

Investigate_a_Dataset

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1 Project: Investigate a Dataset - [TMDB]

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Introduction This is a data analysis project for WGU C749 course.

1.1.1 Dataset Description

The data that we're going to use comes from [TMDB 5000 Movie Dataset](#). The following is a list of all the columns found in the dataset:

- id
- imdb_id
- popularity - *Measure of a movie's popularity.*
- budget
- revenue
- original_title - *Movie title. We need this is easily identify the movie*
- cast- *list of cast members delimited by '/'*
- homepage
- director
- tagline
- keywords
- overview
- runtime - *duration of the movie*
- genres- *list of genres delimited by '/'*
- production_companies
- release_date
- vote_count
- vote_average
- release_year
- budget_adj - *the values here are adjusted for inflation*
- revenue_adj - *the values here are adjusted for inflation*

1.1.2 Question(s) for Analysis

1. What are the most popular movies?
2. Which genres are most popular from?
3. What movies have the highest budgets?
4. What movies have the highest revenue?
5. What movies are most profitable?
6. Describe the sweetspot for the runtime feature.
7. Are any of the features correlated?

Let's begin.

On this cell below, we're importing the packages/libraries that we will need for the project.

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# for visualizations
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

# to print out all the outputs
from IPython.core.interactiveshell import InteractiveShell
InteractiveShell.ast_node_interactivity = "all"

# set display options
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_colwidth', None)
```

The cell below contains all of the program's functions.

```
[2]: def get_values(df, columns):
    """
    Take a dataframe and a list of columns and
    returns the value counts for the columns.
    """
    for column in columns:
        print(column)
        print('=====')
        print(df[column].value_counts(dropna=False))
        print('\n')

def show_values(df, param):
    """
    Takes a dataframe and parameters and
    calls the get_values function.
    """
```

```

if param == 'all':
    get_values(df, df.columns)
else:
    get_values(df, param)

```

```

[3]: def calculate_toppers(df, column):
      """
      Sorts a dataframe by the supplied column name and
      lists the top 10 rows.
      """
      return df.sort_values(by = column, ascending = False).head(10)

```

```

[4]: def pipe_counter(df, column):
      """
      Takes a dataframe, a column, and returns
      the top 10 rows of that column.
      """
      string_all = df[column].str.cat(sep = '|')
      series_all = pd.Series(string_all.split('|'))
      top5_all = series_all.value_counts(ascending = False)
      return top5_all.head()

```

Data Wrangling

In this section, we will load in the data, check for cleanliness, and then trim and clean your dataset for analysis.

1.1.3 General Properties

```

[5]: # read a csv file
      df = pd.read_csv('../data/in/tmdb-movies.csv')

```

Let's get a feel for the dataset.

```

[6]: df.shape
      df.info()

```

```

[6]: (10866, 21)

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10866 entries, 0 to 10865
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                    10866 non-null  int64
1   imdb_id               10856 non-null  object
2   popularity            10866 non-null  float64
3   budget                10866 non-null  int64

```

```

4   revenue                10866 non-null   int64
5   original_title         10866 non-null   object
6   cast                   10790 non-null   object
7   homepage               2936 non-null   object
8   director               10822 non-null   object
9   tagline                 8042 non-null   object
10  keywords                9373 non-null   object
11  overview               10862 non-null   object
12  runtime                10866 non-null   int64
13  genres                  10843 non-null   object
14  production_companies   9836 non-null   object
15  release_date           10866 non-null   object
16  vote_count             10866 non-null   int64
17  vote_average           10866 non-null   float64
18  release_year           10866 non-null   int64
19  budget_adj             10866 non-null   float64
20  revenue_adj            10866 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(6), object(11)
memory usage: 1.7+ MB

```

1.1.4 Data Cleaning

We only need certain columns. Let's create another dataframe that contains only the desired columns.

```

[7]: df1 = df[['original_title',
              'popularity',
              'cast',
              'director',
              'runtime',
              'genres',
              'release_year',
              'budget_adj',
              'revenue_adj',
              ]]

```

Let's see how many rows we have.

