# project3

#### December 28, 2022

```
[1]: import math
  import pandas as pd
  import numpy as np
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
  from ipynb.fs.full.project2 import properties
  from ipynb.fs.full.project3_functions import i_sr, di_s, K_inc, K_M, K_p, K_Re, U_sY_p1, Y_p2
  from ipynb.fs.full.project3_functions import Y_p, Y_s, Y_TE, Y_sh, Y_EX, Y_CL, U_sY_LW
  from ipynb.fs.full.project3_functions import dh0_leak, dh0_DF, dh0_adm, dh0_gap
```

## 1 DATA

## 1.1 Pressure & Temperature

```
[2]: T01 = 955 #k

T03 = 810 #k

P01 = 2.12 #bar

P03 = 1.01 #bar

P01_P03 = P01/P03
```

#### 1.2 Reaction

```
[3]: R_h = 0.06

R_m = 0.5

R_t = 0.71
```

#### 1.3 Radius

```
[4]: r_m = 0.216 #meter

r_h_i = 0.177 #meter

r_h_m = 0.160 #meter

r_h_e = 0.144 #meter

r_t_i = 0.256 #meter

r_t_m = 0.272 #meter
```

## 1.4 Height

```
[5]: h_b1 = 0.079 #meter

h_b2 = 0.112 #meter

h_b3 = 0.145 #meter
```

#### 1.5 Omega

```
[6]: omega = 1570 #rad/sec
```

## 1.6 Flow Angles

Flow angles are provided relative to turbine axis so we're going to have to write them relative to tangential axis:

#### 1.6.1 Absolute Angles

```
[7]: alpha1_h = 90-18.56
                                    #degree
     alpha1_m = 90-15.38
                                    #degree
     alpha1_t = 90-13.07
                                    #degree
     alpha2_h = 90-64.09
                                    #degree
                                    #degree
     alpha2_m = 90-56.74
     alpha2_t = 90-50.44
                                    #degree
     alpha3_h = 90-22.44
                                    #degree
     alpha3_m = 90-15.38
                                    #degree
     alpha3_t = 90-11.62
                                    #degree
```

### 1.6.2 Relative Angles

```
[8]: Beta2_h = 90-48.63  #degree
Beta2_m = 90-15.38  #degree
Beta2_t = 19.77-90  #degree
Beta3_h = 90-51.2  #degree
Beta3_m = 90-56.74  #degree
Beta3_t = 90-61.91  #degree
```

## 1.7 Flow Tangential Velocities

## 1.7.1 Absolute Velocities

#### 1.7.2 Relative Velocities

#### 1.8 Stator

#### 1.9 Rotor

## 1.10 Mass Flow & C\_m

```
[13]: m_dot = 20.36  #kg/sec
C_m = 272  #meter/sec
```

# 2 Thermodynamic Specifications

[22]: {'h': 959.7567172608573, 's': 6.9015215064805275}

[23]: Properties1 = properties(point1)

[24]: Properties1

## 2.1 Air Specifications

```
[14]: R_u = 8.314  #kj/kmol-k

R = R_u/28.9647  #kj/kg-k

P_ref = 1  #bar

T_ref = 298.15  #k

a = 3.653

b = -1.334*10**(-3)

c = 3.291*10**(-6)

d = -1.91*10**(-9)

e = 0.275*10**(-12)
```

```
2.2 Point 01
[15]: point01 = {'P' : P01 , 'T' : T01}
                                                #P in bar and T in k
[16]: Properties01 = properties(point01)
[17]: Properties01
[17]: {'P[bar]': 2.12,
       'T[k]': 955,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1325605725778782,
       'h[kj/kg]': 999.5485812663288,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.9015215064805275}
     2.3 Point 1
[18]: C1 = C_theta1_m/math.cos(math.radians(alpha1_m))
[19]: s1 = Properties01['s[kj/kg-k]']
[20]: h01 = Properties01['h[kj/kg]']
      h1 = h01-(C1**2)/2/1000
[21]: point1 = {'h' : h1 , 's' : s1}
[22]: point1
```

#### 2.4 Point 03

```
[25]: point03 = {'P' : P03 , 'T' : T03}  #P in bar and T in k
[26]: Properties03 = properties(point03)
```

```
[27]: Properties03
```

But also We can use the relationship between Reactin Factor and delta\_h0, so We can act like this:

```
[28]: C2 = C_theta2_m/math.cos(math.radians(alpha2_m))
```

