

# The l3charts package

Éric BURGHARD

2022/07/15

<https://git.itsufficient.me/latex/l3charts>

---

## Abstract

This package defines a few simple TikZ charts that can be drawn using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X environments. This has mainly been developed as an experimentation of `expl3` for checking what L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 really brought to facilitate package development (expansion control, `clist`, `seq`, `prop`, ...).

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>About this documentation</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Kiviat chart</b>	<b>2</b>
2.1	Usage	2
2.1.1	Dimensions	2
2.1.2	Set	2
2.2	Examples	3
2.2.1	Simple	3
2.2.2	Multi-set	4
2.3	To do	4
<b>3</b>	<b>Ball chart</b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	Usage	5
3.2	Examples	5
3.2.1	Simple	6
3.2.2	Delimited	6
<b>4</b>	<b>Bar chart</b>	<b>6</b>
4.1	Usage	6
4.2	Examples	7
4.2.1	Simple	7
4.2.2	Gauge	8
<b>5</b>	<b>Bubble chart</b>	<b>8</b>
5.1	Usage	8
5.2	Examples	9
5.2.1	Horizontal	9
5.2.2	Vertical	10
<b>6</b>	<b>Radial chart</b>	<b>10</b>
6.1	Usage	10
6.2	Examples	10
6.2.1	Horizontal	11
6.2.2	Vertical	11
<b>7</b>	<b>Utilities macros</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Examples macros</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Index</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Changes</b>	<b>13</b>

# 1 About this documentation

I doubt that  $\LaTeX$  will have one day a modern documentation system as powerful as **cargo doc** due to its typeless and syntaxless nature. In my opinion  $\LaTeX$  literate programming with **docstrip** is just an ugly hack that turns the code and the documentation unmaintainable, and it's probably the component of  $\LaTeX$  which aged the most.

So I chose to write the documentation separately and borrowed much of the style from the **microtype** package which by the way, pushes the **docstrip** mastery to a *black magic* level.

## 2 Kiviat chart

### 2.1 Usage

The **kiviat chart** or *radar chart* allows to represent one or several set along several dimensions.

`\begin{kiviatchart}` Environment that hold a kiviat chart. Accepts an optional argument [`\langle clist \rangle`] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :

`\end{kiviatchart}`

**radius** `\langle dim \rangle` 3.5cm

Maximal diagram radius

**label-radius** `\langle dim \rangle` 3.5cm

Radius to put dimension labels on

**units** `\langle int \rangle` 5

Set the scale of units from 0 to the given number

**\*** `\langle keyval \rangle`

All other options are passed to `tikzpicture (env)`

A `kiviatchart (env)` should begin with a `dims (env)`, followed by one or several `set (env)`.

#### 2.1.1 Dimensions

`\begin{dims}` Environment that hold the definition of all dimensions. Accepts an optional argument [`\langle clist \rangle`] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :

`\end{dims}`

**dim-options** `\langle prop \rangle` {opacity=0.8}

TikZ options for drawing dimensions axis with

**unit-options** `\langle prop \rangle` {opacity=0.3}

TikZ options for drawing unit polygons with

**label-options** `\langle prop \rangle` {opacity=0.5,below}

TikZ options drawing for unit labels

**label-cs** `\langle str \rangle` identity

Name of the cs used to format labels

**unit-cs** `\langle str \rangle` tinytt

Name of the cs used to format unit scale

**\value** `\value[\langle clist \rangle]{\langle label \rangle}` is used to add a dimension to the kiviat chart. [`\langle clist \rangle`] is passed to TikZ to draw the nodes corresponding to the labels.

