ANSWER KEY

1.	D	9. A	17. D
2.	В	10. A	18. B
3.	C	11. C	19. E
4.	C	12. B	20. D
5.	В	13. E	21. 🗛
6.	C	14. C	22. A
7.	E	15. D	23. C
8.	E	16. E	

ANSWERS EXPLAINED

1. **(D)** There are just two constructors. Constructors are recognizable by having the same name as the class, and no return type.

10.

11.

12.

13.

E

- 2. **(B)** Each of the private instance variables should be assigned the value of the matching parameter. Choice B is the only choice that does this. Choice D confuses the order of the assignment statements. Choice A gives the code for the *default* constructor, ignoring the parameters. Choice C would be correct if it were resetTime(h, m, s). As written, it doesn't assign the parameter values h, m, and s to hrs, mins, and secs. Choice E is wrong because the keyword new should be used to create a new object, not to implement the constructor!
- 3. **(C)** Replacement III will automatically print time t in the required form since a toString method was defined for the Time class. Replacement I is wrong because it doesn't refer to the parameter, t, of the method. Replacement II is wrong because a client program may not access private data of the class.
- (C) The parameter names can be the same—the signatures must be different. For example,

```
public void print(int x)  //prints x
public void print(double x)  //prints x
```

The signatures (method name plus parameter types) here are print(int) and print(double), respectively. The parameter name x is irrelevant. Choice A is true: All local variables and parameters go out of scope (are erased) when the method is exited. Choice B is true: Static methods apply to the whole class. Only instance methods have an implicit this parameter. Choice D is true even for object parameters: Their references are passed by value. Note that choice E is true because it's possible to have two different constructors with different signatures but the same number of parameters (e.g., one for an int argument and one for a double).

5. **(B)** Constructing an object requires the keyword new and a constructor of the Date class. Eliminate choices D and E since they omit new. The class name Date should appear on the right-hand side of the assignment statement, immediately following the keyword new. This eliminates choices A and C.