

# The Measurement of the $W\gamma$ Cross Section at 8 TeV (PhD thesis defense)

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# Talk Outline

## ► Introduction to the Standard Model

## ► Theory

- Proton-proton collisions
- Electroweak interactions
- $W\gamma \rightarrow l\nu\gamma$  process

## ► Experimental setup

- Large Hadron Collider (LHC)
- Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS)
- Particle reconstruction in CMS

## ► $W\gamma$ cross section measurement

- Measurement goal and strategy
- Data and simulation (MC) samples
- Event selection
- Background estimation
  - Methods and results
  - Challenges and cross checks
- Selected corrections
- Systematic uncertainties
- Cross section

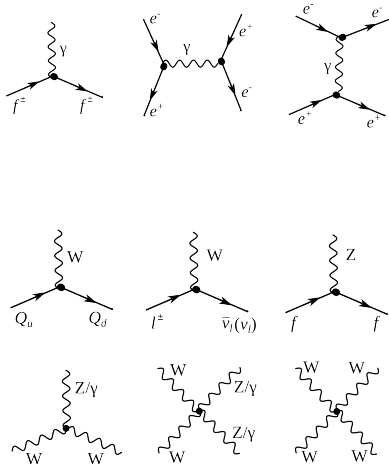
## ► Conclusions

# Introduction. The Standard Model

About the Standard Model

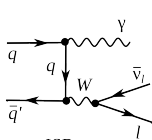
# Theory. Proton-Proton Collisions

# Theory. EWK Interactions

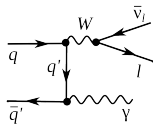


W decay channels:

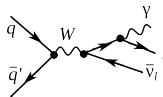
# Theory. $W\gamma \rightarrow l\nu\gamma$



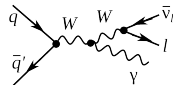
ISR



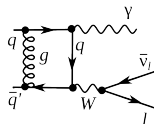
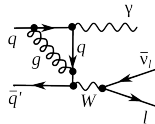
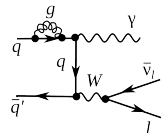
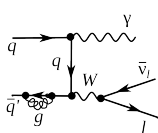
ISR



FSR



TGC



- ▶ test Standard Model;
- ▶ search for aTGC.

# Large Hadron Collider (LHC)

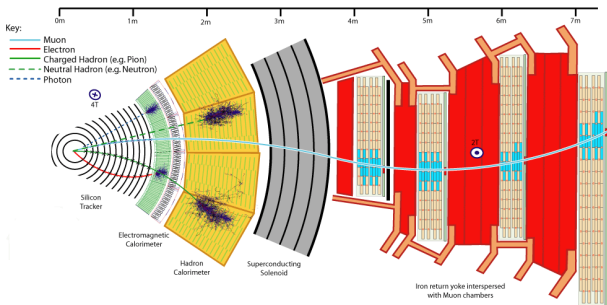
# Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS). Components



# Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS). Particle Reconstruction

Process to study:  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ ,  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ .

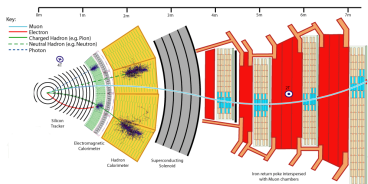
Final state particles: muons, electrons, photons, neutrinos.



# Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS). Neutrinos

Process to study:  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ ,  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ .

Final state particles: muons, electrons, photons, **neutrinos**.



**Neutrino is not detected.** The measure of  $P_T^\nu$  is  
**missing transverse energy:**  $E_T^{miss} = -|\sum \mathbf{P}_T|$ ,  
Sum over all visible particles in the event.

# Measurement Goal

To measure the total and the differential ( $\frac{d\sigma}{dP_T^\gamma}$ ) cross sections of  $W\gamma \rightarrow l\nu\gamma$  at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV.

