

## AIX 设置特定时间执行某个脚本

参考：

<https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/cn/aix/library/au-eventtime.html>

<https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/cn/linux/l-job-scheduling.html>

[https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/ssw\\_aix\\_72/com.ibm.aix.cmds1/at.htm#at\\_at\\_tflag\\_datevariable](https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/ssw_aix_72/com.ibm.aix.cmds1/at.htm#at_at_tflag_datevariable)

[https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/AIXDownUnder/entry/schedule\\_one\\_off\\_jobs\\_with\\_at15?lang=en\\_us](https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/blogs/AIXDownUnder/entry/schedule_one_off_jobs_with_at15?lang=en_us)

<https://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=isg3T1012492>

`at` 命令可计划在特定的时间执行某项任务，且仅执行一次。

有时候，需要只运行作业一次而不是定期运行。为此，应该使用 `at` 命令。要运行的命令是从 `-f` 选项指定的文件读取的，如果没有使用 `-f`，那么从 `stdin` 读取。`-m` 选项向用户发送邮件，即使命令没有 `stdout`。`-v` 选项显示运行作业的时间。这个时间也显示在输出中。

eg:

```
at -f myattest.sh -v 10:25
```

```
at -f myattest.sh 10pm tomorrow
```

```
at -f myattest.sh 2:00 Tuesday
```

```
at -f myattest.sh 2:00 july 11
```

```
at -f myattest.sh 2:00 next week
```

eg:

```
at 5 pm Friday
```

```
uuucleann
```

```
at now next week
```

```
uuuclean
```

```
at now + 2 days
```

```
$HOME/bin/uuuclean
```

```
echo uuclean | at 3:00 pm January 24
```

```
echho uuclean | at 3 pm Jan 24
```

```
echo uuclean | at 1500 jan 24
```

```
echo "nohup db2 -tvf load01.sql -z load01.log 2>&1 &" | at -t 201811151800
```

```
echo "db2 -tvf test01.sql -z test01.log" | at now
```

