



Introduction to Robotics

Manipulation and Programming

Unit 2: Kinematics

INVERSE JACOBIAN MATRIX

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Objectives

- Jacobian Matrix and Inverse Jacobian Matrix
- How to find the joint variable function?
- Pseudo Inverse Matrix

Jacobian Matrix

SECTION 1



Jacobian Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \\ \dot{\omega}_x \\ \dot{\omega}_y \\ \dot{\omega}_z \end{bmatrix} = J \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{q}_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I = A A^{-1}$$

$$I = A^{-1} A$$

$$I = J J^{-1}$$



Jacobian Matrix

$$J^{-1}J \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{q}_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{q}_n \end{bmatrix} = J^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \\ \dot{\omega}_x \\ \dot{\omega}_y \\ \dot{\omega}_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I = A A^{-1}$$

$$I = A^{-1} A$$

$$I = J J^{-1}$$



How to find the Joint Variables

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{q}_n \end{bmatrix} = J^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \\ \dot{\omega}_x \\ \dot{\omega}_y \\ \dot{\omega}_z \end{bmatrix}$$

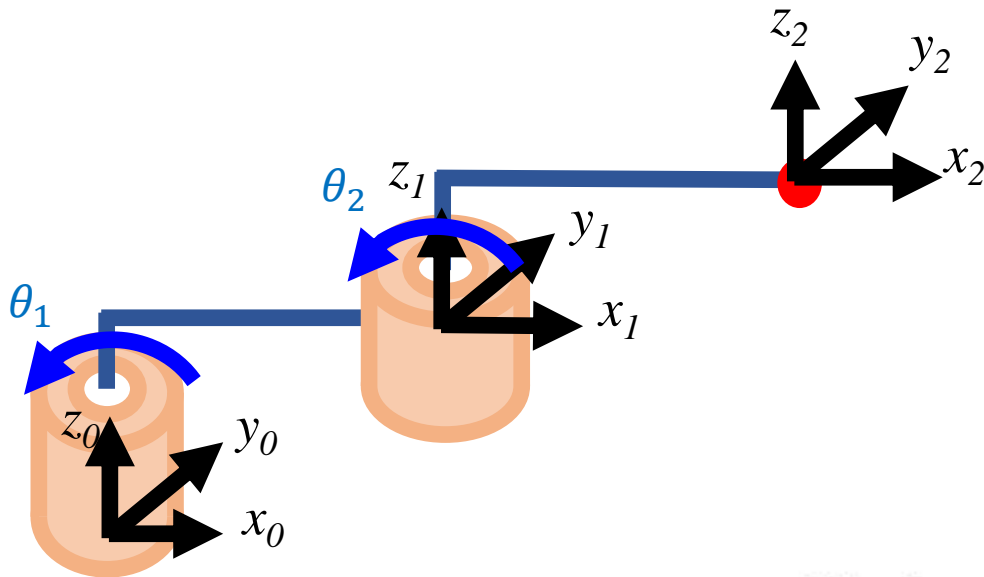
$$\Delta(q_i(t) - q_i(0)) = \dot{q}_i t$$

