

Track Simulator manual

1. Preliminary

- Python 2.7 !! (ROS only can supports python 2)
- The source code is written for ROS kinetic, Gazebo 7 or 8

2. Install

- Install **Dataspeedinc, dbw_mkz_simulation** (car model)
(https://bitbucket.org/DataspeedInc/dbw_mkz_simulation)
- Extract "road_models.tar.gz" file in "./gazebo/models"
- Place "dbw_runner" folder in "~/catkin_ws/src/"
- Build dbw_runner package

```
$ cd catkin_ws/src  
$ catkin_make
```

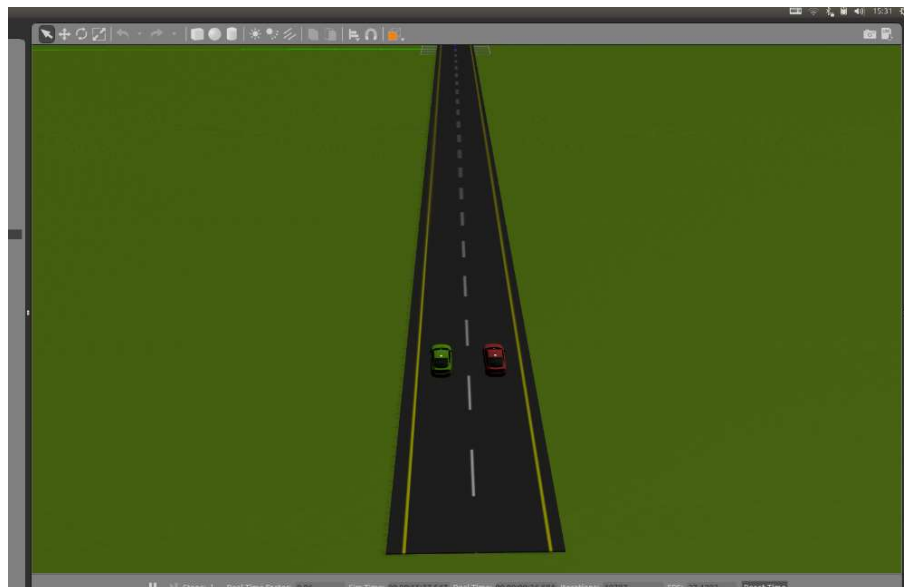
3. run

- 원하는 world의 launch file을 실행하세요

```
$ roslaunch dbw_runner <world name>.launch
```

<world name> = straight_2lane / curved_2lane / straight_4lane / curved_4lane
/ intersection_2lane **NEW**

Ex) \$ roslaunch dbw_runner straight_2lane.launch



b. car control

- controller1 : is for the **red car**. Use arrow keys (↑ ↓ → ←)

```
$ rosrn dbw_runner keyboard_controller.py
```

```
Control your car with arrow keys
-----
Linear velocity : 0.0
Angular velocity : 0.0
-----

r : reset every value to 0
```

- controller2 : is for the **green car**. Use wasd keys.

```
$ rosrn dbw_runner keyboard_controller2.py
```

```
This controller is for the 2nd Car
Control your car with wasd
-----
Linear velocity : 0.0
Angular velocity : 0.0
-----

r : reset every value to 0
```

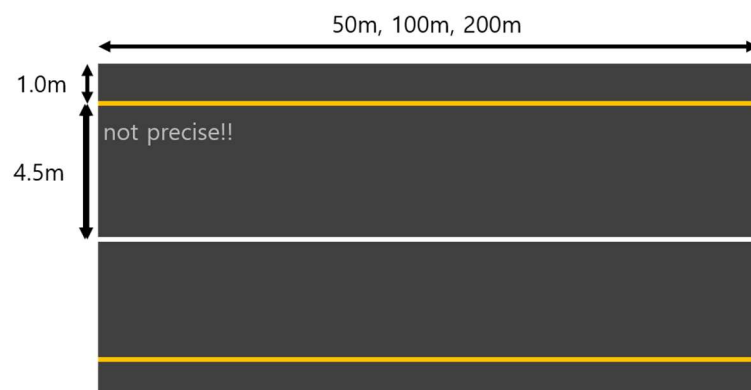
c. data는 launch file을 실행한 순간부터 자동으로 저장. – main.py 따로 실행할 필요X

- Every data is based on the **red car**.
- Each data will be automatically updated every time the car moves over a certain distance

