Small Screen, Big Strategy: Bringing Real-Time Strategy to Mobile Devices

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1 Introduction

In the past few years, mobile operating systems have become a hub for both independent developers and game studios alike to publish video games that their consumers can hold in the palm of their hand. Mobile game development once used to be a frontier; now, it seems as though a new game comes out every few weeks, and they battle for the addiction of their consumers. While many different genres of mobile games have been produced, from tower defense to adventure to even massively multiplayer, real-time strategy remains a genre mostly untouched by mobile game developers. One's initial reaction may be to believe that lack of interest in real-time strategy (or RTS) games is responsible for few games being published in that genre. Nevertheless, as this design will outline, a lack of intuitive controls and user interface has prevented the genre from thriving on mobile. Many developers have been met with interface design challenges. One example of this is a result of lacking hardware devices outside of the touchscreen (such as a mouse and keyboard, or even a controller with buttons). My user design will show how mobile strategy is the future of challenging, yet rewarding mobile gaming. Empowering the users by utilizing every inch of screen is the key foundation to building a successful mobile RTS interface.

2 Design & Layout

To successfully approach designing a user interface for mobile RTS, my approach will be to play to a touchscreen's strengths, and conform to design principles in mobile operating systems.

2.1 Unit Selection

To select a unit within the proposed design, a user will use just a finger and tap on whatever unit they want to control. While this is simple enough, the challenge arises when a user wants to select multiple units, because of a lack of draggable input using a mouse cursor. I decided to take an approach similar to Halo Wars. Halo Wars employs a reticle, and when a user holds down the A button on the Xbox 360 controller, an overlay appears that shows units in the selection circle. Since the user's controller is the touchscreen itself, the same action will occur when one holds down their finger on the screen. After a small delay, the selection circle will expand from the held touch input, and allow multiple units to be selected at once.

When a unit is selected, stats will be displayed about them centered at the bottom of the screen. If multiple units are selected, they will be displayed in groups by type in the top-left corner of the screen. This will allow a user to both view attributes below their selection, and view their selected units in a status bar at the top of the screen (which, in mobile OSes, is always located at the top of the touchscreen.)

2.2 Unit Movement

2.3 Minimap

One of the most important information displays to anyone playing a real-time strategy game is the minimap. The minimap is incredibly useful to see where units are located, and where friendly units are deployed. It allows for users to navigate the map quickly; by selecting a location on the map, it allows the camera to snap quickly to that location on the game map. The minimap also provides the user with a way to see where enemies are attacking, and "pings" information to the user when enemy attacks occur.

The biggest challenge of implementing this on a mobile device, as opposed to a computer, is the size of the smartphone screen. I believe that the minimap is essential for the user interface in the RTS genre, but I also believe that cluttering the camera view of the map with too many tooltips will make it difficult for the user to quickly issue commands to their units. Therefore, I propose a two-size minimap. In a normal view, the user will have a very small glimpse of the minimap, as pictured above. It will show their current camera view on the minimap, and a very small representation of unit locations and map. To conquer the issue of screen space, a tap gesture will be employed on the minimap. When a user taps the minimap once, it will cause the minimap to go full screen. This minimap will allow the user to see a bigger, "computer-sized" minimap as opposed to providing a static, small minimap that is close to useless anyways. This will allow a user to see everything going on, and their current camera location behind the overlay. To exit the enlarged minimap, the user will have two options. They can either close the enlarged minimap, using a close button included in the large minimap overlay. The other option would be to select an area of the map where they would like the camera to snap to. This will allow for the snap-to-location camera view that PC RTS gamers have, while maintaining

3 Usage Scenarios

4 Design Rationale

4.1 Unit Selection

There are a few mobile RTS games on the market today. One notable example is Starfront: Collision, which is available for iOS devices. Starfront's approach for selecting units, or multiple units, is to use a pinch, or two-finger touch, to select a group of units. The biggest problem with Starfront.

5 Usability Analysis