546.9GB	20	0	SAS	aggregate	aggr0_rha1_a1
node_a_1	5.4.6.0.5	0.0	0	~- ~		0 1 1 0
2.20.3	546.9GB	20	3	SAS	aggregate	aggr0_rha1_a2
node_a_2	F.4.C. 0.CD	2.0	_	0.7.0		
2.20.5	546.9GB	20	5	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a1_aggr1
node_a_1	EAC OCD	2.0	_	C 7. C		
2.20.6	546.9GB	20	6	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a1_aggr1
node_a_1 2.20.7	F.4.6 OCD	20	7	CAC	2000000000	who1 o0 occu1
node_a_2	546.9GB	20	/	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a2_aggr1
.20.10	546.9GB	20	1 0	SAS	aggragata	rhal al aggrl
	J40.9GB	20	10	SAS	aggregate	Illai_ai_ayyii
node_a_1						
 3 entries wer	re displayed					
O CHELLED WEL	.c arbprayea.					

# 10. Mirror the root aggregates:

storage aggregate mirror -aggregate aggr0\_node\_A\_3-IP



You must complete this step on each MetroCluster IP node.

```
cluster A::> aggr mirror -aggregate aggr0 node A 3-IP
Info: Disks would be added to aggregate "aggr0_node_A_3-IP"on node
"node A 3-IP"
    in the following manner:
    Second Plex
      RAID Group rg0, 3 disks (block checksum, raid_dp)
                                                Usable
Physical
       Position Disk
                                      Type
                                                 Size
Size
        _____
       dparity 4.20.0
                                     SAS
       parity 4.20.3
                                 SAS
       data 4.20.1
                               SAS 546.9GB
558.9GB
    Aggregate capacity available forvolume use would be 467.6GB.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
cluster A::>
```

### 11. Verify that the root aggregates are mirrored:

storage aggregate show

```
aggr0_node_A_2-FC
        349.0GB 16.84GB 95% online 1 node_A_2-FC
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr0 node A 3-IP
       467.6GB 22.63GB 95% online 1 node A 3-IP
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr0_node_A_4-IP
       467.6GB 22.62GB 95% online 1 node_A_4-IP
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr_data_a1
        raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr data a2
        raid_dp,
mirrored,
```

### Finalizing the addition of the MetroCluster IP nodes

You must incorporate the new DR group into the MetroCluster configuration and create mirrored data aggregates on the new nodes.

### Steps

1. Configure the MetroCluster to implement the changes:

metrocluster configure



You must run metrocluster configure and not metrocluster configure -refresh true

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configure

[Job 439] Job succeeded: Configure is successful.

cluster_A::>
```

### 2. Verify that the nodes are added to their DR group:

metrocluster node show

DR Group	Cluster	Node	Configuration State		Mode
1	cluster_	_A			
		node-A-1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node-A-2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
	Cluster-	<b>-</b> B			
		node-B-1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node-B-2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
2	cluster_	_A			
		node-A-3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
		node-A-4-IP	configured	enabled	normal
	Cluster-	<b>-</b> B			
		node-B-3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
		node-B-4-IP	configured	enabled	normal
8 entr	ies were	e displayed.			

#### 3. Create mirrored data aggregates on each of the new MetroCluster nodes:

storage aggregate create -aggregate aggregate-name -node node-name -diskcount no-of-disks -mirror true



You must create at least one mirrored data aggregate per site. It is recommended to have two mirrored data aggregates per site on MetroCluster IP nodes to host the MDV volumes, however a single aggregate per site is supported (but not recommended). It is support that one site of the MetroCluster has a single mirrored data aggregate and the other site has more than one mirrored data aggregate.

The following example shows the creation of an aggregate on node A 1-new.

cluster\_A::> storage aggregate create -aggregate data\_a3 -node node\_A\_1new -diskcount 10 -mirror t

Info: The layout for aggregate "data\_a3" on node "node\_A\_1-new" would
be:

### First Plex

RAID Group rg0,	5 disks	(block checksum,	raid_dp)
-----------------	---------	------------------	----------

				Usable
Physical	Position	Disk	Type	Size
Size			-11-	
_	dparity	5.10.15	SAS	-
	parity	5.10.16	SAS	-
547.1GB	data	5.10.17	SAS	546.9GB
	data	5.10.18	SAS	546.9GB
558.9GB	data	5.10.19	SAS	546.9GB
558.9GB				

### Second Plex

## RAID Group rg0, 5 disks (block checksum, raid\_dp)

				Usable
Physical	D ''	5' 1		a '
Size	Position	Disk	Type	Size
0120				
	dparity	4.20.17	SAS	-
_		4 00 14	0.7.0	
_	parity	4.20.14	SAS	_
	data	4.20.18	SAS	546.9GB
547.1GB				
	data	4.20.19	SAS	546.9GB
547.1GB		1 00 16		5.4.C. 0.77
547.1GB	data	4.20.16	SAS	546.9GB
74/.IGD				