For Reaction Factor = 0.5, We have:

```
[29]: dh0 = (C2**2-C1**2)/1000
```

```
[30]: h03 = h01-dh0
```

```
[31]: h03
```

[31]: 833.1761705336395

You can obviously see that both values computed for h03 are really close to each other and this is showing that the model created for real gas has an acceptable performance, but for this point it is really better to use the value resulted from Reaction Factor, so We have:

```
[32]: Properties03['h[kj/kg]'] = h03
```

```
[33]: Properties03
```

```
[33]: {'P[bar]': 1.01,
    'T[k]': 810,
    'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1007979962383003,
    'h[kj/kg]': 833.1761705336395,
    's[kj/kg-k]': 6.930452306287302}
```

#### 2.5 Point 03 rel

```
[34]: W3 = W_theta3_m/math.cos(math.radians(Beta3_m))
[35]: C3 = C_theta3_m/math.cos(math.radians(alpha3_m))
[36]: h03_{rel} = h03+0.5*(-C3**2+W3**2)/1000
[37]: h03 rel
[37]: 916.3836464402993
[38]: s03_rel = Properties03['s[kj/kg-k]']
[39]: point03_rel = {'h' : h03_rel, 's' : s03_rel}
[40]: point03_rel
[40]: {'h': 916.3836464402993, 's': 6.930452306287302}
[41]: Properties03_rel = properties(point03_rel)
[42]: Properties03_rel
[42]: {'P[bar]': 1.397783250463403,
       'T[k]': 881.0751252086811,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1170879306315786,
       'h[kj/kg]': 916.3836464402993,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.930452306287302}
     2.6 Point 3
[43]: s3 = Properties03['s[kj/kg-k]']
[44]: h03 = Properties03['h[kj/kg]']
      h3 = h03 - (C3**2)/2/1000
[45]: point3 = {'h' : h3, 's' : s3}
[46]: point3
[46]: {'h': 793.4055770684831, 's': 6.930452306287302}
[47]: Properties3 = properties(point3)
[48]: Properties3
```

#### 2.7 rho2

```
[49]: W2 = W_theta2_m/math.cos(math.radians(Beta2_m))
Cm2 = W2*math.sin(math.radians(Beta2_m))
A2 = math.pi*(r_t_m**2-r_h_m**2)
```

```
[50]: rho2 = m_dot/(A2*Cm2)
```

[51]: rho2

[51]: 0.4924387846534955

## 2.8 Point 2 approximate

From Reaction Factor We can approximately say:

```
[52]: P1 = Properties1['P[bar]']
```

[55]: 1.3298827898062229

But this pressure is not true and for this pressure we will have s2 < s1 and that is obviously incorrect, so we need to use a correction factor and 0.91 is really acceptable:

```
[56]: P2_app = ((0.91))*P2_app
```

