"Stupidity is while (1) { tryAgain(); }"

- Unknown

CSE102 Computer Programming with C

2020-2021 Spring Semester

Selection Structures: "if" and "switch"

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Control Structures

- Controls the flow of program execution
 - Sequence
 - Selection
 - Repetition
- We used sequence flow
 - · Control flows from one statement to next one
 - A compound statement in braces
 - Ex: function body
- We will learn selection control statements
 - if
 - switch
- They select one statement block and executes them

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Conditions

- We need conditions in selection structures
- Ex: Testing the value of a variable

rest_heart_rate > 75

- true (1): if greater than 75
- false (0): otherwise

variable relational-operator constant variable equality-operator constant

expression equality-operator expression

• C accepts any nonzero value as a true

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Relational and Equality Operators

TABLE 4.1 Relational and Equality Operators

Operator	Meaning	Туре
<	less than	relational
>	greater than	relational
<=	less than or equal to	relational
>=	greater than or equal to	relational
==	equal to	equality
!=	not equal to	equality

Logical Operators

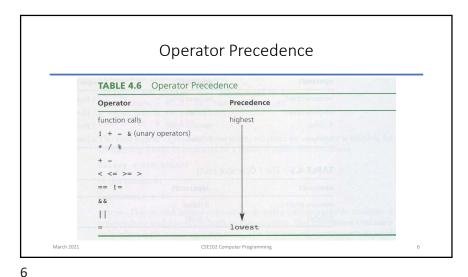
- Used to form more complicated logical expressions
 - And (&&)
 - Or (||)
 - Not (!)
- Ex:

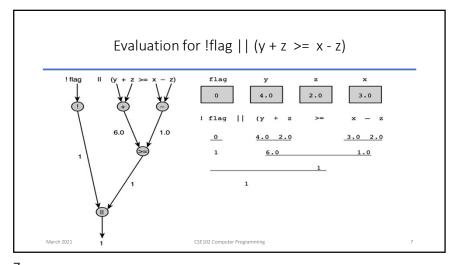
salary < MIN_SALARY || dependents > 5 temperature > 90.0 && humidity > 0.90 n >= 0 && n <= 100 !(n >= 0 && n <= 100)

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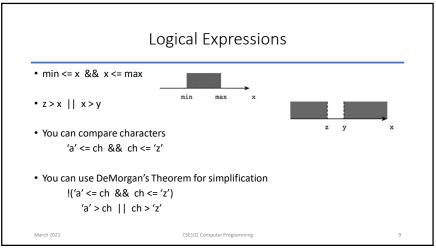
Short-Circuit Evaluation

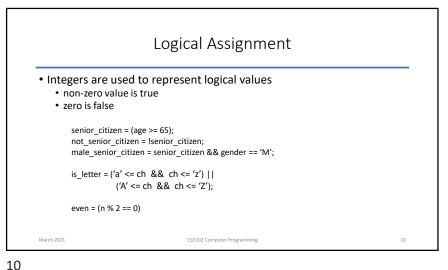
- \bullet For logical && and $|\,|\,$ operations C evaluates the left operand first and right operand later
- C stops evaluation

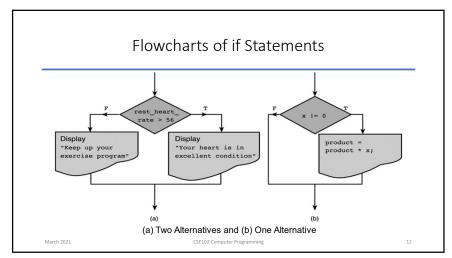
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- If the operation is && and left operand is false
 - Value of the expression is false
- If the operation is $|\,|\,$ and left operand is true
 - Value of the expression is true