```
Aggregate capacity available for volume use would be 1.37TB.

Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
[Job 440] Job succeeded: DONE

cluster_A::>
```

- 4. Move the MDV\_CRS volumes from the old nodes to the new nodes in advanced privilege.
  - a. Display the volumes to identify the MDV volumes:



If you have a single mirrored data aggregate per site then move both the MDV volumes to this single aggregate. If you have two or more mirrored data aggregates, then move each MDV volume to a different aggregate.

The following example shows the MDV volumes in the volume show output:

```
cluster A::> volume show
Vserver Volume
                  Aggregate State
                                      Type Size
Available Used%
______ _____
cluster A MDV CRS 2c78e009ff5611e9b0f300a0985ef8c4_A
                  aggr b1 -
cluster A MDV CRS 2c78e009ff5611e9b0f300a0985ef8c4 B
                  aggr b2 -
cluster A MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 A
                  aggr al online
                                      RW
                                               10GB
9.50GB 0%
cluster A MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 B
                  aggr a2 online
                                              10GB
                                      RW
9.50GB
        0%
11 entries were displayed.mple
```

b. Set the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

c. Move the MDV volumes, one at a time:

volume move start -volume mdv-volume -destination-aggregate aggr-on-new-node -vserver vserver-name

The following example shows the command and output for moving MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 A to aggregate data a3 on node A 3.

d. Use the volume show command to check that the MDV volume has been successfully moved:

```
volume show mdv-name
```

The following output shows that the MDV volume has been successfully moved.

e. Return to admin mode:

```
set -privilege admin
```

# Moving the data to the new drive shelves

During the transition, you move data from the drive shelves in the MetroCluster FC configuration to the new MetroCluster IP configuration.

1. To resume automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate that the maintenance is complete.

- a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end
- b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.
- 2. Move the data volumes to aggregates on the new controllers, one volume at a time.

Use the procedure in Creating an aggregate and moving volumes to the new nodes.

3. Create SAN LIFs on the recently added nodes.

Use the following procedure in Updating LUN paths for the new nodes.

4. Check if there are any node locked licenses on the FC nodes, if there are, they need to be added to the newly added nodes.

Use the following procedure in Adding node-locked licenses.

5. Migrate the data LIFs.

Use the procedure in Moving non-SAN data LIFs and cluster management LIFs to the new nodes but do **not** perform the last two steps to migrate cluster management LIFs.

## Removing the MetroCluster FC controllers

You must perform clean-up tasks and remove the old controller modules from the MetroCluster configuration.

- 1. To prevent automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate maintenance is underway.
  - a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=maintenance-window-in-hours

maintenance-window-in-hours specifies the length of the maintenance window, with a maximum of 72 hours. If the maintenance is completed before the time has elapsed, you can invoke an AutoSupport message indicating the end of the maintenance period:system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end

- b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.
- 2. Identify the aggregates hosted on the MetroCluster FC configuration that need to be deleted.

In this example the following data aggregates are hosted by the MetroCluster FC cluster\_B and need to be deleted: aggr\_data\_a1 and aggr\_data\_a2.



You need to perform the steps to identify, offline and delete the data aggregates on both the clusters. The example is for one cluster only.

C				
aggr0_node_raid_dp,	_A_1-FC	16.83GB	95% online	1 node_A_1-FC
normal aggr0_node raid_dp, mirrored,		16.83GB	95% online	1 node_A_2-FC
normal aggr0_node_ raid_dp, mirrored,		22.63GB	95% online	1 node_A_3-IP
normal aggr0_node_ raid_dp, mirrored,		22.62GB	95% online	1 node_A_4-IP
normal aggr_data_a raid_dp, mirrored,		1.02TB	0% online	0 node_A_1-FC
normal aggr_data_a raid_dp, mirrored,		1.02TB	0% online	0 node_A_2-FC
normal aggr_data_a		1.35TB	1% online	3 node_A_3-IP