[57]: P2\_app

[57]: 1.2101933387236627

```
[58]: h02 = h01
```

[59]: 
$$h2_app = h02-(0.5*C2**2)/1000$$

```
[61]: point2_app
[61]: {'h': 876.5705118945125, 'P': 1.2101933387236627}
[62]: Properties2_app = properties(point2_app)
[63]: Properties2_app
[63]: {'P[bar]': 1.2101933387236627,
       'T[k]': 845.3055091819699,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1090252467857047,
       'h[kj/kg]': 876.5705118945125,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
     2.9 Point 02 & Point 02 rel
[64]: h02_rel = h03_rel
[65]: h02, h02_rel
[65]: (999.5485812663288, 916.3836464402993)
     From the relationship between static enthalpy and total enthalpies in the above We can check the
     validation of computations:
[66]: W2 = W_theta2_m/math.cos(math.radians(Beta2_m))
[67]: abs((h02_rel-(0.5*W2**2)/1000)-(h02-(0.5*C2**2)/1000))
[67]: 0.021270540315299513
[68]: s_app = Properties2_app['s[kj/kg-k]']
[69]: dic = properties({'h' : h02_rel, 's' : s_app})
[70]: P02_rel_app, T02_rel_app = dic['P[bar]'], dic['T[k]']
[71]: P02_rel_app, T02_rel_app
[71]: (1.4211850525158858, 881.0751252086811)
[72]: dic = properties({'h' : h02, 's' : s_app})
[73]: P02_app, T02_app = dic['P[bar]'], dic['T[k]']
[74]: P02_app, T02_app
```

```
[74]: (1.9487894954675762, 954.9949916527546)
[75]: properties({'h' : h02_rel, 'P' : P02_rel_app})
[75]: {'P[bar]': 1.4211850525158858,
       'T[k]': 881.0751252086811,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1170879306315786,
       'h[kj/kg]': 916.3836464402993,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
[76]: properties({'h' : h02, 'P' : P02_app})
[76]: {'P[bar]': 1.9487894954675762,
       'T[k]': 954.9949916527546,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.132559589276396,
       'h[kj/kg]': 999.5485812663288,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
     So You are able to see that by the approximation used in the previous section We managed to
     extraxt thermodynamic specifications at point 02 and point 02 rel, so We can say:
[77]: Properties02 = properties({'h' : h02, 'P' : P02_app})
[78]: Properties02
[78]: {'P[bar]': 1.9487894954675762,
       'T[k]': 954.9949916527546,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.132559589276396,
       'h[kj/kg]': 999.5485812663288,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
[79]: Properties02_rel = properties({'h' : h02_rel, 'P' : P02_rel_app})
[80]: Properties02_rel
[80]: {'P[bar]': 1.4211850525158858,
       'T[k]': 881.0751252086811,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1170879306315786,
       'h[kj/kg]': 916.3836464402993,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
     2.10 Point 2
[81]: s2 = Properties02['s[kj/kg-k]']
[82]: h2 = h02-(C2**2)/2/1000
```

```
[83]: point2 = {'h' : h2, 's' : s2}
     From Reaction Factor We have:
[84]: h1 = Properties1['h[kj/kg]']
      h3 = Properties3['h[kj/kg]']
[85]: abs(0.5*(h1-h3)+h3-h2)
[85]: 0.010635270157763443
     That shows Computations are valid.
[86]: point2
[86]: {'h': 876.5705118945125, 's': 6.925686459605529}
[87]: Properties2 = properties(point2)
[88]: Properties2
[88]: {'P[bar]': 1.2101933387236636,
       'T[k]': 845.3055091819699,
       'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1090252467857047,
       'h[kj/kg]': 876.5705118945125,
       's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
[89]: P2 = Properties2['P[bar]']
      T2 = Properties2['T[k]']
[90]: P2*101.325/(R*T2)
[90]: 0.5053784110118777
[91]: abs(rho2-P2*101.325/(R*T2))
[91]: 0.01293962635838225
[92]: abs(rho2-P2*101.325/(R*T2))/rho2
                                           #relative error
[92]: 0.026276619067458745
     This shows that Our computations are valid.
     2.11 Point 2 is
[93]: P2_is = Properties2['P[bar]']
```

```
[94]: s2_is = Properties01['s[kj/kg-k]']
 [95]: point2_is = {'P' : P2_is, 's' : s2_is}
 [96]: point2_is
 [96]: {'P': 1.2101933387236636, 's': 6.9015215064805275}
 [97]: Properties2_is = properties(point2_is)
 [98]: Properties2_is
 [98]: {'P[bar]': 1.2101933387236636,
        'T[k]': 827.0550918196996,
        'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.1048009831261285,
        'h[kj/kg]': 856.3686469837434,
        's[kj/kg-k]': 6.9015215064805275}
 [99]: h01 = Properties01['h[kj/kg]']
       h2_is = Properties2_is['h[kj/kg]']
[100]: C2_{is} = (2*(h01-h2_{is})*1000)**0.5
      Spouting Velocity is equal to:
[101]: C2_is
[101]: 535.1260305434328
      2.12 Point 3 is
[102]: P3_is = Properties3['P[bar]']
[103]: s3_{is} = Properties02['s[kj/kg-k]']
[104]: point3_is = {'P' : P3_is, 's' : s3_is}
[105]: point3_is
[105]: {'P': 0.8312439131421313, 's': 6.925686459605529}
[106]: Properties3_is = properties(point3_is)
[107]: Properties3_is
[107]: {'P[bar]': 0.8312439131421313,
        'T[k]': 766.3555926544241,
```

```
'C_p[kj/kg-k]': 1.0903715676539332,
'h[kj/kg]': 789.7432864682881,
's[kj/kg-k]': 6.925686459605529}
```