```

[8]: print('This dataframe has {} rows or records.'.format(df1.shape[0]))

```

This dataframe has 10866 rows or records.

Now, let's drop the duplicates.

```

[9]: df1.drop_duplicates(keep='first', inplace=True)
      print('This dataframe now has {} rows or records.'.format(df1.shape[0]))

```

This dataframe now has 10865 rows or records.

C:\Users\Dd\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_2728\1324486049.py:1:

SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
df1.drop_duplicates(keep='first', inplace=True)
```

Then, we will drop all the rows that has a NaN value. We will create another dataframe before then because of the large number of rows that are being dropped.

```
[10]: df2 = df1.dropna()
      print('This dataframe now has {} rows or records.'.format(df2.shape[0]))
```

This dataframe now has 10731 rows or records.

Finally, let's convert 0 into NaNs and drop them. Let's create another data that reflects this latest change.

```
[11]: # creating a separate list of revenue and budget column
      nonzero = ['budget_adj', 'revenue_adj']

      #this will replace all the value from '0' to NAN in the list
      df2[nonzero] = df2[nonzero].replace(0, np.NaN)

      df3 = df2.dropna()
      print('This dataframe now has {} rows or records.'.format(df3.shape[0]))
```

This dataframe now has 3849 rows or records.

C:\Users\Dd\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_2728\1935603876.py:5:

SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
df2[nonzero] = df2[nonzero].replace(0, np.NaN)
```

Exploratory Data Analysis

Let's take a quick peek at the dataset.

```
[12]: df3.head()
```

```
[12]:
```

	original_title	popularity	\
0	Jurassic World	32.985763	
1	Mad Max: Fury Road	28.419936	
2	Insurgent	13.112507	
3	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	11.173104	
4	Furious 7	9.335014	

```

\
0 Chris Pratt|Bryce Dallas Howard|Irrfan Khan|Vincent D'Onofrio|Nick Robinson
1   Tom Hardy|Charlize Theron|Hugh Keays-Byrne|Nicholas Hoult|Josh Helman
2   Shailene Woodley|Theo James|Kate Winslet|Ansel Elgort|Miles Teller
3   Harrison Ford|Mark Hamill|Carrie Fisher|Adam Driver|Daisy Ridley
4   Vin Diesel|Paul Walker|Jason Statham|Michelle Rodriguez|Dwayne Johnson

      director  runtime      genres \
0  Colin Trevorrow    124  Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
1   George Miller    120  Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
2  Robert Schwentke    119      Adventure|Science Fiction|Thriller
3    J.J. Abrams     136  Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Fantasy
4    James Wan       137      Action|Crime|Thriller

      release_year  budget_adj  revenue_adj
0          2015  1.379999e+08  1.392446e+09
1          2015  1.379999e+08  3.481613e+08
2          2015  1.012000e+08  2.716190e+08
3          2015  1.839999e+08  1.902723e+09
4          2015  1.747999e+08  1.385749e+09

```

```
[13]: df3.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 3849 entries, 0 to 10848
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   original_title  3849 non-null   object
1   popularity      3849 non-null   float64
2   cast            3849 non-null   object
3   director        3849 non-null   object
4   runtime         3849 non-null   int64
5   genres          3849 non-null   object
6   release_year    3849 non-null   int64
7   budget_adj      3849 non-null   float64
8   revenue_adj     3849 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 300.7+ KB

```

```
[14]: df3.describe()
```

```

[14]:      popularity      runtime  release_year  budget_adj  revenue_adj
count  3849.000000  3849.000000  3849.000000  3.849000e+03  3.849000e+03
mean      1.192933    109.217459    2001.258249  4.429360e+07  1.372313e+08

```

std	1.475622	19.914141	11.285642	4.481360e+07	2.162018e+08
min	0.001117	15.000000	1960.000000	9.693980e-01	2.370705e+00
25%	0.463337	95.000000	1995.000000	1.316623e+07	1.843023e+07
50%	0.798582	106.000000	2004.000000	3.005030e+07	6.181393e+07
75%	1.374300	119.000000	2010.000000	6.076720e+07	1.634115e+08
max	32.985763	338.000000	2015.000000	4.250000e+08	2.827124e+09

1.1.5 Research Question 1 - What are the most popular movies?