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```
The if statement \\ if (condition) & if (x > 0) \\ statement; & printf("positive"); \\ if (condition) & if (x > 0) \\ statement; & printf("positive"); \\ else & else \\ statement; & printf("negative"); \\ \\ \\ Description of the printf("negative"); \\ Description of the printf("negative");
```

• What is the output?

if age > 65
 printf("senior");
 printf("citizen.\n");

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• What is the output?

if (age > 65);
printf("senior");
printf("citizen.\n");

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• What is the output?

if (age > 65) {
 printf("senior");
 printf("citizen.\n");
}

```
if statement with compound statements
                                                           if (radius > 0){
     if (condition) {
                                                              circ = 2*PI*radius;
       statements
                                                              printf("%f", circ);
                                                           if (radius > 0) {
     if (condition) {
                                                              circ = 2*PI*radius;
       statements
                                                              printf("%f", circ);
     else {
                                                           else {
       statements
                                                              printf("Radius is negative!..");
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```

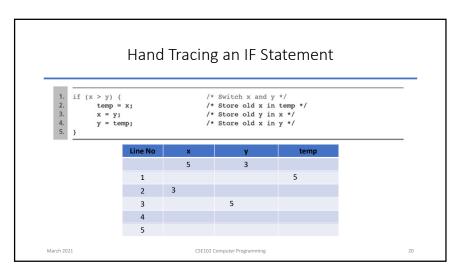
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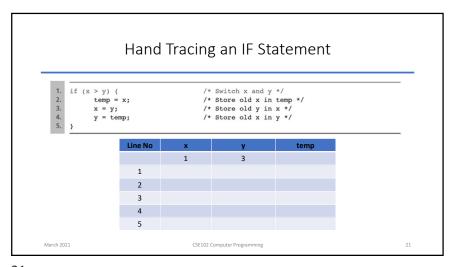
Tracing an if statement

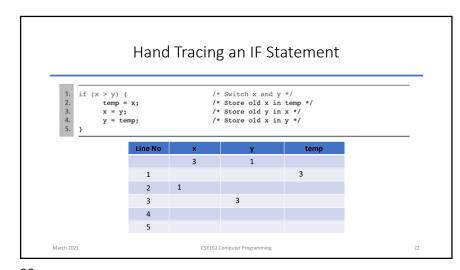
Hand trace = desk check

- To verify the correctness
- Step-by-step simulation of algorithm (or statements) on paper
 - Use simple input values
 - · Trace each case
 - · Try inputs that cause the condition to be false and true...
 - Execute each statement exactly as the computer
 - · Don't assume the way of execution
- Takes time
 - But saves time as well

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Case Study: Simple Math Tool

Simple Math Tool to teach subtraction to a first grade student

Algorithm

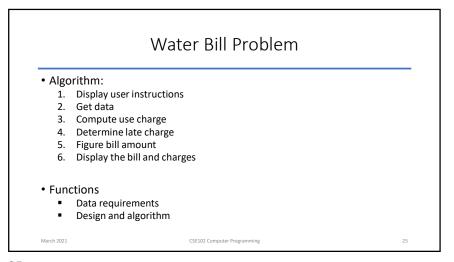
- Generate two single-digit integers randomly number1 and number2 with number1 > number2
- 2. Display the question such as "What is 9 2?"
- 3. Read student's answer
- 4. Display a message indicating whether the answer is correct

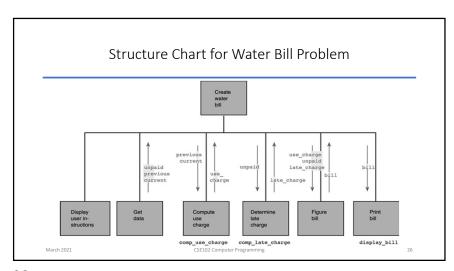
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Case Study: Water Bill Problem

- Compute customers water bill
 - Demand charge = \$35
 - Consumption charger = \$1.10 per thousand gallons
 - Late charge for unpaid balance = \$2
- Inputs:
 - · Meter readings: previous, current
 - Unpaid balance
- Outputs:
 - Water bill : use charge, late chage