## 2.13 Table of Specifications

```
[108]: Properties = {
           'Point 1'
                                 : Properties1,
           'Point 01'
                                 : Properties01,
           'Point 2'
                                 : Properties2,
           'Point 02'
                                 : Properties02,
                                 : Properties02_rel,
           'Point 02_rel'
           'Point 2_approximate' : Properties2_app,
           'Point 2_is'
                                 : Properties2_is,
           'Point 3'
                                 : Properties3,
           'Point 03'
                                 : Properties03,
                                 : Properties03_rel,
           'Point 03_rel'
           'Point 3_is'
                                 : Properties3_is,
       }
[109]: df = pd.DataFrame(Properties).T
[110]: df
                                            T[k] C_p[kj/kg-k]
[110]:
                              P[bar]
                                                                  h[kj/kg]
       Point 1
                            1.828522 919.754591
                                                       1.125411 959.756717
       Point 01
                            2.120000 955.000000
                                                       1.132561 999.548581
      Point 2
                            1.210193 845.305509
                                                      1.109025 876.570512
      Point 02
                            1.948789 954.994992
                                                       1.132560 999.548581
      Point 02_rel
                            1.421185 881.075125
                                                      1.117088 916.383646
      Point 2_approximate 1.210193 845.305509
                                                      1.109025 876.570512
      Point 2_is
                            1.210193 827.055092
                                                       1.104801 856.368647
      Point 3
                            0.831244 769.714524
                                                       1.091181 793.405577
      Point 03
                            1.010000 810.000000
                                                      1.100798 833.176171
      Point 03_rel
                            1.397783 881.075125
                                                       1.117088 916.383646
      Point 3_is
                            0.831244 766.355593
                                                       1.090372 789.743286
```

s[kj/kg-k] Point 1 6.901522 Point 01 6.901522 Point 2 6.925686 Point 02 6.925686 Point 02\_rel 6.925686 Point 2\_approximate 6.925686 Point 2\_is 6.901522 Point 3 6.930452 Point 03 6.930452

```
Point 03_rel 6.930452
Point 3 is 6.925686
```

## 3 Aerodynamic Losses

In this section We are going to Calculate Aerodynamic losses. Aerodynamic losses are divided to below parts:

