

**Gebze Technical University  
Computer Engineering**

**CSE 222 - 2018 Spring**

**HOMEWORK 6 REPORT**

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Course Assistant:

# INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Problem Definition

The goal of this assignment is to understand the hashmap structure. For this purpose, hashmap classes are implemented by using node structure and arraylist structures. In this project, the most appropriate structure for Hashmap structure is seen the bigram and tfidf. That's why we worked on these.

## 1.2 System Requirements

4 class is used for program design. These are Word\_map, File\_map, Test, and NPL. It contains all the functions required for hashmap using the Word\_map node structure.

Word map has the following methods:

public Iterator iterator() : I used with iterator operation

public int size() : this method return size;

public boolean isEmpty() : this method make check

public boolean containsKey(Object key) : this method make check if it is validity it return true for key

public boolean containsValue(Object value) this method make check if it is validity it return true for value

public Object get(Object key) : It is get a key.

public Object put(Object key, Object value). It is add key and value.

public Object remove(Object key) .remove operation.

public void putAll(Map m) .All list add another list.

public void clear() : It is make clear list

public Set keySet() : It print key and return set

public Collection values() : print value and return collection.

public Set<Entry> entrySet() : This function empty.

Helper functions:

rehash and find : I used this methods from Koffman book.

In hashmap file\_map is implemented with arraylist structure. File\_map class methods such as Word\_map. It different with only with arraylist. In the NLP class, I used bigram, tfidf, read the data set and print the word map with iterator.

public void readDataset(String dir): Reads and parses the supplied dataset

public List<String> bigrams(String word): Bigram method finds is simply a piece of text consisting of two sequential words which occurs in a given text at least once.

public float tfIDF(String word, String fileName): Aword is informative for a file to be categorized if it occurs frequently in that file in this method

public void printWordMap(): I used with word mapi iterative.

All methods in the test class were checked for correct operation.Also I read the commands in the input file.

### **HardWare requirements:**

System requirements for Intelig Ide:

GNOME or KDE desktop

2 GB RAM minimum, 4 GB RAM recommended

1.5 GB hard disk space + at least 1 GB for caches

1024x768 minimum screen resolution

The minimum system requirements for Java Virtual Machine are as follows:

Windows 8/7/Vista/XP/2000. ...

Windows Server 2008/2003.

Intel and 100% compatible processors are supported.

Pentium 166 MHz or faster processor with at least 64 MB of physical RAM.

98 MB of free disk space.

## **METHOD**

### **2.1 Class Diagrams**

Word_Map	
INITCAP	int
CURRCAP	int
LOADFACT	float
table	Node[]
countKeys	int
numDeletes	int
Word_Map()	
iterator()	Iterator
size()	int
containsKey(Object)	boolean
containsValue(Object)	boolean
get(Object)	Object
put(Object, Object)	Object
remove(Object)	Object
rehash()	void
find(Object)	int
putAll(Map)	void
clear()	void
keySet()	Set
values()	Collection
entrySet()	Set<Entry>
toString()	String
empty	boolean

File_Map	
fnames	ArrayList<String>
occurrences	ArrayList<List<Integer>>
size()	
containsKey(Object)	boolean
containsValue(Object)	boolean
get(Object)	Object
put(Object, Object)	Object
remove(Object)	Object
putAll(Map)	void
clear()	void
keySet()	Set
values()	Collection
entrySet()	Set<Entry>
empty	boolean

NLP	
wmap	Word_Map
file	File
files	File[]
array	String[]
wordDirSize	int
count	int
readDataset(String)	
bigrams(String)	
toString()	
tfidf(String, String)	
findcount(String)	
printWordMap()	
dirsized	float

myiterator	
count	int
hasNext()	boolean
next()	Object
remove()	void

Node	
key	Object
value	Object
next	Node
toString()	String

Test	
main(String[])	void

Package groovyjarjarcommonscli	
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Package toolbarButtonGraphics	
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Package groovyjarjarantlr	
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Package groovyjarjarasm	
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Package META-INF	
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Package netscape	
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Package images	
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Package groovy	
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Package javax	
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Package com	
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Package java	
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Package sun	
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Package org	
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Package jdk	
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## **2.2 Use Case Diagrams**

This program will get an input file. It will print the screen by reading all such commands. A sample driver class is also written.

