# iOS Application Development

Session 201

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# iOS Development

#### **Overview**

- Paradigm
- Application Life Cycle
- iOS Model View Controller
- Events
- Resources
- Performance

# Paradigm

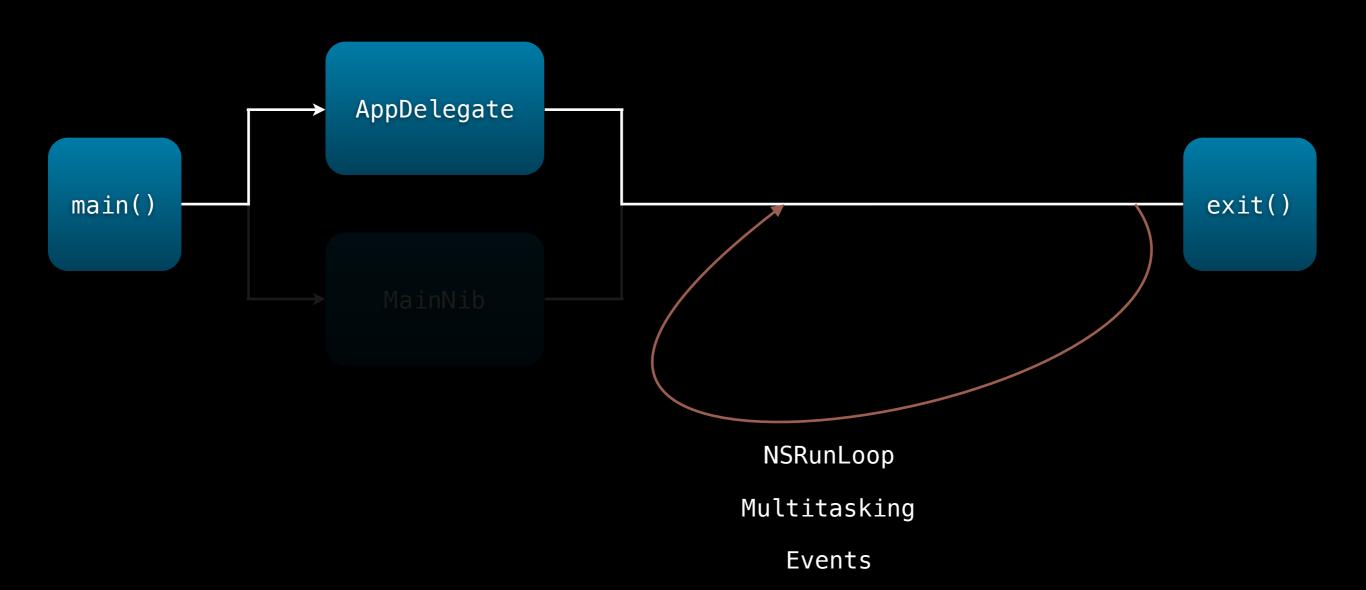
How things fit together

# MVC

# **Event Driven**

# Performance

How life starts, progresses and ends



## main.m

#### Where everything starts

```
#import <UIKit/UIKit.h>

#import "AppDelegate.h"

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
     @autoreleasepool {
        return UIApplicationMain(argc, argv, nil, NSStringFromClass([AppDelegate class]));
     }
}
```

### main.m

#### Where everything starts

- Same main implementation for all C programs
- Starts autorelease pool
- Start iOS ObjC Lifecycle using AppDelegate

## **Application Delegate**

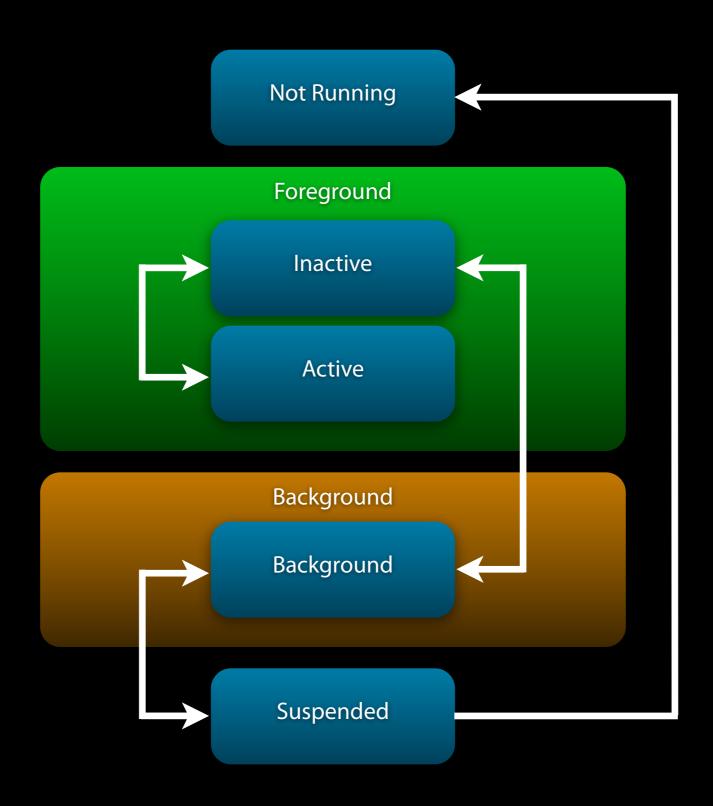
#### **Application Entry Point**

- Principal iOS application entry point
- Deals with Application specific call backs
- