1. Summary Statistics & Missing-Value Report

- Load dataset with `pandas.read_csv()`.
- Convert 'Timestamp' to datetime.
- Use `df.describe()` to summarize numeric data.
- Identify missing data using `df.isna().sum()` and calculate percentage.
- Filter columns with >5% missing values.

2. Outlier Detection & Basic Cleaning

- Apply Z-score using `scipy.stats.zscore()` on ['GHI', 'DNI', 'DHI', 'ModA', 'ModB', 'WS', 'WSgust'].
- Flag rows where |Z| > 3 as outliers.
- Impute missing values in key columns with median using `fillna()`.
- Export cleaned data to `data/<country>_clean.csv`.

3. Time Series Analysis

- Plot GHI, DNI, DHI, Tamb over time using line charts.
- Analyze monthly and daily trends by grouping by `Timestamp.dt.month`.
- Visualize seasonality and anomalies.

4. Cleaning Impact

- Group by cleaning flag and compute mean ModA and ModB.

- Use bar plots to compare performance pre/post-clean.
5. Correlation & Relationship Analysis
 Generate a heatmap of correlations among GHI, DNI, DHI, TModA, TModB using `seaborn.heatmap()`. Create scatter plots: WS vs GHI, RH vs Tamb, RH vs GHI to visualize dependencies.
6. Wind & Distribution Analysis
- Plot histograms for GHI and WS Use `WindroseAxes` from `windrose` library to plot wind rose for WS/WD.
7. Temperature Analysis
- Explore the effect of RH on Tamb and GHI using scatter plots and trend lines.
8. Bubble Chart
 Plot GHI vs Tamb with bubble size representing RH and color as BP using Plotly. Useful for visualizing how humidity and pressure affect solar potential.

Conclusion & Key Insights

- Cleaned data ready for modeling and comparison.
- Outliers removed and missing values imputed.
- Strong correlations found between solar irradiance and temperature.
- Cleaning improves module performance significantly.
- Humidity inversely affects temperature, affecting sensor performance.