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Phase space definition:

- ▶  $P_T^\gamma > 15$  GeV;
- ▶  $\Delta R(\gamma, lep) > 0.7$ ;
- ▶ several more requirements related to geometric and kinematic limitations

# Measurement Strategy

Step	Algebraic representation for the measurement of	
	$d\sigma/dP_T^\gamma$	$\sigma$
<b>select events</b>	$N_{sel}^j$	$N_{sel}$
<b>subtract background</b>	$N_{sign}^j = N_{sel}^j - N_{bkg}^j$	$N_{sign} = N_{sel} - N_{bkg}$
unfold	$N_{A \times \epsilon}^i = U_{ij} \cdot N_{sign}^j$	—
correct for efficiency	$N_{true}^i = \frac{N_{A \times \epsilon}^i}{(A \times \epsilon)^i}$	$N_{true} = \frac{N_{sign}}{A \times \epsilon}$
compute cross section	$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dP_T^\gamma}\right)^i = \frac{N_{true}^i}{L \cdot (\Delta P_T^\gamma)^i}$	$\sigma = N_{true}/L$
<b>estimate systematic uncertainties</b>		

# Data Samples and Triggering

Data: CMS experiment, 2012,  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV  
Integrated luminosity:  $L=19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Dataset	Candidates	Purpose	Size, T
Single muon	$W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$	target process	1.2
Single electron	$W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$	target process	2.0
Double muon	$Z\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$	background estimation	0.4
Double electron	$Z\gamma \rightarrow ee\gamma$	background estimation	0.5

# MC Samples and Luminosity Reweighting

Process	Type	$\sigma$ , pb
$W\gamma \rightarrow l\nu\gamma$	signal	554
$W+\text{jets} \rightarrow l\nu+\text{jets}$	background	36257
$DY+\text{jets} \rightarrow ll+\text{jets}$	background	3504
$t\bar{t}+\text{jets} \rightarrow 1l+X$	background	99
$t\bar{t}+\text{jets} \rightarrow 2l+X$	background	24
$Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma$	background	172

All MC samples are normalized to the data luminosity of  $L = 19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in all studies and plots.

# Requirements for Selection of $W\gamma$ Candidates

Selection requirements for candidates ----- $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ -----   ----- $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ -----		Comment
<b>Event level:</b> Exactly one lepton + at least one photon $M_T^W > 40$ GeV $ 110 > M_{e\gamma} > 70$ GeV excl. $\Delta R(\text{lep}, \gamma) > 0.7$		process signature rejects DY+jets, $Z\gamma$ rejects DY+jets theory consideration
<b>Photon selection:</b> $P_T^\gamma > 15$ GeV $\eta^\gamma$ : EB or EE Photon ID   [one change in ID]		theory considerations acceptance POG*-recommended $W\gamma\gamma$ -recommended
<b>Lepton selection:</b> $p_T^\mu > 25$ GeV; $ \eta^\mu  < 2.1$ Muon ID	$p_T^e > 30$ GeV; $\eta^e$ : EB or EE Electron ID	trigger trigger, acceptance POG*-recommended
<b>Second lepton veto:</b> $p_T^{\mu 2} > 10$ GeV; $ \eta^{\mu 2}  < 2.4$		rejects DY+jets, $Z\gamma$  very loose

If we have several candidates in an event, we choose one with the highest  $P_T^\gamma$

\*POG - Particle Object Group (in CMS)

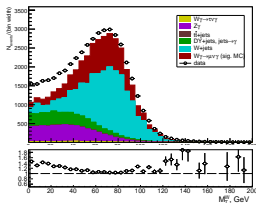
# Data vs MC. $M_T^W$ and $M_{l,\gamma}$

$M_T^W > 40 \text{ GeV}$  is applied in both channels

$M_{l,\gamma} < 70 \text{ or } M_{l,\gamma} > 110 \text{ GeV}$  is applied in the **electron channel only**

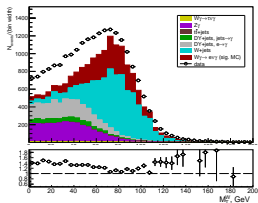
Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $L=19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Data vs MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ , EB+EE.



