

#### Overview

Over the past decade, bicycle-sharing systems have been growing in number and popularity in cities across the world. Bicycle-sharing systems allow users to rent bicycles on a very short-term basis for a price. This allows people to borrow a bike from point A and return it at point B, though they can also return it to the same location if they'd like to just go for a ride. Regardless, each bike can serve several users per day.

Thanks to the rise in information technologies, it is easy for a user of the system to access a dock within the system to unlock or return bicycles. These technologies also provide a wealth of data that can be used to explore how these bike-sharing systems are used.

In this project, I will use data provided by **Motivate**, a bike share system provider for many major cities in the United States, to uncover bike share usage patterns.

#### Dataset Information

Randomly selected data for the first six months of 2017 for three cities:

- Chicago
- Washington D.C
- New York City

The dataset includes the following columns:

- Start Time
- End Time
- Trip Duration (in seconds)
- Start Station
- End Station
- User Type (Subscriber or Customer)

The Chicago and New York City files also have the following two columns:

- Gender
- Birth Year

### Questions of exploration

- 1. How do the number of subscribers and customers vary for each location
- 2. What is the distribution of trip durations in Washington?
- 3. What time of day is most common for users in Chicago?

## PREPARE DATA

ny = read.csv('new\_york\_city.csv')
wash = read.csv('washington.csv')
chi = read.csv('chicago.csv')

#### head(ny)

X	Start.Time	End.Time	Trip.Duration	Start. Station	End.Station	User.Type	Gender	Birth.Year
5688089	2017-06-11 14:55:05	2017-06-11 15:08:21	795	Suffolk St & Stanton St	W Broadway & Spring St	Subscriber	Male	1998
4096714	2017-05-11 15:30:11	2017-05-11 15:41:43	692	Lexington Ave & E 63 St	1 Ave & E 78 St	Subscriber	Male	1981
2173887	2017-03-29 13:26:26	2017-03-29 13:48:31	1325	1 PI & Clinton St	Henry St & Degraw St	Subscriber	Male	1987
3945638	2017-05-08 19:47:18	2017-05-08 19:59:01	703	Barrow St & Hudson St	W 20 St & 8 Ave	Subscriber	Female	1986
6208972	2017-06-21 07:49:16	2017-06-21 07:54:46	329	1 Ave & E 44 St	E 53 St & 3 Ave	Subscriber	Male	1992
1285652	2017-02-22 18:55:24	2017-02-22 19:12:03	998	State St & Smith St	Bond St & Fulton St	Subscriber	Male	1986

#### head(wash)

X	Start.Time	End.Time	Trip.Duration	Start.Station	End. Station	User.Type
1621326	2017-06-21 08:36:34	2017-06-21 08:44:43	489.066	14th & Belmont St NW	15th & K St NW	Subscriber
482740	2017-03-11 10:40:00	2017-03-11 10:46:00	402.549	Yuma St & Tenley Circle NW	Connecticut Ave & Yuma St NW	Subscriber
1330037	2017-05-30 01:02:59	2017-05-30 01:13:37	637.251	17th St & Massachusetts Ave NW	5th & K St NW	Subscriber
665458	2017-04-02 07:48:35	2017-04-02 08:19:03	1827.341	Constitution Ave & 2nd St NW/DOL	M St & Pennsylvania Ave NW	Customer
1481135	2017-06-10 08:36:28	2017-06-10 09:02:17	1549.427	Henry Bacon Dr & Lincoln Memorial Circle NW	Maine Ave & 7th St SW	Subscriber
1148202	2017-05-14 07:18:18	2017-05-14 07:24:56	398.000	1st & K St SE	Eastern Market Metro / Pennsylvania Ave & 7th St SE	Subscriber

#### head(chi)

X	Start.Time	End.Time	Trip.Duration	Start. Station	End.Station	User.Type	Gender	Birth.Year
1423854	2017-06-23 15:09:32	2017-06-23 15:14:53	321	Wood St & Hubbard St	Damen Ave & Chicago Ave	Subscriber	Male	1992
955915	2017-05-25 18:19:03	2017-05-25 18:45:53	1610	Theater on the Lake	Sheffield Ave & Waveland Ave	Subscriber	Female	1992
9031	2017-01-04 08:27:49	2017-01-04 08:34:45	416	May St & Taylor St	Wood St & Taylor St	Subscriber	Male	1981
304487	2017-03-06 13:49:38	2017-03-06 13:55:28	350	Christiana Ave & Lawrence Ave	St. Louis Ave & Balmoral Ave	Subscriber	Male	1986
45207	2017-01-17 14:53:07	2017-01-17 15:02:01	534	Clark St & Randolph St	Desplaines St & Jackson Blvd	Subscriber	Male	1975
1473887	2017-06-26 09:01:20	2017-06-26 09:11:06	586	Clinton St & Washington Blvd	Canal St & Taylor St	Subscriber	Male	1990

