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Tsteps = 1000
mut_delta = 0 #how to implement mutations of different sizes?
step = 0.01
int_step = step
sigma2 = 1
mut_prob = 0.01
alpha = 0.5
mix_sigma2 = 0.4

#####
int<-function(v){
  l=length(v)
  int_step/2*(sum(2*v-v[1]-v[l])
}

mrange = seq(-2,2,by=step)
Nm = length(mrange)
mrange_orig = seq(-1,1,by=step)
frange = seq(-2,2,by=step)
Nf = length(frange)
frange_orig = seq(-1,1,by=step)

m0 = which(mrange== -1)
m1 = which(mrange== 1)
f0 = which(frange== -1)
f1 = which(frange== 1)

# its = 2
sigma2_vals = c(0.1,0.5,1,1.5,2,4)
Ns = length(sigma2_vals)
mix_sigma2_vals = c(seq(0.1,0.4,by=0.1),1)
Nms = length(mix_sigma2_vals)
Pm_keep = array(0,dim=c(Nm,Ns,Nms))
Pf_keep = array(0,dim=c(Nf,Ns,Nms))

for(k in 1:Ns){
  for(l in 1:Nms){
    sigma2 = sigma2_vals[k]
    mix_sigma2 = mix_sigma2_vals[l]

    Pm = matrix(0,Nm,Tsteps+1)
    # breaks = runif(n=length(mrange_orig)-1)
    # breaks = sort(breaks)
    # m_init = c(breaks[1],diff(c(breaks,1)))
    # m_init = runif(n=length(mrange_orig))
    # m_init = m_init/int(m_init)
    # Pm[m0:m1,1] = m_init
    Pm[m0] = 0.6
    Pm[m1] = 0.4
    Pm[,1] = Pm[,1]/int(Pm[,1])

    Pf = matrix(0,Nf,Tsteps+1)
    # breaks = runif( n=length(mrange_orig)-1)
    # breaks = sort(breaks)
    # f_init = c(breaks[1],diff(c(breaks,1)))
    # Pf[f0:f1,1] = f_init
    # Pf[f0,1] = .4
    # Pf[f1,1] = .6
    # Pf[,1] = Pf[,1]/int(Pf[,1])
    p = .4
    Pf[,1] = p*dnorm(frange,-1,mix_sigma2)+(1-p)*dnorm(frange,1,mix_sigma2)
    # Pf[,1] = .3*dnorm(frange,-1,mix_sigma2)+.3*dnorm(frange,0,mix_sigma2)+.4*dnorm(frange,1,mix_sigma2)

    # t = 1
    for(t in 1:Tsteps){
      Pm_adults = Pm[,t]
      Pf_adults = Pf[,t]
      pxy = matrix(0,Nm,Nf)

      for(j in 1:Nf){
        y = frange[j]
        weight = 1/sqrt(2*pi*sigma2)*exp(-(mrange-y)^2/(2*sigma2))
        # weight = matrix (0,Nf,1)
        # weight[c(f0,x1)] = 1
        # weight[j] = 1+alpha

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        z = int(weight*Pm_adults)
        if(z!=0){
            pxy[,j] = Pf_adults[j]*weight*Pm_adults/z
        }
    }
    Pm_beforemut = matrix(0,Nm)
    for(i in 1:Nm){
        Pm_beforemut[i] = int(pxy[i,])
    }
    Pm_aftermut = matrix(0,Nm)
    Pm_aftermut = (1-mut_prob)*Pm_beforemut + mut_prob/2*c(Pm_beforemut[2:Nm],0) + mut_prob/2*c(0,Pm_beforemut[1:Nm-1])
    Pm[,t+1] = Pm_aftermut
    Pf[,t+1] = Pf_adults
}
Pm_keep[k,l] = Pm[,Tsteps+1]
Pf_keep[k,l] = Pf[,Tsteps+1]
}

#####
sigma2 = 0.1
mix_sigma2 = 1
Pm = matrix(0,Nm,Tsteps+1)
# breaks = runif(n=length(mrange_orig)-1)
# breaks = sort(breaks)
# m_init = c(breaks[1],diff(c(breaks,1)))
# m_init = runif(n=length(mrange_orig))
# m_init = m_init/int(m_init)
# Pm[m0:m1,1] = m_init
Pm[m0] = 0.6
Pm[m1] = 0.4
Pm[,1] = Pm[,1]/int(Pm[,1])

Pf = matrix(0,Nf,Tsteps+1)
# breaks = runif( n=length(mrange_orig)-1)
# breaks = sort(breaks)
# f_init = c(breaks[1],diff(c(breaks,1)))
# Pf[f0:f1,1] = f_init
# Pf[f0,1] = .4
# Pf[f1,1] = .6
# Pf[,1] = Pf[,1]/int(Pf[,1])
p = .4
Pf[,1] = p*dnorm(frange,-1,mix_sigma2)+(1-p)*dnorm(frange,1,mix_sigma2)
# Pf[,1] = .3*dnorm(frange,-1,mix_sigma2)+.3*dnorm(frange,0,mix_sigma2)+.4*dnorm(frange,1,mix_sigma2)

# t = 1
for(t in 1:Tsteps){
    Pm_adults = Pm[,t]
    Pf_adults = Pf[,t]
    pxy = matrix(0,Nm,Nf)

    for(j in 1:Nf){
        y = frange[j]
        weight = 1/sqrt(2*pi*sigma2)*exp(-(mrange-y)^2/(2*sigma2))
        # weight = matrix(0,Nf,1)
        # weight[c(f0,x1)] = 1
        # weight[j] = 1+alpha
        z = int(weight*Pm_adults)
        if(z!=0){
            pxy[,j] = Pf_adults[j]*weight*Pm_adults/z
        }
    }
    Pm_beforemut = matrix(0,Nm)
    for(i in 1:Nm){
        Pm_beforemut[i] = int(pxy[i,])
    }
    Pm_aftermut = matrix(0,Nm)
    Pm_aftermut = (1-mut_prob)*Pm_beforemut + mut_prob/2*c(Pm_beforemut[2:Nm],0) + mut_prob/2*c(0,Pm_beforemut[1:Nm-1])
    Pm[,t+1] = Pm_aftermut
    Pf[,t+1] = Pf_adults
}

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