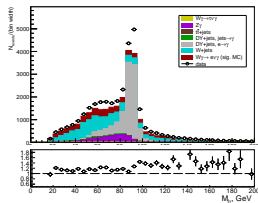
Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $L=19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Data vs MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , EB+EE.



Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $L=19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Data vs MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , EB+EE.



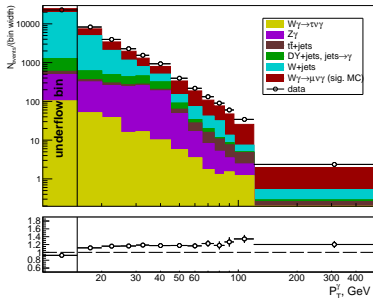


# Data vs MC. $P_T^{\gamma\gamma}$

- ▶ Selected datasets are dominated by  $W$ +jets events in low  $P_T^{\gamma\gamma}$  bins;
- ▶ Fraction of signal increases with  $P_T^{\gamma\gamma}$ ;
- ▶ Data disagree with MC.

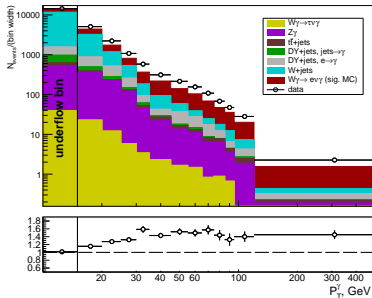
Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

Data vs MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

Data vs MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



All MC samples are normalized to the luminosity of data.

# Jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ Background. Sources

Jets  $\rightarrow \gamma$  background estimation is the most challenging part of this measurement and also the source of the largest systematic uncertainties (discussed later).

# Jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ Background. Template Method

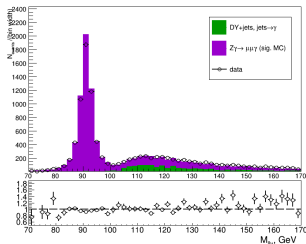
- ▶ Choose a variable that has a significant discriminative power between the true and fake photon candidates  $V_{fit}$ ;
- ▶ Prepare real- $\gamma$  ( $T_{true}$ ) and fake- $\gamma$  ( $T_{fake}$ ) templates\*;
- ▶ Fit  $V_{fit}$  distribution in data by:  $F(V_{fit}) = N_{true} \cdot T_{true}(V_{fit}) + N_{fake} \cdot T_{fake}(V_{fit})$ .

\*Templates: binned histograms of  $V_{fit}$ , which should be accurate representations of  $V_{fit}$  distributions of real and fake photons in the  $W\gamma$ -selected dataset.

# Jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ Background. Templates from $Z\gamma \rightarrow \bar{\mu}\mu\gamma$

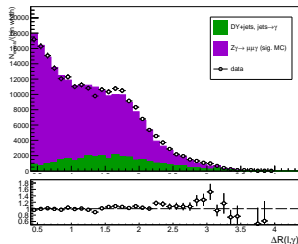
Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

Data vs MC. pt15to500 Z  $\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$ , barrel.



Work in progress, CMS 2012,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

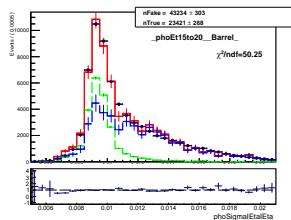
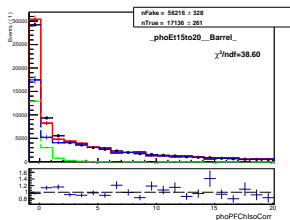
Data vs MC. pt15to500 Z  $\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$ , barrel.



