

# Transition from MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP configurations

**ONTAP MetroCluster** 

NetApp October 13, 2022

## **Table of Contents**

Γr	ransition from MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP configurations	1
	Verifying the health of the MetroCluster configuration	1
	Removing the existing configuration from the Tiebreaker or other monitoring software	4
	Generating and applying RCFs to the new IP switches	4
	Move the local cluster connections	5
	Preparing the MetroCluster IP controllers	. 17
	Configure the MetroCluster for transition	. 18
	Moving the data to the new drive shelves	. 37
	Removing the MetroCluster FC controllers	. 38
	Completing the transition	. 45

# Transition from MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP configurations

## Verifying the health of the MetroCluster configuration

You must verify the health and connectivity of the MetroCluster configuration prior to performing the transition

- 1. Verify the operation of the MetroCluster configuration in ONTAP:
  - a. Check whether the system is multipathed: node run -node node-name sysconfig -a
  - b. Check for any health alerts on both clusters: system health alert show
  - c. Confirm the MetroCluster configuration and that the operational mode is normal: metrocluster show
  - d. Perform a MetroCluster check: metrocluster check run
  - e. Display the results of the MetroCluster check: metrocluster check show
  - f. Check for any health alerts on the switches (if present): storage switch show
  - g. Run Config Advisor.

NetApp Downloads: Config Advisor

- h. After running Config Advisor, review the tool's output and follow the recommendations in the output to address any issues discovered.
- 2. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

Verify that all cluster ports are up: network port show -ipspace cluster

<pre>cluster_A::&gt; network port show -ipspace cluster</pre>										
Node: node_A_1_FC										
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed(Mbps) Admin/Oper				
	Cluster Cluster			_		auto/10000 auto/10000	_			
Node: nod	e_A_2_FC									
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed(Mbps) Admin/Oper				
	Cluster Cluster					auto/10000 auto/10000				
4 entries were displayed.										
cluster_A::>										

4. Verify that all cluster LIFs are up and operational: network interface show -vserver cluster Each cluster LIF should display "true" for "Is Home" and "up/up" for "Status Admin/Oper".

cluster_A::	> network ir	nterface sh	ow -vserver cluster						
Current Is	Logical	Status	Network	Current					
Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port				
Cluster									
0140001	node_A-1_FC	_							
true		up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node_A-1_FC	e0a				
0140	node_A_1_F0	_							
true		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node_A_1_FC	e0b				
	node_A_2_F0	_							
true		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2_FC	e0a				
	node_A_2_F0	_							
true		up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_2_FC	e0b				
4 entries we	ere displaye	ed.							
cluster_A::	cluster_A::>								

<sup>5.</sup> Verify that auto-revert is enabled on all cluster LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

## Removing the existing configuration from the Tiebreaker or other monitoring software

If the existing configuration is monitored with the MetroCluster Tiebreaker configuration or other third-party applications (for example, ClusterLion) that can initiate a switchover, you must remove the MetroCluster configuration from the Tiebreaker or other software prior to transition.

1. Remove the existing MetroCluster configuration from the Tiebreaker software.

Removing MetroCluster configurations

2. Remove the existing MetroCluster configuration from any third-party application that can initiate switchover.

Refer to the documentation for the application.

## Generating and applying RCFs to the new IP switches

If you are using new IP switches for the MetroCluster IP configuration, you must configure the switches with a custom RCF file.

This task is required if you are using new switches.

If you are using existing switches, proceed to Moving the local cluster connections.

1. Install and rack the new IP switches.

2. Prepare the IP switches for the application of the new RCF files.

Follow the steps in the section for your switch vendor from the MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

- · Resetting the Broadcom IP switch to factory defaults
- Resetting the Cisco IP switch to factory defaults
- 3. Update the firmware on the switch to a supported version, if necessary.
- 4. Use the RCF generator tool to create the RCF file depending on your switch vendor and the platform models, and then update the switches with the file.

Follow the steps in the section for your switch vendor from MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration.

MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

- · Downloading and installing the Broadcom IP RCF files
- · Downloading and installing the Cisco IP RCF files

#### Move the local cluster connections

You must move the MetroCluster FC configuration's cluster interfaces to the IP switches.

#### Move the cluster connections on the MetroCluster FC nodes

You must move the cluster connections on the MetroCluster FC nodes to the IP switches. The steps depend on whether you are using the existing IP switches or you are using new IP switches.

You must perform this task on both MetroCluster sites.

#### Which connections to move

The following task assumes a controller module using two ports for the cluster connections. Some controller module models use four or more ports for the cluster connection. In that case, for the purposes of this example, the ports are divided into two groups, alternating ports between the two groups

The following table shows the example ports used in this task.

Number of cluster connections on the controller module	Group A ports	Group B ports
Two	e0a	e0b
Four	e0a, e0c	e0b, e0d

- Group A ports connect to local switch switch x 1-IP.
- Group B ports connect to local switch switch x 2-IP.

The following table shows which switch ports the FC nodes connect to. For the Broadcom BES-53248 switch, the port usage depends on the model of the MetroCluster IP nodes.

Switch model	MetroCluster IP node model	Switch port(s)	Connects to	
Cisco 3132Q-V, 3232C, or 9336C-FX2	Any	5	Local cluster interface on FC node	
		6	Local cluster interface on FC node	
Broadcom BES-53248	FAS500f/A250	1 - 6	Local cluster interface on FC node	
	FAS8200/A300	3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12	Local cluster interface on FC node	
	FAS8300/A400/FAS8700	1 - 6	Local cluster interface on FC node	

#### Moving the local cluster connections when using new IP switches

If you are using new IP switches, you must physically move the existing MetroCluster FC nodes' cluster connections to the new switches.

1. Move the MetroCluster FC node group A cluster connections to the new IP switches.

Use the ports described in Which connections to move.

