

## 每周研究展阶段汇报

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## 一、本周工作:

1. 阅读参考文献 [1-5]

- 2. 阅读《认知神经科学》第一章: 认知神经科学简史; 第二章: 细胞机制与认知
- 3. 阅读多模态综述剩余部分,及文中所提及的部分工作。

#### 二、思考总结:

#### Part 1.

这是一个示例,文档支持中文和英文。中文为宋体,英文为 Times New Roman。编译时: xelatex->bibtex->xelatex。中间可能会报错,但是不要紧,连续编译过后就可以生成正确的 pdf 文件。

在《机器学习》第三章: 线性模型中,多分类学习是之前没有接触过的内容。容易想到,将多分类任务拆解为二分类任务就可以应用二分类方法,这也是解决多分类任务的一般方法。解决多分类任务关键是如何对多分类任务进行拆分,以及如何对多个分类器进行集成。

#### Part 2.

这是一段插入公式示例。 We calculate AUC by Eq(1).

$$AUC = \frac{\sum_{ins_i \in positive class} rank_{ins_i} - \frac{M \times (M+1))}{2}}{M \times N} \tag{1}$$

where M is the number of positive class, and N is the number of negative class.  $rank_{ins_i}$  represents the possibility rank of sample  $ins_i$  in the positive class. AUC indicates classifiers' ability to distinguish both positive and negative classes. Even in the condition of the highly imbalanced dataset, it can still put forward sensible evaluation.

### 三、下周规划:

- 1. 阅读周志华《机器学习》第三章: 线性模型
- 2. 阅读《认知神经科学》第一章: 认知神经科学简史; 第二章: 细胞机制与认知
- 3. 阅读多模态综述剩余部分,及文中所提及的部分工作。



# 参考文献

- [1] H. Tian, Y. Chen, J. Dai, Z. Zhang, and X. Zhu, "Unsupervised object detection with lidar clues," in *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, 2021, pp. 5962–5972.
- [2] D. Hu, R. Qian, M. Jiang, X. Tan, S. Wen, E. Ding, W. Lin, and D. Dou, "Discriminative sounding objects localization via self-supervised audiovisual matching," in *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, vol. 33, 2020, pp. 10 077–10 087.
- [3] R. Gao, R. Feris, and K. Grauman, "Learning to separate object sounds by watching unlabeled video," in *Proceedings of the European Conference on Computer Vision*, 2018, pp. 35–53.
- [4] J. R. Uijlings, K. E. Van De Sande, T. Gevers, and A. W. Smeulders, "Selective search for object recognition," *International journal of computer vision*, vol. 104, no. 2, pp. 154–171, 2013.
- [5] R. G. Cinbis, J. Verbeek, and C. Schmid, "Weakly supervised object localization with multi-fold multiple instance learning," *IEEE transactions on pattern analysis and machine intelligence*, vol. 39, no. 1, pp. 189–203, 2016.