#### 2.1.2 Set

`\begin{set}` `set (env)` is used to add a new set to the kiviat chart. Accepts an optional argument [`\langle clist \rangle`] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :

`\end{set}`

**dot-options** `\langle prop \rangle` {fill,circle,inner sep=1pt}

Options for polygon node

**\*** `\langle keyval \rangle` color=black,line width=1.5pt,opacity=1,fill opacity=0.3,fill=gray

All other options are passed to `\draw cs` which draws the polygon

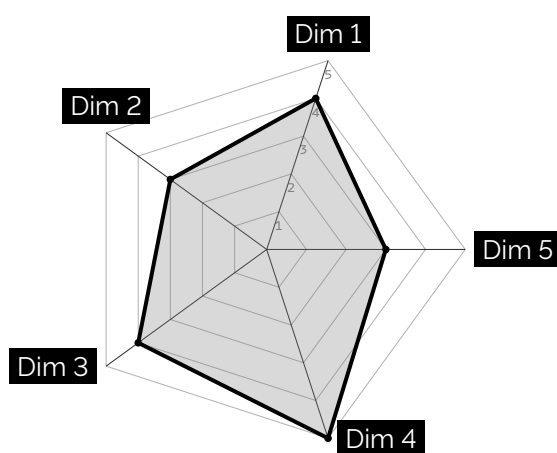
`\value` `\value{<int>}` is used to add a value to the set.

There must be the same number of `\value` inside `set (env)` and `dims (env)`, and each `\value` corresponds to the dimension in `dims (env)` at the same index.

## 2.2 Examples

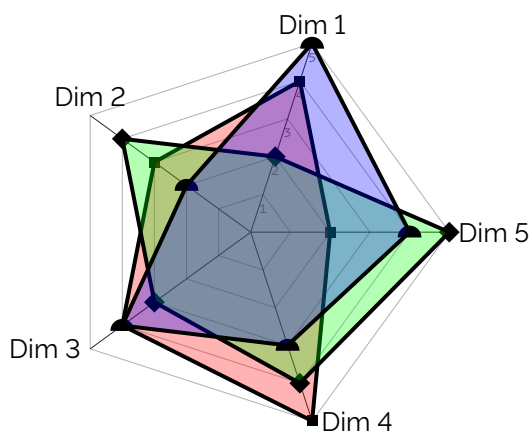
### 2.2.1 Simple

Use `label-cs` to call `\textinv` to format the labels.



```
% scale is passed to tikzpicture
\begin{kiviatchart}[scale=0.75]
  % Define all the dimensions
  \begin{dims}[label-cs=textinv]
    % Specify placement of each
    % labels
    \value[above]{Dim 1}
    \value[above]{Dim 2}
    \value[left]{Dim 3}
    \value[right]{Dim 4}
    \value[right]{Dim 5}
  \end{dims}
  % Add one or several sets.
  % Each value corresponds to
  % the dimension at the same
  % index in dims
  \begin{set}
    \value{4}
    \value{3}
    \value{4}
    \value{5}
    \value{3}
  \end{set}
\end{kiviatchart}
```

### 2.2.2 Multi-set



```
% scale is passed to tikzpicture
\begin{kiviatchart}[scale=0.75]
  \begin{dims}
    \value[above]{Dim 1}
    \value[above]{Dim 2}
    \value[left]{Dim 3}
    \value[right]{Dim 4}
    \value[right]{Dim 5}
  \end{dims}
  % Fill this set in red
  % with rectangle dots
  \begin{set}[
    fill=red,
    dot-options={
      fill,rectangle,
      inner sep=2pt
    }
  ]
    \value{4}
    \value{3}
    \value{4}
    \value{5}
    \value{2}
  \end{set}
  % Fill this set in green
  % with diamond dots
  \begin{set}[
    fill=green,
    dot-options={
      fill,diamond,
      inner sep=2pt
    }
  ]
    \value{2}
    \value{4}
    \value{3}
    \value{4}
    \value{5}
  \end{set}
  % Fill this set in blue
  % with semicircle dots
  \begin{set}[
    fill=blue,
    dot-options={
      fill,semicircle,
      inner sep=2pt
    }
  ]
    \value{5}
    \value{2}
    \value{4}
    \value{3}
    \value{4}
  \end{set}
\end{kiviatchart}
```

## 2.3 To do

At the moment the environments are not user friendly. We could provide basic sanity checks, with error messages when these rules are violated :

- one and only one `dims (env)` declared before any `set (env)`
- all `set (env)` have the same number of `\value` than the `dims (env)`
- `\value` in `set (env)` is between 0 and **units**

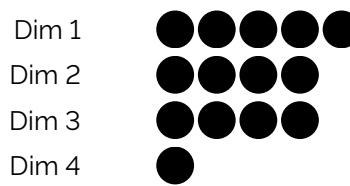
### 3 Ball chart

#### 3.1 Usage

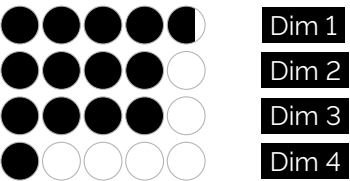
<code>\begin{ballchart}</code>	Environment that hold a ball chart. Accepts an optional argument [ <i>&lt;clist&gt;</i> ] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :		
<code>\end{ballchart}</code>			
<b>n</b>	<i>&lt;int&gt;</i>	5	The number of circles
<b>v-sep</b>	<i>&lt;fp&gt;</i>	0.1	Vertical separator in <i>cm</i>
<b>h-sep</b>	<i>&lt;fp&gt;</i>	0.5	Horizontal separator (circle) in <i>cm</i>
<b>radius</b>	<i>&lt;fp&gt;</i>	0.25	Radius of the circles in <i>cm</i>
<b>gap</b>	<i>&lt;fp&gt;</i>	0.05	Gap between circle in <i>cm</i>
<b>label-cs</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i>	identity	Macro name to format labels
<b>fill-options</b>	<i>&lt;prop&gt;</i>	{fill=black}	TikZ options to fill balls with
<b>draw-options</b>	<i>&lt;prop&gt;</i>	{draw=none}	TikZ options to draw balls with
<b>label-options</b>	<i>&lt;prop&gt;</i>	{left}	TikZ options for dimensions axis
<b>label-cs</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i>	identity	Macro name to format labels
<b>label-pos</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i>	left	Position of the label
<b>value-cs</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i>	nop	cs name to format values with
<b>*</b>	<i>&lt;keyval&gt;</i>		All other options are passed to <code>tikzpicture</code> ( <i>env</i> )
<b>\value</b>	<code>\value{&lt;label&gt;}{&lt;percent&gt;}</code> is used to add a new bar.		

#### 3.2 Examples

3.2.1 Simple

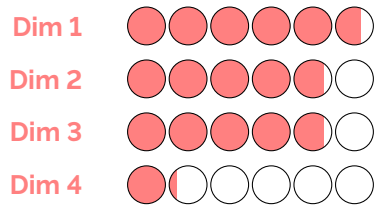


```
\begin{ballchart}
  \value{Dim 1}{95}
  \value{Dim 2}{80}
  \value{Dim 3}{80}
  \value{Dim 4}{20}
\end{ballchart}
```



```
\begin{ballchart}[
  % inverted labels
  label-cs=textinv,
  % to the right
  label-pos=right,
  % closer to the bar
  label-options={xshift=-0.8cm},
  % show circle
  draw-options={draw=black!30}]
  \value{Dim 1}{95}
  \value{Dim 2}{80}
  \value{Dim 3}{80}
  \value{Dim 4}{20}
\end{ballchart}
```

3.2.2 Delimited



```
\begin{ballchart}[
  % 6 circles per bar
  n=6,
  % red labels
  label-cs=redbf,
  % closer to bar
  label-options={xshift=0.4cm},
  % add vertical space
  v-sep=0.2,
  % fill in red
  fill-options={fill=red!50},
  % black circle
  draw-options={draw=black}]
  \value{Dim 1}{95}
  \value{Dim 2}{80}
  \value{Dim 3}{80}
  \value{Dim 4}{20}
\end{ballchart}
```

4 Bar chart

4.1 Usage

<code>\begin{barchart}</code>	Environment that hold a bar chart. Accepts an optional argument [ <i>&lt;list&gt;</i> ] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :	
<code>\end{barchart}</code>		
<code>width</code>	<code>&lt;fp&gt;</code>	3
	Maximum width in <i>cm</i>	
<code>height</code>	<code>&lt;fp&gt;</code>	0.35
	Bar height in <i>cm</i>	