```
[15]: top_popular = calculate_toppers(df3, 'popularity')
top_popular
```

```
[15]:
```

	original_title	popularity \
0	Jurassic World	32.985763
1	Mad Max: Fury Road	28.419936
629	Interstellar	24.949134
630	Guardians of the Galaxy	14.311205
2	Insurgent	13.112507
631	Captain America: The Winter Soldier	12.971027
1329	Star Wars	12.037933
632	John Wick	11.422751
3	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	11.173104
633	The Hunger Games: Mockingjay - Part 1	10.739009

	cast \
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vincent D'Onofrio Nick Robinson
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nicholas Hoult Josh Helman
629	Matthew McConaughey Jessica Chastain Anne Hathaway Michael Caine Casey Affleck
630	Chris Pratt Zoe Saldana Dave Bautista Vin Diesel Bradley Cooper
2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel Elgort Miles Teller
631	Chris Evans Scarlett Johansson Sebastian Stan Samuel L. Jackson Robert Redford
1329	Mark Hamill Harrison Ford Carrie Fisher Peter Cushing Alec Guinness
632	Keanu Reeves Michael Nyqvist Alfie Allen Willem Dafoe Dean Cain
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam Driver Daisy Ridley
633	Jennifer Lawrence Josh Hutcherson Liam Hemsworth Woody Harrelson Donald Sutherland

```
director runtime \
```

0	Colin Trevorrow	124
1	George Miller	120
629	Christopher Nolan	169
630	James Gunn	121
2	Robert Schwentke	119
631	Joe Russo Anthony Russo	136
1329	George Lucas	121
632	Chad Stahelski David Leitch	101
3	J.J. Abrams	136
633	Francis Lawrence	123

	genres	release_year	budget_adj \
0	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	2015	1.379999e+08
1	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	2015	1.379999e+08
629	Adventure Drama Science Fiction	2014	1.519800e+08
630	Action Science Fiction Adventure	2014	1.565855e+08
2	Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	2015	1.012000e+08
631	Action Adventure Science Fiction	2014	1.565855e+08
1329	Adventure Action Science Fiction	1977	3.957559e+07
632	Action Thriller	2014	1.842182e+07
3	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy	2015	1.839999e+08
633	Science Fiction Adventure Thriller	2014	1.151364e+08

	revenue_adj
0	1.392446e+09
1	3.481613e+08
629	5.726906e+08
630	7.122911e+08
2	2.716190e+08
631	6.583651e+08
1329	2.789712e+09
632	7.252661e+07
3	1.902723e+09
633	6.927528e+08

1.1.6 Research Question 2 - Which genres are most popular?

```
[16]: pipe_counter(top_popular, 'genres')
```

```
[16]: Adventure          9
      Science Fiction    9
      Action             7
      Thriller           5
      Drama              1
      dtype: int64
```

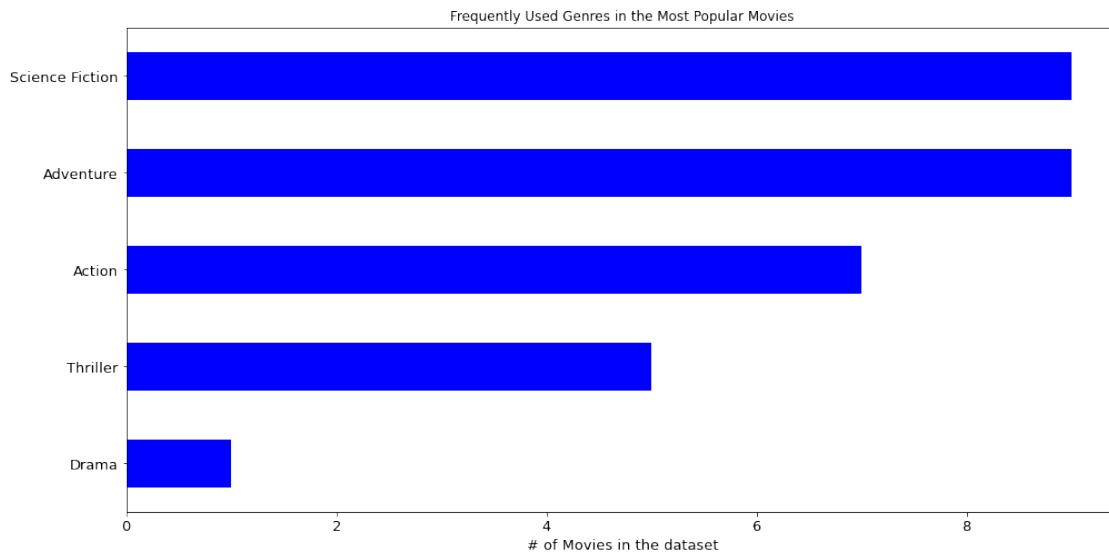


