

As part of the Current Population Survey, the US Census Bureau conducts an annual Displaced Worker Supplement in which workers who have lost their job in the last three years are asked additional questions about their unemployment experiences and (if re-employed) their re-employment conditions.

As reported in the survey documentation linked above, “the universe for the Displaced Workers Supplement is civilians 20 or older. Respondents are further categorized as a ‘displaced worker’ if they meet additional characteristics (see DWSTAT). Users should note that there is an important difference in definition of displaced worker across samples. Before 1994, displaced workers are those who lost or left a job during the past 5 years. After 1994, displaced workers are those who lost or left a job due to layoffs or shutdowns within the past 3 years. **For 1998 on, respondents are only considered displaced workers if they had lost or left a job due to layoffs or shutdowns within the past 3 years, were not self-employed, and did not expect to be recalled to work within the next six months. Self-response was not required for this supplement after 1994, so often one individual answered for all household members.**”

We utilize the information reported on an individual’s weekly wage at their lost job, wage at their new job, and the time spent unemployed to derive a measure of duration-dependent reservation wage adjustment. More precisely, we regress the ratio of the new wage to the wage at the lost job on unemployment duration and various control variables in a cross-sectional setting. We compare the model fit across linear, quadratic, and cubic specifications, with and without various combinations of control variables (whether or not an individual received unemployment compensation, age, race, sex, marital status, education, previous wage level). Note that wages are reported in hourly and weekly values but this reporting is inconsistent across observations. In other words, though most individuals (4600/6198) report their wage in both units, 270 report only hourly and 1328 report only weekly. We reconcile this by converting reported hourly wages to weekly wages, where weekly values are not reported. The data used below is from annual survey responses between 2000-2025. We use the supplement sample weights in all results below. In the We note where the sample has been trimmed for outliers (wage ratio between [0.25, 2] and unemployment duration less than 96 weeks (~24 months).

Below, we outline the data cleaning procedure, provide descriptive figures and statistics, outline the econometric estimation strategy, provide regression results using the raw sample and reweighted samples addressing selection issues and non-uniformity, and provide information on the representativeness of the raw sample. The sample is non-uniform in unemployment duration (less observations are observed for higher values of unemployment duration). We employ three methods of reweighting to address these selection issues (Heckman Selection correction, entropy-balancing, and propensity score matching) to deal with representativeness issues of across values of unemployment durations. These re-weighting and sample balancing methods confirm the directionality of the regression results in the non-uniform sample, providing greater confidence in the triangulated reservation wage adjustment rate.

Overall, we find that individuals accept a ~1-percentage point decrease in the wage ratio per additional month of unemployment. Variations using model reweighting, different samples, combinations of control variables, reported hourly and weekly wage ratios do not seem to affect the result. However, the data seems to follow a non-linear relationship (we see little satisficing until around ~12 months of unemployment) after which the wage ratio begins to decrease. Individuals seem to accept a below-1 relative wage ratio (current wage:wage at lost job) following a year of unemployment.

Important Considerations/Limitations:

1. **Displaced worker classification as outlined above.** We do not distinguish between workers in our model that are voluntarily or involuntarily separated from their jobs. Therefore, the displaced worker classification outlined above does not represent individuals unemployed voluntarily.
2. **The reported ‘current wage’ is not necessarily the realised wage post-re-employment.** Individuals report the wage at their lost job, the amount of time unemployed until they were re-employed, and the wage they hold at their current job. However, it is not indicated whether the current job is the same job as the first they were re-employed at. As such, there is uncertainty in the measurement of this outcome as an accepted wage that is relatively low compared to an individual’s previous wage might be a temporary reality rather than a true re-employment wage (i.e., an individual

finding stop-gap employment).

3. **Outcome variable:** The outcome variable does not adequately handle fundamentally different wage scales (i.e., a 10% wage increase would likely be more or less devastating depending on the initial wage level). We control for wage levels in various specifications listed below. We find that controlling for wage levels does not significantly impact our results.

Descriptives

All descriptives below use the Displaced Worker Sample Weights.

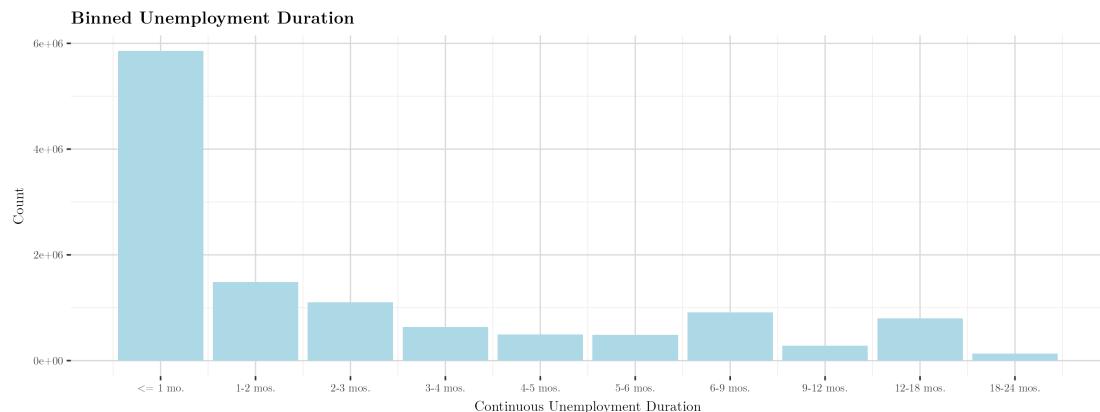
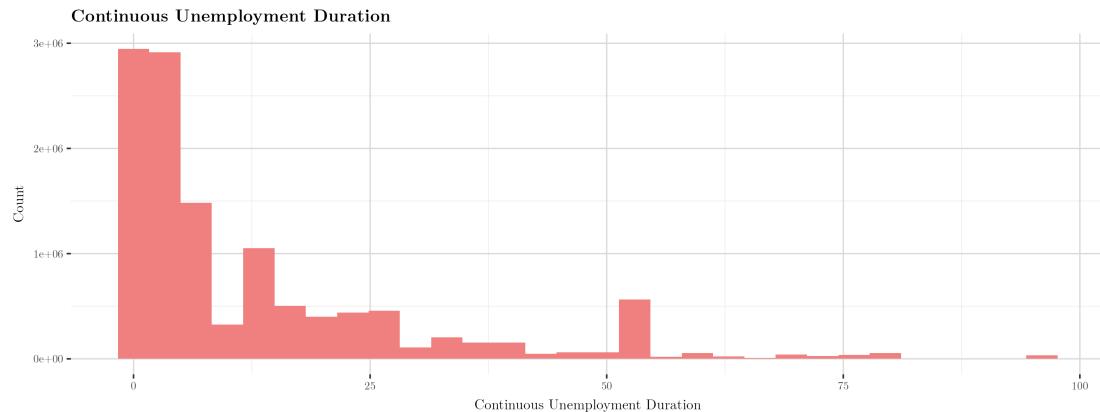
Histogram: sample is skewed (see reweighting alternatives at end of document).

Box plots: Looking at the reported wage ratios in weekly and hourly values, the mean is fixed near 1 until >12 mos of unemployment in hourly wage reporting. In weekly wage reporting, the “satisficing” seems to start earlier in unemployment duration (sample size is larger for weekly reporting - might be worth focusing on those wages).

Scatter plot: I fit a linear and spline fit to the scattered plot of the wage ratio to unemployment duration before using the regression. Indicates decline in the wage ratio with unemployment duration that has a potentially non-linear fit.

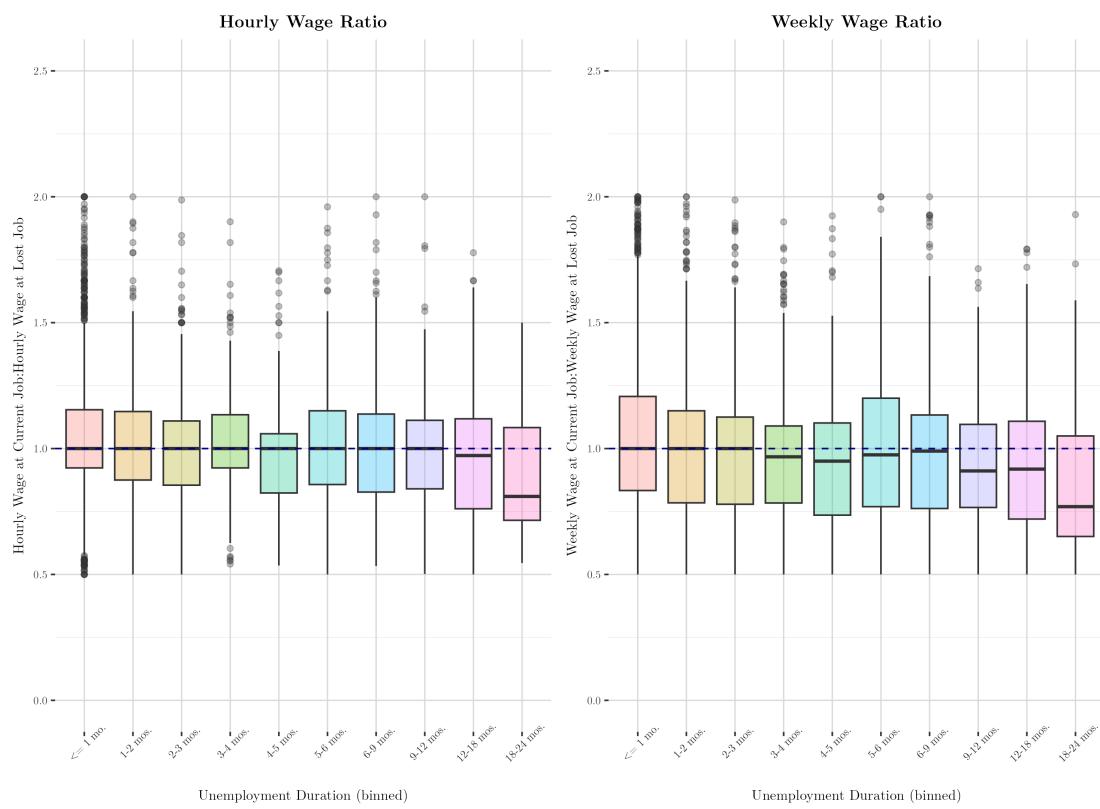
Reported unemployment duration between lost job and next job

Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement Weights. Annual data from 2000-2025. Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment.