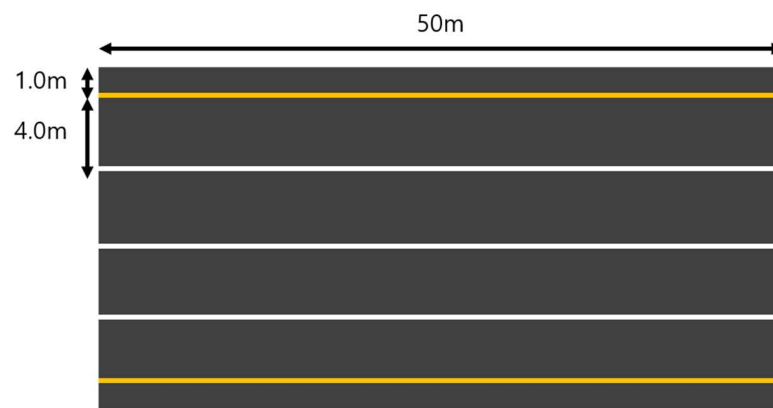
Pose	Velocity	Dist2obstacle, left	Dist2obstacle middle	Dist2obstacle right	Deviation from side lines	Camera image
------	----------	------------------------	-------------------------	------------------------	---------------------------------	-----------------

A. model

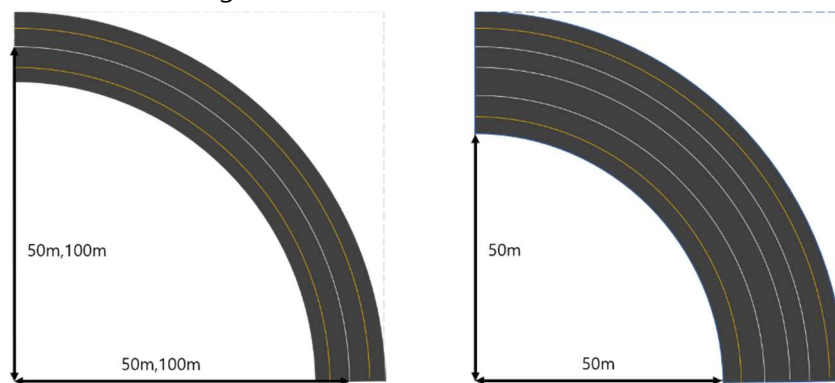
- a. straight road 50m (100m, 200m) – Dataspeed inc



- b. straight road 4lane – obin



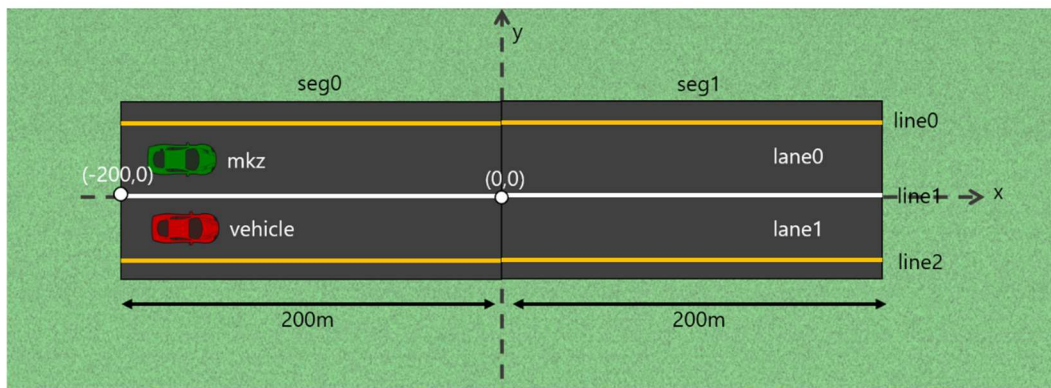
- c. curved - 도로 내부는 straight와 동일



- d. about car
e. more roads..!
- } 'simulator_manual_v1_2_0.pdf' 참조!!