```
[17]: genres = pipe_counter(top_popular, 'genres')
genres.sort_values(ascending = True, inplace = True)

lt = genres.plot.barh(color = 'blue', fontsize = 13)
lt.set(title = 'Frequently Used Genres in the Most Popular Movies')
lt.set_xlabel('# of Movies in the dataset', color = 'black', fontsize = '13')
lt.figure.set_size_inches(16, 8)
plt.show()
```

```
[17]: [Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Frequently Used Genres in the Most Popular Movies')]
```

```
[17]: Text(0.5, 0, '# of Movies in the dataset')
```



1.1.7 Research Question 3 - What movies have the highest budgets?

```
[18]: top_budget = calculate_toppers(df3, 'budget_adj')
top_budget
```

```
[18]:
```

	original_title	popularity \
2244	The Warrior's Way	0.250540
3375	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	4.955130
7387	Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End	4.965391
6570	Superman Returns	1.957331
5231	Titanic	4.355219
7394	Spider-Man 3	2.520912
1929	Tangled	2.865684
14	Avengers: Age of Ultron	5.944927
1389	Harry Potter and the Half-Blood Prince	5.076472

8089	Waterworld	1.232098
------	------------	----------

cast \	
2244	Kate Bosworth Jang Dong-gun Geoffrey Rush Danny Huston Ti Lung
3375	Johnny Depp PenÃ©lope Cruz Geoffrey Rush Ian McShane Kevin McNally
7387	Johnny Depp Orlando Bloom Keira Knightley Geoffrey Rush Bill Nighy
6570	Brandon Routh Kevin Spacey Kate Bosworth James Marsden Parker Posey
5231	Kate Winslet Leonardo DiCaprio Frances Fisher Billy Zane Kathy Bates
7394	Tobey Maguire Kirsten Dunst James Franco Thomas Haden Church Topher Grace
1929	Zachary Levi Mandy Moore Donna Murphy Ron Perlman M.C. Gainey
14	Robert Downey Jr. Chris Hemsworth Mark Ruffalo Chris Evans Scarlett Johansson
1389	Daniel Radcliffe Rupert Grint Emma Watson Tom Felton Julie Walters
8089	Kevin Costner Chaim Girafi Rick Aviles R. D. Call Zitto Kazann

	director	runtime \
2244	Sngmoo Lee	100
3375	Rob Marshall	136
7387	Gore Verbinski	169
6570	Bryan Singer	154
5231	James Cameron	194
7394	Sam Raimi	139
1929	Nathan Greno Byron Howard	100
14	Joss Whedon	141
1389	David Yates	153
8089	Kevin Reynolds	135

	genres	release_year	budget_adj \
2244	Adventure Fantasy Action Western Thriller	2010	4.250000e+08
3375	Adventure Action Fantasy	2011	3.683713e+08
7387	Adventure Fantasy Action	2007	3.155006e+08
6570	Adventure Fantasy Action Science Fiction	2006	2.920507e+08
5231	Drama Romance Thriller	1997	2.716921e+08
7394	Fantasy Action Adventure	2007	2.713305e+08
1929	Animation Family	2010	2.600000e+08
14	Action Adventure Science Fiction	2015	2.575999e+08
1389	Adventure Fantasy Family	2009	2.541001e+08
8089	Adventure Action	1995	2.504192e+08

	revenue_adj
2244	1.108757e+07
3375	9.904175e+08
7387	1.010654e+09
6570	4.230205e+08
5231	2.506406e+09
7394	9.369017e+08
1929	5.917949e+08
14	1.292632e+09
1389	9.492765e+08
8089	3.780875e+08

1.1.8 Research Question 4 - What movies have the highest revenue?