```
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr data a4
        raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
8 entries were displayed.
cluster B::>
```

3. Check if the data aggregates on the FC nodes have any MDV\_aud volumes, and delete them prior to deleting the aggregates.

You must delete the MDV aud volumes as they cannot be moved.

- 4. Take each of the aggregates offline, and then delete them:
  - a. Take the aggregate offline: storage aggregate offline -aggregate aggregate-name

The following example shows the aggregate node B 1 aggr0 being taken offline:

```
cluster B::> storage aggregate offline -aggregate node B 1 aggr0
Aggregate offline successful on aggregate: node B 1 aggr0
```

b. Delete the aggregate: storage aggregate delete -aggregate aggregate-name

You can destroy the plex when prompted.

The following example shows the aggregate node B 1 aggr0 being deleted.

```
cluster B::> storage aggregate delete -aggregate node B 1 aggr0
Warning: Are you sure you want to destroy aggregate "node B 1 aggr0"?
\{y \mid n\}: y
[Job 123] Job succeeded: DONE
cluster B::>
```

5. Identify the MetroCluster FC DR group that need to be removed.

In the following example the MetroCluster FC nodes are in DR Group '1', and this is the DR group that

```
cluster B::> metrocluster node show
DR
                        Configuration DR
                        State Mirroring Mode
Group Cluster Node
______
    cluster A
          node_A_1-FC configured enabled normal
          node A 2-FC
                       configured
                                  enabled normal
    cluster B
                      configured enabled normal
          node B 1-FC
          node B 2-FC
                       configured
                                   enabled normal
2
 cluster A
          node A 3-IP
                       configured
                                  enabled normal
          node A 4-IP configured enabled normal
    cluster B
                       configured enabled normal
          node B 3-IP
         node B 3-IP
                       configured
                                  enabled normal
8 entries were displayed.
cluster B::>
```

- 6. Move the cluster management LIF from a MetroCluster FC node to a MetroCluster IP node: cluster\_B::> network interface migrate -vserver svm-name -lif cluster\_mgmt -destination-node node-in-metrocluster-ip-dr-group -destination-port available-port
- 7. Change the home node and home port of the cluster management LIF: cluster\_B::> network interface modify -vserver svm-name -lif cluster\_mgmt -service-policy default-management -home-node node-in-metrocluster-ip-dr-group -home-port lif-port
- 8. Move epsilon from a MetroCluster FC node to a MetroCluster IP node:
  - a. Identify which node currently has epsilon: cluster show -fields epsilon

```
cluster_B::> cluster show -fields epsilon
node epsilon
------
node_A_1-FC true
node_A_2-FC false
node_A_1-IP false
node_A_2-IP false
4 entries were displayed.
```

b. Set epsilon to false on the MetroCluster FC node (node A 1-FC): cluster modify -node fc-