FSR selection:  $M_{\mu\mu\gamma} < 101$  GeV and  $\Delta R(\mu_1, \gamma) > 0.4$

ISR selection:  $M_{\mu\mu\gamma} > 101$  GeV and  $\Delta R(\mu_1, \gamma) > 1.0$

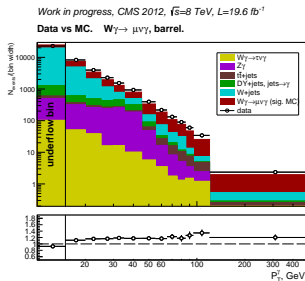
Jets  $\rightarrow \gamma$  Background.  $V_{fit} = I_{ch}^\gamma$  and  $V_{fit} = \sigma_{i\eta i\eta}$



$e \rightarrow \gamma$  Background. Source

# Real- $\gamma$ Background. Sources

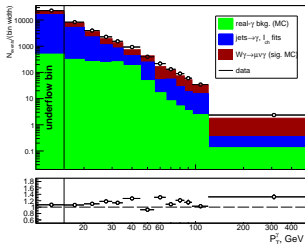
Main sources of true  $\gamma$  background are  $Z\gamma$  and  $W\gamma \rightarrow \tau\nu\gamma$ . The MC-based estimation is used to subtract these backgrounds. MC-based background estimation.



# $P_T^\gamma$ Spectrum (EB only)

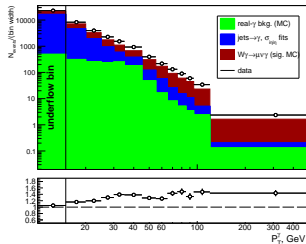
Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

Data vs (bkg.+signal MC).  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



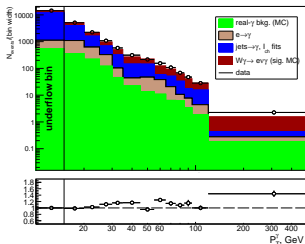
Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

Data vs (bkg.+signal MC).  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



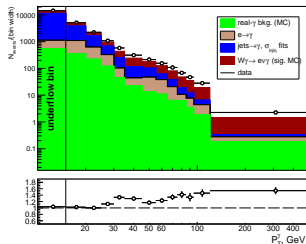
Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

Data vs (bkg.+signal MC).  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$

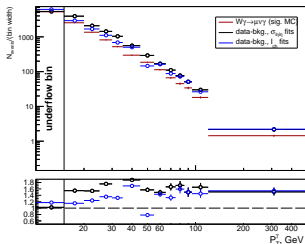
Data vs (bkg.+signal MC).  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



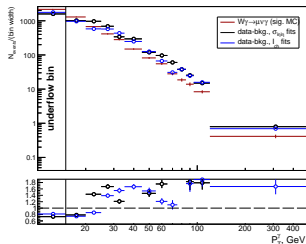


# $P_T^\gamma$ Spectrum after Background Subtraction (EB and EE)

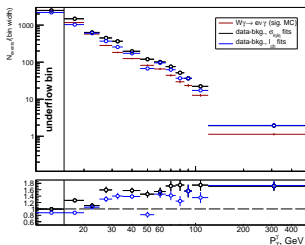
Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$   
(Data-bkg.) vs signal MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



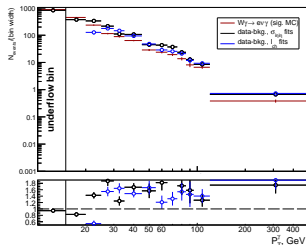
Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$   
(Data-bkg.) vs signal MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ , endcap.



Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$   
(Data-bkg.) vs signal MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , barrel.



Work in progress, CMS 12,  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV,  $L=19.6$  fb $^{-1}$   
(Data-bkg.) vs signal MC.  $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ , endcap.



# Cross Checks for Jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ Background Estimation

## Simple MC closure check:

- ▶ Mix  $W\gamma$  and  $W$ +jets MC samples to prepare pseudodata;
- ▶ Use  $W\gamma$  and  $W$ +jets MC to prepare templates;
- ▶ Fit pseudodata and compare fit results with MC predictions;
- ▶ Agreement is mostly good.