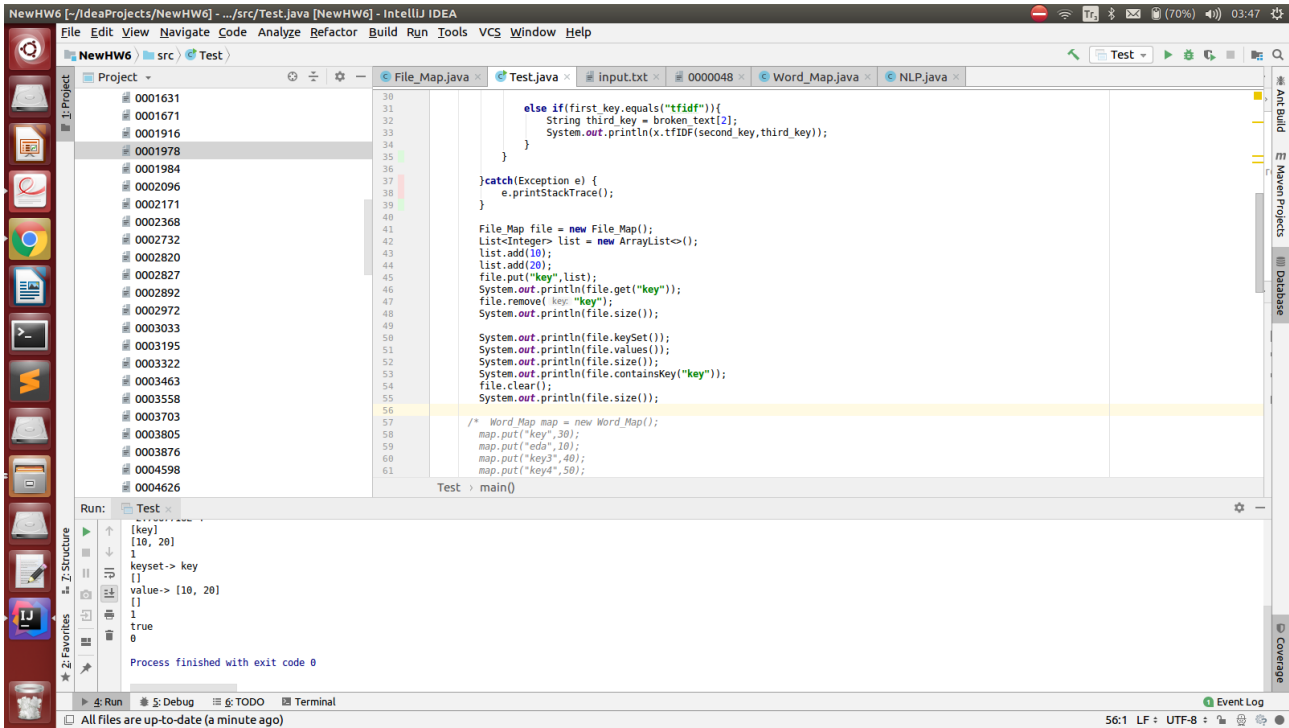
## **2.3 Problem Solution Approach**

1.1 In this assignment, I apply the world\_map class completely. But putAll method a bit missing. I've reached my goal for this class, and I've used my bigram. There are some deficiencies in the File Map class. I was able to test the methods of this class more in the driver class. I was able to run bigram method completely correctly. But TFIDF in some cases is not working properly because of the IDF is working incorrectly. I tried so hard for this part. I used the hashmap data structure for the program. I wrote my code with the Java programming language, paying attention to the object oriented structure.