$$q_i(t) = q_i(0) + \dot{q}_i t$$

Simplified SCARA Manipulator

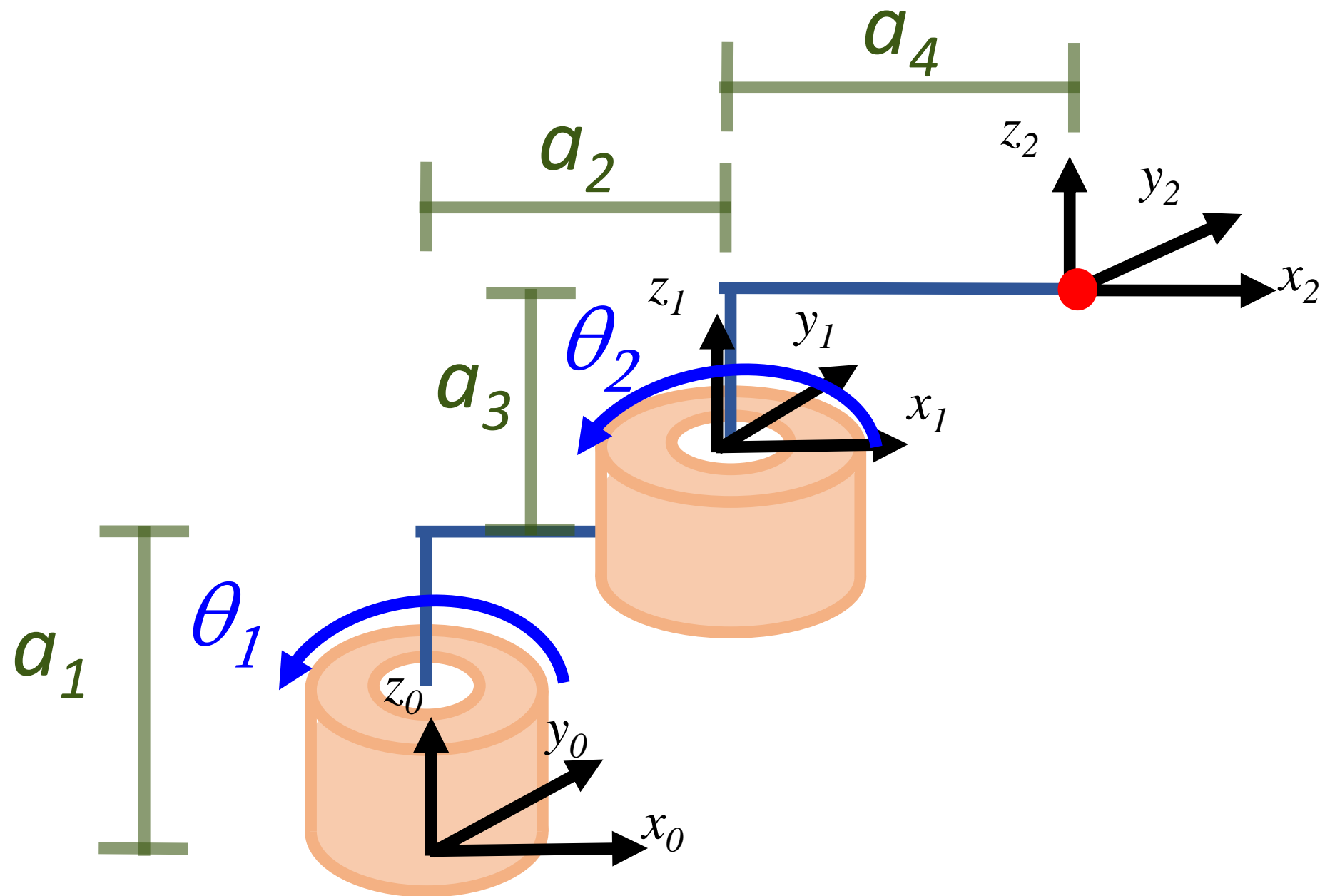
SECTION 3

Simplified Rotational Matrix and Jacobian Matrix




$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} J_{11} & J_{12} \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{If } A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \text{ then } A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$$



$$R = R_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & -\sin(\theta_1) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_1) & \cos(\theta_1) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$


$$d_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} a_2 \cos(\theta_1) \\ a_2 \sin(\theta_1) \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & -\sin(\theta_1) & 0 & a_2 \cos(\theta_1) \\ \sin(\theta_1) & \cos(\theta_1) & 0 & a_2 \sin(\theta_1) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = R_2^1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_2) & -\sin(\theta_2) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_2) & \cos(\theta_2) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d_2^1 = \begin{bmatrix} a_4 \cos(\theta_2) \\ a_4 \sin(\theta_2) \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$H_2^1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_2) & -\sin(\theta_2) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_2) & \cos(\theta_2) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_4 \cos(\theta_2) \\ a_4 \sin(\theta_2) \\ a_3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_2^0 = H_1^0 H_2^1$$