B. World

a. straight_2lane.world

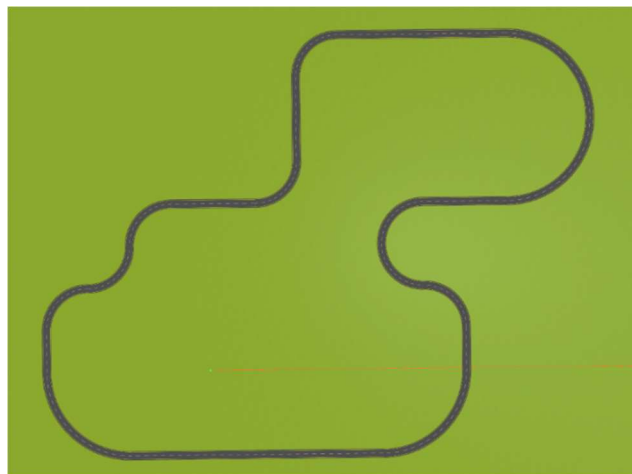


Track : 200m-2lane road를 두개 붙여 총 400m 길이의 직선도로

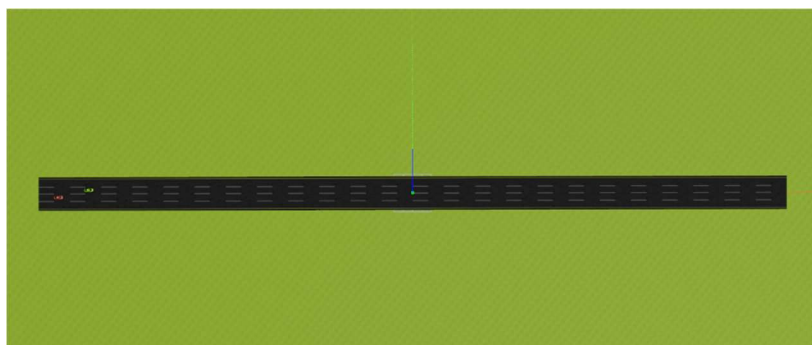
Cars : 1. **vehicle** : will be spawn at (-180,-2.3), 2. **mkz** : will be spawn at (-180,2.3.)

→ yaml 폴더의 straight_2lane.yaml 파일에서 spawn pose 변경가능

b. curved_2lane.world



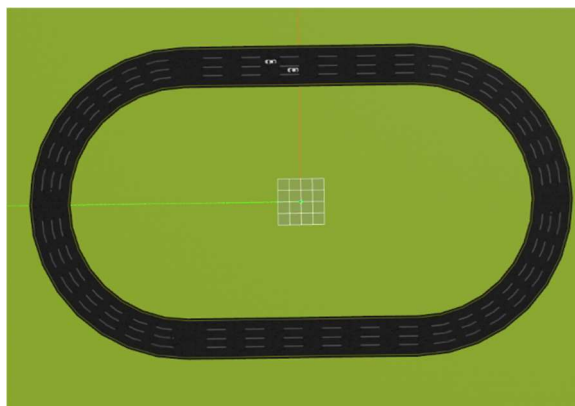
c. straight_4lane.world



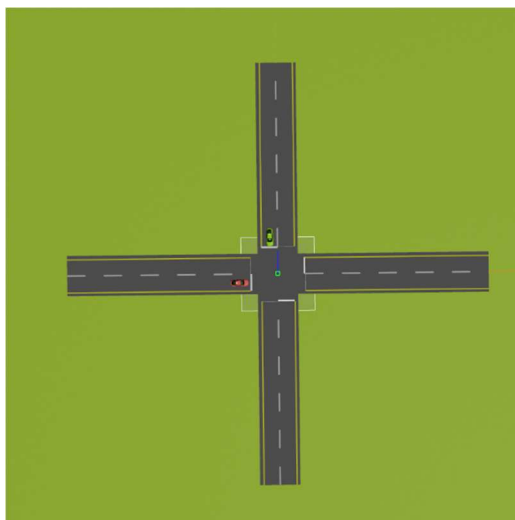
d. curved_4lane.world



e. round_4lane.world



f. intersection_2lane.world **NEW**



C. source code

File name	
main.py	Track setting, Spin rosnode, Update data
Trackinfo.py	Calculate & Hold data about Track and Car
Carinfo.py	Hold information about car
TrackSegment.py	Hold information about each track segment
Recorder.py	Save data into csv, png file

a. main.py

- Track을 만들고, 노드를 실행. Data save 명령을 내림.