```
[19]: top_revenue = calculate_toppers(df3, 'revenue_adj')
top_revenue
```

```
[19]:
```

	original_title	popularity	\
1386	Avatar	9.432768	
1329	Star Wars	12.037933	
5231	Titanic	4.355219	
10594	The Exorcist	2.010733	
9806	Jaws	2.563191	
3	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	11.173104	
8889	E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial	2.900556	
8094	The Net	1.136610	
10110	One Hundred and One Dalmatians	2.631987	
4361	The Avengers	7.637767	

	cast	\
1386	Sam Worthington Zoe Saldana Sigourney Weaver Stephen Lang Michelle Rodriguez	
1329	Mark Hamill Harrison Ford Carrie Fisher Peter Cushing Alec Guinness	
5231	Kate Winslet Leonardo DiCaprio Frances Fisher Billy Zane Kathy Bates	
10594	Linda Blair Max von Sydow Ellen Burstyn Jason Miller Lee J. Cobb	
9806	Roy Scheider Robert Shaw Richard Dreyfuss Lorraine Gary Murray Hamilton	
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam Driver Daisy Ridley	
8889	Henry Thomas Drew Barrymore Robert MacNaughton Dee Wallace Peter Coyote	
8094	Sandra Bullock Jeremy Northam Dennis Miller Wendy Gazelle Ken Howard	

```

10110      Rod Taylor|J. Pat O'Malley|Betty Lou Gerson|Martha Wentworth|Ben
Wright
4361      Robert Downey Jr.|Chris Evans|Mark Ruffalo|Chris Hemsworth|Scarlett
Johansson

```

```

                                director  runtime  \
1386                        James Cameron      162
1329                        George Lucas      121
5231                        James Cameron      194
10594                     William Friedkin      122
9806                       Steven Spielberg      124
3                          J.J. Abrams      136
8889                       Steven Spielberg      115
8094                       Irwin Winkler      114
10110  Clyde Geronimi|Hamilton Luske|Wolfgang Reitherman      79
4361                        Joss Whedon      143

```

```

                                genres  release_year  budget_adj  \
1386  Action|Adventure|Fantasy|Science Fiction      2009  2.408869e+08
1329                Adventure|Action|Science Fiction      1977  3.957559e+07
5231                        Drama|Romance|Thriller      1997  2.716921e+08
10594                Drama|Horror|Thriller      1973  3.928928e+07
9806                Horror|Thriller|Adventure      1975  2.836275e+07
3      Action|Adventure|Science Fiction|Fantasy      2015  1.839999e+08
8889  Science Fiction|Adventure|Family|Fantasy      1982  2.372625e+07
8094      Crime|Drama|Mystery|Thriller|Action      1995  3.148127e+07
10110      Adventure|Animation|Comedy|Family      1961  2.917944e+07
4361                Science Fiction|Action|Adventure      2012  2.089437e+08

```

```

                                revenue_adj
1386  2.827124e+09
1329  2.789712e+09
5231  2.506406e+09
10594 2.167325e+09
9806  1.907006e+09
3      1.902723e+09
8889  1.791694e+09
8094  1.583050e+09
10110 1.574815e+09
4361  1.443191e+09

```

1.1.9 Research Question 5 - What movies are most profitable?

