2023 11 17

set.insert() -- hint insert

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    set<string> myset{ "ayca", "berna", "derya", "meliha", "saliha"};
    // eğer doğru konum verirsek performans verir.
    myset.insert(myset.begin(), "aliye"); // hint insert

    vector<string> svec {"eda", "naz", "tan"};

    copy(svec.begin(), svec.end(), inserter(myset, myset.begin());
}
```

inserter

```
// inserter
int main()
{
    using namespace std;
    vector<string> svec {"eda", "naz", "tan"};
    set<string> myset{ "ayca", "berna", "derya", "meliha", "saliha"};
    copy(svec.begin(), svec.end(), inserter(myset, myset.begin());
}
```

set.emplace hint()

```
// emplace hint
int main()
{
    // perfect forwarding kullanarak set'in sağladığı bellek alanında nesneyi
oluşturur
    myset.emplace_hint(myset.begin(), 10, 'A');
}
```

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    set<string> myset;
    rfill(myset, 10, rname);

    cout << "eski ve yeni ismi giriniz:";
    string old_name, new_name;
    cin >> old_name >> new_name;

    // eski cpp icin find ile bulup silip daha sonra yeni elemanı eklicez

    if (auto iter = myset.find(old_name); iter != myset.end())
    {
        myset.erase(iter);
        myset.insert(new_name);
        std::cout << "anahtar degistirildi\n";
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "bulanamadi\n";
    }
}</pre>
```

set.extract()

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    set<string> myset;
    rfill(myset, 10, rname);

    cout << "eski ve yeni ismi giriniz:";
    string old_name, new_name;
    cin >> old_name >> new_name;
    cin >> old_name >> new_name;

    auto iter = myset.find(old_name);
    auto handle = myset.extract(iter);

    cout << "size = " << myset.size() << "\n"; // size = 9

    handle.value() = new_name;
    myset.insert(std::move(handle));

    cout << "size = " << myset.size() << "\n"; // size = 10</pre>
```

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    multiset<int> myset;
    rfill(myset, 20, Irand{0, 5});
    print(myset);

    auto [iter_first, iter_last] = myset.equal_range(3);
}
```

Set Lambda Karşılaştırma Kriteri

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    set<int, decltype([](int x, int y)
    {
        return x % 100 < y % 100;
    })> myset;
}
```

std::map

std::map'a öğe ekleme

```
int main()
    using namespace std;
    map<string, int> mx;
    pair<string, int> p1 {"tayfun", 767};
    mx.insert(p1);
    mx.insert(pair{ "alican", 871});
    mx.insert({"emrecan", 823});
    mx.insert(make_pair("deniz", 761));
    mx.emplace("damla", 732);
    for (auto iter = mx.begin(); iter != mx.end(); ++iter)
        std::cout << iter->first << " " << iter->second << "\n";</pre>
    // for-ranged
    for (const auto& p : mx)
        std::cout << p.first << " " << p.second << "\n";</pre>
    // structured binding C++17
    for (const auto& [name, grade] : mx)
        std::cout << name << " " << grade;</pre>
```

[] operator fonksiyonu

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    map<int, string> mymap;

    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
        {
             mymap.emplace(Irand{0 , 70}(), rname());
        }

        print(mymap, "\n");
        int key;
        cin >> key;
        // ref semantiği ile key'e erişebiliriyoruz
        mymap[key] = "sadullah";
        // eğer key yoksa o keyi eklemiş oluyoruz

        mymap.at(key) = "sadullah"; // anahtar yoksa exception throw eder
}
```

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    map<string, int>::value_type // pair<string, int>
    map<string, int>::key_type // string
    map<string, int>::mapped_type // int
}
```

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;
    map<string, int> mymap;

    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
    {
        mymap.emplace(rname(), Irand { 0, 70}());
    }

    string old_key, new_key;

    cout << "eski ve yeni anahtarları girin: ";
    cin >> old_key >> new_key;

    auto handle = mymap.extract(old_key);

    if (handle)
    {
        handle.key() = new_key;
        mymap.insert(move(handle));
        cout << "anahtar degistirildi\n";
    }
}</pre>
```

Hash Table

- Hash'ta anahtar ile arama constant time complexity
- Sette anahtar ile arama linear time complexity

```
#include <functional>
int main()
{
    using namespace std;
    hash<int> hasher;
    size_t val = hasher(87423);
    cout << val << "\n"; // hash değeri
}</pre>
```

```
#include <functional>
int main()
{
   using namespace std;

   hash<string> hasher;

   cout << hasher("deniz"); << "\n"; // hash değeri
   cout << hasher("denis"); << "\n"; // hash değeri
   cout << hasher("denizcan"); << "\n"; // hash değeri
}</pre>
```

```
struct DateHasher
{
    std::size_t operator()(const Date& dt)const
    {
        std::hash<int> hasher;

        return hasher(dt.month_day()) + hasher(dt.month()) + hasher(dt.year());
    }
}
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    Date mydate{ 17, 11, 2023};
    cout << DateHasher{}(mydate) << '\n';
    ++mydate;
    cout << DateHasher{}(mydate) << '\n';
}</pre>
```

std::unordered_set

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    unordered_set<int, hash<int>, equal_to<int>> // unordered_set<int>
}
```

```
// Eğer kendi veri tipimizi kullancaksak

class DateHasher
{
    std::size_t operator()(const Date&)const;
};

struct DateEqual
{
    bool operator()(const Date&, const Date&)const;
};

int main()
{
    using namespace std;
    unordered_set<Date, DateHasher> myset;
}
```

lambda kullanarak unordered_set oluşturma

```
// Lambda kullanarak unordered_set oluşturma
int main()
{
    using namespace std;
    auto fhash = [](const Date&)
    {
        return 12u;
    };
    auto eq = [](const Date&, const Date&)
    {
        return true;
    };
    unordered_set<Date, decltype(fhash), decltype(eq)>;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    unordered_set<int> myset(400); // bucket sayısını belirleriz

    cout << myset.bucket_count() << "\n";
}</pre>
```

```
int main()
{
    using namespace std;

    unordered_set<string> myset;

    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
        myset.insert(rname());
    }

    print(myset);

    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
        string name;
        cout << "isim girin: ";
        cin >> name;

        if (myset.contains(name)) {
        }
    }
}
```