$$H_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & -\sin(\theta_1) & 0 & a_2 \cos(\theta_1) \\ \sin(\theta_1) & \cos(\theta_1) & 0 & a_2 \sin(\theta_1) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_2) & -\sin(\theta_2) & 0 & a_4 \cos(\theta_2) \\ \sin(\theta_2) & \cos(\theta_2) & 0 & a_4 \sin(\theta_2) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} c\theta_1 & -s\theta_1 & 0 & a_2 c\theta_1 \\ s\theta_1 & c\theta_1 & 0 & a_2 s\theta_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c\theta_2 & -s\theta_2 & 0 & a_4 c\theta_2 \\ s\theta_2 & c\theta_2 & 0 & a_4 s\theta_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - s\theta_1 s\theta_2 & -c\theta_1 s\theta_2 - s\theta_1 c\theta_2 & 0 & a_4 c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 s\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 c\theta_1 \\ s\theta_1 c\theta_2 + c\theta_1 s\theta_2 & -s\theta_1 s\theta_2 + c\theta_1 c\theta_2 & 0 & a_4 s\theta_1 c\theta_2 + a_4 c\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 s\theta_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_1 + a_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_1^0 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & -\sin(\theta_1) & 0 & a_2 \cos(\theta_1) \\ \sin(\theta_1) & \cos(\theta_1) & 0 & a_2 \sin(\theta_1) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_2^0 = \begin{bmatrix} c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - s\theta_1 s\theta_2 & -c\theta_1 s\theta_2 - s\theta_1 c\theta_2 & 0 & a_4 c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 s\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 c\theta_1 \\ s\theta_1 c\theta_2 + c\theta_1 s\theta_2 & -s\theta_1 s\theta_2 + c\theta_1 c\theta_2 & 0 & a_4 s\theta_1 c\theta_2 + a_4 c\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 s\theta_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a_1 + a_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Omega_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Omega_1 = \begin{bmatrix} a_2 c\theta_1 \\ a_2 s\theta_1 \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix} = d_1 = \begin{bmatrix} d_{11} \\ d_{12} \\ d_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \Omega_2 = \begin{bmatrix} a_4 c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 s\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 c\theta_1 \\ a_4 s\theta_1 c\theta_2 + a_4 c\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 s\theta_1 \\ a_1 + a_3 \end{bmatrix} = d_2 = \begin{bmatrix} d_{21} \\ d_{22} \\ d_{23} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \\ \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? \\ ? & ? \\ ? & ? \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

	Prismatic	Revolute
Linear	$R_{i-1}^0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$R_{i-1}^0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \times (d_n - d_{i-1})$
Rotational	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$R_{i-1}^0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$Z_0 \times (d_2 - d_0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} d_{21} \\ d_{22} \\ d_{23} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ d_{21} & d_{22} & d_{23} \end{vmatrix} = -d_{22}i + d_{21}j + 0k = \begin{bmatrix} -d_{22} \\ d_{21} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_1 \times (d_2 - d_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} d_{21} - d_{11} \\ d_{22} - d_{12} \\ d_{23} - d_{13} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ d_{21} - d_{11} & d_{22} - d_{12} & d_{23} - d_{13} \end{vmatrix} = (d_{12} - d_{22})i + (d_{22} - d_{12})j + 0k$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{z} \\ \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} J_{11} & J_{12} \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} J_{11} & J_{12} \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\omega_z = \dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} J_{11} & J_{12} \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -a_4 s\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 c\theta_1 s\theta_2 - a_2 s\theta_1 & -a_4 s\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 c\theta_1 s\theta_2 \\ a_4 c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 s\theta_1 s\theta_2 + a_2 c\theta_1 & a_4 c\theta_1 c\theta_2 - a_4 s\theta_1 s\theta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} J_{11} & J_{12} \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} = J^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J^{-1} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} J_{22} & -J_{12} \\ -J_{21} & J_{11} \end{bmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} J_{11} & J_{12} \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \end{vmatrix}}}$$