b. Trackinfo.py

Trackinfo

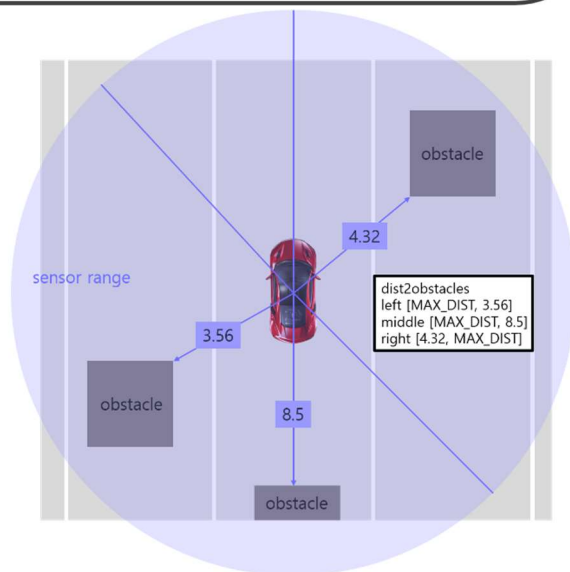
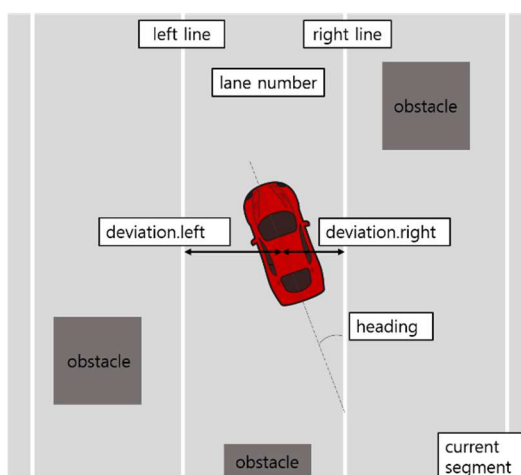
• variable

- my_car: 자동차에 대한 정보(type: Carinfo)
- Track : 트랙을 구성하는 segment들(type : list)
- deviation : 양 옆 line으로부터 떨어진 거리
- heading : 양 옆 line에 대한 자동차의 각도
- distance : 자동차가 시작 지점부터 달려온 거리
- current segment : 현재 자동차가 있는 segment num
- lane_number : 몇 lane에 있는지
- left line : 자동차 왼쪽의 line 양 끝 점
- right line : 자동차 오른쪽 line 양 끝 점
- obstacles : 장애물이 되는 모든 point의 list
- dist2obstacles : 가장 가까운 장애물까지의 거리

• function

- sensorcallback : sensor data 들어올때마다 실행
- positioncallback : position data 들어올때마다 실행
- findDeviation (position data)
- findHeading(position data)
- findSegment(position data)
- findLane(position data)
- findSidelines(position data)
- findObstacles(sensor data)
- findMinDist : list 내에서 최소 값 도출

data가 들어올때마다
이 함수들을 실행하여
data 업데이트



c. Carinfo.py

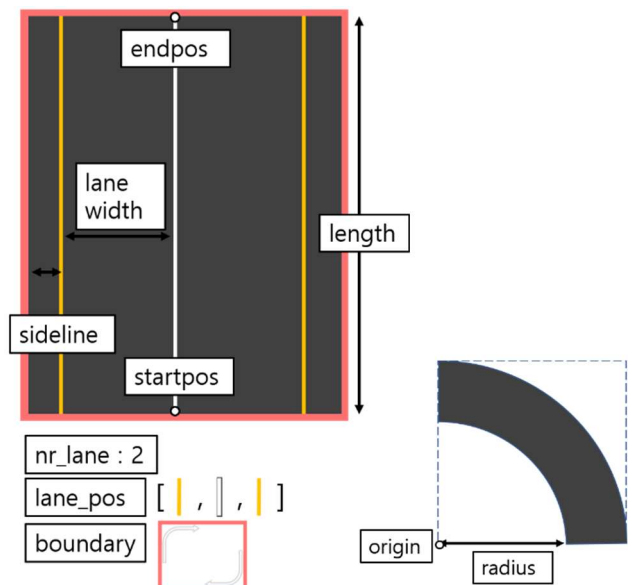
Carinfo

- **variable**
 - pose = (x, y, theta)
 - velocity = linear velocity, angular velocity
-
- boundary
 - width / height / mass

d. TrackSegment.py

TrackSegment

- **variable**
 - segnum : 이 segment가 몇번째 segment인지
 - startpos/endpos : seg의 시작위치/끝위치
 - origin : 'curved'일 경우 원의 중심
 - radius : 'curved'일 경우의 반지름
 - length : segment의 길이
 - boundary : segment의 boundary points
 - lane_width : 한 lane의 너비
 - nr_lane : lane의 개수
 - lane_pos : segment를 이루는 모든 line 모음
 - sideline : lane이 아닌 가장자리의 너비



e. Recorder.py

Recorder

- **variable**
 - MX_NR_DATA : data 최대 개수
 - dist_th , deg_th : data를 저장하기 위한 최소 변화량 (threshold)
- **function**
 - update(trackinfo)
 - : pose의 변화량이 dist_th나 deg_th보다 클 때
 - 현재 data 저장 (csv에 줄 추가 + camera image 저장)

