# Program Development

#### Define the problem

- Carefully read and re-read the problem until you understand completely what is required.
- Break down the problem in three separate components:
  - o **input**, **output**, **processing steps** to produce the required output.
- (tools: paper and pen)

#### **Outline the solution**

- Break up the problem into smaller tasks (steps) and establish an outline solution. This rough draft of the solution may include
- Major processing steps
- Major subtasks
- Major control structures
- Major variables and data structures
- Main-line logic
- (hierarchy or structure chart)

### Develop the outline into an algorithm

- A set of precise steps that describe exactly the tasks to be performed and the order in which they are to be carried out.
- (pseudo-code, flowchart, structured English)

## Test the algorithm for correctness

- Desk checking: test data needs to be walked through each step in the algorithm to check that the instructions will actually do what they are designed to.
- (walkthrough, keep track of all major variables on a sheet of paper.)

## Code the algorithm into a specific programming language

Program Data: Variables, constants and literals

#### Run the program on the computer

#### Document and maintain the program

- Internal documentation: prologue (header), inline comments
- External documentation: hierarchy charts, solution algorithm, test data results

## What must be designed?

- 1. Logical flow of instructions
- 2. Mathematical procedures
- 3. Appearance of screens
- 4. Way information is presented to user
- 5. User-friendliness
- 6. Manuals and other forms of documentation