<b>gap</b>	$\langle fp \rangle$ Gap in <i>cm</i>	0.25
<b>fill-options</b>	$\langle prop \rangle$ TikZ options to fill the bar with	{fill=none}
<b>draw-options</b>	$\langle prop \rangle$ TikZ options to draw the bar with	{fill=black}
<b>label-options</b>	$\langle prop \rangle$ TikZ options for dimensions axis	{}
<b>label-cs</b>	$\langle str \rangle$ Macro name to format labels	identity
<b>label-pos</b>	$\langle str \rangle$ Position of the label	left
<b>value-cs</b>	$\langle str \rangle$ cs name to format values with	nop
<b>*</b>	$\langle keyval \rangle$ All other options are passed to <code>tikzpicture</code> ( <i>env</i> )	
<b>\value</b>	<code>\value{&lt;label&gt;}{&lt;percent&gt;}</code> is used to add a new bar.	

## 4.2 Examples

### 4.2.1 Simple

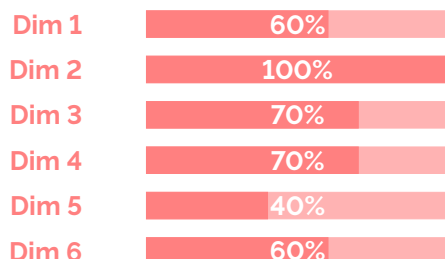


```
\begin{barchart}
  \value{Dim 1}{60}
  \value{Dim 2}{100}
  \value{Dim 3}{70}
  \value{Dim 4}{70}
  \value{Dim 5}{40}
  \value{Dim 6}{60}
\end{barchart}
```



```
\begin{barchart}[
  % inverted labels
  label-cs=textinv,
  % to the right
  label-pos=right,
  % closer to bar
  label-options={xshift=-0.8cm}]
  \value{Dim 1}{60}
  \value{Dim 2}{100}
  \value{Dim 3}{70}
  \value{Dim 4}{70}
  \value{Dim 5}{40}
  \value{Dim 6}{60}
\end{barchart}
```

### 4.2.2 Gauge



```
\begin{barchart}[
  % 4cm wide bars
  width=4,
  % inverted labels
  label-cs=redbf,
  % closer to bar
  label-options={xshift=0.4cm},
  % show values
  value-cs=whitebf,
  % bar in red
  draw-options={
    draw=red!50,
    fill=red!50},
  % show borders in red
  fill-options={
    fill=red!30,
    draw=red!30}]
\value{Dim 1}{60}
\value{Dim 2}{100}
\value{Dim 3}{70}
\value{Dim 4}{70}
\value{Dim 5}{40}
\value{Dim 6}{60}
\end{barchart}
```

## 5 Bubble chart

### 5.1 Usage

`\begin{bubblechart}` Environment that hold a bubble chart. Accepts an optional argument [`\langle list \rangle`] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :

`\end{bubblechart}`

**radius** `\langle fp \rangle` 1  
Max radius in *cm*

**gap** `\langle fp \rangle` 0.3  
Gap between bubbles in *cm*

**fill-options** `\langle prop \rangle` {fill=none,draw=none}  
TikZ options to fill/draw the background with

**draw-options** `\langle prop \rangle` {fill=black}  
TikZ options to fill/draw the bubble with

**label-cs** `\langle str \rangle` identity  
Macro name to format labels

**label-pos** `\langle str \rangle` above  
Position of the label

**value-cs** `\langle str \rangle` nop  
cs name to format values with

**vertical** `\langle bool \rangle` false  
Stack the bubble vertically instead of horizontally

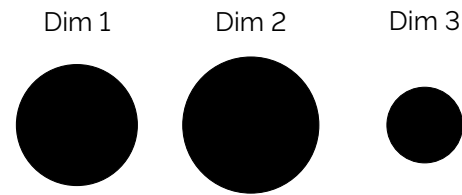
**\*** `\langle keyval \rangle`  
All other options are passed to `tikzpicture` (*env*)

**\value** `\value{\langle label \rangle}{\langle percent \rangle}` is used to add a new bubble.

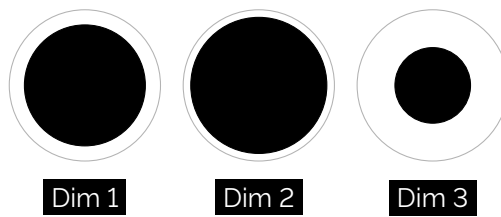


## 5.2 Examples

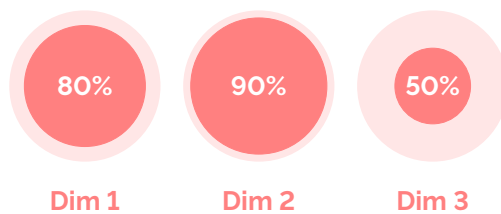
### 5.2.1 Horizontal



```
\begin{bubblechart}
\value{Dim 1}{80}
\value{Dim 2}{90}
\value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{bubblechart}
```

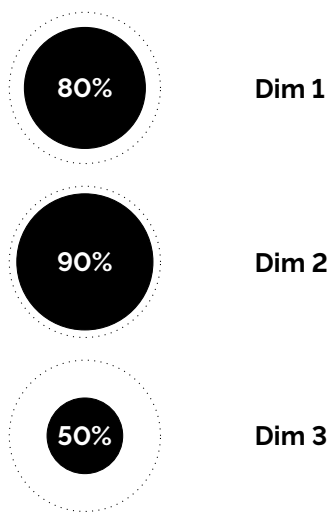


```
\begin{bubblechart}[
% inverted labels
label-cs=textinv,
% below bubble
label-pos=below,
% show borders
fill-options={
fill=none,
draw=black!30}]
\value{Dim 1}{80}
\value{Dim 2}{90}
\value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{bubblechart}
```



```
\begin{bubblechart}[
% label in red
label-cs=redbf,
% below bubble
label-pos=below,
% show value
value-cs=whitebf,
% bubble in red
draw-options={
draw=red!50,
fill=red!50},
% background in light red
fill-options={
fill=red!10}]
\value{Dim 1}{80}
\value{Dim 2}{90}
\value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{bubblechart}
```

### 5.2.2 Vertical



```
\begin{bubblechart}[
  % stack bubbles vertically
  vertical=true,
  % label in bold
  label-cs=textbf,
  % show values
  value-cs=whitebf,
  % to the right
  label-pos=right,
  % show max as dotted line
  fill-options={
    fill=none,
    draw=black,
    dotted}]
\value{Dim 1}{80}
\value{Dim 2}{90}
\value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{bubblechart}
```