```
node -epsilon false
```

- c. Set epsilon to true on the MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_1-IP): cluster modify -node ip-node -epsilon true
- d. Verify that epsilon has moved to the correct node: cluster show -fields epsilon

9. On each cluster, remove the DR group containing the old nodes from the MetroCluster FC configuration.

You must perform this step on both clusters, one at a time.

cluster B::> metrocluster remove-dr-group -dr-group-id 1 Warning: Nodes in the DR group that are removed from the MetroCluster configuration will lose their disaster recovery protection. Local nodes "node A 1-FC, node A 2-FC" will be removed from the MetroCluster configuration. You must repeat the operation on the partner cluster "cluster B" to remove the remote nodes in the DR group. Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y Info: The following preparation steps must be completed on the local and partner clusters before removing a DR group. 1. Move all data volumes to another DR group. 2. Move all MDV CRS metadata volumes to another DR group. 3. Delete all MDV aud metadata volumes that may exist in the DR group to be removed. 4. Delete all data aggregates in the DR group to be removed. Root aggregates are not deleted. 5. Migrate all data LIFs to home nodes in another DR group. 6. Migrate the cluster management LIF to a home node in another DR group. Node management and inter-cluster LIFs are not migrated. 7. Transfer epsilon to a node in another DR group. The command is vetoed if the preparation steps are not completed on the local and partner clusters. Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y [Job 513] Job succeeded: Remove DR Group is successful.

10. Verify that the nodes are ready to be removed from the clusters.

You must perform this step on both clusters.



cluster B::>

At this point, the metrocluster node show command only shows the local MetroCluster FC nodes and no longer shows the nodes that are part of the partner cluster.

```
cluster B::> metrocluster node show
                     Configuration DR
Group Cluster Node
                     State
                               Mirroring Mode
1 cluster A
        node_A_1-FC ready to configure
         node A 2-FC ready to configure
2
  cluster A
        node A 4-IP
                    configured
                              enabled normal
    cluster B
        node B_3-IP configured enabled normal
        node B 4-IP
                    configured enabled normal
6 entries were displayed.
cluster B::>
```

11. Disable storage failover for the MetroCluster FC nodes.

You must perform this step on each node.

```
cluster_A::> storage failover modify -node node_A_1-FC -enabled false
cluster_A::> storage failover modify -node node_A_2-FC -enabled false
cluster_A::>
```

12. Unjoin the MetroCluster FC nodes from the clusters: cluster unjoin -node node-name

You must perform this step on each node.

```
cluster A::> cluster unjoin -node node A 1-FC
Warning: This command will remove node "node A 1-FC" from the cluster.
        remove the failover partner as well. After the node is removed,
erase
         its configuration and initialize all disks by usingthe "Clean
         configuration and initialize all disks (4)" option from the
boot menu.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
[Job 553] Job is queued: Cluster remove-node of Node:node A 1-FC with
UUID:6c87de7e-ff54-11e9-8371
[Job 553] Checking prerequisites
[Job 553] Cleaning cluster database
[Job 553] Job succeeded: Node remove succeeded
If applicable, also remove the node's HA partner, and then clean its
configuration and initialize all disks with the boot menu.
Run "debug vreport show" to address remaining aggregate or volume
issues.
cluster B::>
```

- 13. Power down the MetroCluster FC controller modules and storage shelves.
- 14. Disconnect and remove the MetroCluster FC controller modules and storage shelves.

## Completing the transition

To complete the transition you must verify the operation of the new MetroCluster IP configuration.

1. Verify the MetroCluster IP configuration.

You must perform this step on each cluster.

The following example shows the output for cluster\_A.

The following example shows the output for cluster B.

2. Enable cluster HA and storage failover.

You must perform this step on each cluster.

3. Verify that cluster HA capability is enabled.

- 4. Disable MetroCluster transition mode.
  - a. Change to the advanced privilege level: set -privilege advanced
  - b. Disable transition mode:metrocluster transition disable
  - c. Return to the admin privilege level: set -privilege admin

```
cluster_A::*> metrocluster transition disable
cluster_A::*>
```

5. Verify that transition is disabled:metrocluster transition show-mode

You must perform these steps on both clusters.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode
-----
not-enabled
cluster_A::>
```

```
cluster_B::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode
-----
not-enabled
cluster_B::>
```

# Sending a custom AutoSupport message after maintenance

After completing the transition, you should send an AutoSupport message indicating the end of maintenance, so automatic case creation can resume.

- 1. To resume automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate that the maintenance is complete.
  - a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all
     -message MAINT=end
  - b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.

# **Restoring Tiebreaker or Mediator monitoring**

After completing the transition of the MetroCluster configuration, you can resume monitoring with the Tiebreaker or Mediator utility.

1. Use the appropriate procedure for your configuration.

If you are using	Use this procedure
Tiebreaker	Adding MetroCluster configurations
Mediator	Configuring the ONTAP Mediator service from a MetroCluster IP configuration

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