# CREATE NEW DATASETS

```
#create new datasets to add a location column while not affecting the original dataset

#create funtion to subset columns to add the a location column

dataPrep <- function(data, location) {
    data <- data[, c("Start.Time", "Trip.Duration", "Start.Station", "End.Station", "User.Type")]
    data$location <- location
    return(data)
}

#apply columns to datasets and create new files to not affect original data
wash_new <- dataPrep(wash, "Washington")
chi_new <- dataPrep(chi, "Chicago")
ny_new <- dataPrep(ny, "NYC")

#combine the datasets
bsd <- rbind(wash_new, chi_new, ny_new)</pre>
```

#### head(bsd)

Start.Time	Trip.Duration	Start. Station	End.Station	User.Type	Location
2017-06-21 08:36:34	489.066	14th & Belmont St NW	15th & K St NW	Subscriber	Washington
2017-03-11 10:40:00	402.549	Yuma St & Tenley Circle NW	Connecticut Ave & Yuma St NW	Subscriber	Washington
2017-05-30 01:02:59	637.251	17th St & Massachusetts Ave NW	5th & K St NW	Subscriber	Washington
2017-04-02 07:48:35	1827.341	Constitution Ave & 2nd St NW/DOL	M St & Pennsylvania Ave NW	Customer	Washington
2017-06-10 08:36:28	1549.427	Henry Bacon Dr & Lincoln Memorial Circle NW	Maine Ave & 7th St SW	Subscriber	Washington
2017-05-14 07:18:18	398.000	1st & K St SE	Eastern Market Metro / Pennsylvania Ave & 7th St SE	Subscriber	Washington

#### tail(bsd)

	Start.Time	Trip.Duration	Start.Station	End.Station	User.Type	Location
152446	2017-02-23 06:14:14	558	E 27 St & 1 Ave	E 47 St & Park Ave	Subscriber	NYC
152447	2017-01-28 16:44:18	240	W 52 St & 9 Ave	9 Ave & W 45 St	Subscriber	NYC
152448	2017-03-29 06:30:35	125	W 84 St & Columbus Ave	W 87 St & Amsterdam Ave	Subscriber	NYC
152449	2017-06-11 12:52:27	367	8 Ave & W 33 St	W 45 St & 8 Ave	Subscriber	NYC
152450	2017-06-30 07:48:34	1722	Cathedral Pkwy & Broadway	Broadway & W 51 St	Subscriber	NYC
152451	2017-06-18 16:20:21	NA	_			NYC

### QUESTION 1:

## HOW DO THE NUMBER OF SUBSCRIBERS AND CUSTOMERS VARY FOR EACH LOCATION?

#### BUILD DOUBLE BAR GRAPH

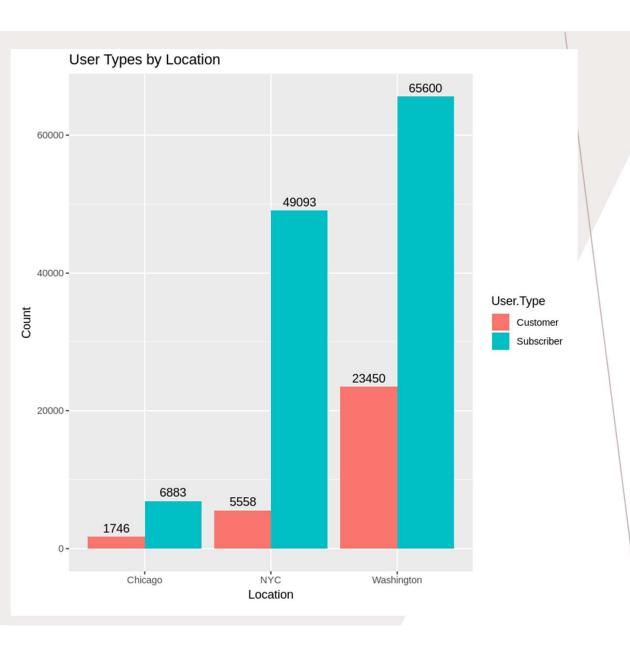
#### library(ggplot2)

```
#create bar plot of the number of users in subscriber and customer category
ggplot(aes(x = Location, fill = User.Type), data = subset(bsd, User.Type %in% c("Subscriber", "Customer"))) +

#make double bar graph stackable
geom_bar(position = "dodge") +

#add number that bar relates to at the top of the bar
geom_text(stat = "count", aes(label = ..count..), position = position_dodge(width = 0.9), vjust = -0.5) +

#add Labels
labs(title = "User Types by Location", x = "Location", y = "Count")
```