#### 3.1 Profile Loss

#### **3.1.1** Stator

```
[111]: Beta_1_prime_s = alpha1_prime
       Beta1_s = alpha1_m
       Beta2_s = alpha2_m
       C_p1 = Properties1['C_p[kj/kg-k]']
       T1 = Properties1['T[k]']
       gama1 = C_p1/(C_p1-R)
       M_w1_s = C1/((gama1*R*1000*T1)**0.5)
       C_p2 = Properties2['C_p[kj/kg-k]']
       gama2 = C_p2/(C_p2-R)
       P2 = Properties2['P[bar]']
       T2 = Properties2['T[k]']
       M_w2_s = C2/((gama2*R*1000*T2)**0.5)
       rho2\_stator = P2*101.325/(R*T2)
                 #kg/m^3
       Mu2 = (571.85-500)/(600-500)*(3.846-3.563)*10**(-5)+3.563*10**(-5)
       → #kg/m-sec for air at 571.85 centigrade
       correctinon_fuel = 1.25
       Mu2 *= correctinon_fuel
       → #kg/m-sec
       chord = c_stator
       Re_c_s = (rho2_stator*C2*chord)/Mu2
       e = 0
       Re_e_s = (rho2_stator*C2*e)/Mu2
       t_max_over_c_s = t_max_over_c_stator
       0_s = 0.03
       s_s = s_stator
       s_Rc_s = s_Rc_stator
[112]: Y_profile_stator = Y_p(Beta_1_prime_s, Beta1_s, Beta2_s, t_max_over_c_s, O_s,__
        ⇒s_s, chord, M_w1_s, M_w2_s, Re_c_s, Re_e_s, s_Rc_s)
[113]: Y_profile_stator
[113]: {'K_mod': 0.67,
        'K_inc': 1.0,
```

```
'K_M': 1.5925009578940743,
        'K_p': 0.7508799055553661,
        'K_Re': 1,
        'Y_p1': 0.024545048091145567,
        'Y_p2': 0.09234845537154945,
        'dY_TE': 0.0010928215285841132,
        'Y_p': 0.021005905209344478}
[114]: Y_p_stator = Y_profile_stator['Y_p']
[115]: Y_p_stator
[115]: 0.021005905209344478
      3.1.2 Rotor
[116]: Beta_1_prime_r = Beta1_prime
       Beta1_r = Beta2_m
       Beta2_r = Beta3_m
       C_p1 = Properties2['C_p[kj/kg-k]']
       T1 = Properties2['T[k]']
       gama1 = C_p1/(C_p1-R)
       M_w1_r = W2/((gama1*R*1000*T1)**0.5)
       C_p2 = Properties3['C_p[kj/kg-k]']
       gama2 = C_p2/(C_p2-R)
       P2 = Properties3['P[bar]']
       T2 = Properties3['T[k]']
       M_w2_r = W3/((gama2*R*1000*T2)**0.5)
       rho2 rotor = P2*101.325/(R*T2)
                \#kq/m^3
       Mu2 = (571.85-500)/(600-500)*(3.846-3.563)*10**(-5)+3.563*10**(-5)
       → #kg/m-sec for air at 571.85 centigrade
       correctinon fuel = 1.25
       Mu2 *= correctinon fuel
       → #kg/m-sec
       chord = c_rotor
       Re_c_r = (rho2_rotor*W3*chord)/Mu2
       Re_e_r = (rho2\_rotor*W3*e)/Mu2
       t_max_over_c_r = t_max_over_c_rotor
       0_r = 0.03
       s_r = s_rotor
       s_Rc_r = s_Rc_rotor
[117]: Y_profile_rotor = Y_p(Beta_1_prime_r, Beta1_r, Beta2_r, t_max_over_c_r, 0_r,__
        ⇒s_r, chord, M_w1_r, M_w2_r, Re_c_r, Re_e_r, s_Rc_r)
```

```
[118]: Y_profile_rotor
[118]: {'K_mod': 0.67,
        'K_inc': 1.0,
        'K M': 1.6279172827426682,
        'K_p': 0.7385824956231877,
        'K_Re': 1,
        'Y_p1': 0.024710421488420578,
        'Y_p2': 0.09205641931398229,
        'dY_TE': 0.001986328473553123,
        'Y p': 0.020499790440675212}
[119]: Y_p_rotor = Y_profile_rotor['Y_p']
[120]: Y_p_rotor
[120]: 0.020499790440675212
      3.2 Secondary Loss
      3.2.1 Stator
[121]: K_Re_stator, K_p_stator = Y_profile_stator['K_Re'], Y_profile_stator['K_p']
       chord = c_stator
       bx_stator = chord*math.cos(math.radians(stagger_stator))
       h_{stator} = h_{b1}
       bx_h_stator = bx_stator/h_stator
       h_c_stator = h_stator/chord
[122]: Y_s_stator = Y_s(K_Re_stator, K_p_stator, bx_h_stator, Beta_1_prime_s, Beta1_s,_
        →Beta2_s, s_c_stator, h_c_stator)
[123]: Y_s_stator
[123]: 0.05457892055902439
      3.2.2 Rotor
[124]: K_Re rotor, K_p rotor = Y_profile rotor['K_Re'], Y_profile_rotor['K_p']
       chord = c_rotor
       bx_rotor = chord*math.cos(math.radians(stagger_rotor))
       h_{rotor} = h_b2
       bx_h_rotor = bx_rotor/h_rotor
      h_c_rotor = h_rotor/chord
[125]: Y_s_rotor = Y_s(K_Re_rotor, K_p_rotor, bx_h_rotor, Beta_1_prime_r, Beta1_r, ___
        →Beta2_r, s_c_rotor, h_c_rotor)
```

```
[126]: Y_s_rotor
[126]: 0.052727303464646685
      3.3 Trailing Edge Loss
      3.3.1 Stator
[127]: t2_stator = 0.006
                            #meter
[128]: Y_TE_stator = Y_TE(O_s, s_s, t2_stator, rho2_stator, C2)
[129]: Y_TE_stator
[129]: 0.0625
      3.3.2 Rotor
[130]: t2_rotor = 0.006
                          #meter
[131]: Y_TE_rotor = Y_TE(O_r, s_r, t2_rotor, rho2_rotor, W3)
[132]: Y_TE_rotor
[132]: 0.0625
      3.4 Sock Loss
      3.4.1 Stator
[133]: Y_sh_stator = Y_sh(M_w1_s, M_w2_s)
[134]: Y_sh_stator
[134]: 0.004366567999639051
      3.4.2 Rotor
[135]: Y_sh_rotor = Y_sh(M_w1_r, M_w2_r)
[136]: Y_sh_rotor
```