Reported ratio of current wage to lost wage by unemployment duration

Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement Weights.
 Annual data from 2000-2005.
 Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment.



Reported ratio of current wage to lost wage by unemployment duration

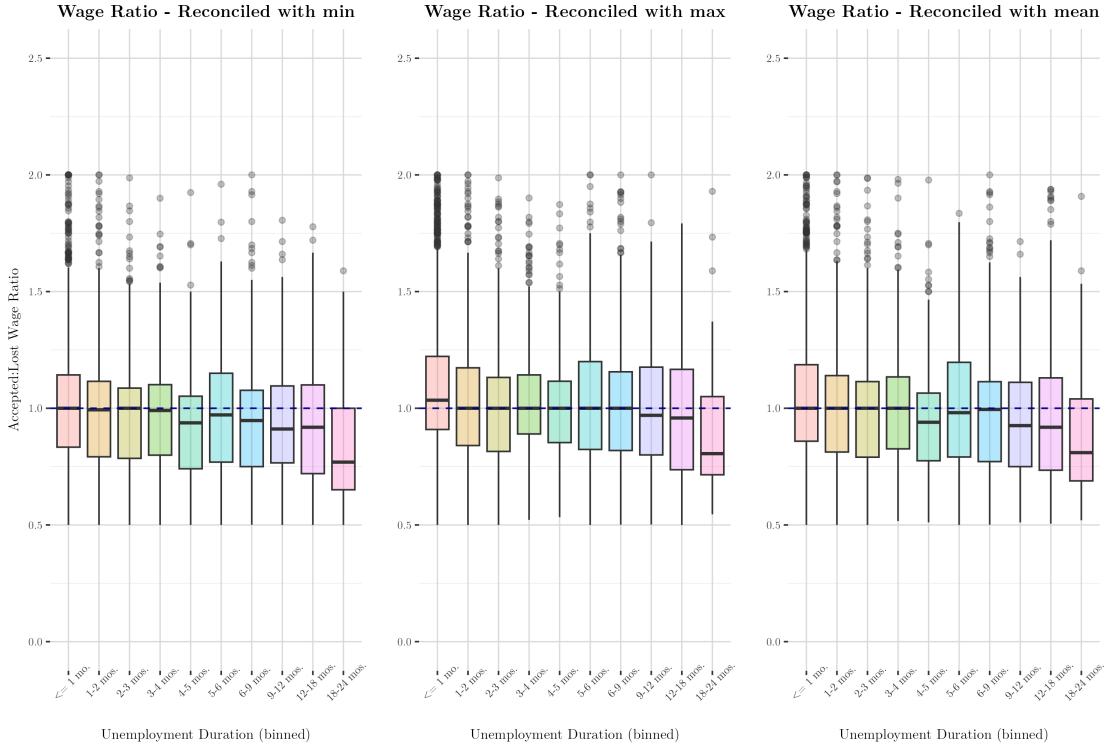
Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement Weights.

Annual data from 2000-2005.

Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment.

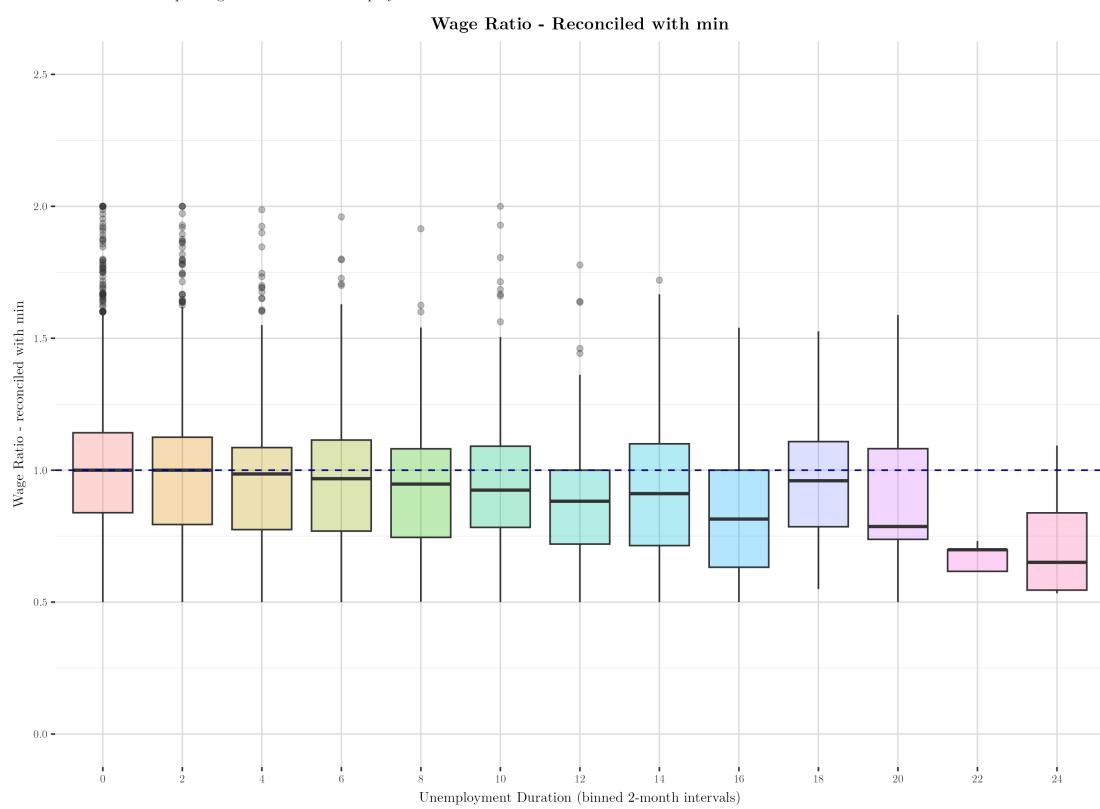
In many cases, only hourly OR weekly wages are reported.

To be able to combine information on all workers to one value, we select the present statistic for those missing one and retain either the minimum, maximum, or mean of the hourly versus weekly wage for those reporting both.



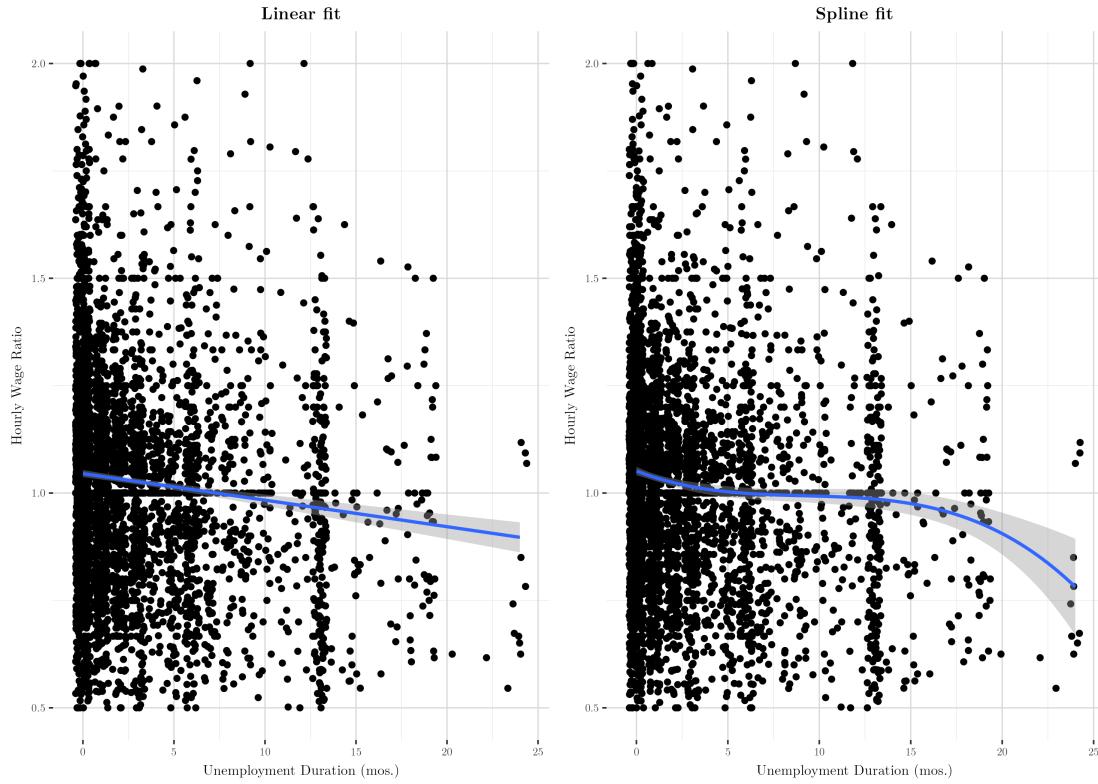
Reported ratio of current wage to lost wage by unemployment duration

Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement Weights.
Annual data from 2000-2025.
Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment.



Linear and spline fit to scatter plot of wage ratio vs. unemployment duration in months.

Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement
Weights. Annual data from 2000-2025. Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment and wage ratios below 0.5 and above 2.



Regressions (non-uniform sample)

Next, before correcting for the non-uniformity of the sample (i.e., that there are less observations present for higher unemployment durations), we employ the following econometric specificaitons (with various modifications to sample and control variables).

$$W_i = \alpha_i + \beta_1 d_i + \beta_2 UI_i + \beta_3 X_i + \epsilon_i$$

where W_i : Ratio of accepted wage to wage at lost job (hourly values).

d_i : Unemployment duration in continuous (months) or binned values.

UI_i : Control variable for having used or exhausted unemployment benefits.

X_i : Vector of control variables (sex, age, race, marital status, education level, and previous wage level).