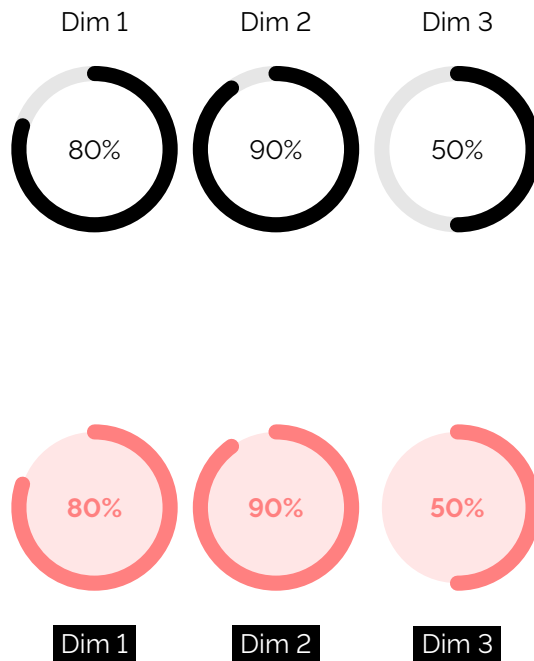
## 6 Radial chart

### 6.1 Usage

<code>\begin{radialchart}</code>	Environment that hold a radial chart. Accepts an optional argument [ <i>&lt;clist&gt;</i> ] which is comma separated list of keywords and values :	
<code>\end{radialchart}</code>		
<b>radius</b>	<i>&lt;fp&gt;</i> Max radius in cm	1
<b>gap</b>	<i>&lt;fp&gt;</i> Gap between radials in cm	0.4
<b>fill-options</b>	<i>&lt;prop&gt;</i> TikZ options to fill/draw the center of the radial with	{fill=none,draw=black!10}
<b>draw-options</b>	<i>&lt;prop&gt;</i> TikZ options to draw the radial with	black
<b>label-options</b>	<i>&lt;prop&gt;</i> TikZ options drawing for unit labels	{}
<b>label-cs</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i> cs name to format labels with	identity
<b>label-pos</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i> Label position relative to radial	above
<b>value-cs</b>	<i>&lt;str&gt;</i> cs name to format values with	identity
<b>vertical</b>	<i>&lt;bool&gt;</i> Stack radials vertically instead of horizontally	false
<b>*</b>	<i>&lt;keyval&gt;</i> All other options are passed to <code>tikzpicture</code> ( <i>env</i> )	line width=2mm,line cap=round

### 6.2 Examples

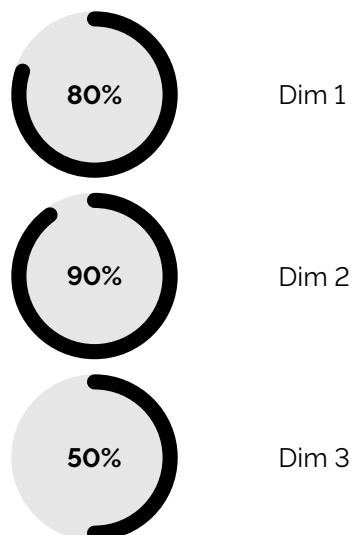
### 6.2.1 Horizontal



```
\begin{radialchart}
  \value{Dim 1}{80}
  \value{Dim 2}{90}
  \value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{radialchart}
```

```
\begin{radialchart}[
  % inverted label,
  label-cs=textinv,
  % below radial,
  label-pos=below,
  % in red bold.
  value-cs=redbf,
  % ring is red
  draw-options={red!50},
  % disk is light red
  fill-options={
    fill=red!10}]
  \value{Dim 1}{80}
  \value{Dim 2}{90}
  \value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{radialchart}
```

### 6.2.2 Vertical



```
\begin{radialchart}[
  % stack radials vertically
  vertical=true,
  % bold label
  value-cs=textbf,
  % to the right
  label-pos=right,
  % same color for disk and ring
  fill-options={
    draw=black!10,
    fill=black!10}]
  \value{Dim 1}{80}
  \value{Dim 2}{90}
  \value{Dim 3}{50}
\end{radialchart}
```

## 7 Utilities macros

These are the macros used as default value for `label-cs` or `value-cs` options.

`\tinytt` Macro used to format its argument as tiny monospace

```
\cs_set:Npn \tinytt #1 {\texttt{\tiny #1}}
```

`\identity` Macro used to return the first argument as is

```
\cs_set:Npn \identity #1 {#1}
```

`\nop` Macro used to remove the first argument from input

```
\cs_set:Npn \nop #1 {}
```

## 8 Examples macros

These are the macros defined for the examples and are not part of the module `l3charts`.

`\textinv` Macro used to format its argument as white text on black background

```
\NewDocumentCommand\textinv{m}{\colorbox{black}{\textcolor{white}{#1}}}
```

`\redbf` Macro used to format its argument as bold and red

```
\NewDocumentCommand\redbf{m}{\textcolor{red!50}{\textbf{#1}}}
```

`\whitebf` Macro used to format its argument as bold and white

```
\NewDocumentCommand\whitebf{m}{\textcolor{white}{\textbf{#1}}}
```

## 9 Index

Numbers in upright shape refer to the *page* where the corresponding entry is described (bold face) resp. occurs.