```
[20]: df3['profit'] = df3.revenue_adj + df3.budget_adj
```

```

C:\Users\Dd\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_2728\4085918358.py:1:
SettingWithCopyWarning:

```

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
`df3['profit'] = df3.revenue_adj + df3.budget_adj`

```
[21]: df3.head()
```

```
[21]:
```

	original_title	popularity	\
0	Jurassic World	32.985763	
1	Mad Max: Fury Road	28.419936	
2	Insurgent	13.112507	
3	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	11.173104	
4	Furious 7	9.335014	

	cast
0	Chris Pratt Bryce Dallas Howard Irrfan Khan Vincent D'Onofrio Nick Robinson
1	Tom Hardy Charlize Theron Hugh Keays-Byrne Nicholas Hoult Josh Helman
2	Shailene Woodley Theo James Kate Winslet Ansel Elgort Miles Teller
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam Driver Daisy Ridley
4	Vin Diesel Paul Walker Jason Statham Michelle Rodriguez Dwayne Johnson

	director	runtime	genres	\
0	Colin Trevorrow	124	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	
1	George Miller	120	Action Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	
2	Robert Schwentke	119	Adventure Science Fiction Thriller	
3	J.J. Abrams	136	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy	
4	James Wan	137	Action Crime Thriller	

	release_year	budget_adj	revenue_adj	profit
0	2015	1.379999e+08	1.392446e+09	1.530446e+09
1	2015	1.379999e+08	3.481613e+08	4.861612e+08
2	2015	1.012000e+08	2.716190e+08	3.728190e+08
3	2015	1.839999e+08	1.902723e+09	2.086723e+09
4	2015	1.747999e+08	1.385749e+09	1.560549e+09

```
[22]: top_profit = calculate_toppers(df3, 'profit')
top_profit
```

```
[22]:
```

	original_title	popularity	\
1386	Avatar	9.432768	
1329	Star Wars	12.037933	
5231	Titanic	4.355219	
10594	The Exorcist	2.010733	
3	Star Wars: The Force Awakens	11.173104	

9806	Jaws	2.563191
8889	E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial	2.900556
4361	The Avengers	7.637767
8094	The Net	1.136610
10110	One Hundred and One Dalmatians	2.631987

cast \	
1386	Sam Worthington Zoe Saldana Sigourney Weaver Stephen Lang Michelle Rodriguez
1329	Mark Hamill Harrison Ford Carrie Fisher Peter Cushing Alec Guinness
5231	Kate Winslet Leonardo DiCaprio Frances Fisher Billy Zane Kathy Bates
10594	Linda Blair Max von Sydow Ellen Burstyn Jason Miller Lee J. Cobb
3	Harrison Ford Mark Hamill Carrie Fisher Adam Driver Daisy Ridley
9806	Roy Scheider Robert Shaw Richard Dreyfuss Lorraine Gary Murray Hamilton
8889	Henry Thomas Drew Barrymore Robert MacNaughton Dee Wallace Peter Coyote
4361	Robert Downey Jr. Chris Evans Mark Ruffalo Chris Hemsworth Scarlett Johansson
8094	Sandra Bullock Jeremy Northam Dennis Miller Wendy Gazelle Ken Howard
10110	Rod Taylor J. Pat O'Malley Betty Lou Gerson Martha Wentworth Ben Wright

	director	runtime \
1386	James Cameron	162
1329	George Lucas	121
5231	James Cameron	194
10594	William Friedkin	122
3	J.J. Abrams	136
9806	Steven Spielberg	124
8889	Steven Spielberg	115
4361	Joss Whedon	143
8094	Irwin Winkler	114
10110	Clyde Geronimi Hamilton Luske Wolfgang Reitherman	79

	genres	release_year	budget_adj \
1386	Action Adventure Fantasy Science Fiction	2009	2.408869e+08
1329	Adventure Action Science Fiction	1977	3.957559e+07
5231	Drama Romance Thriller	1997	2.716921e+08
10594	Drama Horror Thriller	1973	3.928928e+07
3	Action Adventure Science Fiction Fantasy	2015	1.839999e+08
9806	Horror Thriller Adventure	1975	2.836275e+07

8889	Science Fiction Adventure Family Fantasy	1982	2.372625e+07
4361	Science Fiction Action Adventure	2012	2.089437e+08
8094	Crime Drama Mystery Thriller Action	1995	3.148127e+07
10110	Adventure Animation Comedy Family	1961	2.917944e+07

	revenue_adj	profit
1386	2.827124e+09	3.068011e+09
1329	2.789712e+09	2.829288e+09
5231	2.506406e+09	2.778098e+09
10594	2.167325e+09	2.206614e+09
3	1.902723e+09	2.086723e+09
9806	1.907006e+09	1.935369e+09
8889	1.791694e+09	1.815421e+09
4361	1.443191e+09	1.652135e+09
8094	1.583050e+09	1.614531e+09
10110	1.574815e+09	1.603994e+09

1.1.10 Research Question 6 - Describe the sweetspot for the runtime feature.