- a. Disconnect all the group A ports from the switch, or, if the MetroCluster FC configuration was a switchless cluster, disconnect them from the partner node.
- b. Disconnect the group A ports from node A 1-FC and node A 2-FC.
- c. Connect the group A ports of node\_A\_1-FC to the switch ports for the FC node on switch\_A\_1-IP
- d. Connect the group A ports of node\_A\_2-FC to the switch ports for the FC node on switch\_A\_1-IP
- 2. Verify that all cluster ports are up:

network port show -ipspace Cluster

<pre>cluster_A::*&gt; network port show -ipspace Cluster</pre>											
Node: nod	Node: node_A_1-FC										
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed(Mbps) Admin/Oper					
	Cluster Cluster					auto/10000 auto/10000					
Node: nod	e_A_2-FC										
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed(Mbps) Admin/Oper					
	Cluster Cluster			_		auto/10000 auto/10000	_				
4 entries were displayed.											
cluster_A::*>											

3. Verify that your inter-site Inter-Switch Links (ISLs) are up and the port-channels are operational:

show interface brief

In the following example, ISL ports "Eth1/15" to "Eth1/20" are configured as "Po10" for the remote site link and "Eth1/7" to "Eth1/8" are configured as "Po1" for the local cluster ISL. The state of "Eth1/15" to "Eth1/20", "Eth1/7" to "Eth1/8", "Po10", and "Po1" should be 'up'.

IP_switch_	A_1# shov	v inte	rface br	rief			
Port VRF		Stat	us IP	Address	Speed	MTU	
mgmt0		up		100.10.200.2	0 1000	1500	
Ethernet Port Interface	VLAN	Type	Mode	Status	Reason Ch #		Speed
  Eth1/1	101	eth	access	up	none		100G(D)
 Eth1/2	101	eth	access	up	none		100G(D)

 Eth1/3	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/4	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/5	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/6	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/7	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
1 Eth1/8	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
1 Eth1/9	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
 Eth1/10	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
 Eth1/11	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/12	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/13	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/14	1	eth	access	down	XCVR	not	inserted	auto(D)
 Eth1/15	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
10 Eth1/16	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
10 Eth1/17	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
10 Eth1/18	1	eth	trunk	up	none			100G(D)
10 Eth1/19	1		trunk	up	none			100G(D)
10 Eth1/20	1		trunk		none			100G(D)
10	_	3 311		÷.T-	110110			_ 5 5 5 (2)
Port-channel Interface	VLAN	Type	Mode St	atus	Reason		Speed	Protoco
 Po1	1	eth	trunk ı	<b></b>	none		a-1000	(D) lacp
Po10	1	eth	trunk u	ıp	none		a-1000	(D) lacp

P	011	1 et	th tru	ink c	down	No	operational	auto(D)	lacp
						mem	bers		
I	P_switch_A_1	_#							

4. Verify that all interfaces display true in the "Is Home" column:

network interface show -vserver cluster

This might take several minutes to complete.

cluster_A::	*> network	interface s	how -vserver cluste	r	
Current Is	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Cluster	node A 1 F	C clus1			
		up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node_A_1_FC	e0a
true	node A 1-F	C alua?			
	node_A_i-r	up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node_A_1-FC	e0b
true					
	node_A_2-F	_	169.254.47.194/16	node A 2-FC	e0a
true					
	node_A_2-F	_	169.254.19.183/16	node A 2-FC	e0b
true					202
4 entries w	ere display	ed.			
cluster_A::	*>				

- 5. Perform the above steps on both nodes (node\_A\_1-FC and node\_A\_2-FC) to move the group B ports of the cluster interfaces.
- 6. Repeat the above steps on the partner cluster "cluster\_B".

#### Moving the local cluster connections when reusing existing IP switches

If you are reusing existing IP switches, you must update firmware, reconfigure the switches with the correct Reference Configure Files (RCFs) and move the connections to the correct ports one switch at a time.

This task is required only if the FC nodes are connected to existing IP switches and you are reusing the switches.

- 1. Disconnect the local cluster connections that connect to switch A 1 IP
  - a. Disconnect the group A ports from the existing IP switch.
  - b. Disconnect the ISL ports on switch A 1 IP.

You can see the Installation and Setup instructions for the platform to see the cluster port usage.

AFF A320 systems: Installation and setup

AFF A220/FAS2700 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

AFF A800 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

AFF A300 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

FAS8200 Systems Installation and Setup Instructions

2. Reconfigure switch\_A\_1\_IP using RCF files generated for your platform combination and transition.

Follow the steps in the procedure for your switch vendor from *MetroCluster IP Installation and Configuration*:

MetroCluster IP installation and configuration

a. If required, download and install the new switch firmware.

You should use the latest firmware that the MetroCluster IP nodes support.

- Downloading and installing the Broadcom switch EFOS software
- Downloading and installing the Cisco switch NX-OS software
- b. Prepare the IP switches for the application of the new RCF files.
  - Resetting the Broadcom IP switch to factory defaults \*\*
  - Resetting the Cisco IP switch to factory defaults
- c. Download and install the IP RCF file depending on your switch vendor.
  - Downloading and installing the Broadcom IP RCF files
  - Downloading and installing the Cisco IP RCF files
- 3. Reconnect the group A ports to switch A 1 IP.

Use the ports described in Which connections to move.

4. Verify that all cluster ports are up:

network port show -ipspace cluster

Cluster-A::\*> network port show -ipspace cluster

Node: node\_A\_1\_FC

Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy

Node: node\_A\_2\_FC

Speed(Mbps) Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status

e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 healthy

4 entries were displayed.

Cluster-A::\*>

#### 5. Verify that all interfaces are on their home port:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

Cluster-A::	*> network	interface s	how -vserver Cluste	er	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is	3				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
					•
Cluster					
5_82.22	node_A_1_F	C_clus1			
		up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node_A_1_FC	e0a
true					
	node_A_1_F	_	160 054 40 105/16		a Ola
true		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node_A_1_FC	e0b
0140	node A 2 F	C clus1			
		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node_A_2_FC	e0a
true					
	node_A_2_F	_	160 254 10 102/16	~~d~	o O b
true		up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node_A_Z_FC	e0b
32 00					
4 entries w	ere display	ed.			
Cluster-A::	*>				

- 6. Repeat all the previous steps on switch A 2 IP.
- 7. Reconnect the local cluster ISL ports.
- 8. Repeat the above steps at site\_B for switch B\_1\_IP and switch B\_2\_IP.
- 9. Connect the remote ISLs between the sites.

## Verifying that the cluster connections are moved and the cluster is healthy

To ensure that there is proper connectivity and that the configuration is ready to proceed with the transition process, you must verify that the cluster connections are moved correctly, the cluster switches are recognized and the cluster is healthy.

1. Verify that all cluster ports are up and running:

network port show -ipspace Cluster

Cluster-A::\*> network port show -ipspace Cluster

Node: Node-A-1-FC

		Speed (Mbps)	Health
dcast Domain Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
ter up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
ter up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
3	ster up	adcast Domain Link MTU ster up 9000	ter up 9000 auto/10000

Node: Node-A-2-FC

Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Speed (Mbps) Admin/Oper	
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy

4 entries were displayed.

Cluster-A::\*>

#### 2. Verify that all interfaces are on their home port:

network interface show -vserver Cluster

This might take several minutes to complete.

The following example shows that all interfaces show true in the "Is Home" column.

_					
Cluster-A::	*> network	interface s	how -vserver Cluste	r	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is					
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Home					
					-
Cluster	Node-A-1 F	C clus1			
	NOGC 71 1_1	_	169.254.209.69/16	Node-A-1 FC	e0a
true		1 . 1		_	
	Node-A-1-F	C_clus2			
		up/up	169.254.49.125/16	Node-A-1-FC	e0b
true					
	Node-A-2-F	<del>-</del>	1.60 0.71 1.71 1.01 /1.6		
true		up/up	169.254.47.194/16	Node-A-2-FC	e0a
crue	Node-A-2-F	C clus?			
	NOGC 11 2 1	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	Node-A-2-FC	e0b
true		1. 1			
4 entries we	ere display	ed.			
Cluster-A::	*>				

## 3. Verify that both the local IP switches are discovered by the nodes:

network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Cluster-A:	:*> netw	ork device-discovery show	-protocol cdp	
Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
Node-A-1-F0	C			
	/cdp			
	e0a	Switch-A-3-IP	1/5/1	N3K-
C3232C				
g2020g	e0b	Switch-A-4-IP	0/5/1	N3K-
C3232C Node-A-2-F0	7			
Node-A-2-ro	/cdp			
	_	Switch-A-3-IP	1/6/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	Switch-A-4-IP	0/6/1	N3K-
C3232C				
4 entries v	were dis	splayed.		
Cluster-A:	:*>			

4. On the IP switch, verify that the MetroCluster IP nodes have been discovered by both local IP switches:

show cdp neighbors

You must perform this step on each switch.

This example shows how to verify the nodes are discovered on Switch-A-3-IP.

```
(Switch-A-3-IP) # show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                 s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                 Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                               Port
ID
Node-A-1-FC
                 Eth1/5/1
                                 133
                                        Η
                                                 FAS8200
                                                               e0a
Node-A-2-FC
                  Eth1/6/1
                                 133
                                                 FAS8200
                                                               e0a
Switch-A-4-IP(FD0220329A4)
                                 175 R S I s N3K-C3232C
                   Eth1/7
                                                               Eth1/7
Switch-A-4-IP(FD0220329A4)
                   Eth1/8
                                 175
                                      R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                               Eth1/8
Switch-B-3-IP(FD0220329B3)
                   Eth1/20
                                 173
                                       R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/20
Switch-B-3-IP(FD0220329B3)
                   Eth1/21
                            173
                                      R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/21
Total entries displayed: 4
(Switch-A-3-IP)#
```

This example shows how to verify that the nodes are discovered on Switch-A-4-IP.

```
(Switch-A-4-IP) # show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                  s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                  Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                                  Port
ΤD
Node-A-1-FC
                  Eth1/5/1
                                  133
                                         Η
                                                   FAS8200
                                                                 e0b
                                  133
Node-A-2-FC
                   Eth1/6/1
                                                   FAS8200
                                                                 e0b
Switch-A-3-IP(FD0220329A3)
                   Eth1/7
                                  175 R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                                 Eth1/7
Switch-A-3-IP(FD0220329A3)
                   Eth1/8
                                  175
                                        R S I s N3K-C3232C
                                                                 Eth1/8
Switch-B-4-IP(FD0220329B4)
                   Eth1/20
                                  169
                                        R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/20
Switch-B-4-IP(FD0220329B4)
                   Eth1/21
                                  169
                                         R S I s N3K-C3232C
Eth1/21
Total entries displayed: 4
(Switch-A-4-IP)#
```

## **Preparing the MetroCluster IP controllers**

You must prepare the four new MetroCluster IP nodes and install the correct ONTAP version.

This task must be performed on each of the new nodes:

- node A 1-IP
- node A 2-IP
- node B 1-IP
- node B 2-IP

In these steps, you clear the configuration on the nodes and clear the mailbox region on new drives.

1. Rack the new controllers for the MetroCluster IP configuration.

The MetroCluster FC nodes (node A x-FC and node B x-FC) remain cabled at this time.

2. Cable the MetroCluster IP nodes to the IP switches as shown in the Cabling the IP switches.

- 3. Configure the MetroCluster IP nodes using the following sections:
  - a. Gathering required information
  - b. Clearing the configuration on a controller module
  - c. Verifying the ha-config state of components
  - d. Manually assigning drives for pool 0 (ONTAP 9.4 and later)
- 4. From Maintenance mode, issue the halt command to exit Maintenance mode, and then issue the boot\_ontap command to boot the system and get to cluster setup.

Do not complete the cluster wizard or node wizard at this time.

5. Repeat these steps on the other MetroCluster IP nodes.

## Configure the MetroCluster for transition

To prepare the configuration for transition you add the new nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration and then move data to the new nodes.

#### Sending a custom AutoSupport message prior to maintenance

Before performing the maintenance, you should issue an AutoSupport message to notify NetApp technical support that maintenance is underway. Informing technical support that maintenance is underway prevents them from opening a case on the assumption that a disruption has occurred.

#### About this task

This task must be performed on each MetroCluster site.

