



## Heat transfer in buildings

Video n°3

## Thermal mass

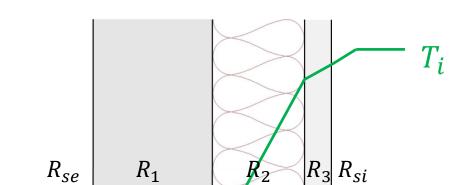
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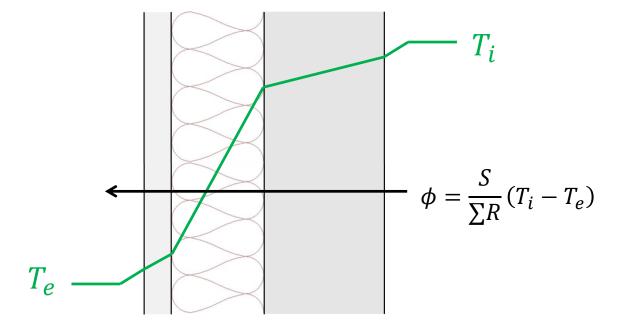






$$\phi$$

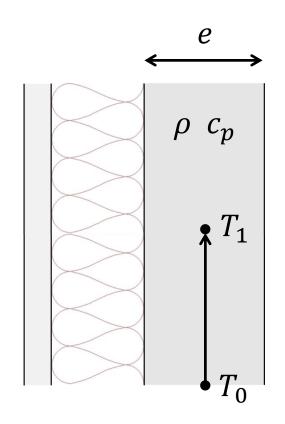
 $\phi = \frac{S}{\sum R} (T_i - T_e)$  $T_e$ 











$$Q_{vol} = \rho. c_p (T_1 - T_0)$$
 [J/m<sup>3</sup>]

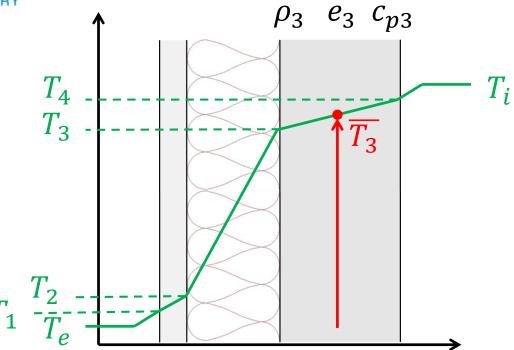
Volumetric capacity [J/m<sup>3</sup>.K]

$$Q = \rho.e.c_p \ (T_1 - T_0)$$
 [J/m<sup>2</sup>]









Thermal energy of one layer

$$Q_3 = \rho_3 \cdot e_3 \cdot c_{p3} (\overline{T_3} - T_e)$$
 where  $\overline{T_3} = \frac{(T_3 + T_4)}{2}$ 

ere 
$$T_3 = \frac{(T_3 + T_4)}{2}$$

Total energy

$$Q = \sum_{k=1}^{3} Q_k$$

Time constant of the wall

$$\tau = \frac{Q}{U.(T_i - T_e)}$$







$$\rho. c_p \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \lambda \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2}$$
[W/m³.K]

$$\rho. c_p \frac{\mathrm{d}T}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\lambda}{\Delta x^2/2} (T_1 - 2.T + T_2)$$

$$T_1 \qquad T(t) \qquad T_2$$

$$R = \frac{\Delta x}{2 \lambda} \qquad \phi \qquad C = \rho \cdot \Delta x \cdot c_p$$

$$(\rho. \Delta x . c_p) \frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{T_1 - T}{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{2\lambda}\right)} + \frac{T_2 - T}{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{2\lambda}\right)}$$

$$C \qquad R$$

$$I = C \frac{dU}{dt}$$

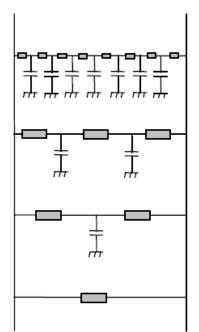
$$\phi = C \frac{dT}{dt}$$

$$|J/m^2.K|$$









Modélisation fine (LARET)

Modélisation simplifiée

Modélisation très simplifiée

Régime permanent

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{T}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{T} + \mathbf{b}u(t)$$

$$\mathbf{T}(t) = [T_1(t) \ T_2(t) \dots T_N(t)]$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \frac{a}{\Delta x^2} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & & 0 \\ 0 & & & & \\ \dots & & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & \dots & 0 & 2 & -2 (1 + \text{Bi}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \frac{2}{\rho c_p \Delta x} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \dots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