```
[23]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8), dpi = 100)
plt.xlabel('Runtime of the Movies', fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel('# of Movies in the Dataset', fontsize=15)
plt.title('Runtime of all the movies', fontsize=15)
plt.hist(df3['runtime'], rwidth = 0.9, bins =35)
plt.show()
```

[23]: <Figure size 1600x800 with 0 Axes>

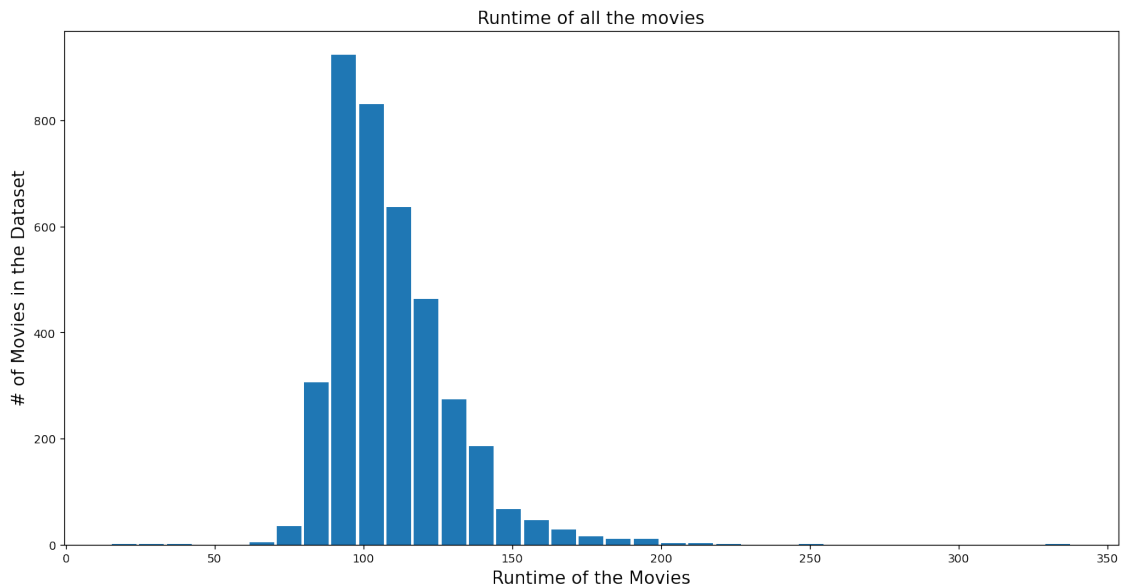
[23]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Runtime of the Movies')

[23]: Text(0, 0.5, '# of Movies in the Dataset')

[23]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Runtime of all the movies')

```
[23]: (array([ 1.,  1.,  1.,  0.,  0.,  4., 35., 306., 923., 831., 637.,
463., 274., 185., 67., 46., 28., 16., 11., 11., 3., 3.,
1., 0., 0., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.,
0., 1.]),
array([ 15., 24.22857143, 33.45714286, 42.68571429,
51.91428571, 61.14285714, 70.37142857, 79.6,
88.82857143, 98.05714286, 107.28571429, 116.51428571,
125.74285714, 134.97142857, 144.2, 153.42857143,
162.65714286, 171.88571429, 181.11428571, 190.34285714,
199.57142857, 208.8, 218.02857143, 227.25714286,
236.48571429, 245.71428571, 254.94285714, 264.17142857,
273.4, 282.62857143, 291.85714286, 301.08571429,
310.31428571, 319.54285714, 328.77142857, 338.]])
```

<BarContainer object of 35 artists>)



