## Homework 2

### Classification and Clustering

In this homework, you need to learn how to use the machine learning tool for classification and clustering

# Follow the steps below:

- Choose a machine learning tool
  (For example: python scikit-learn, R CRAN, weka...)
- 2. Download the dataset <a href="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/default+of+credit+card+clients">https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/default+of+credit+card+clients</a>
- 3. Complete the tasks

#### Submission:

Hand in your code and the report ("word" or "pdf" or "ipython notebook" or "html"), and upload it to e3

#### Deadline:

> 2016/10/31 23:59

#### Presentation:

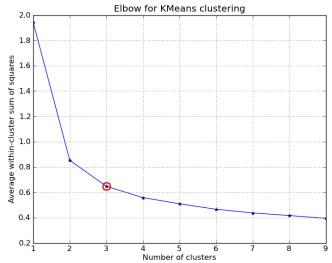
➤ We will choose some people to present in 2016/11/7 DM course

# Classification

- 1. Split the data randomly to training data and test data (70% / 30%) 將資料切成 70%的訓練資料,30%的測試資料
- 2. What is the accuracy of (1) Logistic Regression (2) k-Nearest Neighbors (3) Naive Bayes (4) Random Forest (5) SVM model in test data 用五種模型訓練,在測試資料的準確度分別是多少
- 3. Draw the ROC curve in Logistic Regression 畫出 Logistic Regression 的 ROC curve
- 4. Calculate the **precision and recall** in k-Nearest Neighbors 計算 k-Nearest Neighbors 的 precision 和 recall
- 5. Draw the **Confusion Matrix** of Naive Bayes 畫出 Naive Bayes 的 Confusion Matrix
- 6. What is the performance with different parameters in SVM 不同參數差異在 SVM 模型的表現

# Clustering

7. According to <u>Gender</u>, <u>Education</u>, and <u>Marital status</u>, how many kinds of customer should be divided into? (Hint: use the elbow method with K-means) 你認為根據 Gender, Education, and Marital status 三個欄位,可以將所有客戶分成幾類? (提示:利用 K-Means,elbow method)



8. Feel free and try more ^\_^ 盡情的玩你所選的 tool 和這份資料