

**The Experiment Report of**

***Deep Learning***

**College Software College**

**Subject Software Engineering**

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**1. Topic: Linear Regression, Linear Classification and Gradient Descent**

**2. Time: 2017-12-08 12:00 AM**

**3. Reporter: 陈奕男**

**4. Purposes:**

1. Further understand of linear regression and gradient descent.
2. Conduct some experiments under small scale dataset.
3. Realize the process of optimization and adjusting parameters.

**5. Data sets and data analysis:**

Linear Regression uses [Housing](https://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvmtools/datasets/regression.html#housing) in [LIBSVM Data](https://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvmtools/datasets/), including 506 samples and each sample has 13 features. You are expected to download scaled edition. After downloading, you are supposed to divide it into training set, validation set.   
Linear classification uses [australian](https://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvmtools/datasets/binary.html" \l "australian" \t "_blank) in [LIBSVM Data](https://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvmtools/datasets/), including 690 samples and each sample has 14 features. You are expected to download scaled edition. After downloading, you are supposed to divide it into training set, validation set.

**6. Experimental steps:**

The experimental code and drawing are completed on jupyter.

*Linear Regression and Gradient Descent*

1. Load the experiment data. You can use [load\_svmlight\_file](http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.datasets.load_svmlight_file.html" \t "_blank) function in sklearn library.
2. Devide dataset. You should divide dataset into training set and validation set using [train\_test\_split](http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model_selection.train_test_split.html" \t "_blank) function. Test set is not required in this experiment.
3. Initialize linear model parameters. You can choose to set all parameter into zero, initialize it randomly or with normal distribution.
4. Choose loss function and derivation: Find more detail in PPT.
5. Calculate gradient  toward loss function from all samples.
6. Denote the opposite direction of gradient  as .
7. Update model: .  is learning rate, a hyper-parameter that we can adjust.
8. Get the loss  under the training set and  by validating under validation set.
9. Repeate step 5 to 8 for several times, and **drawing graph of  as well as  with the number of iterations**.

*Linear Classification and Gradient Descent*

1. Load the experiment data.
2. Divide dataset into training set and validation set.
3. Initialize SVM model parameters. You can choose to set all parameter into zero, initialize it randomly or with normal distribution.
4. Choose loss function and derivation: Find more detail in PPT.
5. Calculate gradient  toward loss function from all samples.
6. Denote the opposite direction of gradient  as .
7. Update model: .  is learning rate, a hyper-parameter that we can adjust.
8. **Select the appropriate threshold, mark the sample whose predict scores greater than the threshold as positive, on the contrary as negative.** Get the loss  under the trainin set and  by validating under validation set.
9. Repeate step 5 to 8 for several times, and **drawing graph of  as well as  with the number of iterations**.

**7. Code:**

(Fill in the contents of 8-12 respectively for linear regression and linear classification)

**8. Selection of validation (hold-out, cross-validation, k-folds cross-validation, etc.):**

**9. The initialization method of model parameters:**

**10. The selected loss function and its derivatives:**

**11. Experimental results and curve:**

## Hyper-parameter selection (η, epoch, etc.):

## Assessment Results (based on selected validation):

## Predicted Results (Best Results):

## Loss curve:

**12. Results analysis:**

**13. Similarities and differences between linear regression and linear classification:**

**14. Summary:**