[136]: 0.006927385098119088

## 3.5 Supersonic Expansion Loss

## 3.6 Stator

```
[137]: Y_EX_stator = Y_EX(M_w2_s)
```

```
[138]: Y_EX_stator
```

[138]: 0

#### 3.6.1 Rotor

```
[139]: Y_EX_rotor = Y_EX(M_w2_r)
```

```
[140]: Y_EX_rotor
```

[140]: 0

#### 3.7 Blade Clearance Loss

#### **3.7.1** Stator

```
[141]: delta_stator = 0.004
```

```
[142]: Y_CL_stator = Y_CL(Beta1_s, Beta2_s, s_c_stator, h_c_stator, c_stator, u_delta_stator)
```

```
[143]: Y_CL_stator
```

[143]: 0.2012526171929543

#### 3.7.2 Rotor

```
[144]: delta_rotor = 0.004
```

```
[145]: Y_CL_rotor = Y_CL(Beta1_r, Beta2_r, s_c_rotor, h_c_rotor, c_rotor, delta_rotor)
```

```
[146]: Y_CL_rotor
```

[146]: 0.15148885061003062

## 3.8 Lashing Wire Loss

#### 3.8.1 Stator

```
[147]: N_LW_stator = 1
D_LW_stator = 0.01  #meter
W2_stator = C2
```

```
Cm2_stator = C2*math.sin(math.radians(Beta2_s))
```

We can compute Cm2 from C or W, the difference between these mothods show that the data and methods are valid:

```
[148]: abs(W2*math.sin(math.radians(Beta2_m))-C2*math.sin(math.radians(Beta2_s)))
```

[148]: 0.010380349913532427

```
[149]: Y_LW_stator = Y_LW(N_LW_stator, D_LW_stator, Cm2_stator, rho2_stator, h_stator, u >\text{$\u00e4}\u00b2_stator, Mu2})
```

```
[150]: Y_LW_stator
```

[150]: 0.03807411833646628

#### 3.8.2 Rotor

```
[151]: N_LW_rotor = 1
D_LW_rotor = 0.01 #meter
W2_rotor = W3
Cm2_rotor = W3*math.sin(math.radians(Beta2_r))
```

We can compute Cm2 from C or W, the difference between these mothods show that the data and methods are valid:

```
[152]: abs(W3*math.sin(math.radians(Beta2_r))-C3*math.sin(math.radians(alpha3_m)))
```

[152]: 0.062328315393585854

```
[153]: Y_LW_rotor = Y_LW(N_LW_rotor, D_LW_rotor, Cm2_rotor, rho2_rotor, h_rotor, u 

W2_rotor, Mu2)
```

```
[154]: Y_LW_rotor
```

[154]: 0.02685585132661461

#### 3.9 Table of Aerodynamic Losses

```
[155]: Aerodynamic_Losses_stator = {
    'Y_p' : Y_p_stator,
    'Y_s' : Y_s_stator,
    'Y_TE' : Y_TE_stator,
    'Y_sh' : Y_sh_stator,
    'Y_EX' : Y_EX_stator,
    'Y_CL' : Y_CL_stator,
    'Y_LW' : Y_LW_stator,
```

```
[156]: Aerodynamic_Losses_rotor = {
           'Y_p' : Y_p_rotor,
           'Y_s' : Y_s_rotor,
           'Y_TE' : Y_TE_rotor,
           'Y_sh' : Y_sh_rotor,
           'Y_EX' : Y_EX_rotor,
           'Y_CL' : Y_CL_rotor,
           'Y_LW' : Y_LW_rotor,
       }
[157]: Aerodynamic_Losses = {
           'Stator' : Aerodynamic_Losses_stator,
                     : Aerodynamic Losses rotor,
           'Rotor'
       }
      df1 = pd.DataFrame(Aerodynamic_Losses).T
[158]:
[159]: df1['Y_total'] =__
         \neg df1['Y_p'] + df1['Y_s'] + df1['Y_TE'] + df1['Y_sh'] + df1['Y_EX'] + df1['Y_CL'] + df1['Y_LW'] 
[160]: df1
[160]:
                                       Y_TE
                                                 Y_sh Y_EX
                                                                  Y_CL
                                                                             Y_LW
                     Y_p
                               Y_s
               0.021006
       Stator
                          0.054579
                                    0.0625
                                             0.004367
                                                         0.0
                                                              0.201253
                                                                         0.038074
       Rotor
               0.020500
                          0.052727
                                    0.0625
                                             0.006927
                                                         0.0
                                                              0.151489
                                                                         0.026856
                Y_total
       Stator
               0.381778
       Rotor
               0.320999
```

#### 4 Parasitic Losses

In this section We are going to Calculate Parasitic losses. Parasitic losses are divided to below parts:

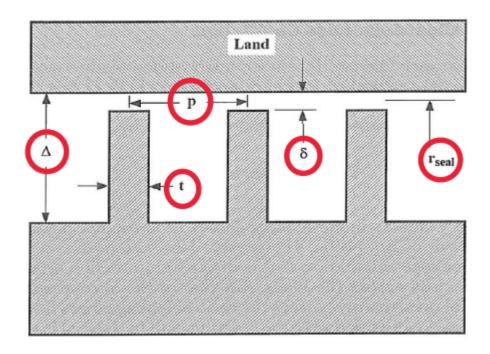
## 4.1 Leakage Bypass Loss

#### **4.1.1** Stator

```
[161]: dh0_leak_stator = 0
```

#### 4.1.2 Rotor

in the below picture You can see the geometrical properties of the Labyrinth on the shroud:



But We need to consider this point that labyrinth in this case has been located on the Diaphragm-Disk and We don't have any shroud on the rotor blades. But We can say:

```
[162]: r_seal_rotor = r_t_m+delta_rotor/2
```

But in this case We have:

```
[163]: r_seal_is_constant = 'r_seal is not constant'
```

by paying attention to the previous picture, We can approximately say that:

```
[164]: Delta_rotor = 6.5*delta_rotor
N_seal = 2
t_seal = 2*delta_rotor
p_seal = 0.04  #meter
```

As for Balance Hole We have:

```
[165]: N_BH = 2
D_BH = 0.005 #meter
```

```
[166]: rho = rho2_stator
   T = Properties2['T[k]']
   P1 = Properties2['P[bar]']
   P2 = Properties3['P[bar]']
   PR = Properties3['P[bar]']/Properties2['P[bar]']
   h01 = Properties02['h[kj/kg]']
   h02 = Properties03['h[kj/kg]']
```

```
[167]: | dic = dhO_leak(N_seal,t_seal, p_seal, r_seal_rotor, PR, rho, T, P1, P2, h01,
        →h02, delta_rotor, R, N_BH, D_BH, m_dot, r_seal_is_constant)
[168]: dic
[168]: {'m_dot_seal[kg/sec]': 0.6911198970178687,
        'm_dot_BH[kg/sec]': 0.00765394747964283,
        'dh0_leak[kj/kg]': 5.710053490471531}
[169]: dh0_leak_rotor = dic['dh0_leak[kj/kg]']
[170]: dh0_leak_rotor
[170]: 5.710053490471531
      4.1.3 Rotor Partial Admission Work
      4.1.4 Stator
[171]: dh0_adm_stator = 0
      4.1.5 Rotor
[172]: epsilon = 1
       psi = 0
       rho2, h = rho2_rotor, h_rotor
       D_m = 2*r_m
       U_m = r_m * omega
       b_x = bx_{rotor}
       N_active = 1
       psi_noz = C2/C2_is
[173]: dic = dh0_adm(epsilon, psi, rho2, h, D_m, U_m, b_x, N_active, psi_noz, C2,__
        \rightarrowm_dot)
[174]: dic
[174]: {'dh0_w[kj/kg]': 0.0,
        'dh0_sec[kj/kg]': 4.535079337775052,
        'dh0[kj/kg]': 4.535079337775052}
[175]: dh0_adm_rotor = dic['dh0[kj/kg]']
[176]: dh0_adm_rotor
[176]: 4.535079337775052
```

#### 4.1.6 Rotor Diaphragm-Disk Friction Work

## 4.1.7 Stator

```
[177]: dh0_DF_stator = 0
```

## 4.1.8 Rotor

```
[178]: rho = rho2_rotor
r = r_h_m
Delta_r = Delta_rotor/r
```

```
[179]: dic = dh0_DF(rho, r, Delta_r, e, Mu2, omega, m_dot)
```

```
[180]: dic
```

[180]: {'dh01[kj/kg]': 0.05103686902569655, 'dh02[kj/kg]': 0.0}

```
[181]: dh0_DF_rotor = max(list(dic.values()))
```