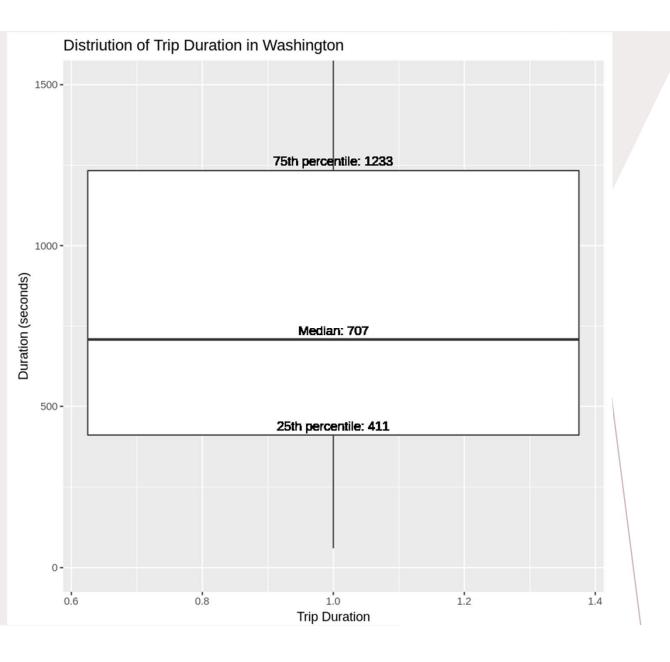
Bicycle sharing patterns vary significantly with New York City and Washington showing a strong dominance of subscribers over customers. In contrast, Chicago has a smaller margin of variety between subscribers and customers,

## **QUESTION 2:**

## WHAT IS THE DISTRIBUTION OF TRIP DURATION IN WASHINGTON?

#### **BUILD DISTRIBUTION PLOT**

```
#calculate quartiles to put on box plot
quartiles <- quantile(subset(wash, !is.na(Trip.Duration))$Trip.Duration, probs = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75))
median value <- quartiles[2]
lower quartile <- quartiles[1]
upper_quartile <- quartiles[3]
#create box plot of users trip durations using wash dataset
ggplot(data = subset(wash, !is.na(Trip.Duration)), aes(x = 1, y = Trip.Duration)) +
  coord_cartesian(ylim = c(0, 1500)) + #set y limits
 geom_boxplot() +
 #add text to show exact numbers
  geom text(aes(x = 1, y = lower quartile, label = paste("25th percentile:", round(lower quartile, 0))),
            vjust = -0.5) +
  geom text(aes(x = 1, y = median value, label = paste("Median:", round(median value, 0))),
           vjust = -0.5) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 1, y = upper_quartile, label = paste("75th percentile:", round(upper_quartile, 0))),
           vjust = -0.5) +
  #add Labels
 labs(title = "Distriution of Trip Duration in Washington", x = "Trip Duration", y = "Duration (seconds)")
```



The distribution of trip durations in Washington show trips tend to fall between 7 minutes (411 seconds) and 20 Minutes (1233 seconds).

Most trips fall below the 12-minute (707 seconds) mark.

## **QUESTION 3:**

## WHAT TIME OF DAY IS MOST COMMON FOR USERS IN CHICAGO?

#### BUILD SCATTER PLOT

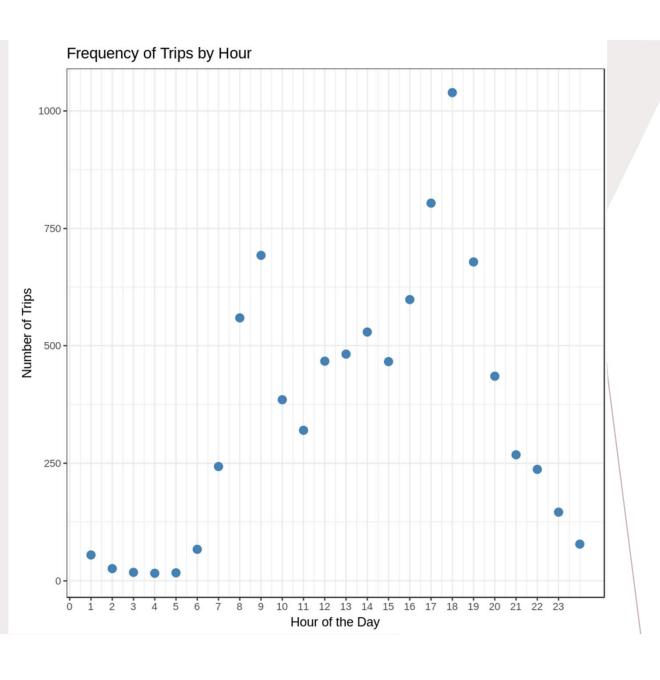
```
#extract the hour dtom Start Time
chi$Hour <- substr(chi$Start.Time, 12, 13)

#count the number of trips for each hour
hourly_counts <- as.data.frame(table(chi$Hour))

# rename columns
colnames(hourly_counts) <- c("Hour", "Count")

# convert the Hour column to numeric for proper plotting
hourly_counts$Hour <- as.numeric(hourly_counts$Hour)

#create a scatter plot
ggplot(hourly_counts, aes(x = Hour, y = Count)) +
    geom_point(color = "steelblue", size = 3) +
    labs(title = "Frequency of Trips by Hour", x = "Hour of the Day", y = "Number of Trips") +
    theme_bw() +
    scale_x_continuous(breaks = 0:23) # Ensure the x-axis shows all hours (0 to 23)</pre>
```



The most common time for users in Chicago is 1800 or 6:00 PM.