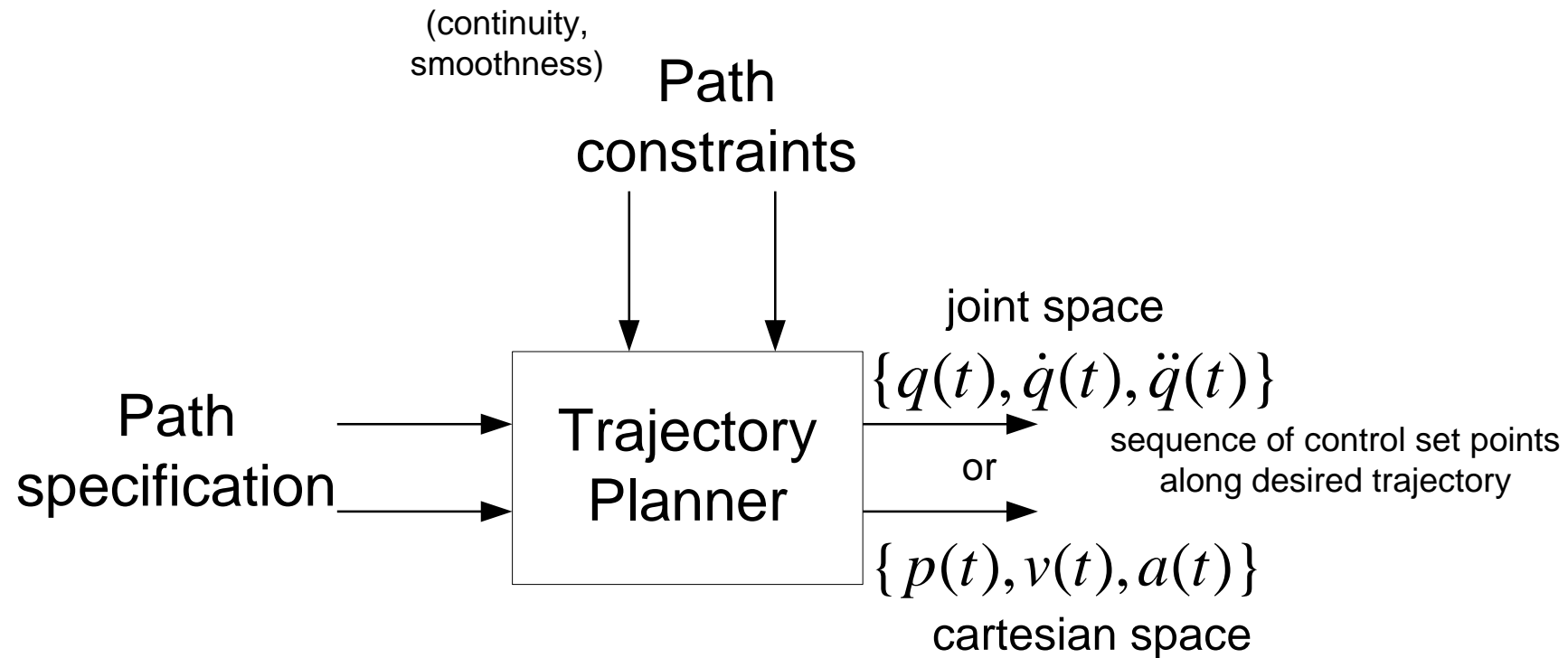
$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\theta}_1 &= J^{-1}_{11} \dot{x} + J^{-1}_{12} \dot{y} \\ \dot{\theta}_2 &= J^{-1}_{21} \dot{x} + J^{-1}_{22} \dot{y} \end{aligned}$$

Python Program

SECTION 3



Trajectory Planning





Trajectory Planning

- **Problem statement**

- Turn a specified Cartesian-space trajectory of P_e into appropriate joint position reference values

- **Input**

- Cartesian space path
- Path constraints including velocity and acceleration limits and singularity analysis.

- **Output**

- a series of joint position/velocity reference values to send to the controller