[182]: 0.05103686902569655

#### 4.1.9 Clearance Gap Windage Loss

#### 4.1.10 Stator

```
[183]: dh0_gap_stator = 0
```

#### 4.1.11 Rotor

```
[184]: r_seal_rotor = r_t_m+delta_rotor/2
Delta_m = ((r_t_e-r_t_m)**2+(b_x)**2)**0.5
r, rho, Delta, b_x = r_seal_rotor, rho2_stator, Delta_rotor, bx_rotor
```

```
[185]: dh0_gap_rotor = dh0_gap(r, rho, Delta, b_x, Delta_m, Mu2, omega, m_dot)
```

```
[186]: dh0_gap_rotor
```

[186]: 0.1837349844868593

#### 4.1.12 Moisture or Wet Steam Work Loss

#### 4.2 Stator

```
[187]: dh0_ML_stator = 0
```

#### 4.2.1 Rotor

```
[188]: dh0_ML_rotor = 0
```

#### 4.3 Table of Parasitic Losses

```
[189]: Parasitic_Losses_stator = {
           'dh0_leak[kj/kg]' : dh0_leak_stator,
           'dh0_adm[kj/kg]'
                             : dh0_adm_stator,
           'dhO DF[kj/kg]'
                             : dh0 DF stator,
           'dh0_gap[kj/kg]' : dh0_gap_stator,
                             : dh0_ML_stator,
           'dh0 ML[kj/kg]'
       }
[190]: Parasitic_Losses_rotor = {
           'dh0_leak[kj/kg]' : dh0_leak_rotor,
           'dh0_adm[kj/kg]'
                             : dh0_adm_rotor,
           'dh0_DF[kj/kg]'
                             : dh0_DF_rotor,
           'dh0_gap[kj/kg]' : dh0_gap_rotor,
                            : dh0_ML_rotor,
           'dh0_ML[kj/kg]'
       }
[191]: Parasitic_Losses = {
           'Stator' : Parasitic_Losses_stator,
                    : Parasitic_Losses_rotor,
       }
[192]: df2 = pd.DataFrame(Parasitic_Losses).T
[193]: df2['dh0_total[kj/kg]'] = df2['dh0_leak[kj/kg]']+df2['dh0_adm[kj/

¬kg]']+df2['dh0_DF[kj/kg]']+df2['dh0_gap[kj/kg]']+df2['dh0_ML[kj/kg]']

[194]: df2
[194]:
               dh0_leak[kj/kg]
                                dh0_adm[kj/kg]
                                                dh0_DF[kj/kg] dh0_gap[kj/kg]
                      0.000000
                                      0.000000
                                                      0.000000
                                                                      0.000000
       Stator
       Rotor
                      5.710053
                                      4.535079
                                                      0.051037
                                                                      0.183735
               dhO_ML[kj/kg] dhO_total[kj/kg]
                         0.0
       Stator
                                      0.000000
       Rotor
                         0.0
                                     10.479905
```

# 5 Turbine Efficiency

#### 5.0.1 Stage

```
[206]: h1 = Properties1['h[kj/kg]']
       h2 = Properties2['h[kj/kg]']
       h2_is = Properties2_is['h[kj/kg]']
[207]: psi_nozzle = (h2-h2_is)*1000/(0.5*C2**2)
[208]: h3 = Properties3['h[kj/kg]']
       h3_is = Properties3_is['h[kj/kg]']
[209]: psi_rotor = (h3-h3_is)*1000/(0.5*W3**2)
[210]: T03 = Properties03['T[k]']
       T3 = Properties3['T[k]']
       T2 = Properties2['T[k]']
       h01 = Properties01['h[kj/kg]']
       h03 = Properties03['h[kj/kg]']
[211]: etta_tt = (1+(T03/T3)*(psi_nozzle*(C2**2)*(T3/T2)+(W3**2)*psi_rotor)/
        4(2000*(h01-h03)))**(-1)
[212]: etta_tt
[212]: 0.8775634455605741
      5.1 Stator
[213]: etta_stator = (h1-h2)/(h1-h2_is)
[214]: etta_stator
[214]: 0.8046015864632978
      5.2 Rotor
[215]: etta_rotor = (h2-h3)/(h2-h3_is)
[218]: etta rotor
[218]: 0.9578209417355301
      From Reaction Factor We have:
[219]: 0.5*(etta_stator+etta_rotor)
```

## [219]: 0.881211264099414

this is showing that Our Computations are valid