## MC realistic check:

- ▶ Mix  $W\gamma$ ,  $W$ +jets,  $DY$ +jets,  $Z\gamma$ ,  $t\bar{t}$ +jets MC samples to prepare pseudodata-I;
- ▶ Mix  $Z\gamma$  and  $DY$ +jets MC to prepare pseudodata-II for templates;
- ▶ Fit pseudodata-I and compare fit results with MC predictions;
- ▶ Agreement is better than in data but generally not very good.

## $Z\gamma$ check:

- ▶ Apply  $Z\gamma$  selection on Double Muon and Double Electron datasets;
- ▶ Prepare templates the same way as for the  $W\gamma$  measurement;
- ▶ Fit  $Z\gamma$ -selected datasets and compare fit results with MC predictions and  $I_{ch}^\gamma$  vs  $\sigma_{l\eta}^\gamma$ ;
- ▶ Measure  $Z\gamma$  cross section and compare to the published CMS 8 TeV result;
- ▶ Agreement is very good.

## Conclusions: reasons of discrepancies in the $W\gamma$ measurement:

- ▶ Not accurate shape of templates;
- ▶ Effect of a bias on the fit machinery.

# Other Corrections

**Detector resolution unfolding:** Important note: errors across different  $P_T^\gamma$  bins become correlated after the unfolding procedure.

**Efficiency:**

**Acceptance:**

# Efficiency Scale Factors

POG

Special SF from  $W\gamma$

# Uncertainties. Introduction

# Relative Uncertainties [%] on the $W\gamma \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$ Cross Section

Diagonal elements of error matrices only

$P_T^\gamma$ , GeV	stat. unc.	systematic uncertainties						
		related to jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ $N_{lch}$ vs $N_{sig\eta\eta}$	$Z\gamma$ MC norm.	templ. stat.	SFs	lumi	other	total syst.
>15	1	10	24	4	2	3	4	27
15-20	2	31	12	10	3	3	6	35
20-25	2	29	13	11	1	3	6	34
25-30	2	24	13	11	1	3	5	30
30-35	3	40	15	13	2	3	7	45
35-45	2	11	12	8	2	3	6	19
45-55	4	62	19	20	2	3	8	68
55-65	3	15	12	14	1	3	7	24
65-75	6	36	19	17	1	3	10	44
75-85	4	6	11	16	1	3	10	21
85-95	5	2	9	23	1	3	13	25
95-120	5	10	8	12	1	3	9	18
120-500	3	4	11	21	2	3	9	24

# Relative Uncertainties [%] on the $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ Cross Section

Diagonal elements of error matrices only

$P_T^\gamma$ , GeV	stat. unc.	systematic uncertainties							
		related to jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ $N_{lch}$ vs $N_{\sigma in \eta}$	$Z\gamma$ MC norm.	templ. stat.	SFs	lumi	$e \rightarrow \gamma$	other	total syst.
>15	2	15	35	5	19	3	4	5	44
15-20	8	80	27	19	17	3	18	11	90
20-25	7	38	20	14	12	3	11	10	48
25-30	5	25	16	12	14	3	8	8	36
30-35	5	35	14	12	14	3	3	8	42
35-45	3	14	13	8	18	3	2	7	28
45-55	8	53	20	22	36	3	7	11	71
55-65	7	17	12	30	44	3	5	10	58
65-75	7	23	15	32	44	3	4	11	61
75-85	8	32	17	27	44	3	6	13	64
85-95	9	9	7	9	40	3	8	14	44
95-120	7	19	9	14	44	3	5	11	51
120-500	4	12	6	24	39	3	1	9	48

