

Device Broadband

Home Network

Voice Firewall

Diagnostics

<u>Status</u> <u>Configure</u>

gure Fiber Status

Fiber Status

Optical WAN Operational Status Up

Fiber Module Unavailable Last Change 1751000717

 Link State
 Up

 Name
 SFP

 Connector
 1

Encoding 3 **BR Nominal** 100 20 **Br Min** Br Max 20 100 Rate ID 1270 nm Wave Length Tx Disable State 1 **RS1 State** 0 Rate Select State 0

 Tx Fault State
 1

 Rx LOS State
 1

 Data Ready Bar State
 0

 Length SMF-km
 40

Length SMF 0
Length 50uM 0
Length 62dot5uM 0
Length OM3 0

 Vendor Name
 NOKIA

 Vendor OUI
 000000

 Vendor PN
 3FE46901AC

Vendor Rev 02

Vendor SN ALCLEA1DCB8E

Vendor Date Code 221205

OPT Cooled Trans uncooled transceiver

OPT Powerlyl 2

OPT Linear Rcvr conventional receiver

 OPT Rate Select
 0

 OPT Tx Disable
 0

 OPT Tx Fault
 1

 OPT Inverted-LOS
 1

 OPT LOS
 0

DMC Type Implemented 1
DMC Type Internal Cal 1
DMC Type External Cal 0

DMC Type Rx Avg Pwr Average power method

EOC Alarm Implemented 1
EOC Soft Tx Disable 0
EOC Soft Tx fault 1
EOC Soft Rx LOS 1
EOC Soft Rate Select 0
SFF 8079 App Select 0

SFF 8431 Soft Rate Select 0
SFF Ver Compliance rev 11.0

Temperature Currently 29

Low High

Alarm 0 (Threshold -50) 0 (Threshold 95)

Warning 0 (Threshold -45) 0 (Threshold 90)

Help

Fiber status is presented for service technicians.

Optical WAN Operational Status: When connected to a fiber source, displays whether or not the WAN is operational.

Fiber Module: The type of connector detected by the device.

Last Change: Accumulated time in seconds since the optical interface entered its current state.

Link State: Up indicates link is operational.

Name: Name of the optical converter.

Connector: The code for the external optical or electrical cable connector provided as the media interface.

Transceiver: The code for electronic or optical compatibility.

Encoding: The code for the high speed serial encoding algorithm.

BR Nominal: The nominal signaling rate in 100 MRd

Br Min: Lower bit rate margin, units of %.

Br Max: Upper bit rate margin, units of %.

Rate ID: The coded rate select identifier.

Wave Length: Laser Wavelength.

Tx Disable State: The digital state of the TX Disable input pin.

RS1 State: The digital state of SFP input pin AS(1) or RS(1).

Rate Select State: The digital state of the SFP Rate Select input pin.

Tx Fault State: The digital state of the TX Fault output pin.

Rx LOS State: The digital state of the RX_LOS output pin.

Data Ready Bar State: Flag indicates power up and data ready.

Length SMF-km: Supported link length in kilo meters.

Length SMF: Supported link length in units of 100 meters.

Length 50uM: Supported link length for 50 micro meter OM2 fiber (units of 10 meters).

Length 62dot5uM: Supported link length for 62.5 micro meter OM1 fiber (units of 10 meters).

Length OM3: Supported link length for 50 micro meter OM3 fiber.(units of 10 meters).

Vendor Name: SFP vendor name.

Vendor OUI: IEEE company ID for the SFP vendor.

Vendor PN: SFP module vendor part number.

Vendor Rev: SFP module revision level for the part number.

Vendor SN: SFP module serial number from vendor

Vendor Date code: In format <yymmddxx> where xx is vendor specific and may be blank.

OPT Cooled Trans: The transceiver indication of

Vcc Currently 3

	Low	High	
Alarm	0 (Threshold 3)	0 (Threshold 3)	
Warning	0 (Threshold 3)	0 (Threshold 3)	

Tx Bias Currently 10

	Low	High
Alarm	0 (Threshold 0)	0 (Threshold 1000)
Warning	0 (Threshold 0)	0 (Threshold 900)

Tx Power Currently 29

	Low	High
Alarm	0 (Threshold -10)	0 (Threshold 59)
Warning	0 (Threshold 0)	0 (Threshold 49)

Rx Power Currently -171

	Low	High
Alarm	0 (Threshold -292)	0 (Threshold -90)
Warning	0 (Threshold -279)	0 (Threshold -100)

cooled or uncooled.

OPT PowerIvI: Power Level Operation of either 1 or 2

OPT Linear Rcvr: Indicates if Receiver is a conventional or linear receiver.

OPT Rate Select: Indicates if Rate Select is implemented. 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

OPT Tx Disable: Ability to disable the serial output. 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

OPT Tx Fault: TX_FAULT signal is implemented. 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

OPT Inverted-LOS: Also known as 'signal detect'. 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

OPT LOS: Loss of Signal. 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

DMC Type Legacy: Reserved. Always 0

DMC Type Implemented: Diag monitoring. 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

DMC Type Internal Cal: Device internally calibrated.

DMC Type External Cal: Device externally calibrated.

DMC Type Ex Avg Pwr: Type of power measurement: Modulation Amplitude method or Average power method.

EOC Alarm: 1 = alarm implemented. 0 = alarm not implemented.

EOC Soft Tx Disable: TX_DISABLE control and monitoring: 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

EOC Soft Tx fault: TX_FAULT monitoring: 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

EOC Soft Rx LOS: RX_LOS monitoring: 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

EOC Soft Rate Select: Soft RATE_SELECT control and monitoring: 1 = implemented. 0 = not implemented.

SFF 8079 App Select: Application select implemented from the standard SFF 8079: 1 = implemented (partial). 0 = not implemented.

SFF 8431 Rate Select: Rate select implemented from standard 8431: 1 = implement. 0 = not implemented.

SFF Ver Compliance: Reference 3.12 table in SFF 8472. Rev 9.3 or rev 9.5.

Temperature: The temperature in degrees celsius. System is stable when current value is between low and high warning/alarm thresholds.

Vcc: Voltage in Volts/10,000. System is stable when current value is between low and high warning/alarm thresholds.

Tx Bias: Tx Bias in amperes/500,000. System is stable when current value is between low and high warning/alarm thresholds.

Tx Power: Power in one-tenth of a dBm. System is stable when current value is between low and high warning/alarm thresholds.

Rx Power: Power in one-tenth of a dBm. System is stable when current value is between low and high warning/alarm thresholds.