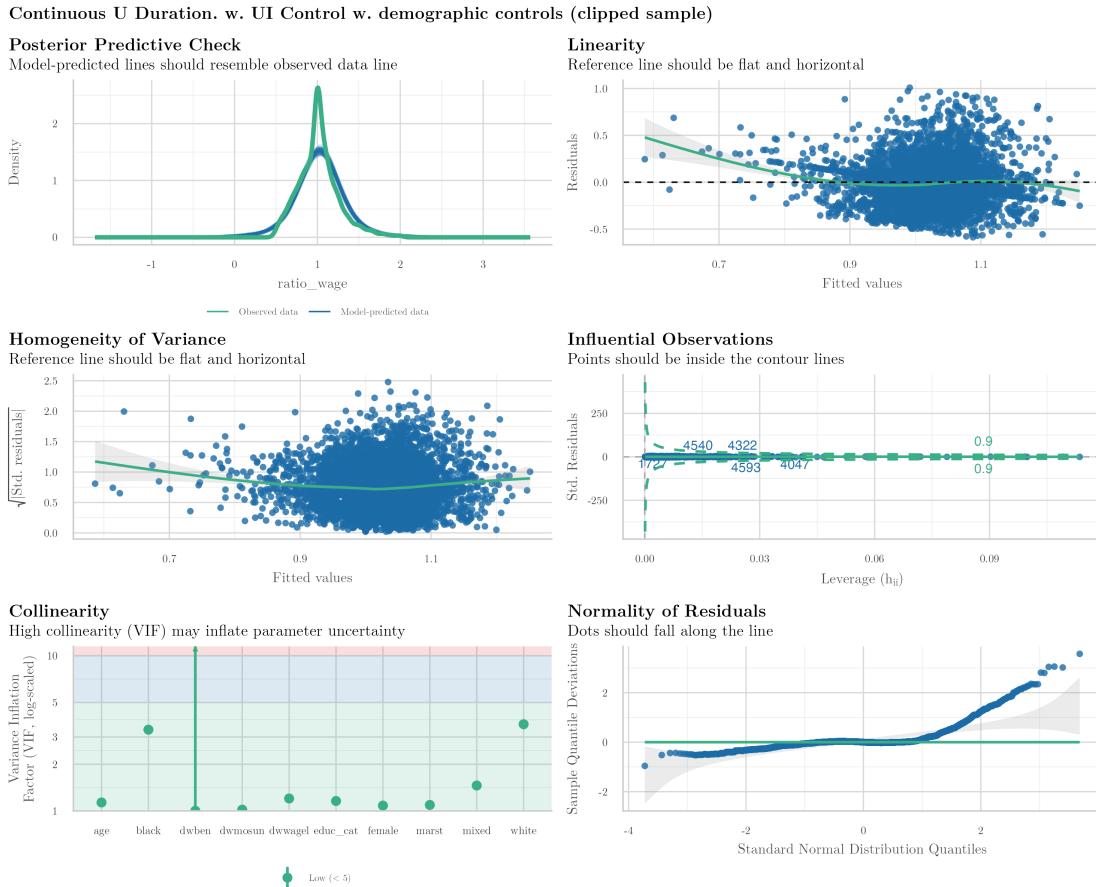
We present and compare 48 variations on the above model present with all combinations of the following:

- **Continuous vs. Discrete Treatment Variable (2 alternatives):** Continuous (monthly) versus binned unemployment duration.
- **w. UI vs w. Exhausted UI (3 alternatives):** The survey includes a variable for whether individuals USE and/or EXHAUST unemployment benefits. We run the regressions without these UI controls, with the control for having used UI, or with the control for having exhausted UI.
- **w. Controls (2 alternatives):** With or without additional demographic controls (sex, age, race, married, education).

- **w. Wage Level (2 alternatives):** With or without wage level of lost job to control for income and the relationship between wage levels and the outcome wage ratio itself.
- **Outlier clipped sample (2 alternatives):** Either remove outliers where the wage ratio is within [0.25, 2.5] and reported unemployment duration is below 96 weeks (~ 2 years), or employ the raw sample.

In each regression table, we include the full set of coefficients to allow for examination of the regression coefficients on the controls as well as the principal variables of interest. In each table, we highlight β_1 as this is the main regression coefficient of interest. We employ the `check_model()` function from the `performance` package in R to display visual checks of various model assumptions.

Across all models in the tables below we see a consistently negative coefficient on unemployment duration (~0.7-1 percentage point increase in the wage ratio for each additional month spent in unemployment). If we look more closely at the performance of our model with continuous unemployment duration, UI use (not exhaustion), all controls, wage levels, and outlier correction we see that the model performs passably across various diagnostic tests.



Continuous UE Duration

Continuous UE duration treatment is reported in monthly values. A one-unit increase in the treatment variable = 1 additional month of unemployment.

Table 1: Continuous UE Duration w.o Wage Level Control (Clipped Sample)

	Cont. (clipped)	Cont. w. UI (clipped)	Cont. w. exhausted UI (clipped)	Cont. Sq (clipped)	Cont. Sq w. UI (clipped)	Cont. Sq w. exhausted UI (clipped)	Cont. w. controls (clipped)	Cont. w. UI w. controls (clipped)	Cont. w. exhausted UI w. controls (clipped)	Cont. Sq w. controls (clipped)	Cont. Sq w. UI w. controls (clipped)	Cont. Sq w. exhausted UI w. controls (clipped)
Intercept	1.034*** (0.001)	1.045*** (0.001)	1.006*** (0.001)	1.046*** (0.001)	1.046*** (0.001)	1.005*** (0.001)	1.013*** (0.001)	1.023*** (0.001)	1.113*** (0.001)	1.033*** (0.001)	1.033*** (0.001)	1.109*** (0.001)
Unemployment Duration (Months)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.002)	-0.007*** (0.002)	-0.005 (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.002)	-0.006*** (0.002)	-0.001 (0.002)
Received Unemployment Compensation	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.001*** (0.001)
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.002*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)
Unemployment Duration (Months ²)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Female	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Age	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
White	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Black	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Mixed	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Married	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.012+ (0.007)
High School	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.005 (0.003)
Associate's Degree	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Bachelor's Degree	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Postgraduate Degree	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.037 (0.021)
Num.Obs.	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644
R2	0.012	0.012	0.022	0.012	0.012	0.023	0.012	0.032	0.032	0.032	0.032	0.040
R2 Adj.	0.009	0.009	0.020	0.011	0.011	0.022	0.011	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.030
F	46.344	23.169	41.487	23.546	15.694	27.802	11.151	10.220	12.521	10.252	9.462	11.589
RMSE	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

Table 2: Continuous UE Duration w.o Wage Level Control (Full Sample)

	Cont.	Cont. w. UI	Cont. w. exhausted UI	Cont. Sq	Cont. Sq w. UI	Cont. Sq w. exhausted UI	Cont. w. controls	Cont. w. UI w. controls	Cont. w. exhausted UI w. controls	Cont. Sq w. controls	Cont. Sq w. UI w. controls	Cont. Sq w. exhausted UI w. controls
Intercept	1.053*** (0.001)	1.052*** (0.001)	1.006*** (0.001)	1.055*** (0.001)	1.055*** (0.001)	1.007*** (0.001)	1.022*** (0.001)	1.180*** (0.001)	1.191*** (0.001)	1.035*** (0.001)	1.035*** (0.001)	1.116*** (0.001)
Unemployment Duration (Months)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.005*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.002)	-0.006*** (0.002)	-0.005 (0.003)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.002)	-0.006*** (0.002)	-0.003 (0.003)
Received Unemployment Compensation	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)	0.001*** (0.000)
Unemployment Duration (Months ²)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Female	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Age	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
White	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Black	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Mixed	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Married	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.005 (0.011)
High School	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Associate's Degree	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)
Bachelor's Degree	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.016 (0.021)
Postgraduate Degree	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.037+ (0.021)
Num.Obs.	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870
R2	0.009	0.009	0.017	0.010	0.010	0.017	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.025	0.025	0.030
R2 Adj.	0.009	0.009	0.016	0.009	0.009	0.016	0.022	0.022	0.028	0.022	0.022	0.027
F	46.344	23.169	41.487	23.546	15.694	27.802	11.151	10.220	12.521	10.252	9.462	11.589
RMSE	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

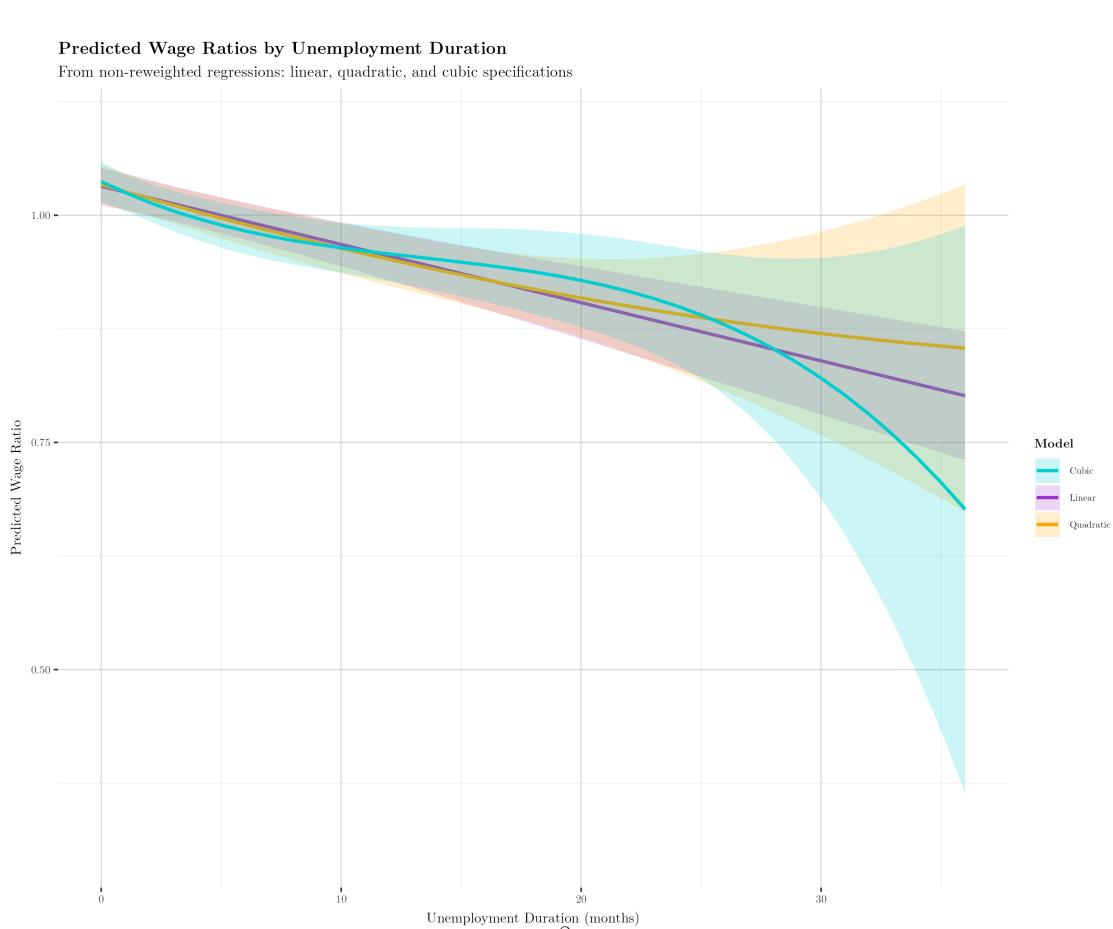


Table 3: Continuous UE Duration w. Wage Level Control (Clipped Sample)