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```
Water Bill Problem

14. /* Function protetypes
15. void instruct_water(void);
17. double comp_use_charge(int previous, int current);
18. 19. double comp_late_charge(double unpaid);
20. 21. void distplay_bill(double late_charge, double bill, double unpaid);
21. void distplay_bill(double late_charge, double bill, double unpaid);
22. int
23. int
24. main(void)
25. (
26. int previous; /* input - meter reading from previous quarter
27. int current; /* intowasands of gallons under the company of the co
```

```
Water Bill Problem

63. /*
64. * Displays user instructions
65. */
66. void
67. instruct_water(void)
68. {
69. printf("This program figures a water bill ");
70. printf("Sat2f) and a $3.2f per 1000 ", DEMAND_CHG, PER_1000_CHG);
71. printf("($3.2f) and a $3.2f per 1000 ", DEMAND_CHG, PER_1000_CHG);
72. printf("gal2f) and a $3.2f per 1000 ", DEMAND_CHG, PER_1000_CHG);
73. printf("A $1.2f aucharge is added to ", LATE_CHG);
74. printf("As $2.f aucharge is added to ", LATE_CHG);
75. printf("Andreur unpaid balance,\n");
76. printf("Andreur unpaid balance,\n");
77. printf("on separate lines after the prompts.\n");
78. printf("on separate lines after the prompts.\n");
79. printf("Press <return> or <enter> after ");
80. }
81.
```

```
Water Bill Problem

98. /*
99. * Computes late charge.
100. *Pre: unpaid is defined.
101. */
102. double
103. comp_late_charge(double unpaid)
104. {
105. double late_charge; /* charge for nonpayment of part of previous balance */
106.
107. if (unpaid > 0)
108. late_charge = LATE_CHG; /* Assess late charge on unpaid balance. */
109. else
110. late_charge = 0.0;
111. return (late_charge);
113. }

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```

This program figures a water bill based on the demand charge (\$35.00) and a \$1.10 per 1000 gallons use charge.

A \$2.00 surcharge is added to accounts with an unpaid balance.

Enter unpaid balance, previous and current meter readings on separate lines after the prompts.

Press <return> or <enter> after typing each number.

Enter unpaid balance> \$71.50

Enter previous meter reading> 4238

Bill includes \$2.00 late charge on unpaid balance of \$71.50

Total due = \$152.50

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Program Style

- Consistent use of names in functions
 - Use same names to reference the same information
 - Ex: late_charge in three functions
 - · They are all different variables but same information
- Cohesive functions
 - Each function should perform single operation
 - · Easier to read, write, debug and maintain
 - · More reusable
- Use constant macros
 - Can be used anywhere in the same file
 - Statements are easier to understand (more descriptive)
 - Easier to maintain

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Case Study: Water bill with conservation requirement

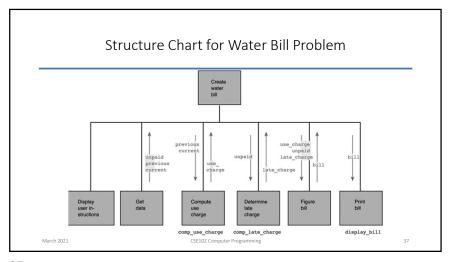
Modify the program

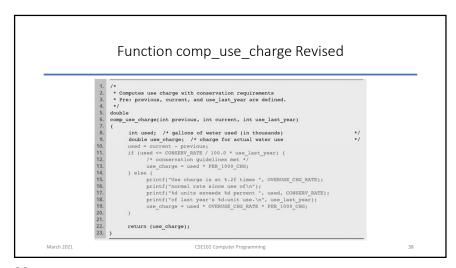
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- Conservation requirement: 5% decrease each year
- Charge twice if more than %95 of the last year
- What changes are required?

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Nested if statements

- if statement in another if statement
- Used if there are more than one alternative decisions

```
if (x > 0)
    num_pos = num_pos + 1;
else
    if (x < 0)
        num_neg = num_neg + 1;
else
        num_zero = num_zero + 1;</pre>
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```

```
Alternative ways
 if (x > 0)
                                                   if (x > 0)
   num_pos = num_pos + 1;
                                                     num_pos = num_pos + 1;
                                                   if (x < 0)
 else
   if (x < 0)
                                                     num_neg = num_neg + 1;
         num_neg = num_neg + 1;
                                                   if (x == 0)
   else
                                                     num_zero = num_zero + 1;
         num_zero = num_zero + 1;
         Less efficient
         Less readable
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```

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Example: Payroll system

• Compute tax amount for a salary

• Decision table:

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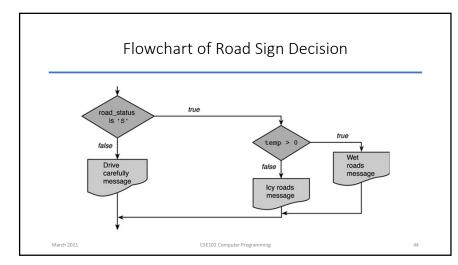
Salary	Tax rate
0 – 15,000	15
15,000 – 30,000	18
30,000 – 50,000	22
50,000 - 80,000	27
80,000 - 150,000	33

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Function comp_tax



```
if (road_status == 'S')
                                                 if (road_status == 'S'){
 if (temp > 0) {
                                                   if (temp > 0) {
        printf("wet road");
                                                          printf("wet road");
 } else {
        printf("icy road");
                                                 } else
                                                   printf("drive carefully");
else
 printf("drive carefully");
          C associates an else with the most recent if statement
          Use braces to force association
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```

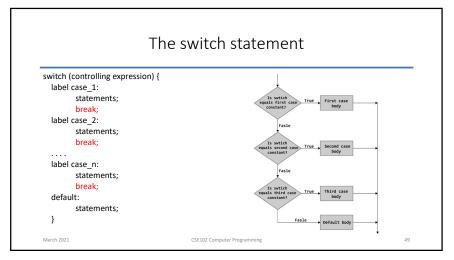
The switch statement

- Select one of the several alternatives
 - Selection is based on the value of a single variable (of type int of char not double)

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```
switch with break
```

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switch without break

```
switch(Grade) {
 case 'A' : printf("Excellent\n");
 case 'B' : printf("Good\n");
 case 'C' : printf("OK\n" );
 case 'D' : printf("Mmmmm....\n");
 case 'F' : printf("You must do better than this\n");
 default : printf("What is your grade anyway?\n");
                                For instance when Grade is 'A', the output is:
                                Excellent
                                Good
                                OK
                                Mmmmm....
                                You must do better than this
                                What is your grade anyway?
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```

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The switch statement

- Statements following the matching case label are executed until a break statement
 - After the break the rest of the switch statement is skipped
- If no case label matches statements after the default label are executed
- The switch statement is more readable
- Try to use default case

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Another switch example

```
switch (month) {
 case 1:
 case 3:
 case 5:
 case 7:
 case 8:
 case 10:
 case 12: numDays = 31;
 case 4:
 case 6:
 case 9:
 case 11: numDays = 30;
          if((year % 4) == 0)
           else
               numDays = 28;
           break:
 default: printf("You have entered a wrong month number.\n");
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```

Another switch example

```
/* Print the day of the week given a number between 1
 * and 7 where 1 is Monday */
void
print_day_of_week(int day)
{
    switch (day) {
        case 1: printf("Monday"); break;
        case 2: printf("Tuesday"); break;
        case 3: printf("Mednesday"); break;
        case 4: printf("Thursday"); break;
        case 5: printf("Friday"); break;
        case 6: printf("Saturday"); break;
        default: printf("Sunday");
}
```

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Payroll System using Switch?

Salary	Tax rate
0 – 15,000	15
15,000 – 30,000	18
30,000 – 50,000	22
50,000 – 80,000	27
80,000 – 150,000	33

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Problem I – Week Number to Day

• Given the week number of the day, print the name of the day

• E.g., 1 → Monday, 7 → Sunday

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Thanks for listening!