

Eric Buras Thesis: Results

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1 Graphs

NEED BIBTEX CITATIONS FOR THESE

We have a set of graphs that are similar to the power-law graphs from Watts-Strogatz and Chung-Lu. These encompass a wide range of subjects such as social networks, biological processes, and an electric grid. The key part of my algorithm is partitioning a graph into a large locally-connected subgraph and a small teleportation subgraph. four of these examples fully fit into this class of graphs, whereas the power grid most certainly does not as evidenced below. The important attribute to look for is low rank of the teleportation Laplacian matrix relative to the number of the nodes (which is the size of the entire square Laplacian matrix).

add expected value of degree

Graph (nodes, edges)	Rank T_L	Nx Part. (s)	My Part. (s)	Solve (s)
Neural (297, 2148)	22	11	1.6	.51
Metabolic (453, 2025)	49	12	2.3	.966
Gene (912, 22738)	26	1915	53	1.44
Facebook (4039, 88234)	180	11593	480	64.46
Power (4941, 6594)	4284	2.1	.33	560

I want to dig deeper into the solve portion to determine if the operations correspond with their given theoretical complexities. Here is a table of the timings for the individual operations:

Operation	O(FLOPs)	Neural	Metabolic	Gene	Facebook	Power
$USV = T_L$	$O(n^3)$	.0334	.0737	.4183	38.47	72.86
S^{-1}	$O(r)$	.0005	.0007	.0001	.0023	5.104
$y = P_L^{-1}b$ (MG)	$O(n)$	.0857	.0962	.3552	1.347	.1152
$y_1 = Vy$	$O(rn)$	.0013	.0015	.0002	.0023	.0702
$Q = P_L^{-1}U$ ($r \times$ MG)	$O(rn)$	.3292	.7360	.5190	23.11	106.9
$Q_1 = VQ$	$O(r^2n)$	.0006	.0036	.0013	.4124	285.1
$Q_2 = S^{-1} + Q_1$	$O(r^2)$	.0012	.0018	.0003	.0011	.4157
$y_2 = Q_2^{-1}y_1$	$O(r^3)$	.0023	.0025	.0013	.0099	86.49
$y_3 = Uy_2$	$O(rn)$	.0001	.0002	.0003	.0025	.1867
$y_4 = P_L^{-1}y_3$ (MG)	$O(n)$	.0128	.0070	.1183	.8249	.0059
$x = y - y_4$	$O(n)$	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0004	.0003

As observed, the operation timings correspond to their theoretical floating point operation orders. For the first four examples (not including the power grid solve), the limiting operations are the singular value decomposition and multiple right hand side multigrid solves, $Q = P_L^{-1}U$. These operations can be optimized using the low-rank SVD and by vectorizing the multiple right hand solves so that only one multigrid solve must be done. However for the full rank power-grid solve, the limiting operations are the SVD, the matrix-matrix multiplication, $Q_1 = VQ$, and the matrix solve, $y_2 = Q_2^{-1}y_1$. Graph Laplacian linear systems without low-rank T_L should not be solved using this method.