	Cost. (clipped)	Cost. w. UI (clipped)	Cost. w. exhausted UI (clipped)	Cost. Sq (clipped)	Cost. Sq w. UI (clipped)	Cost. Sq w. exhausted UI (clipped)	Cost. w. controls (clipped)	Cost. w. UI w. controls (clipped)	Cost. w. exhausted UI w. controls (clipped)	Cost. Sq w. controls (clipped)	Cost. Sq w. UI w. controls (clipped)	Cost. Sq w. exhausted UI w. controls (clipped)
Intercept	1.13*** (0.001)	1.13*** (0.001)	1.09*** (0.001)	1.12*** (0.001)	1.12*** (0.001)	1.09*** (0.001)	1.21*** (0.001)	1.21*** (0.001)	1.17*** (0.001)	1.21*** (0.001)	1.21*** (0.001)	1.16*** (0.001)
Hourly Wage of Lost Job	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)
Unemployment Duration (Months)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.002 (0.002)	-0.002 (0.002)
Received Unemployment Compensation	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation		0.000*** (0.001)		0.000*** (0.001)		0.000*** (0.001)		0.000*** (0.001)		0.000*** (0.001)		0.000*** (0.001)
Unemployment Duration (Months?)		0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)						
Female												
Age												
White												
Black												
Mixed												
Married												
High School												
Associate's Degree												
Bachelor's Degree												
Postgraduate Degree												
Num.Obs.	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644	6644
R2	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
R2 Adj.	0.94	0.94	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
RMSE	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

Table 4: Continuous UE Duration w. Wage Level Control (Full Sample)

	Cost.	Cost. w. UI	Cost. w. exhausted UI	Cost. Sq	Cost. Sq w. UI	Cost. Sq w. exhausted UI	Cost. w. controls	Cost. w. UI w. controls	Cost. w. exhausted UI w. controls	Cost. Sq w. controls	Cost. Sq w. UI w. controls	Cost. Sq w. exhausted UI w. controls
Intercept	1.18*** (0.011)	1.18*** (0.011)	1.15*** (0.014)	1.18*** (0.012)	1.18*** (0.012)	1.15*** (0.015)	1.26*** (0.011)	1.26*** (0.011)	1.21*** (0.011)	1.26*** (0.011)	1.26*** (0.011)	1.21*** (0.011)
Hourly Wage of Lost Job	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)
Unemployment Duration (Months)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.007*** (0.001)	-0.005*** (0.001)	-0.007** (0.002)	-0.007** (0.002)	-0.003 (0.003)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.007** (0.002)	-0.007** (0.002)	-0.003 (0.003)
Received Unemployment Compensation	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)	0.000 (0.001)
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation		0.001*** (0.000)		0.001*** (0.000)		0.001*** (0.000)		0.000*** (0.000)		0.000*** (0.000)		0.000*** (0.000)
Unemployment Duration (Months?)		0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)	0.000 (0.000)						
Female												
Age												
White												
Black												
Mixed												
Married												
High School												
Associate's Degree												
Bachelor's Degree												
Postgraduate Degree												
Num.Obs.	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870
R2	0.648	0.648	0.652	0.648	0.648	0.652	0.669	0.669	0.673	0.669	0.669	0.673
R2 Adj.	0.647	0.647	0.651	0.647	0.647	0.651	0.667	0.667	0.670	0.667	0.667	0.670
F	121.551	81.034	88.352	81.047	81.047	60.784	66.451	30.216	27.890	29.347	27.393	25.399
RMSE	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37

* p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

Binned UE Duration

Binned UE duration treatment is reported in bins as indicated in the box plots and code cleaning above.

Additional Considerations

Next, we provide results for the econometric specifications listed above with better balanced survey samples. We outline the various procedures employed for dealing with selection issues and non-uniformity in the sample.

Selection Issues with Non-Random Sample

One of the challenges with this data is that the sample grows significantly smaller for higher reported of unemployment duration (see scatter plots in section above). Therefore, we re-weight our survey sample (beyond the census weights already employed) to ensure population similarity across bins. More precisely, we employ propensity score matching using a generalised linear model, entropy-balancing, and Heckman selection correction.

Overall, we find the econometric results reported earlier to be consistent across these implementations, with the coefficients on unemployment duration remaining somewhat stable.

Entropy Balancing

First, entropy balancing simply reweights observations to ensure population matching across the key dependent variable.

Table 5: Binned UE Duration w.o Wage Level Control (Clipped Sample)

	Disc. (clipped)	Disc. w. UI (clipped)	Disc. w. exhausted UI (clipped)	Disc. w. controls (clipped)	Disc. w. UI w. controls (clipped)	Disc. w. exhausted UI w. controls (clipped)
Intercept	1.055*** (0.005)	1.055*** (0.005)	1.010*** (0.008)	1.170*** (0.021)	1.170*** (0.021)	1.116*** (0.023)
Unemployment Duration (Binned)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.005*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.005*** (0.001)
Received Unemployment Compensation	0.000 (0.001)				0.000 (0.001)	
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation		0.001*** (0.000)				0.001*** (0.000)
Female			-0.003 (0.007)	-0.003 (0.007)	-0.003 (0.007)	
Age			-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	
White			-0.052** (0.016)	-0.052** (0.016)	-0.052** (0.016)	
Black			-0.056** (0.018)	-0.056** (0.018)	-0.056** (0.018)	
Mixed			-0.070** (0.027)	-0.070** (0.027)	-0.070** (0.027)	-0.068* (0.027)
Married			0.011 (0.007)	0.011 (0.007)	0.011 (0.007)	0.012 (0.007)
High School			0.001 (0.011)	0.001 (0.011)	0.001 (0.011)	0.005 (0.011)
Associate's Degree			-0.009 (0.014)	-0.009 (0.014)	-0.009 (0.014)	-0.005 (0.014)
Bachelor's Degree			0.067*** (0.015)	0.067*** (0.015)	0.067*** (0.015)	0.071*** (0.015)
Postgraduate Degree			0.030 (0.031)	0.030 (0.031)	0.030 (0.031)	0.038 (0.031)
Num.Obs.	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644
R2	0.011	0.011	0.021	0.031	0.031	0.039
R2 Adj.	0.011	0.010	0.021	0.028	0.028	0.036
RMSE	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

Table 6: Binned UE Duration w.o Wage Level Control (Full Sample)

	Disc.	Disc. w. UI	Disc. w. exhausted UI	Disc. w. controls	Disc. w. UI w. controls	Disc. w. exhausted UI w. controls
Intercept	1.069*** (0.008)	1.069*** (0.008)	1.016*** (0.012)	1.190*** (0.031)	1.190*** (0.031)	1.127*** (0.034)
Unemployment Duration (Binned)	-0.013*** (0.002)	-0.013*** (0.002)	-0.008*** (0.002)	-0.011*** (0.002)	-0.011*** (0.002)	-0.007*** (0.002)
Received Unemployment Compensation	0.000 (0.001)				0.000 (0.001)	
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation		0.001*** (0.000)				0.001*** (0.000)
Female			0.003 (0.011)	0.003 (0.011)	0.003 (0.011)	
Age			-0.003*** (0.000)	-0.003*** (0.000)	-0.003*** (0.000)	-0.003*** (0.000)
White			-0.035 (0.023)	-0.035 (0.023)	-0.035 (0.023)	-0.033 (0.023)
Black			-0.047+ (0.026)	-0.047+ (0.026)	-0.047+ (0.026)	-0.045+ (0.026)
Mixed			0.014 (0.040)	0.014 (0.040)	0.014 (0.040)	0.017 (0.040)
Married			0.004 (0.011)	0.004 (0.011)	0.004 (0.011)	0.005 (0.011)
High School			0.006 (0.016)	0.006 (0.016)	0.006 (0.016)	0.012 (0.016)
Associate's Degree			0.033 (0.021)	0.033 (0.021)	0.033 (0.021)	0.038+ (0.021)
Bachelor's Degree			0.082*** (0.021)	0.082*** (0.021)	0.082*** (0.021)	0.087*** (0.021)
Postgraduate Degree			0.116** (0.045)	0.116** (0.045)	0.116** (0.045)	0.124** (0.045)
Num.Obs.	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870
R2	0.010	0.010	0.016	0.025	0.025	0.030
R2 Adj.	0.009	0.009	0.016	0.022	0.022	0.027
F	47.638	23.816	40.199	11.165	10.232	12.314
RMSE	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

Table 7: Binned UE Duration w. Wage Level Control (Clipped Sample)

	Disc. (clipped)	Disc. w. UI (clipped)	Disc. w. exhausted UI (clipped)	Disc. w. controls (clipped)	Disc. w. UI w. controls (clipped)	Disc. w. exhausted UI w. controls (clipped)
Intercept	1.139*** (0.008)	1.139*** (0.008)	1.098*** (0.011)	1.224*** (0.021)	1.224*** (0.021)	1.176*** (0.023)
Hourly Wage of Lost Job	-0.006*** (0.000)	-0.006*** (0.000)	-0.006*** (0.000)	-0.007*** (0.000)	-0.007*** (0.000)	-0.007*** (0.000)
Unemployment Duration (Binned)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.005*** (0.001)	-0.008*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.005*** (0.001)
Received Unemployment Compensation		0.000 (0.001)		0.001 (0.001)		0.000 (0.001)
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation			0.000*** (0.000)			0.000*** (0.000)
Female				-0.023** (0.007)	-0.023** (0.007)	-0.023** (0.007)
Age				-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)
White				-0.050** (0.016)	-0.050** (0.016)	-0.049** (0.016)
Black				-0.061*** (0.018)	-0.061*** (0.018)	-0.059*** (0.018)
Mixed				-0.067* (0.027)	-0.067* (0.027)	-0.065* (0.026)
Married				0.017* (0.007)	0.017* (0.007)	0.018* (0.007)
High School				0.019+ (0.011)	0.019+ (0.011)	0.022* (0.011)
Associate's Degree				0.027+ (0.014)	0.027+ (0.014)	0.030* (0.014)
Bachelor's Degree				0.122*** (0.015)	0.122*** (0.015)	0.124*** (0.015)
Postgraduate Degree				0.120*** (0.031)	0.120*** (0.031)	0.124*** (0.031)
Num.Obs.	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644	4644
R2	0.045	0.045	0.052	0.072	0.072	0.078
R2 Adj.	0.045	0.045	0.051	0.070	0.070	0.076
RMSE	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.23	0.23	0.23

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

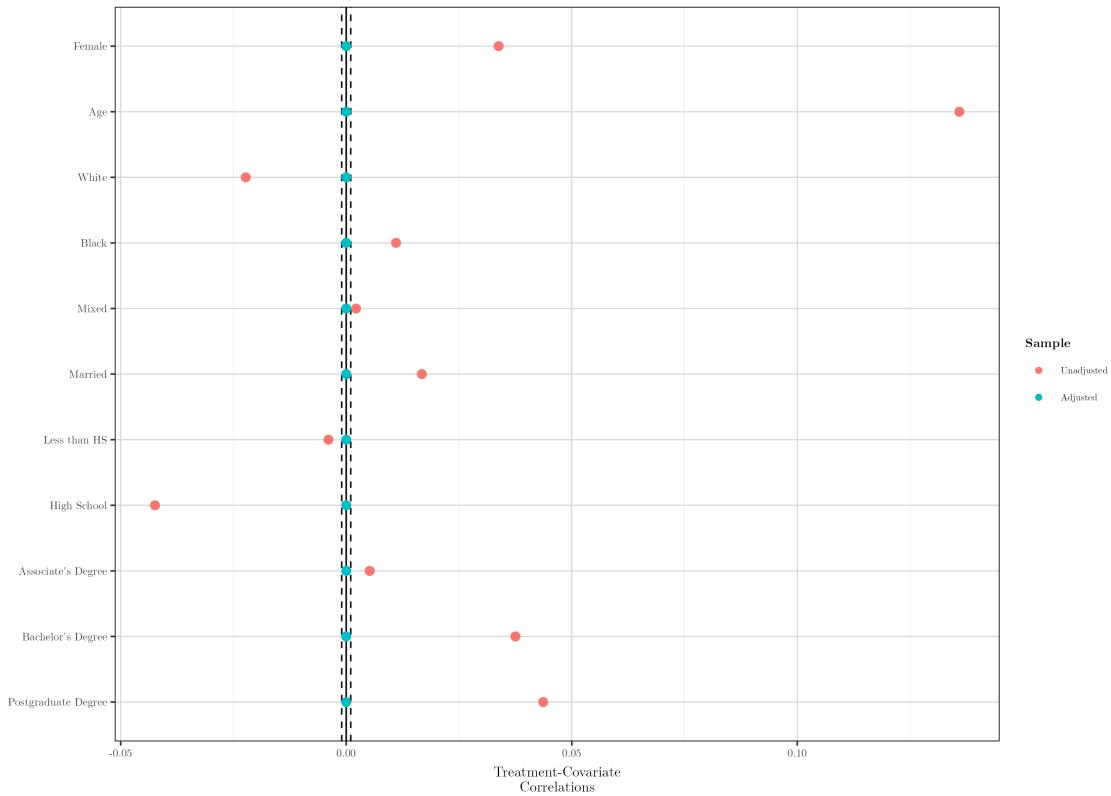
Table 8: Binned UE Duration w. Wage Level Control (Full Sample)

	Disc.	Disc. w. UI	Disc. w. exhausted UI	Disc. w. controls	Disc. w. UI w. controls	Disc. w. exhausted UI w. controls
Intercept	1.198*** (0.012)	1.199*** (0.012)	1.154*** (0.016)	1.272*** (0.031)	1.272*** (0.031)	1.220*** (0.034)
Hourly Wage of Lost Job	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.009*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)	-0.011*** (0.001)
Unemployment Duration (Binned)	-0.011*** (0.002)	-0.011*** (0.002)	-0.008*** (0.002)	-0.011*** (0.002)	-0.010*** (0.002)	-0.007*** (0.002)
Received Unemployment Compensation		0.000 (0.001)			0.000 (0.001)	
Exhausted Unemployment Compensation			0.000*** (0.000)			0.000*** (0.000)
Female				-0.028** (0.011)	-0.028** (0.011)	-0.028** (0.011)
Age				-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.001*** (0.000)
White				-0.034 (0.023)	-0.034 (0.023)	-0.032 (0.023)
Black				-0.057* (0.026)	-0.057* (0.026)	-0.054* (0.026)
Mixed				0.017 (0.039)	0.017 (0.039)	0.019 (0.039)
Married				0.013 (0.010)	0.013 (0.010)	0.013 (0.010)
High School				0.034* (0.015)	0.034* (0.015)	0.038* (0.015)
Associate's Degree				0.085*** (0.021)	0.085*** (0.021)	0.088*** (0.021)
Bachelor's Degree				0.163*** (0.022)	0.163*** (0.022)	0.166*** (0.022)
Postgraduate Degree				0.246*** (0.045)	0.246*** (0.045)	0.250*** (0.045)
Num.Obs.	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870	4870
R2	0.047	0.047	0.051	0.069	0.069	0.072
R2 Adj.	0.047	0.047	0.050	0.067	0.067	0.070
F	120.632	80.422	86.995	30.090	27.774	29.084
RMSE	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37

+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

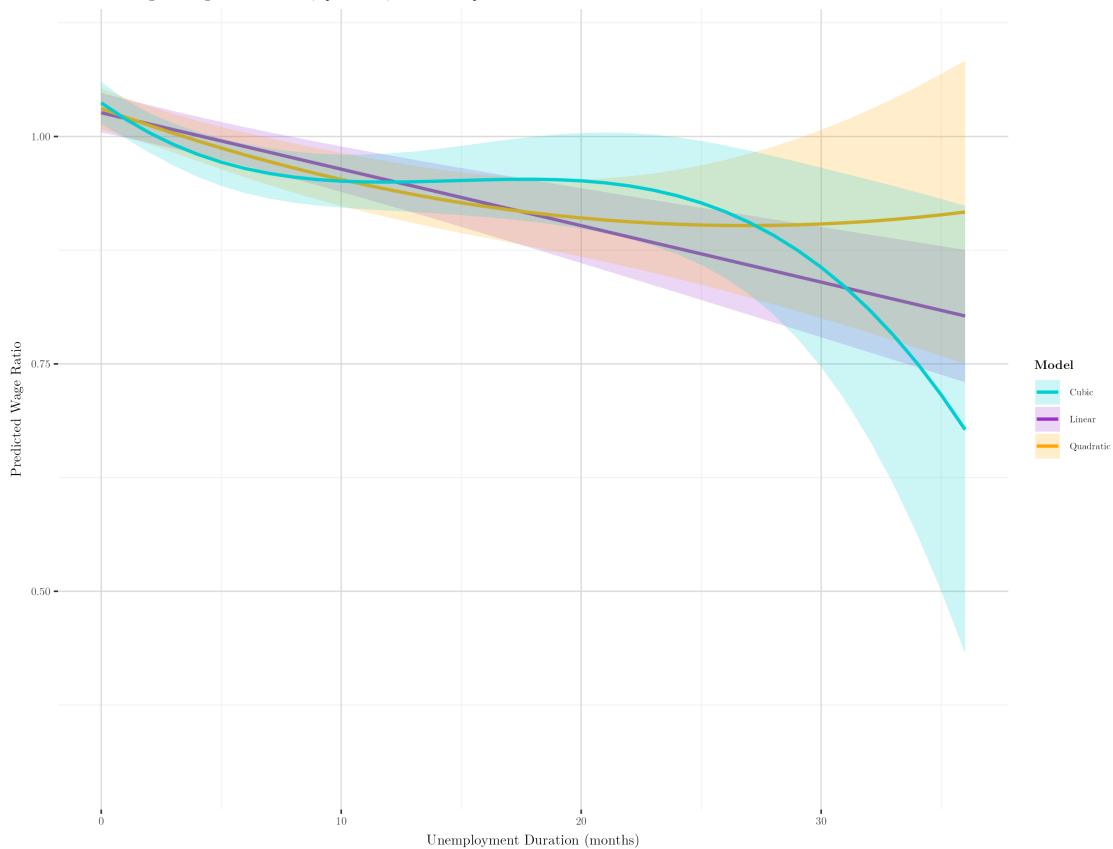
Covariate Balance

Love plot of adjusted and unadjusted covariates including relevant mean threshold 0.01 using entropy balancing reweighting. All covariates are balanced at the mean with a threshold of 0.001.



Predicted Wage Ratios by Unemployment Duration (Entropy Balancing)

From EB-weighted regressions: linear, quadratic, and cubic specifications

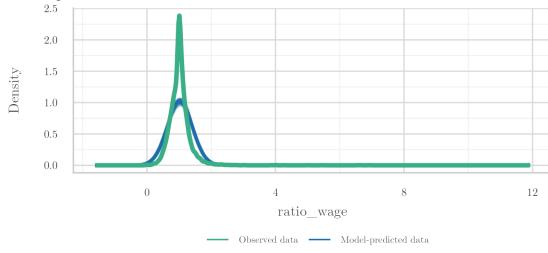


Diagnostic Tests for Entropy-balanced Reweighted Sample

Linear Specification

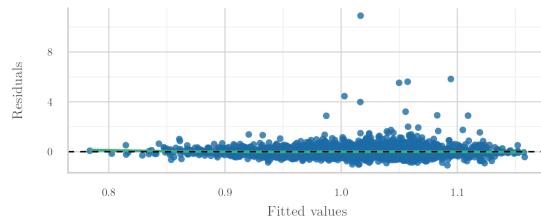
Posterior Predictive Check

Model-predicted lines should resemble observed data line



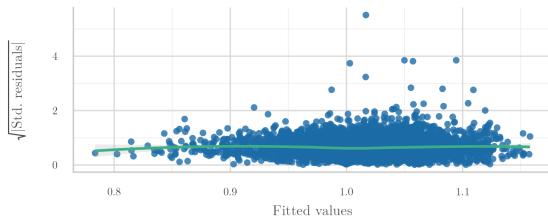
Linearity

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



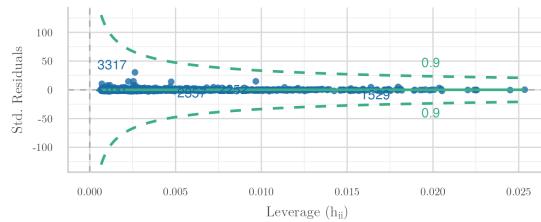
Homogeneity of Variance

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



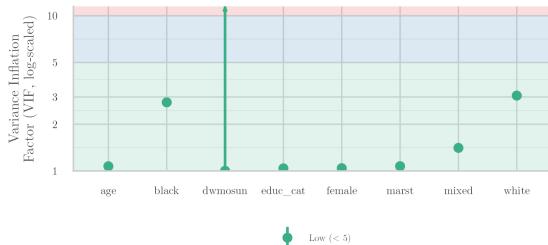
Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines



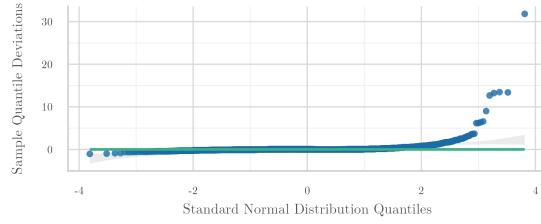
Collinearity

High collinearity (VIF) may inflate parameter uncertainty



Normality of Residuals

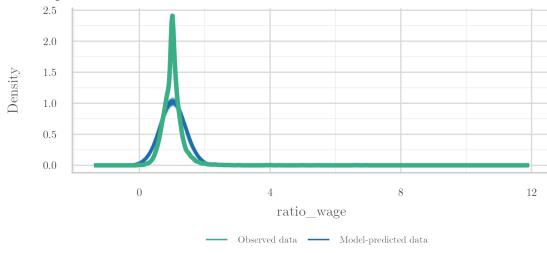
Dots should fall along the line



Quadratic Specification

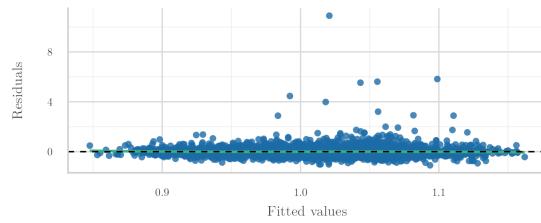
Posterior Predictive Check

Model-predicted lines should resemble observed data line



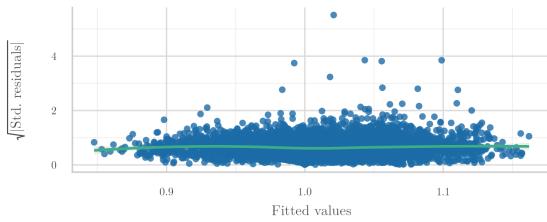
Linearity

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



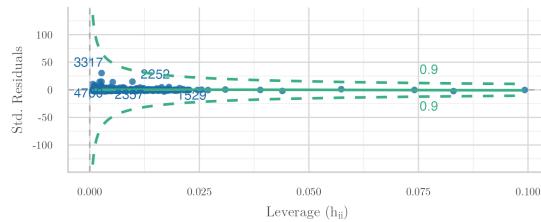
Homogeneity of Variance

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



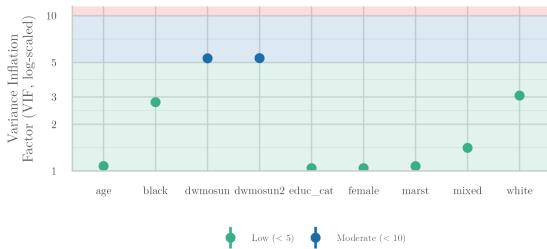
Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines



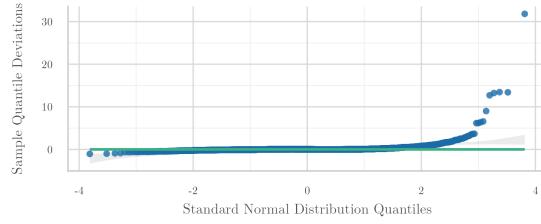
Collinearity

High collinearity (VIF) may inflate parameter uncertainty



Normality of Residuals

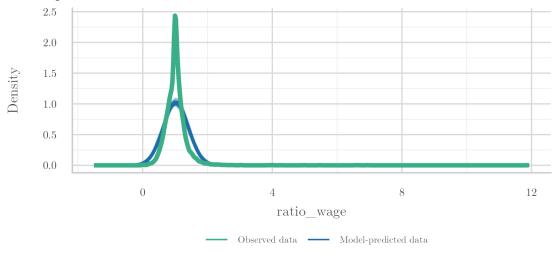
Dots should fall along the line



Cubic Specification

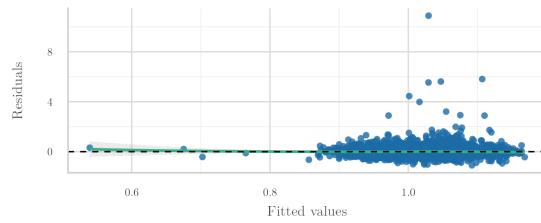
Posterior Predictive Check

Model-predicted lines should resemble observed data line



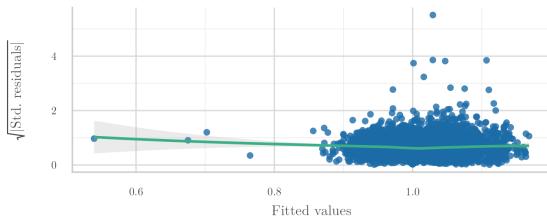
Linearity

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



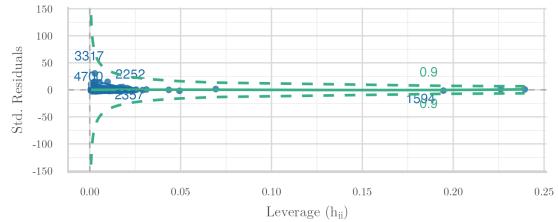
Homogeneity of Variance

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



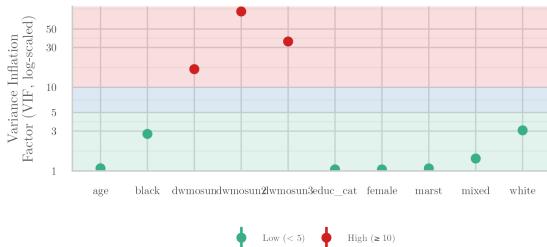
Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines



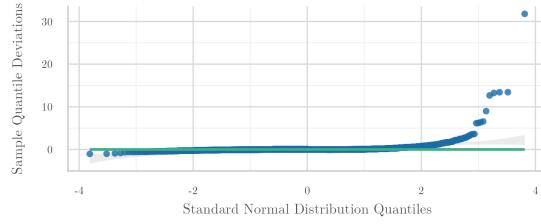
Collinearity

High collinearity (VIF) may inflate parameter uncertainty



Normality of Residuals

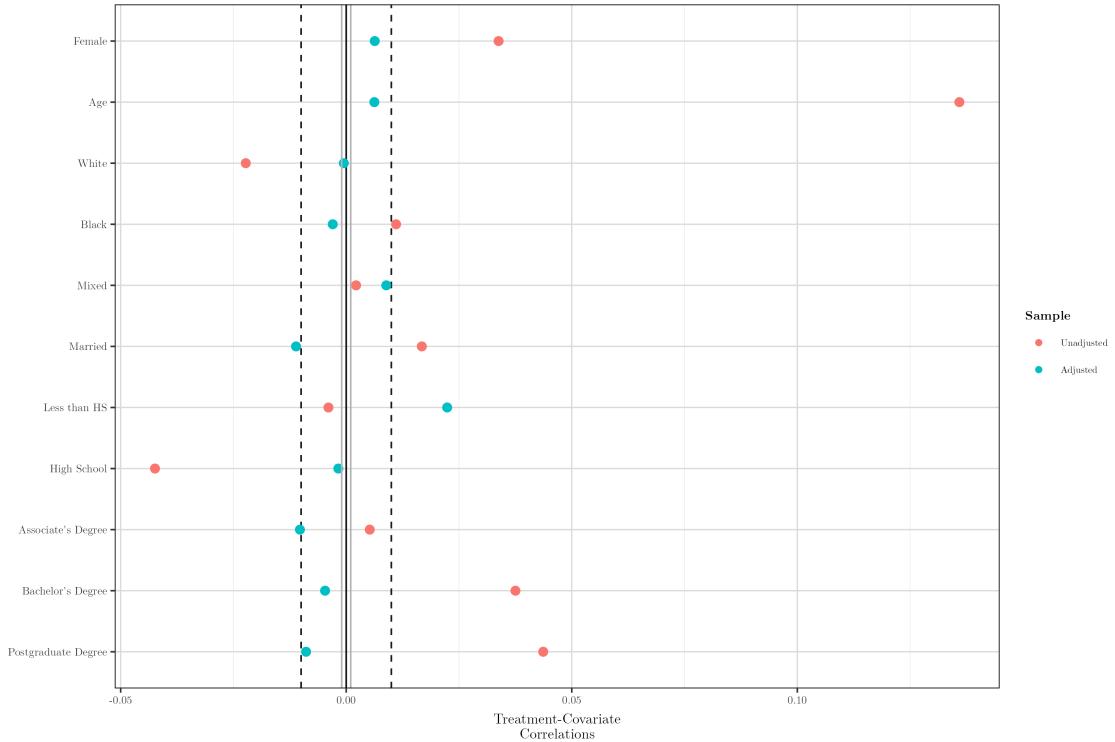
Dots should fall along the line



Propensity Score Weighting with GLM Estimator

Covariate Balance

Love plot of adjusted and unadjusted covariates including relevant mean threshold 0.01 using a GLM estimator. All covariates except the binary indicator for having less than a HS degree level of education are balanced at the mean with a threshold of 0.01 (black dashed line) whereas very few variables pass at a tighter threshold 0.001 with the GLM estimator.

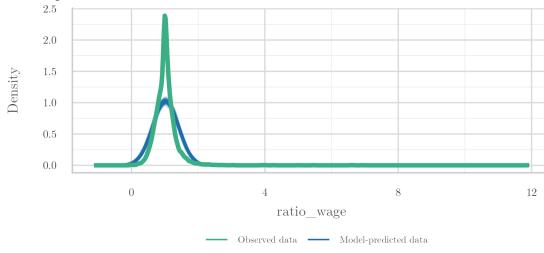


Diagnostic Tests for Propensity Score Matching (GLM) Reweighted Sample

Propensity Score Matching (GLM)

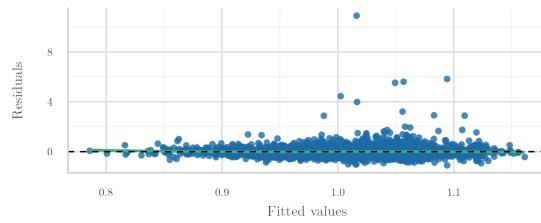
Posterior Predictive Check

Model-predicted lines should resemble observed data line



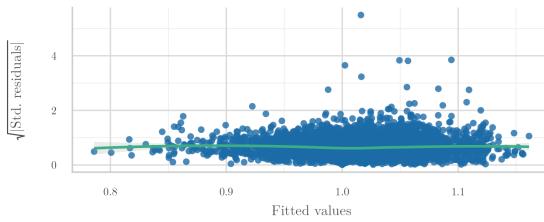
Linearity

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



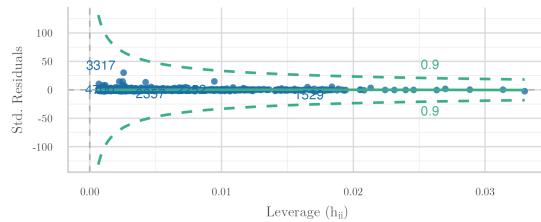
Homogeneity of Variance

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



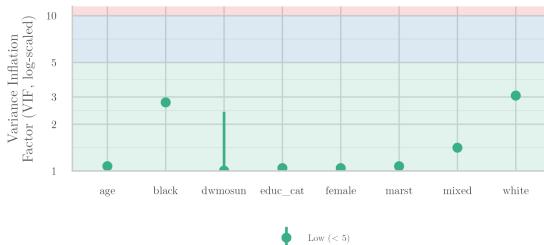
Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines



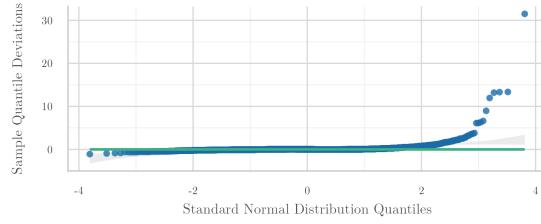
Collinearity

High collinearity (VIF) may inflate parameter uncertainty



Normality of Residuals

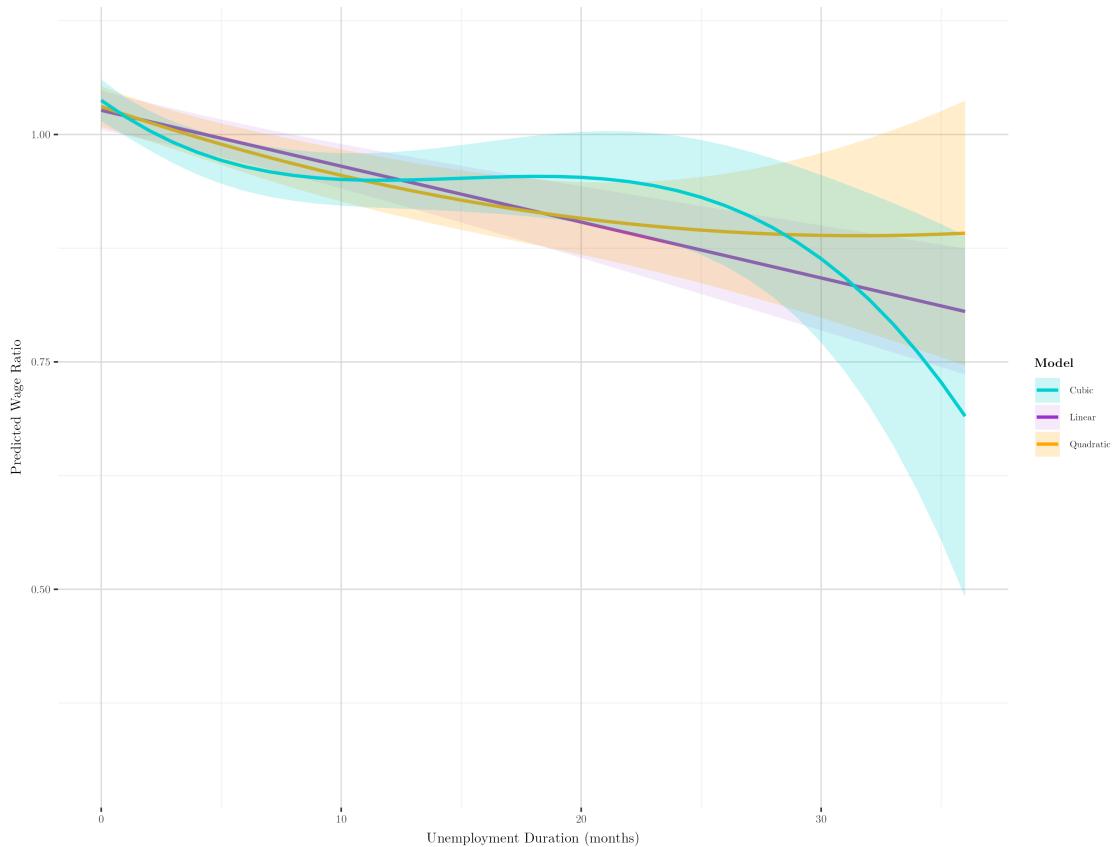
Dots should fall along the line



Predicted Reservation Wage using GLM Reweighted Sample

Predicted Wage Ratios by Unemployment Duration (GLM)

From GLM-weighted regressions: linear, quadratic, and cubic specifications

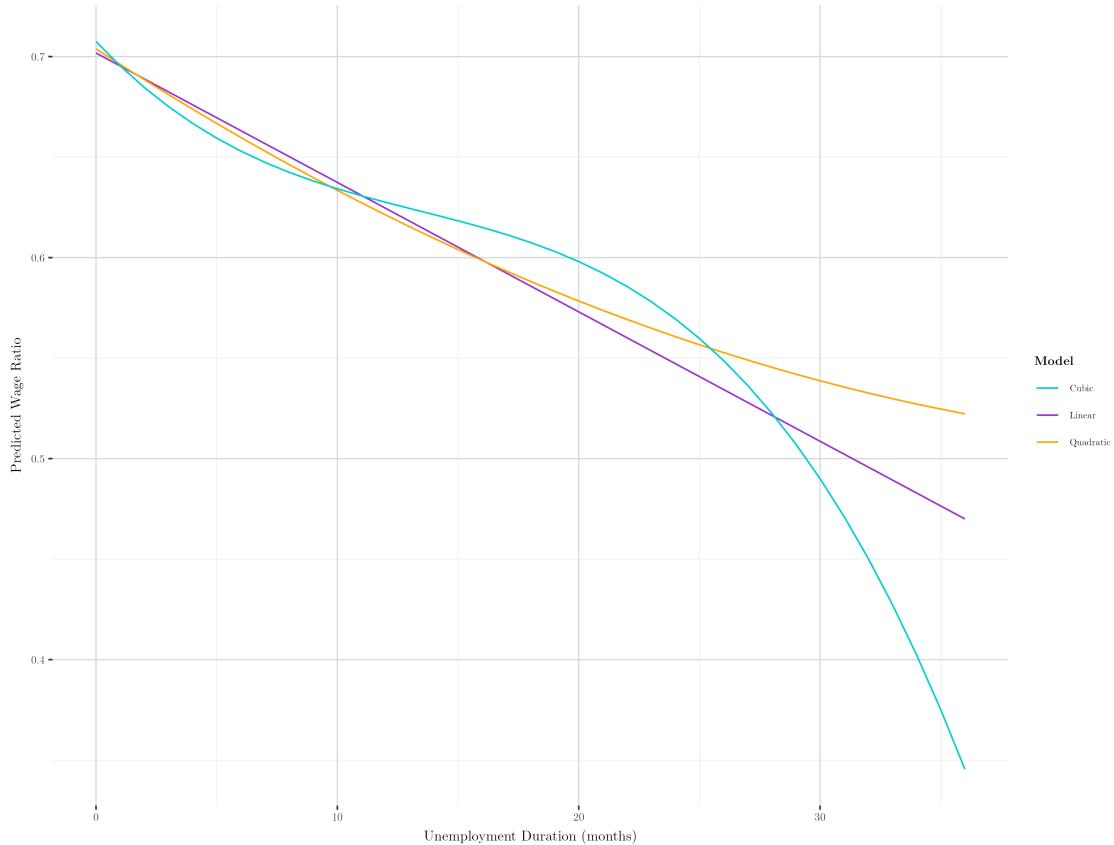


Heckman Selection

Another option is a Heckman Selection correction though I do not think this addresses the particular selection concern we have where there are simply less observations in longer unemployment durations.

Predicted Wage Ratios by Unemployment Duration (Heckman Selection Correction)

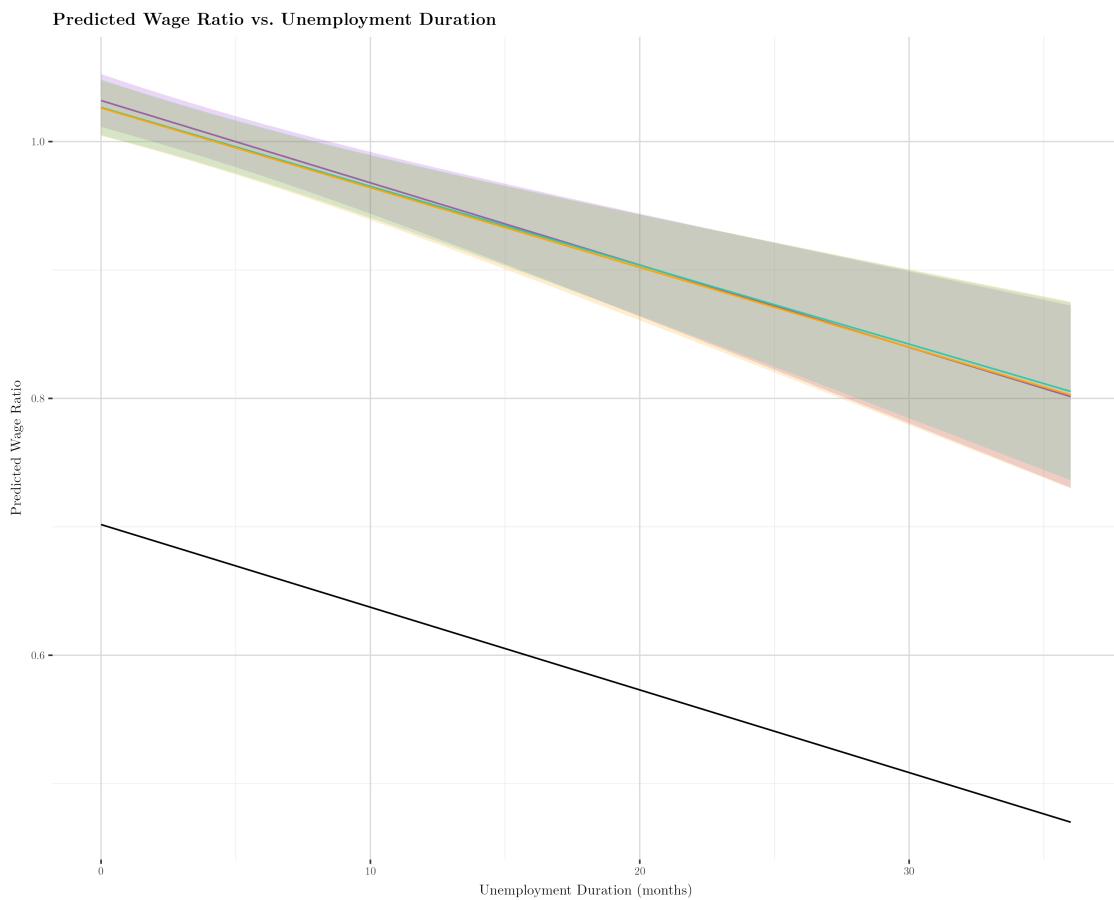
From Heckman-corrected regressions: linear, quadratic, and cubic specifications



	Heckman Correction	Entropy Balanced Reweight	GLM Reweight
Intercept	1.131*** (0.041)	1.147*** (0.033)	1.143*** (0.033)
Unemployment Duration (Months)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)	-0.006*** (0.001)
Female	0.018 (0.014)	0.001 (0.011)	0.001 (0.011)
Age	-0.007*** (0.002)	-0.002*** (0.000)	-0.002*** (0.000)
White	-0.162* (0.074)	-0.027 (0.025)	-0.023 (0.025)
Black	-0.125* (0.050)	-0.040 (0.030)	-0.036 (0.030)
Mixed	-0.054 (0.055)	0.003 (0.044)	0.007 (0.044)
Married	0.003 (0.011)	0.005 (0.011)	0.004 (0.011)
High School	-0.014 (0.019)	-0.014 (0.017)	-0.014 (0.017)
Associate's Degree	-0.078 (0.064)	0.007 (0.022)	0.006 (0.022)
Bachelor's Degree	-0.217 (0.165)	0.054* (0.023)	0.054* (0.023)
Postgraduate Degree	-0.479 (0.330)	0.083+ (0.048)	0.086+ (0.047)
Inverse Mills Ratio	0.870+ (0.479)		
Num.Obs.	4870	4870	4870
R2	0.893	0.014	0.015
R2 Adj.	0.893	0.012	0.013
F		6.487	6.798
RMSE	0.37	0.37	0.37

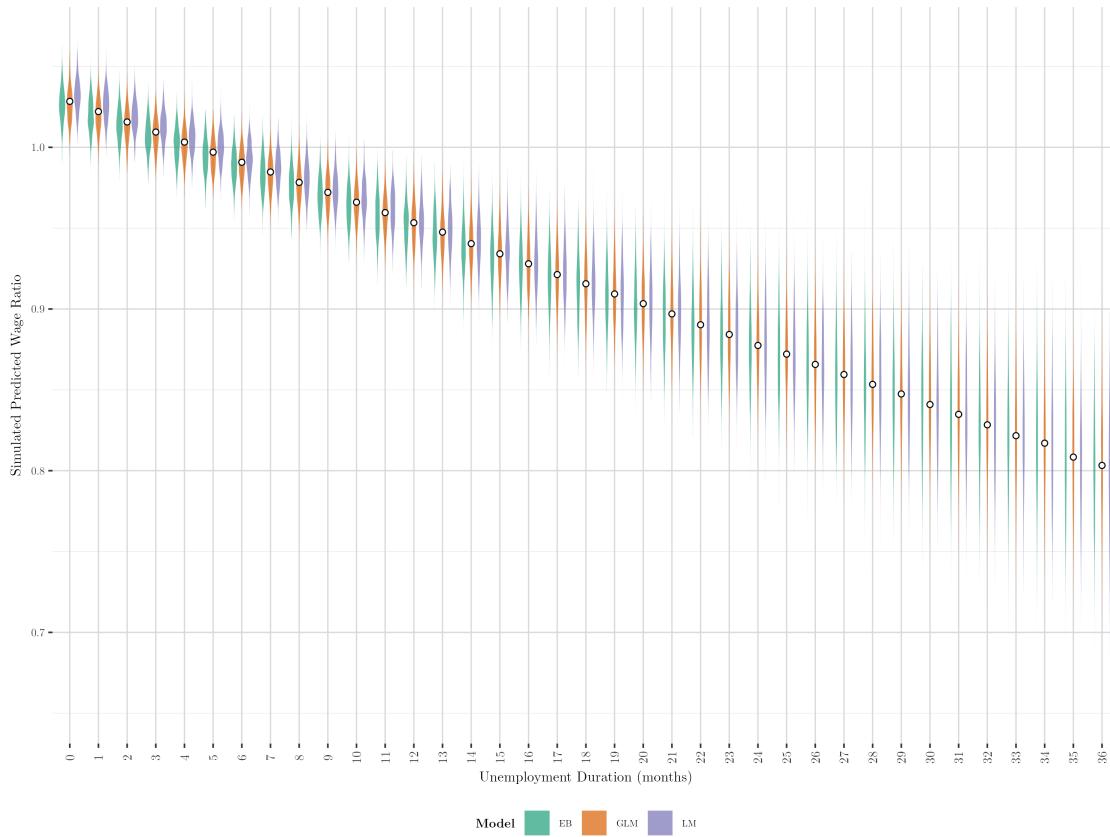
+ p < 0.1, * p < 0.05, ** p < 0.01, *** p < 0.001

Regression Results with Sample Reweighting



Simulated Predicted Wage Ratio Distributions by Unemployment Duration

Violin plots from LM, GLM, and EB model predictions

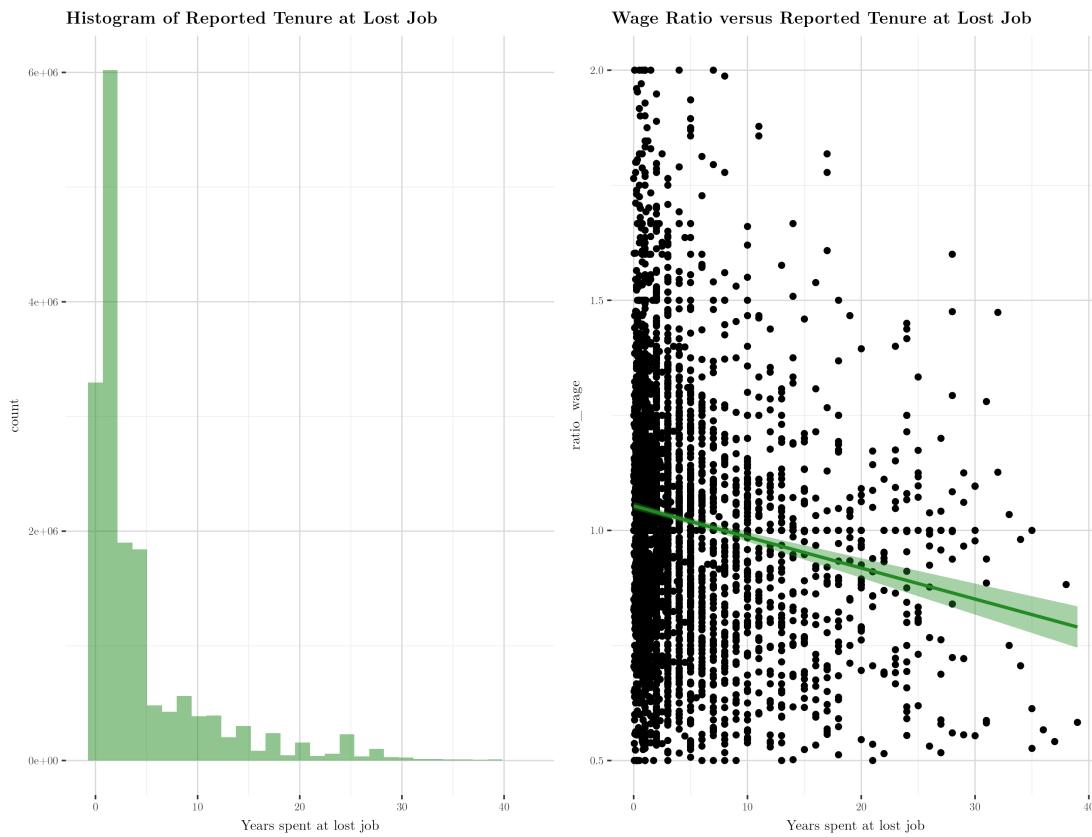


Job Tenure

We have information on the tenure spent at the last job which could impact the result. This could speak to the “adaptability” of individuals. Wage ratio seems to decrease (although not sure if meaningfully) with tenure at previous job.

Tenure at Lost Job (years)

Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement Weights. Annual data from 2000-2025. Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment.



Representation

Although the survey does provide sample weights which we use above, it's still likely that those who are laid off might be systematically more susceptible to layoffs (lower-wage, low-skill occupation, male, etc). Below, some (very rough) graphs to indicate what the sample looks like.

Headline result: it seems the sample over-represents below-mean wage earners and women. Age looks reasonably accurate (in relation to a simple median though....have not checked spread). Have not yet checked match to educational attainment. Individuals with only a HS diploma is strong majority in sample - not sure how accurate this is (likely correlated with wage however...so this might be cause for concern and confirm a skewed sample in that sense).

If we wish to pursue this data, I could improve on the below but it will have to do for now.

Sample Composition by Age, Wage, Education, Gender, Occupation

Observations weighted by Displaced Worker Supplement Weights. Annual data from 2000-2025. Exclude observations reporting > 96 weeks of unemployment.

