



MACHINE LEARNING MODEL

10 000 INSTANCES
BANK CUSTOMERS
PREDICT CHURNS

GRADIENT
BOOSTING

TEST RECALL
: 84%

RANDOM
FOREST

TEST RECALL:
74%

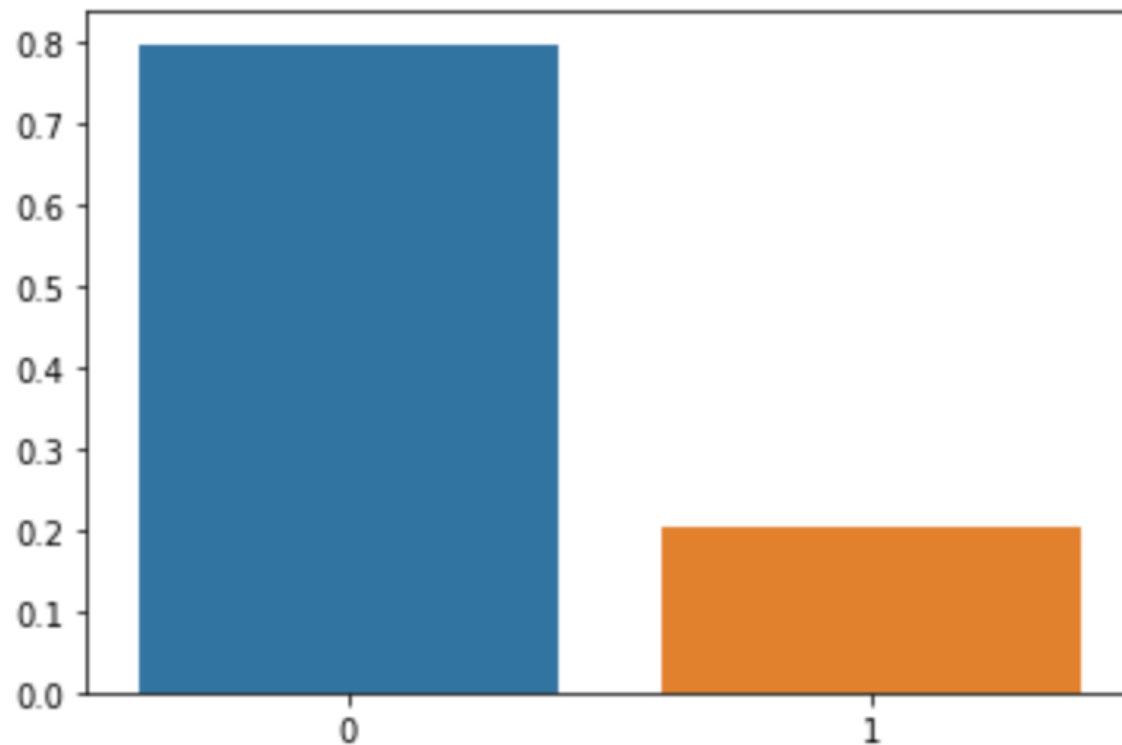
An abstract graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of a complex network of black dots (nodes) connected by thin black lines (edges). The network is dense and irregular, with many small clusters and long, thin connections extending across the space. The background of the entire slide is a solid dark blue color.

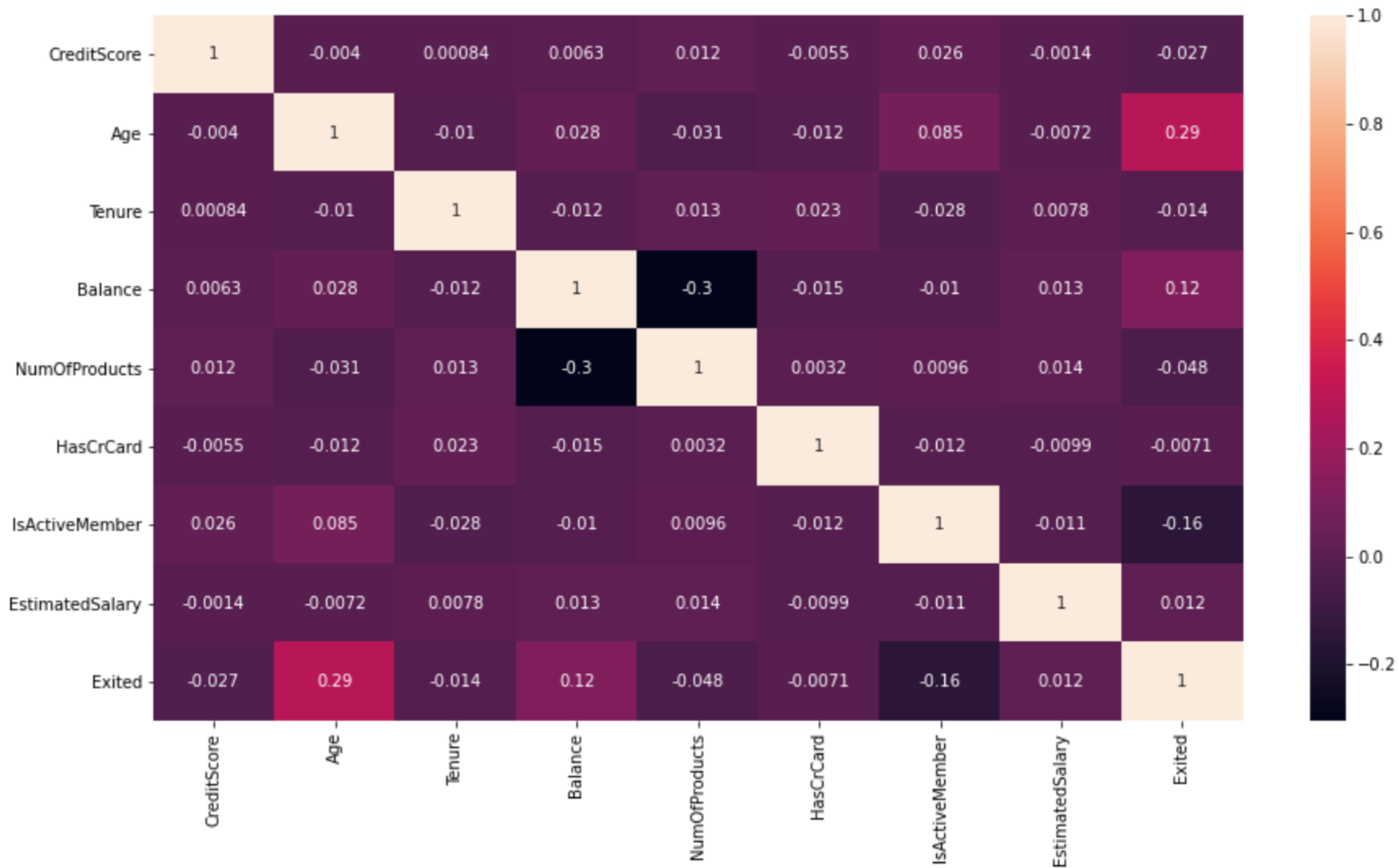
DATA

- Name, age, country, tenure,
id
- Creditscore, balance,
estimated salary
- Credit card, active member,
Num of products

10 000
INSTANCES
20,37%
CHURNS

```
0    0.7963  
1    0.2037  
Name: Exited, dtype: float64
```





TASK IS TO FIND THE ONES PRONE TO
CHURN(EXIT). WE WILL BE
PARTICULARLY INTERESTED IN FALSE
NEGATIVES (AND OF COURSE TRUE
NEGATIVES). THAT IS; THOSE
PREDICTED TO STAY BUT THEY'RE
ACTUALLY LEAVING. A POSITIVE IN
THIS CASE (1) IS EQUAL TO A CHURN.
THUS, RECALL IS OF BIGGEST
INTEREST.

80/20-SPLIT TWICE

Dataset → 80% development, 20 % test

Development → 80% train, 20% validation

DECISIONTREECLASSIFIER
RANDOMFORESTCLASSIFIER
SVC
KNEIGHBORSCLASSIFIER
GAUSSIANNB
LOGISTICREGRESSION
GRADIENTBOOSTINGCLASSIFIER

RANDOMFOREST &
GRADIENTBOOSTING

GRIDSEARCH FOR THESE TWO

GRADIENT BOOSTING

DEV RECALL :
81%
VAL RECALL:
84%

RANDOM FOREST

DEV RECALL :
100%
VAL RECALL:
74%

GRADIENT
BOOSTING

TEST RECALL :
84%

RANDOM
FOREST

TEST RECALL:
74%

THANK YOU!