```
[24]: df3['runtime'].describe()
```

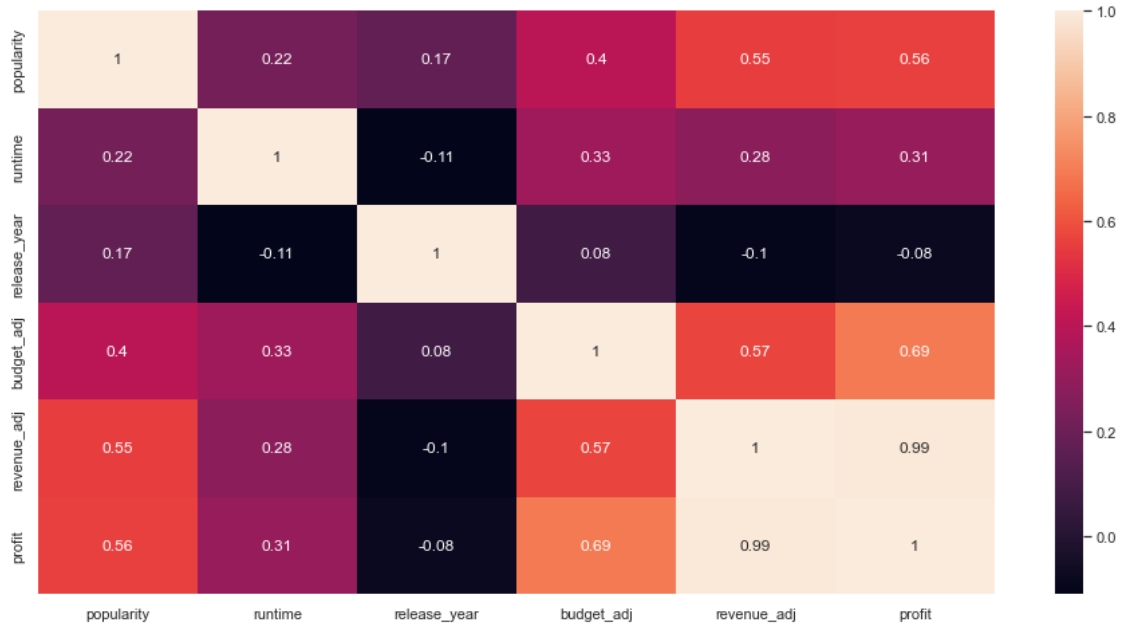
```
[24]: count    3849.000000
      mean     109.217459
      std      19.914141
      min      15.000000
      25%      95.000000
      50%     106.000000
      75%     119.000000
      max     338.000000
      Name: runtime, dtype: float64
```

1.1.11 Research Question 7 - Are any of the features correlated?

```
[25]: corr = round(df3.corr(),2)
```

```
[26]: sns.set(rc = {'figure.figsize':(16,8)})
      sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True)
```

```
[26]: <AxesSubplot:>
```

Conclusions

Although, we did not find any strong correlation between the selected variables, this dataset was still fun to explore.

1.1.12 Findings

1. Jurassic World is the most popular movie.
2. For the top ten most popular movies, adventure, science fiction, action, thriller, and drama are the most popular genres.
3. The Warrior's Way had the biggest budget.
4. And Avatar bringing in the most money.
5. But Jurassic World took the crown for profitability.
6. The average runtime of a movie in the most popular subset is 109 minutes.
7. No strong correlation on this dataset.

1.1.13 Limitations

Some of the analysis was done on a subset that consisted of the top ten most popular movies which may not be enough to conclude anything of value. Dropping all rows with NaN values significantly change the shape of the dataframe. Perhaps nexttime, we should impute the missing values instead of dropping them.

1.1.14 Next Steps

Modifying the parameters of the subset of data could greatly improved the result of this analysis. Instead of an arbitrary hardcoded number of 10, perhaps we could substitute it instead with a percentage or quartile.

Making a network graph of the cast would be interesting too.

[]: