

# The worst climate events in the United States

## Synopsis

This study explores the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) storm database. This database tracks characteristics of major storms and weather events in the United States, including when and where they occur, as well as estimates of any fatalities, injuries, and property damage.

We will separate the analysis into two main lines: people and properties.

For people, we will tabulate FATALITIES and INJURIES against event type. For tabulation purposes, we assume that one fatality equals 50 injuries.

For properties, we will tabulate damages in properties and crops against event type.

In the future, if we need to bind the two lines, it will be necessary to specify values to FATALITY and INJURY because the properties line is already monetized.

## Data Processing

```
stormdata <- read.csv("./data/repdata-data-StormData.csv.bz2")
str(stormdata)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    902297 obs. of  37 variables:
## $ STATE__       : num  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ BGN_DATE      : Factor w/ 16335 levels "1/1/1966 0:00:00",...: 6523 6523 4242 11116 2224 2224 2260 383
## $ BGN_TIME      : Factor w/ 3608 levels "00:00:00 AM",...: 272 287 2705 1683 2584 3186 242 1683 3186 318
## $ TIME_ZONE     : Factor w/ 22 levels "ADT","AKS","AST",...: 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 ...
## $ COUNTY        : num  97 3 57 89 43 77 9 123 125 57 ...
## $ COUNTYNAME    : Factor w/ 29601 levels "", "5NM E OF MACKINAC BRIDGE TO PRESQUE ISLE LT MI",...: 13513
## $ STATE         : Factor w/ 72 levels "AK","AL","AM",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ EVTYPE        : Factor w/ 985 levels " HIGH SURF ADVISORY",...: 834 834 834 834 834 834 834 834 834
## $ BGN_RANGE     : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ BGN_AZI       : Factor w/ 35 levels "", " N", " NW",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ BGN_LOCATI    : Factor w/ 54429 levels "", "- 1 N Albion",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ END_DATE      : Factor w/ 6663 levels "", "1/1/1993 0:00:00",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ END_TIME      : Factor w/ 3647 levels "", " 0900CST",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_END    : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ COUNTYENDN    : logi  NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ END_RANGE     : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ END_AZI       : Factor w/ 24 levels "", "E", "ENE", "ESE",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ END_LOCATI    : Factor w/ 34506 levels "", "- .5 NNW",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ LENGTH        : num  14 2 0.1 0 0 1.5 1.5 0 3.3 2.3 ...
## $ WIDTH         : num  100 150 123 100 150 177 33 33 100 100 ...
## $ F             : int   3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 3 3 ...
## $ MAG           : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ FATALITIES    : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 ...
## $ INJURIES      : num  15 0 2 2 2 2 6 1 0 14 0 ...
## $ PROPDMG       : num  25 2.5 25 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 25 25 ...
## $ PROPDMGEXP    : Factor w/ 19 levels "", "-", "?", "+",...: 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
## $ CROPDMG       : num  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ CROPDMGEXP    : Factor w/ 9 levels "", "?", "0", "2",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ WFO           : Factor w/ 542 levels "", " CI", "$AC",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATEOFFIC    : Factor w/ 250 levels "", "ALABAMA, Central",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
## $ ZONENAMES : Factor w/ 25112 levels "", "
## $ LATITUDE : num 3040 3042 3340 3458 3412 ...
## $ LONGITUDE : num 8812 8755 8742 8626 8642 ...
## $ LATITUDE_E: num 3051 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ LONGITUDE_: num 8806 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ REMARKS : Factor w/ 436781 levels "", "-2 at Deer Park\n", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ REFNUM : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
```

The first line: population.

No monetary values, but two unbalanced variables: fatalities and injuries.

Then we determine that one fatality equals fifty injuries and made the calculations.

```
library(data.table)
library(reshape2)
peopledata <- data.table(evtype=stormdata$EVTYPE, fatalities=stormdata$FATALITIES,
                        injuries=stormdata$INJURIES)
summary(peopledata)
```

```
##           evtype      fatalities      injuries
## HAIL           :288661   Min.    : 0   Min.    : 0.0
## TSTM WIND       :219940   1st Qu.: 0   1st Qu.: 0.0
## THUNDERSTORM WIND: 82563   Median : 0   Median : 0.0
## TORNADO         : 60652   Mean    : 0   Mean    : 0.2
## FLASH FLOOD     : 54277   3rd Qu.: 0   3rd Qu.: 0.0
## FLOOD           : 25326   Max.    :583   Max.    :1700.0
## (Other)         :170878
```

```
melted_peopledata <- melt(peopledata, id=c("evtype"))
tidy_peopledata <- dcast(melted_peopledata, formula = evtype ~ variable, sum)
tidy_peopledata$harmfac <- 50 * tidy_peopledata$fatalities + tidy_peopledata$injuries
top20_people <- head(order(tidy_peopledata$harmfac, decreasing=TRUE), n=20)
plot_peopledata <- tidy_peopledata[top20_people,]
plot_peopledata
```

```
##           evtype fatalities injuries harmfac
## 834          TORNADO      5633    91346  372996
## 130    EXCESSIVE HEAT      1903     6525  101675
## 153          FLASH FLOOD       978     1777   50677
## 275             HEAT         937     2100   48950
## 464          LIGHTNING       816     5230   46030
## 856          TSTM WIND       504     6957   32157
## 170           FLOOD         470     6789   30289
## 585          RIP CURRENT      368       232   18632
## 359          HIGH WIND       248     1137   13537
## 972          WINTER STORM     206     1321   11621
## 19           AVALANCHE       224       170   11370
## 586          RIP CURRENTS     204       297   10497
## 278          HEAT WAVE       172       309    8909
## 140          EXTREME COLD      160       231    8231
## 760    THUNDERSTORM WIND      133     1488    8138
## 310           HEAVY SNOW      127     1021    7371
## 427           ICE STORM        89     1975    6425
```

```
## 141 EXTREME COLD/WIND CHILL      125      24      6274
## 30          BLIZZARD             101     805     5855
## 676          STRONG WIND          103     280     5430
```

The second line: properties.

Monetary values: properties and crops.

There is one separation of figure and exponent, and the codification of the exponents is sometimes weird. As “B” are billions, “M” or “m” are millions and “K” are thousands, we normalized the values before plotting.

```
library(data.table)
library(reshape2)
monpropdmg <- stormdata$PROPDMG *
  ifelse(stormdata$PROPDMGEXP=="B", 1,
    ifelse(stormdata$PROPDMGEXP%in%c("M","m"), 1E-3, 1E-6))
moncropdmg <- stormdata$CROPDMG *
  ifelse(stormdata$CROPDMGEXP=="B", 1,
    ifelse(stormdata$CROPDMGEXP%in%c("M","m"), 1E-3, 1E-6))
prcropdata <- data.table(evtype=stormdata$EVTYPE, propdmg=monpropdmg, cropdmg=moncropdmg)
summary(prcropdata)
```

```
##          evtype      propdmg      cropdmg
## HAIL          :288661  Min.   : 0  Min.   :0
## TSTM WIND      :219940  1st Qu.: 0  1st Qu.:0
## THUNDERSTORM WIND: 82563  Median : 0  Median :0
## TORNAO        : 60652  Mean    : 0  Mean    :0
## FLASH FLOOD    : 54277  3rd Qu.: 0  3rd Qu.:0
## FLOOD          : 25326  Max.    :115  Max.    :5
## (Other)        :170878
```

```
melted_prcropdata <- melt(prcropdata, id=c("evtype"))
tidy_prcropdata <- dcast(melted_prcropdata, formula = evtype ~ variable, sum)
tidy_prcropdata$damgfacs <- tidy_prcropdata$propdmg + tidy_prcropdata$cropdmg
top20_prcrop <- head(order(tidy_prcropdata$damgfacs, decreasing=TRUE), n=20)
plot_prcropdata <- tidy_prcropdata[top20_prcrop,]
plot_prcropdata
```

```
##          evtype propdmg  cropdmg damgfacs
## 170          FLOOD 144.658  5.661968 150.320
## 411 HURRICANE/TYPHOON  69.306  2.607873  71.914
## 834          TORNAO  56.937  0.415113  57.353
## 670      STORM SURGE  43.324  0.000005  43.324
## 244          HAIL   15.733  3.025977  18.759
## 153      FLASH FLOOD  16.141  1.421317  17.563
## 95          DROUGHT   1.046 13.972566  15.019
## 402          HURRICANE 11.868  2.741910  14.610
## 590      RIVER FLOOD   5.119  5.029459  10.148
## 427          ICE STORM   3.945  5.022113   8.967
## 848      TROPICAL STORM  7.704  0.678346   8.382
## 972      WINTER STORM   6.688  0.026944   6.715
## 359          HIGH WIND   5.270  0.638571   5.909
## 957          WILDFIRE   4.765  0.295473   5.061
## 856      TSTM WIND    4.485  0.554007   5.039
```

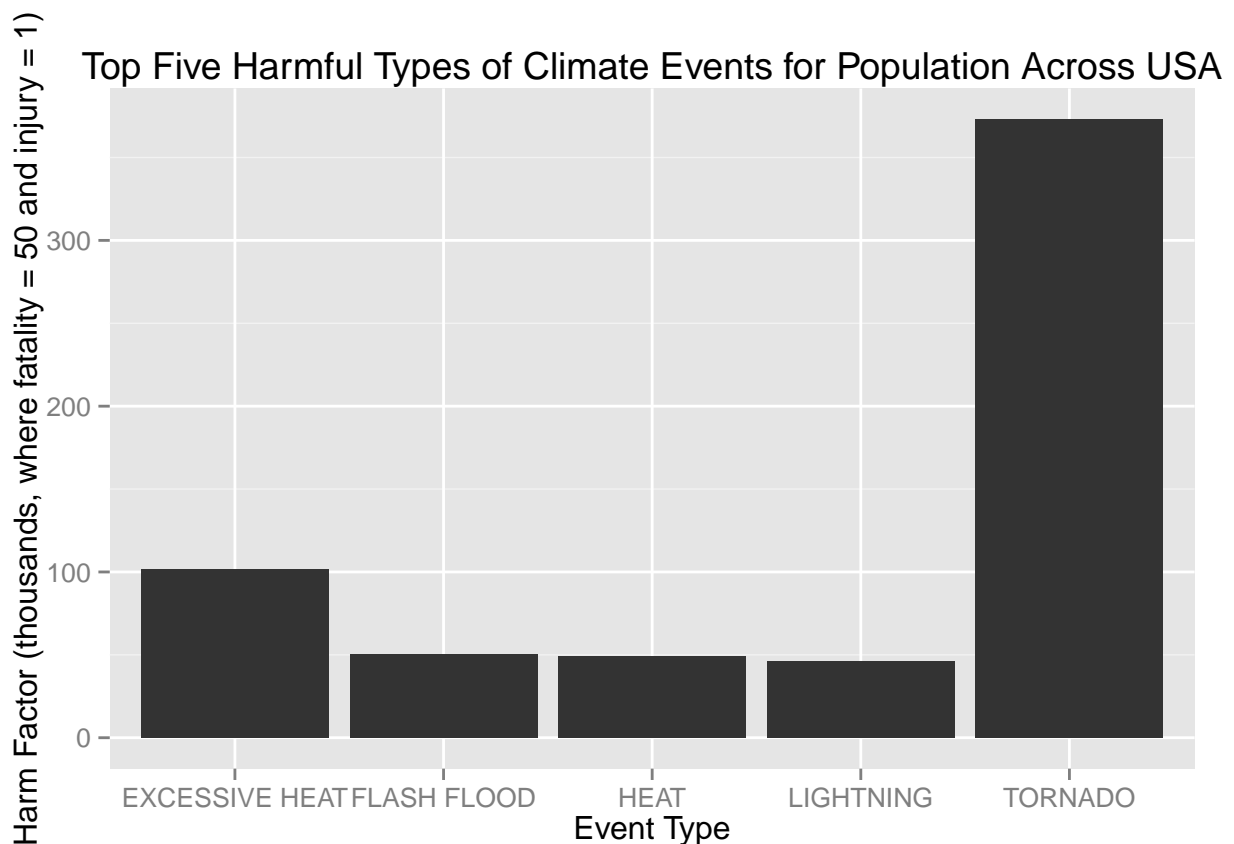
## 671	STORM SURGE/TIDE	4.641	0.000850	4.642
## 760	THUNDERSTORM WIND	3.483	0.414843	3.898
## 409	HURRICANE OPAL	3.173	0.019000	3.192
## 955	WILD/FOREST FIRE	3.002	0.106797	3.109
## 298	HEAVY RAIN/SEVERE WEATHER	2.500	0.000000	2.500

*Note: There is one other problem not addressed in this study: the EVTYPE values are not normalized, so we have lots of types **flood** something, as have for **wind**, and as have for **rain**, etc. Crunch 985 types in 10 or 20 is a hard work and far from beyond the scope of this assignment.*

## Results

Answering the question: *Across the United States, which types of events (as indicated in the EVTYPE variable) are most harmful with respect to population health?*

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(plot_peopledata[1:5, ], aes(evtype, harmfac/1e3)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  ylab("Harm Factor (thousands, where fatality = 50 and injury = 1)") + xlab("Event Type") +
  ggtitle("Top Five Harmful Types of Climate Events for Population Across USA")
```



Answering the question: *Across the United States, which types of events have the greatest economic consequences?*

```
ggplot(plot_prcropdata[1:5, ], aes(evtype, damgfac)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  ylab("Economic Damages (billion dollars)") + xlab("Event Type") +
  ggtitle("Top Five Types of Climate Events Causing Economic Damages Across USA")
```