<b>Options</b>	<code>*</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 8, 10</b>	<code>label-pos</code> . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>
	<code>*</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 8, 10</b>	<code>label-radius</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
	<code>dim-options</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>	<code>n</code> . . . . .	<b>5</b>
	<code>dot-options</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>	<code>radius</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 8, 10</b>
	<code>draw-options</code> . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>	<code>unit-cs</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
	<code>fill-options</code> . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>	<code>unit-options</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
	<code>gap</code> . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>	<code>units</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>
	<code>h-sep</code> . . . . .	<b>5</b>	<code>v-sep</code> . . . . .	<b>5</b>
	<code>height</code> . . . . .	<b>6</b>	<code>value-cs</code> . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>
	<code>label-cs</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 8, 10</b>	<code>vertical</code> . . . . .	<b>8, 10</b>
<b>Commands</b>	<code>label-options</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 10</b>	<code>width</code> . . . . .	<b>6</b>
	<code>identity</code> . . . . .	<b>11</b>	<code>tinytt</code> . . . . .	<b>11</b>
	<code>nop</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>	<code>value</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 3, 5, 7, 8</b>
	<code>redbf</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>	<code>whitebf</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>
	<code>textinv</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>		
	<b>B</b> <code>ballchart</code> (environment) . . . . .	<b>5, 13</b>	<code>bubblechart</code> (environment) . . . . .	<b>8, 13</b>
	<code>barchart</code> (environment) . . . . .	<b>6, 13</b>		
	<b>D</b> <code>dim-options</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2</b>	<code>dot-options</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2</b>
	<code>dims</code> (environment) . . . . .	<b>2, 2–4</b>	<code>\draw</code> . . . . .	<b>3</b>
	<code>docstrip</code> (package) . . . . .	<b>2</b>	<code>draw-options</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10, 13</b>
<b>F</b>	<code>fill-options</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10, 13</b>		
<b>G</b>	<code>gap</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>		
<b>H</b>	<code>h-sep</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>5</b>	<code>height</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>6</b>
<b>I</b>	<code>\identity</code> . . . . .	<b>11</b>		
<b>K</b>	<code>kiviatchart</code> (environment) . . . . .	<b>2, 2</b>		
<b>L</b>	<code>label-cs</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11</b>	<code>label-pos</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>5, 7, 8, 10</b>
	<code>label-options</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 10</b>	<code>label-radius</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2</b>
<b>M</b>	<code>microtype</code> (package) . . . . .	<b>2, 13</b>		
<b>N</b>	<code>n</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>5</b>	<code>\nop</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>
<b>R</b>	<code>radialchart</code> (environment) . . . . .	<b>10, 13</b>	<code>\redbf</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>
	<code>radius</code> (option) . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 8, 10</b>		

<b>S</b>	<code>set (environment)</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 2–4</b>	
<b>T</b>	<code>\textinv</code> . . . . .	<b>3, 12</b>	<code>\tinytt</code> . . . . . <b>11</b>
	<code>tikzpicture (environment)</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 5, 7, 8, 10</b>	
<b>U</b>	<code>unit-cs (option)</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>	<code>units (option)</code> . . . . . <b>2</b>
	<code>unit-options (option)</code> . . . . .	<b>2</b>	
<b>V</b>	<code>v-sep (option)</code> . . . . .	<b>5</b>	<code>value-cs (option)</code> . . . . . <b>5, 7, 8, 10, 11</b>
	<code>\value</code> . . . . .	<b>2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5, 7, 7, 8, 8</b>	<code>vertical (option)</code> . . . . . <b>8, 10</b>
<b>W</b>	<code>\whitebf</code> . . . . .	<b>12</b>	<code>width (option)</code> . . . . . <b>6</b>

## 10 Changes

### 0.4.0 (2022/07/17)

- add values to `bubblechart (env)`
- label positioning on `barchart (env)` and `ballchart (env)`
- swap `fill-options` and `draw-options` for `barchart (env)` for consistency

### 0.3.0 (2022/07/15)

- add a `radialchart (env)` to draw radials
- add a vertical mode to `bubblechart (env)` and allow positioning of the label
- swap `fill-options` and `draw-options` for `bubblechart (env)` for consistency

### 0.2.0 (2022/07/04)

- define a document class borrowed from `microtype`

### 0.1.0 (2022/07/01)

- Initial version