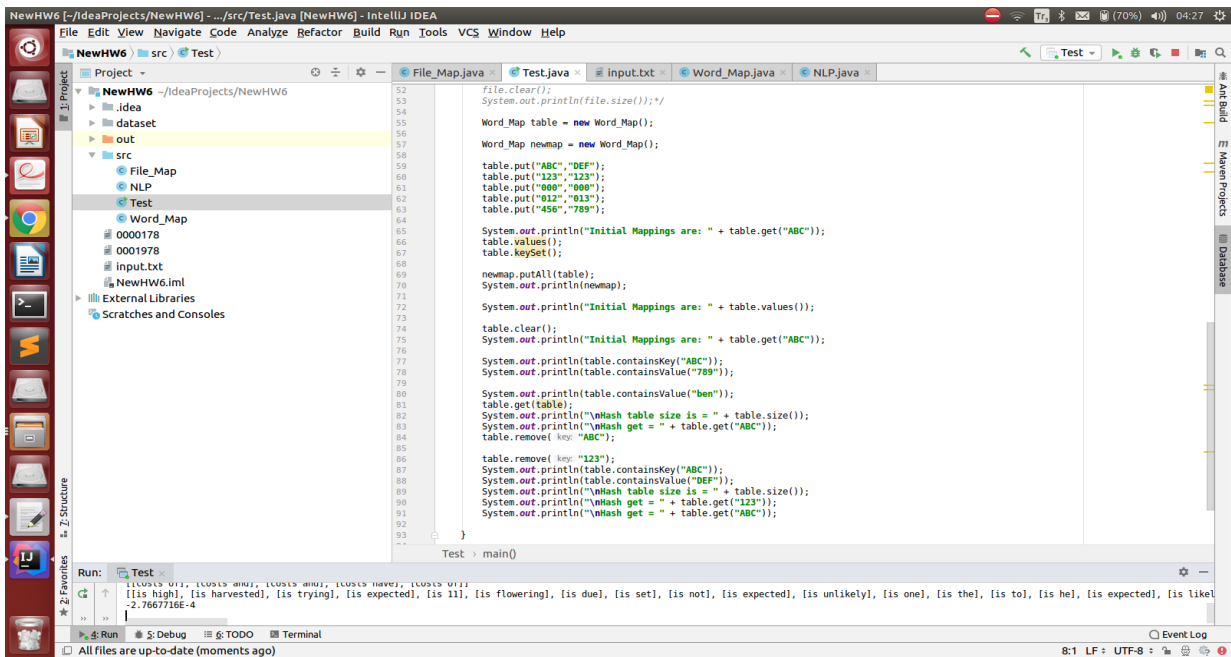
## **RESULT**

### **3.1 Test Cases**

## Test Cases For Filemap

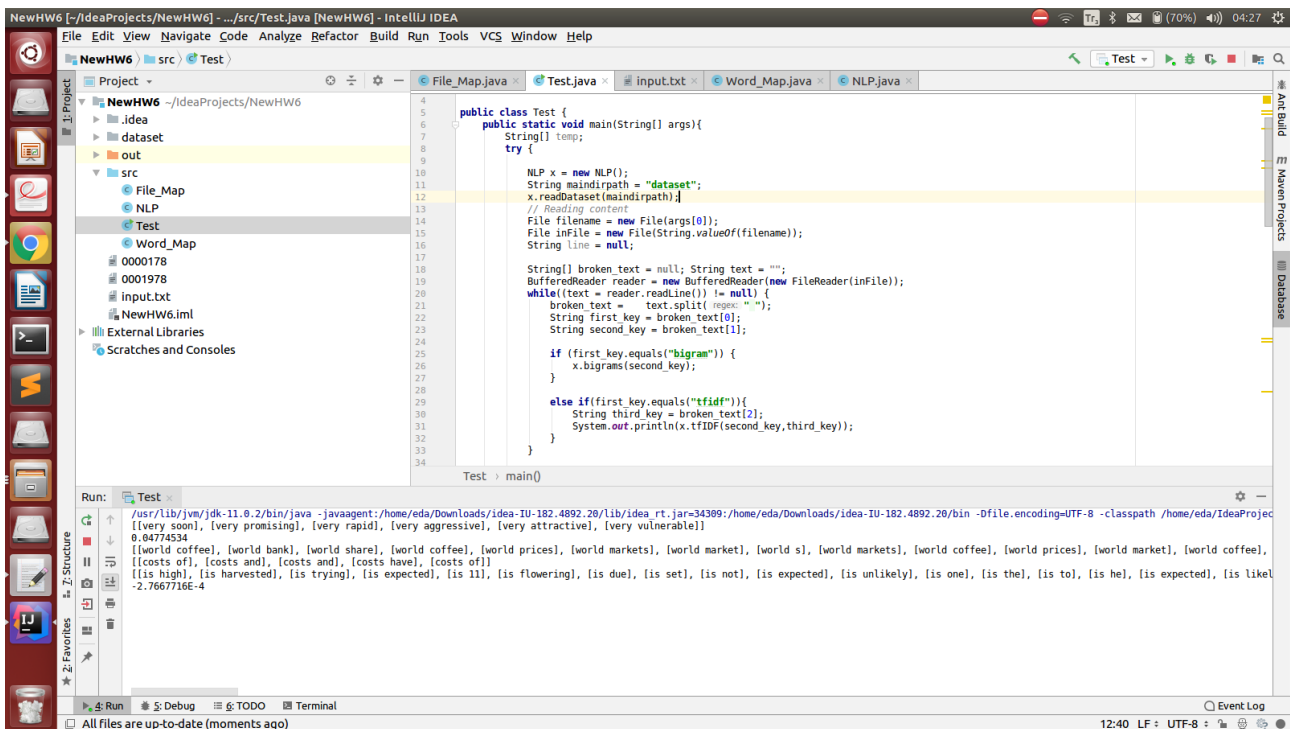


## Test Cases for WordMap



## 3.2 Running Results

Results is Expected from me .



```
public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        String[] temp;
        try {
            NLP x = new NLP();
            String maindirpath = "dataset";
            x.readDataset(maindirpath);
            // Reading content
            File filename = new File(args[0]);
            File inFile = new File(String.valueOf(filename));
            String line = null;

            String[] broken_text = null; String text = "";
            BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(inFile));
            while((text = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                broken_text = text.split("\\s+");
                String first_key = broken_text[0];
                String second_key = broken_text[1];

                if (first_key.equals("bigram")) {
                    x.bigrams(second_key);
                }

                else if(first_key.equals("tfidf")){
                    String third_key = broken_text[2];
                    System.out.println(x.tfIDF(second_key,third_key));
                }
            }
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

Run: Test

```
/usr/lib/jvm/jdk-11.0.2/bin/java -javaagent:/home/eda/Downloads/idea-IU-182.4892.20/lib/idea_rt.jar=34309:/home/eda/Downloads/idea-IU-182.4892.20/bin -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -classpath /home/eda/IdeaProjec
[very soon], [very promising], [very rapid], [very aggressive], [very attractive], [very vulnerable]
0.04774534
[word coffee], [world bank], [world share], [world coffee], [world prices], [world markets], [world market], [world sl], [world markets], [world coffee], [world prices], [world market], [world coffee],
[ costs of], [ costs and], [ costs and], [ costs have], [ costs of]]
[is high], [is harvested], [is trying], [is expected], [is ill], [is flowering], [is duel], [is set], [is not], [is expected], [is unlikely], [is one], [is the], [is to], [is he], [is expected], [is like]
-2.7667716E-4
```

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- Subtitles -> 14pt, 1.5 line break
- Paragraph -> 12pt, 1.5 line break