

## 复杂SQL查询

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select time, pointswrittenok from httpd order by time desc limit 10;
select time, pointswrittenok-(select pointswrittenok from httpd where time=t1-1) from httpd where time=t1;
create table points as select pointswrittenok p1 from httpd limit 1 1000;
alter table points add time bigint;
insert into points (time) (select time from httpd);
create table intervall as select * from (select h.time, h.pointswrittenok, p.p1 from httpd h join points p on h.time=p.time);
create table time_interval as select time, (pointswrittenok - p1) interval from point_1;

select * from employee where name like '潘卫华';
select * from department where id=36;
select * from department where id=825;
select * from department where id=718;

select id from department where name='产品研发中心';
drop table temp1;
create table temp1 as select * from
(select d.id d_id, d.name d_name, e.name e_name from department d join employee e on d.id=e.department_id where d.parent_id=718
and e.status=0 order by d.id) temp01;
drop table temp2;
create table temp2 as select * from
(select d.parent_id d_id, d.name d_name, e.name e_name from department d join employee e on d.id=e.department_id where
d.parent_id in
(select d.id from department d where d.parent_id=718) order by d.parent_id) temp02;
drop table temp;
create table temp as select * from (select * from temp1 union select * from temp2 order by d_id) temp00;
select * from temp;
drop table temp3;
create table temp3 as (select d.id d_id, d.name from department d where d.parent_id=718);
select * from temp3;
update temp t, temp3 t1 set t.d_name=t1.name where t.d_id=t1.d_id;

select d.id d_id, d.name d_name, e.name e_name from department d join employee e on d.id=e.department_id where d.id=718 and
e.status=0 order by d.id
```