#### **Steps**

1. To prevent automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate maintenance is underway:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=maintenance-window-in-hours
```

"maintenance-window-in-hours" specifies the length of the maintenance window, with a maximum of 72 hours. If the maintenance is completed before the time has elapsed, you can invoke an AutoSupport message indicating the end of the maintenance period:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=end
```

2. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.

### **Enabling transition mode and disabling cluster HA**

You must enable the MetroCluster transition mode to allow the old and new nodes to operate together in the MetroCluster configuration, and disable cluster HA.

- 1. Enable transition:
  - a. Change to the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

#### b. Enable transition mode:

metrocluster transition enable -transition-mode non-disruptive



Run this command on one cluster only.

c. Return to the admin privilege level:

```
set -privilege admin
```

2. Verify that transition is enabled on both the clusters.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode

non-disruptive

cluster_A::*>

cluster_B::*> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode

non-disruptive

Cluster_B::>
```

#### 3. Disable cluster HA.



You must run this command on both clusters.

```
cluster_A::*> cluster ha modify -configured false

Warning: This operation will unconfigure cluster HA. Cluster HA must be configured on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the event of storage failover.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Notice: HA is disabled.

cluster_A::*>

cluster_B::*> cluster ha modify -configured false

Warning: This operation will unconfigure cluster HA. Cluster HA must be configured on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the event of storage failover.
Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
Notice: HA is disabled.

cluster_B::*>
```

4. Verify that cluster HA is disabled.



You must run this command on both clusters.

```
cluster A::> cluster ha show
High Availability Configured: false
Warning: Cluster HA has not been configured. Cluster HA must be
configured
on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the
event of storage failover. Use the "cluster ha modify -configured
true" command to configure cluster HA.
cluster A::>
cluster B::> cluster ha show
High Availability Configured: false
Warning: Cluster HA has not been configured. Cluster HA must be
configured
on a two-node cluster to ensure data access availability in the
event of storage failover. Use the "cluster ha modify -configured
true" command to configure cluster HA.
cluster B::>
```

#### Joining the MetroCluster IP nodes to the clusters

You must add the four new MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration.

#### About this task

You must perform this task on both clusters.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Add the MetroCluster IP nodes to the existing MetroCluster configuration.
  - a. Join the first MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_1-IP) to the existing MetroCluster FC configuration.

```
Welcome to the cluster setup wizard.

You can enter the following commands at any time:
    "help" or "?" - if you want to have a question clarified,
    "back" - if you want to change previously answered questions, and
    "exit" or "quit" - if you want to quit the cluster setup wizard.
    Any changes you made before quitting will be saved.

You can return to cluster setup at any time by typing "cluster setup".
To accept a default or omit a question, do not enter a value.
```

```
This system will send event messages and periodic reports to NetApp
Technical
Support. To disable this feature, enter autosupport modify -support
disable
within 24 hours.
Enabling AutoSupport can significantly speed problem determination
and
resolution, should a problem occur on your system.
For further information on AutoSupport, see:
http://support.netapp.com/autosupport/
Type yes to confirm and continue {yes}: yes
Enter the node management interface port [e0M]:
Enter the node management interface IP address: 172.17.8.93
Enter the node management interface netmask: 255.255.254.0
Enter the node management interface default gateway: 172.17.8.1
A node management interface on port e0M with IP address 172.17.8.93
has been created.
Use your web browser to complete cluster setup by accessing
https://172.17.8.93
Otherwise, press Enter to complete cluster setup using the command
line
interface:
Do you want to create a new cluster or join an existing cluster?
{create, join}:
join
Existing cluster interface configuration found:
Port
        MTU
                ΙP
                                Netmask
e0c
       9000
              169.254.148.217 255.255.0.0
e0d
       9000
               169.254.144.238 255.255.0.0
Do you want to use this configuration? {yes, no} [yes]: yes
```

- b. Join the second MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_2-IP) to the existing MetroCluster FC configuration.
- 2. Repeat these steps to join node\_B\_1-IP and node\_B\_2-IP to cluster\_B.

## Configuring intercluster LIFs, creating the MetroCluster interfaces, and mirroring root aggregates

You must create cluster peering LIFs, create the MetroCluster interfaces on the new MetroCluster IP nodes.

#### About this task

The home port used in the examples are platform-specific. You should use the appropriate home port specific to MetroCluster IP node platform.

#### **Steps**

- 1. On the new MetroCluster IP nodes, configure the intercluster LIFs.
- 2. On each site, verify that cluster peering is configured:

```
cluster peer show
```

The following example shows the cluster peering configuration on cluster A:

The following example shows the cluster peering configuration on cluster\_B:

3. Configure the DR group for the MetroCluster IP nodes:

metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group create -partner-cluster

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group create
-partner-cluster
cluster_B -local-node node_A_3-IP -remote-node node_B_3-IP
[Job 259] Job succeeded: DR Group Create is successful.
cluster_A::>
```

4. Verify that the DR group is created.

metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show

cluster_A::> metrocluster configura	ation-settings dr-gro	oup show
DR Group ID Cluster Node	Node	DR Partner
2 cluster_A		
	node_A_3-IP	node_B_3-IP
	node_A_4-IP	node_B_4-IP
cluster_B		
	node_B_3-IP	node_A_3-IP
	node_B_4-IP	node_A_4-IP
4 entries were displayed.		
cluster_A::>		

You will notice that the DR group for the old MetroCluster FC nodes (DR Group 1) is not listed when you run the metrocluster configuration-settings dr-group show command.

You can use metrocluster node show command on both sites to list all nodes.

_	p Cluster		Configuration State	Mirroring	Mode
	cluster	 А			
	-	node A 1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node A 2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
	cluster	 _B			
		node_B_1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node_B_2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
2	cluster	_A			
		node_A_1-IP	ready to configu	re	
				_	_
		10000 A / - 1P	ready to configu	re	
clus	ter_B::> 1	metrocluster no		-	_
DR	_	 metrocluster no	de show  Configuration	- DR	- Mode
DR Grou	o Cluster	 metrocluster no	de show	- DR	- Mode
DR Grouj	o Cluster	 metrocluster no Node 	de show  Configuration	- DR	- Mode
DR Grouj	o Cluster	netrocluster no Node B	de show  Configuration	DR Mirroring	
DR Grouj	o Cluster	netrocluster no Node B	de show  Configuration State  configured	DR Mirroring	normal
DR Grouj	o Cluster	Node B 1-FC node B 2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured	DR Mirroring	normal
DR Grouj	Cluster cluster	Node B 1-FC node B 2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled	normal normal
OR Grouj	Cluster cluster	Node  B  node_B_1-FC  node_B_2-FC A	de show  Configuration State  configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled	normal normal
OR Group  1	Cluster cluster	Node  B node B 1-FC node B 2-FC A node A 1-FC node A 2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled enabled	normal normal
OR Group  1	cluster	Node  B node B 1-FC node B 2-FC A node A 1-FC node A 2-FC	de show  Configuration State  configured configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled enabled enabled	normal normal
DR Grouj	cluster	Node  B  node_B_1-FC  node_B_2-FC A  node_A_1-FC  node_A_2-FC B	de show  Configuration State  configured configured configured configured	DR Mirroring enabled enabled enabled enabled	normal normal

## 5. Configure the MetroCluster IP interfaces for the newly joined MetroCluster IP nodes:

metrocluster configuration-settings interface create -cluster-name

See Configuring and connecting the MetroCluster IP interfaces for considerations when configuring the IP interfaces.



You can configure the MetroCluster IP interfaces from either cluster. Also, beginning with ONTAP 9.9.1, if you are using a layer 3 configuration, you must also specify the <code>-gateway</code> parameter when creating MetroCluster IP interfaces. Refer to <code>xref:./transition/../install-ip/concept</code> considerations layer 3.html.

```
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 3-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.10 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 260] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 3-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.10 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 261] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 4-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.11 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 262] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> :metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster A -home-node node A 4-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.11 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 263] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 3-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.12 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 264] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 3-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.12 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 265] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 4-IP -home-port ela -address
172.17.26.13 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 266] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
cluster A::> metrocluster configuration-settings interface create
-cluster-name cluster B -home-node node B 4-IP -home-port elb -address
172.17.27.13 -netmask 255.255.255.0
[Job 267] Job succeeded: Interface Create is successful.
```

#### 6. Verify the MetroCluster IP interfaces are created:

metrocluster configuration-settings interface show

```
cluster A::>metrocluster configuration-settings interface show
DR
Config
Group Cluster Node Network Address Netmask Gateway
2 cluster A
          node A 3-IP
             Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.10 255.255.255.0 -
completed
            Home Port: e1b
                 172.17.27.10 255.255.255.0 -
completed
           node A 4-IP
             Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.11 255.255.255.0 -
completed
             Home Port: elb
                 172.17.27.11 255.255.255.0 -
completed
    cluster B
          node B 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.13 255.255.255.0 -
completed
            Home Port: e1b
                 172.17.27.13 255.255.255.0 -
completed
           node B 3-IP
              Home Port: ela
                 172.17.26.12 255.255.255.0 -
completed
            Home Port: elb
              172.17.27.12 255.255.255.0 -
completed
8 entries were displayed.
cluster A>
```

#### 7. Connect the MetroCluster IP interfaces:

metrocluster configuration-settings connection connect



This command might take several minutes to complete.

cluster\_A::> metrocluster configuration-settings connection connect
cluster\_A::>

#### 8. Verify the connections are properly established:

metrocluster configuration-settings connection show

cluster_A::>	metroclu	ster configuration	on-settings conne	ection show
DR		Source	Destination	
Config State		Network Address		
2 cluster	_A			
	node_A_			
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.10	172.17.26.11	HA Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.10	172.17.26.12	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.10	172.17.26.13	DR Auxiliary
completed				
	Home	Port: elb		
		172.17.27.10	172.17.27.11	HA Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: elb		
		172.17.27.10	172.17.27.12	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: elb		
		172.17.27.10	172.17.27.13	DR Auxiliary
completed				
	node_A_	4-IP		
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.11	172.17.26.10	HA Partner
completed				

	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.11	172.17.26.13	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela	170 17 06 10	
		1/2.1/.26.11	172.17.26.12	DR Auxiliary
completed	Ното	Port: e1b		
	поше		172.17.27.10	HA Dartner
completed		1/2.1/.2/.11	172.17.27.10	IIA TATCIICI
Jompiecea	Home	Port: elb		
			172.17.27.13	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: elb		
		172.17.27.11	172.17.27.12	DR Auxiliary
completed				
DR		Source		
_	Node	Network Address	Network Address	Partner Type
Config State				
cluster I	B			
<del>-</del>	node B	4 <b>–</b> T P		
		Port: ela		
			172.17.26.12	HA Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.13	172.17.26.11	DR Partner
completed				
	Home	Port: ela		
		172.17.26.13	172.17.26.10	DR Auxiliary
completed				
	Home	Port: elb		
		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.12	HA Partner
completed		D		
	Home	Port: elb	170 17 07 11	
		1/2.1/.27.13	172.17.27.11	DR Partner
completed	Home	Dort. olb		
	ноте	Port: elb	170 17 07 10	DD 7
completed		172.17.27.13	172.17.27.10	DR Auxiliary
=	node B 3	3-TP		
1				
	Home	Port: ela		
	Home	Port: ela 172.17.26.12	172.17.26.13	HA Partner
completed	Home		172.17.26.13	HA Partner
completed			172.17.26.13	HA Partner
completed		172.17.26.12	172.17.26.13	HA Partner

completed	172.17.26.12	172.17.26.10	DR Partner
_	Port: ela		
	172.17.26.12	172.17.26.11	DR Auxiliary
completed			
Home	Port: elb		
	172.17.27.12	172.17.27.13	HA Partner
completed			
Home	Port: elb		
	172.17.27.12	172.17.27.10	DR Partner
completed			
Home	Port: elb		
	172.17.27.12	172.17.27.11	DR Auxiliary
completed			
24 entries were displa	ayed.		
cluster_A::>			

## 9. Verify disk autoassignment and partitioning:

disk show -pool Pool1

	Usable			Disk	Container	Container
Disk	Size	Shelf	Вау	Type	Type	Name
Owner						
1.10.4	-	10	4	SAS	remote	-
node_B_2						
1.10.13	-	10	13	SAS	remote	-
node_B_2						
1.10.14	-	10	14	SAS	remote	-
node_B_1						
1.10.15	-	10	15	SAS	remote	-
node_B_1						
1.10.16	-	10	16	SAS	remote	-
node_B_1						
1.10.18	-	10	18	SAS	remote	_
node_B_2						
• • •	5.4.6.0.0.	0.0	0			0 1 1 1
2.20.0	546.9GB	20	0	SAS	aggregate	aggr0_rha1_a1
node_a_1	5.4.C. 0.CD	0.0	2	a		0 1 1 0
2.20.3	546.9GB	20	3	SAS	aggregate	aggr0_rha1_a2
node_a_2	F.4.C. 0.CD	2.0	_	0.7.0		
2.20.5	546.9GB	20	5	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a1_aggr1
node_a_1	EAC OCD	2.0	_	SAS		
2.20.6	546.9GB	20	ю	SAS	aggregate	rha1_a1_aggr1
node_a_1 2.20.7	546.9GB	20	7	SAS	aggragata	rha1 a2 aggr1
	J40.9GD	20	/	SAS	aggregate	Illai_az_aygii
node_a_2 2.20.10	546.9GB	20	1 0	SAS	aggregate	rhal al aggr1
node_a_1	J40.9GD	20	10	DAD	ayyreyate	rha1_a1_aggr1
 43 entries wer	e displayed					
12 CHOTTED MET	c arsprayea.					

## 10. Mirror the root aggregates:

storage aggregate mirror -aggregate aggr0\_node\_A\_3-IP



You must complete this step on each MetroCluster IP node.

```
cluster A::> aggr mirror -aggregate aggr0 node A 3-IP
Info: Disks would be added to aggregate "aggr0_node_A_3-IP"on node
"node A 3-IP"
    in the following manner:
    Second Plex
      RAID Group rg0, 3 disks (block checksum, raid_dp)
                                                Usable
Physical
       Position Disk
                                      Type
                                                 Size
Size
        _____
       dparity 4.20.0
                                     SAS
       parity 4.20.3
                                 SAS
       data 4.20.1
                               SAS 546.9GB
558.9GB
    Aggregate capacity available forvolume use would be 467.6GB.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
cluster A::>
```

#### 11. Verify that the root aggregates are mirrored:

storage aggregate show

```
aggr0 node A 2-FC
        349.0GB 16.84GB 95% online 1 node A 2-FC
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr0 node A 3-IP
       467.6GB 22.63GB 95% online 1 node A 3-IP
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr0_node_A_4-IP
       467.6GB 22.62GB 95% online 1 node A 4-IP
raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr_data_a1
        raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr data a2
        raid_dp,
mirrored,
```

## Finalizing the addition of the MetroCluster IP nodes

You must incorporate the new DR group into the MetroCluster configuration and create mirrored data aggregates on the new nodes.

#### **Steps**

1. Configure the MetroCluster to implement the changes:

metrocluster configure



You must run metrocluster configure and not metrocluster configure -refresh true

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster configure

[Job 439] Job succeeded: Configure is successful.

cluster_A::>
```

#### 2. Verify that the nodes are added to their DR group:

metrocluster node show

DR Group	Cluster	Node	Configuration State	DR Mirroring	Mode
1	cluster	_A			
		node-A-1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node-A-2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
	Cluster	<b>-</b> B			
		node-B-1-FC	configured	enabled	normal
		node-B-2-FC	configured	enabled	normal
2	cluster	A			
		node-A-3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
		node-A-4-IP	configured	enabled	normal
	Cluster	<b>-</b> B	-		
		node-B-3-IP	configured	enabled	normal
		node-B-4-IP	configured	enabled	normal
8 ent	ries wer	e displayed.	3		

#### 3. Create mirrored data aggregates on each of the new MetroCluster nodes:

storage aggregate create -aggregate aggregate-name -node node-name -diskcount no-of-disks -mirror true



You must create at least one mirrored data aggregate per site. It is recommended to have two mirrored data aggregates per site on MetroCluster IP nodes to host the MDV volumes, however a single aggregate per site is supported (but not recommended). It is support that one site of the MetroCluster has a single mirrored data aggregate and the other site has more than one mirrored data aggregate.

The following example shows the creation of an aggregate on node A 1-new.

cluster\_A::> storage aggregate create -aggregate data\_a3 -node node\_A\_1new -diskcount 10 -mirror t

Info: The layout for aggregate "data\_a3" on node "node\_A\_1-new" would
be:

### First Plex

RAID Group rg0	5 disks	(block checksum,	raid_dp)
----------------	---------	------------------	----------

D1 ' 1				Usable
Physical	Position	Disk	Type	Size
Size				
	dparity	5.10.15	SAS	-
-	parity	5.10.16	SAS	-
- 547.1GB	data	5.10.17	SAS	546.9GB
J47.1GB	data	5.10.18	SAS	546.9GB
558.9GB	data	5.10.19	SAS	546.9GB
558.9GB	aaca	3.10.13	5210	310.900

### Second Plex

### RAID Group rg0, 5 disks (block checksum, raid\_dp)

				Usable
Physical	Position	Disk	Туре	Size
Size	105101011	DION	1 1 1 0	5120
	d	4 00 17	C 7. C	
_	dparity	4.20.17	SAS	_
	parity	4.20.14	SAS	_
-	data	4.20.18	SAS	546.9GB
547.1GB	aaca	1.20.10		010.302
	data	4.20.19	SAS	546.9GB
547.1GB				
	data	4.20.16	SAS	546.9GB
547.1GB				

```
Aggregate capacity available for volume use would be 1.37TB.

Do you want to continue? {y|n}: y
[Job 440] Job succeeded: DONE

cluster_A::>
```

- 4. Move the MDV\_CRS volumes from the old nodes to the new nodes in advanced privilege.
  - a. Display the volumes to identify the MDV volumes:



If you have a single mirrored data aggregate per site then move both the MDV volumes to this single aggregate. If you have two or more mirrored data aggregates, then move each MDV volume to a different aggregate.

The following example shows the MDV volumes in the volume show output:

```
cluster A::> volume show
Vserver Volume
                  Aggregate State
                                      Type Size
Available Used%
______ _____
cluster A MDV CRS 2c78e009ff5611e9b0f300a0985ef8c4 A
                  aggr b1 -
cluster A MDV CRS 2c78e009ff5611e9b0f300a0985ef8c4 B
                  aggr b2 -
cluster A MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 A
                  aggr al online
                                               10GB
9.50GB 0%
cluster A MDV CRS d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51 B
                  aggr a2 online
                                              10GB
                                      RW
9.50GB
        0%
11 entries were displayed.mple
```

b. Set the advanced privilege level:

```
set -privilege advanced
```

c. Move the MDV volumes, one at a time:

volume move start -volume mdv-volume -destination-aggregate aggr-on-new-node -vserver vserver-name

The following example shows the command and output for moving MDV\_CRS\_d6b0b313ff5611e9837100a098544e51\_A to aggregate data\_a3 on node\_A\_3.

d. Use the volume show command to check that the MDV volume has been successfully moved:

```
volume show mdv-name
```

The following output shows that the MDV volume has been successfully moved.

e. Return to admin mode:

```
set -privilege admin
```

# Moving the data to the new drive shelves

During the transition, you move data from the drive shelves in the MetroCluster FC configuration to the new MetroCluster IP configuration.

#### Before you begin

You should create new SAN LIFs on the destination or IP nodes and connect hosts prior to moving volumes to

new the new aggregates.

- 1. To resume automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate that the maintenance is complete.
  - a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end
  - b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.
- 2. Move the data volumes to aggregates on the new controllers, one volume at a time.

Use the procedure in Creating an aggregate and moving volumes to the new nodes.

3. Create SAN LIFs on the recently added nodes.

Use the following procedure in Updating LUN paths for the new nodes.

4. Check if there are any node locked licenses on the FC nodes, if there are, they need to be added to the newly added nodes.

Use the following procedure in Adding node-locked licenses.

5. Migrate the data LIFs.

Use the procedure in Moving non-SAN data LIFs and cluster management LIFs to the new nodes but do **not** perform the last two steps to migrate cluster management LIFs.



- You cannot migrate a LIF that is used for copy-offload operations with VMware vStorage APIs for Array Integration (VAAI).
- After you complete the transition of your MetroCluster nodes from FC to IP, you might need
  to move your iSCSI host connections to the new nodes, see Moving Linux iSCSI hosts from
  MetroCluster FC to MetroCluster IP nodes.

## Removing the MetroCluster FC controllers

You must perform clean-up tasks and remove the old controller modules from the MetroCluster configuration.

- 1. To prevent automatic support case generation, send an Autosupport message to indicate maintenance is underway.
  - a. Issue the following command: system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=maintenance-window-in-hours

maintenance-window-in-hours specifies the length of the maintenance window, with a maximum of 72 hours. If the maintenance is completed before the time has elapsed, you can invoke an AutoSupport message indicating the end of the maintenance period:system node autosupport invoke -node \* -type all -message MAINT=end

- b. Repeat the command on the partner cluster.
- 2. Identify the aggregates hosted on the MetroCluster FC configuration that need to be deleted.

In this example the following data aggregates are hosted by the MetroCluster FC cluster B and need to be



You need to perform the steps to identify, offline and delete the data aggregates on both the clusters. The example is for one cluster only.

cluster_B::> aggr show							
Aggregate Status	Size	Available	Used%	State	#Vols	Nodes	RAID
aggr0_node_		16.83GB	95%	online	1	node_A_1-FC	
raid_dp,							
mirrored,							
normal aggr0_node_							
raid_dp,	349.0GB	16.83GB	95%	online	1	node_A_2-FC	
mirrored,							
normal aggr0_node	A_3-IP						
raid_dp,	467.6GB	22.63GB	95%	online	1	node_A_3-IP	
mirrored,							
normal aggr0 node	A 3-TP						
		22.62GB	95%	online	1	node_A_4-IP	
mirrored,							
normal aggr_data_a							
raid_dp,	1.02TB	1.02TB	0%	online	0	node_A_1-FC	
mirrored,							
normal							

```
aggr data a2
      raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr data a3
      raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
aggr data a4
      raid dp,
mirrored,
normal
8 entries were displayed.
```

cluster\_B::>

3. Check if the data aggregates on the FC nodes have any MDV\_aud volumes, and delete them prior to deleting the aggregates.

You must delete the MDV aud volumes as they cannot be moved.

- 4. Take each of the data aggregates offline, and then delete them:
  - a. Take the aggregate offline: storage aggregate offline -aggregate aggregate-name

The following example shows the aggregate aggr data a1 being taken offline:

```
cluster_B::> storage aggregate offline -aggregate aggr_data_a1
Aggregate offline successful on aggregate: aggr_data_a1
```

b. Delete the aggregate: storage aggregate delete -aggregate aggregate-name

You can destroy the plex when prompted.

The following example shows the aggregate aggr data a1 being deleted.

```
cluster_B::> storage aggregate delete -aggregate aggr_data_a1
Warning: Are you sure you want to destroy aggregate "aggr_data_a1"?
{y|n}: y
[Job 123] Job succeeded: DONE
cluster_B::>
```

5. Identify the MetroCluster FC DR group that need to be removed.

In the following example the MetroCluster FC nodes are in DR Group '1', and this is the DR group that need to be removed.

```
cluster B::> metrocluster node show
                          Configuration DR
DR
Group Cluster Node
                          State
                                      Mirroring Mode
____ ______
    cluster A
           node_A_1-FC
                         configured
                                     enabled normal
           node A 2-FC configured
                                      enabled normal
    cluster B
                       configured
           node B 1-FC
                                      enabled normal
                         configured
           node B 2-FC
                                      enabled normal
2
    cluster A
           node A 3-IP
                        configured
                                      enabled normal
           node A 4-IP
                         configured
                                      enabled
                                              normal
    cluster B
           node B 3-IP
                         configured
                                      enabled normal
           node B 3-IP
                       configured
                                      enabled normal
8 entries were displayed.
cluster B::>
```

- 6. Move the cluster management LIF from a MetroCluster FC node to a MetroCluster IP node: cluster\_B::> network interface migrate -vserver svm-name -lif cluster\_mgmt -destination-node node-in-metrocluster-ip-dr-group -destination-port available-port
- 7. Change the home node and home port of the cluster management LIF: cluster\_B::> network interface modify -vserver svm-name -lif cluster\_mgmt -service-policy default-management -home-node node-in-metrocluster-ip-dr-group -home-port lif-port
- 8. Move epsilon from a MetroCluster FC node to a MetroCluster IP node:
  - a. Identify which node currently has epsilon: cluster show -fields epsilon

```
cluster_B::> cluster show -fields epsilon
node epsilon
-----
node_A_1-FC true
node_A_2-FC false
node_A_1-IP false
node_A_2-IP false
4 entries were displayed.
```

- b. Set epsilon to false on the MetroCluster FC node (node\_A\_1-FC): cluster modify -node fc-node -epsilon false
- c. Set epsilon to true on the MetroCluster IP node (node\_A\_1-IP): cluster modify -node ip-node -epsilon true
- d. Verify that epsilon has moved to the correct node: cluster show -fields epsilon

9. On each cluster, remove the DR group containing the old nodes from the MetroCluster FC configuration.

You must perform this step on both clusters, one at a time.

```
cluster B::> metrocluster remove-dr-group -dr-group-id 1
Warning: Nodes in the DR group that are removed from the MetroCluster
         configuration will lose their disaster recovery protection.
         Local nodes "node A 1-FC, node A 2-FC" will be removed from the
         MetroCluster configuration. You must repeat the operation on
the
         partner cluster "cluster B" to remove the remote nodes in the
DR group.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
Info: The following preparation steps must be completed on the local and
partner
      clusters before removing a DR group.
      1. Move all data volumes to another DR group.
      2. Move all MDV CRS metadata volumes to another DR group.
      3. Delete all MDV aud metadata volumes that may exist in the DR
group to
      be removed.
      4. Delete all data aggregates in the DR group to be removed. Root
      aggregates are not deleted.
      5. Migrate all data LIFs to home nodes in another DR group.
      6. Migrate the cluster management LIF to a home node in another DR
group.
      Node management and inter-cluster LIFs are not migrated.
      7. Transfer epsilon to a node in another DR group.
      The command is vetoed if the preparation steps are not completed on
the
      local and partner clusters.
```

local and partner clusters. Do you want to continue?  $\{y \mid n\}$ : y [Job 513] Job succeeded: Remove DR Group is successful.

10. Verify that the nodes are ready to be removed from the clusters.

You must perform this step on both clusters.



cluster B::>

At this point, the metrocluster node show command only shows the local MetroCluster FC nodes and no longer shows the nodes that are part of the partner cluster.

```
cluster B::> metrocluster node show
                     Configuration DR
Group Cluster Node
                     State
                              Mirroring Mode
1 cluster A
        node_A_1-FC ready to configure
         node A 2-FC ready to configure
2
  cluster A
        node A 4-IP
                    configured
                              enabled normal
   cluster B
        node B 3-IP configured enabled normal
                   configured enabled normal
        node B 4-IP
6 entries were displayed.
cluster B::>
```

11. Disable storage failover for the MetroCluster FC nodes.

You must perform this step on each node.

```
cluster_A::> storage failover modify -node node_A_1-FC -enabled false
cluster_A::> storage failover modify -node node_A_2-FC -enabled false
cluster_A::>
```

12. Unjoin the MetroCluster FC nodes from the clusters: cluster unjoin -node node-name

You must perform this step on each node.

```
cluster A::> cluster unjoin -node node A 1-FC
Warning: This command will remove node "node A 1-FC" from the cluster.
        remove the failover partner as well. After the node is removed,
erase
         its configuration and initialize all disks by usingthe "Clean
         configuration and initialize all disks (4)" option from the
boot menu.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
[Job 553] Job is queued: Cluster remove-node of Node:node A 1-FC with
UUID:6c87de7e-ff54-11e9-8371
[Job 553] Checking prerequisites
[Job 553] Cleaning cluster database
[Job 553] Job succeeded: Node remove succeeded
If applicable, also remove the node's HA partner, and then clean its
configuration and initialize all disks with the boot menu.
Run "debug vreport show" to address remaining aggregate or volume
issues.
cluster B::>
```

- 13. Power down the MetroCluster FC controller modules and storage shelves.
- 14. Disconnect and remove the MetroCluster FC controller modules and storage shelves.

# Completing the transition

To complete the transition you must verify the operation of the new MetroCluster IP configuration.

1. Verify the MetroCluster IP configuration.

You must perform this step on each cluster.

The following example shows the output for cluster\_A.

The following example shows the output for cluster B.

2. Enable cluster HA and storage failover.

You must perform this step on each cluster.

3. Verify that cluster HA capability is enabled.

- 4. Disable MetroCluster transition mode.
  - a. Change to the advanced privilege level: set -privilege advanced
  - b. Disable transition mode:metrocluster transition disable
  - c. Return to the admin privilege level: set -privilege admin

```
cluster_A::*> metrocluster transition disable
cluster_A::*>
```

 $5. \ \ Verify\ that\ transition\ is\ disabled: \verb|metrocluster transition show-mode| \\$ 

You must perform these steps on both clusters.

```
cluster_A::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode
-----
not-enabled
cluster_A::>
```

```
cluster_B::> metrocluster transition show-mode
Transition Mode
-----
not-enabled
cluster_B::>
```

#### **Copyright Information**

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

#### **Trademark Information**

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at <a href="http://www.netapp.com/TM">http://www.netapp.com/TM</a> are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.