# Relative Uncertainties [%] on the $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ Cross Section

Diagonal elements of error matrices only

$P_T^\gamma$ , GeV	stat. unc.	systematic uncertainties							
		related to jets $\rightarrow \gamma$ $N_{lch}$ vs $N_{\sigma\eta\eta}$	$Z\gamma$ MC norm.	templ. stat.	SFs	lumi	$e \rightarrow \gamma$	other	total syst.
>15	2	15	35	5	19	3	4	5	44
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20-25	7	38	20	14	12	3	11	10	48
25-30	5	25	16	12	14	3	8	8	36
30-35	5	35	14	12	14	3	3	8	42
35-45	3	14	13	8	18	3	2	7	28
45-55	8	53	20	22	36	3	7	11	71
55-65	7	17	12	30	44	3	5	10	58
65-75	7	23	15	32	44	3	4	11	61
75-85	8	32	17	27	44	3	6	13	64
85-95	9	9	7	9	40	3	8	14	44
95-120	7	19	9	14	44	3	5	11	51
120-500	4	12	6	24	39	3	1	9	48



# Major Sources of the Systematic Uncertainties

**Bias in Template Shape and Fit Machinery:**  $|N_{lch} - N_{\sigma i \eta i \eta}|$

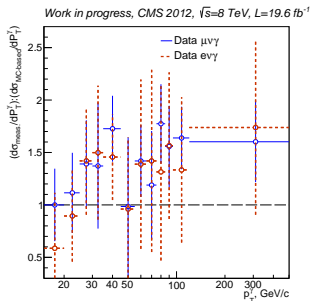
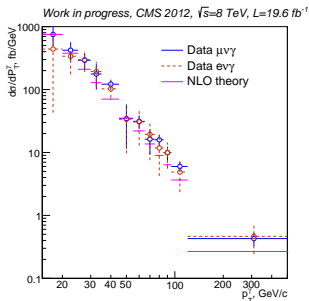
**$Z\gamma$  MC Normalization:**

**Statistical Power of Templates:**

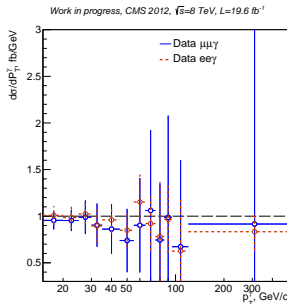
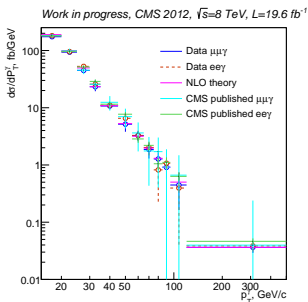
**PixelSeedVeto SFs (electron channel only):**

# Total and Differential Cross Section

	$\sigma (P_T^\gamma > 15 \text{ GeV}), \text{ fb}$
NLO theory	9101
Data, muon channel	$10949 \pm 91 \pm 1463$
Data, electron channel	$9146 \pm 185 \pm 2213$



# $Z\gamma$ Check. Differential Cross Section



- Cross section of  $Z\gamma \rightarrow l\bar{l}\gamma$  agrees well with the 8 TeV published CMS result and with the theory prediction;
- The workflows for the  $Z\gamma$  and  $W\gamma$  measurements are very similar;
- The same procedures of the jets  $\rightarrow \gamma$  background estimation have been used;
- $Z\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu\gamma$ : template data **significantly overlap** with analyzed data  $\rightarrow$  **closure check**;
- $Z\gamma \rightarrow ee\gamma$ : template data **do not overlap** with analyzed data  $\rightarrow$  **valid physics measurement**.

# Acknowledgements

Before drawing conclusions...

- ▶ Ilya Kravchenko, Yurii Maravin, Lovedeep Saini;
- ▶ Joshua Kunkle, Senka Duric, Dmytro Kovalskyi;
- ▶ Kuo Chia-Ming, Sachiko Toda McBride, Yutaro Iiyama;
- ▶ whole CMS collaboration.

# Conclusions

- ▶ Cross section for muon and electron channels are computed;
- ▶ This is the first measurement of the differential  $W\gamma$  cross section with CMS;
- ▶ Results agree with the theory;
- ▶ Results between the two channels agree;
- ▶ Good agreement in the  $Z\gamma$  check validates most parts of the measurement.