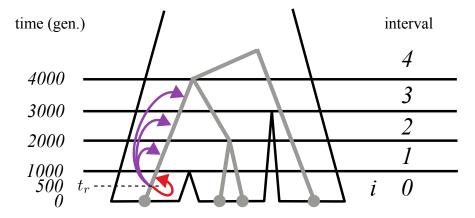
## Example: Calculating the probability of no-change



The probability of no-change given recombination on a given branch at a given time:

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{no-change}|\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{G}, b, t_r) = \frac{1}{k_i} + f(i, i) \exp\left\{\frac{k_i}{2n_i} t_r\right\} + \sum_{j \in \mathcal{J}_b(i)} f(i, j) \exp\left\{\frac{k_i}{2n_i} t_r\right\}$$

In this example, recombination occurs on branch b in interval 0 (i=0) at time  $t_r$ =500, and we will assume all  $N_e$ =1000. We can plug these values into the equation:

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{no-change}|\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{G}, b, t_r) = \frac{1}{1} + f(0, 0) \exp\left\{\frac{1}{2(1000)}500\right\} + \sum_{j \in \{1, 2, 3\}} f(0, j) \exp\left\{\frac{1}{2(1000)}500\right\}$$

Then expand the piecewise constant functions f(i,j) for each interval on b:

$$f(i,i) = -\frac{1}{k_i} \exp\left\{-\frac{k_i}{2n_i}\mu_i\right\}$$

$$f(0,0) = -\frac{1}{1} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1000)}500\right\}$$

$$f(i,j) = \frac{1}{k_j} \left(1 - \exp\left\{-\frac{k_j}{2n_j}d_j\right\}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{k_i}{2n_i}\mu_i - \sum_{q \in \mathcal{Q}_b(i,j)} \frac{k_q}{2n_q}d_q\right\}$$

$$f(0,1) = \frac{1}{3} \left(1 - \exp\left\{-\frac{3}{2(1000)}1000\right\}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1000)}1000\right\}$$

$$f(0,2) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \exp\left\{-\frac{2}{2(1000)}1000\right\}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1000)}1000 - \left(\frac{3}{2(1000)}1000\right)\right\}$$

$$f(0,3) = \frac{1}{3} \left(1 - \exp\left\{-\frac{3}{2(1000)}1000\right\}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1000)}1000 - \left(\frac{3}{2(1000)}1000 + \frac{2}{2(1000)}1000\right)\right\}$$

And sum to get final result: (colored to correspond with the figure above):

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{no-change}|\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{G}, b, t_r) = 1 + \frac{f(0,0)}{f(0,0)} \times 1.284 + \sum_{j \in \{1,2,3\}} f(0,j) \times 1.284$$

$$= 1 + (-0.6065 \times 1.284) + (0.1571 \times 1.284) + (0.0428 \times 1.284) + (0.0129 \times 1.284)$$

$$= 0.4944$$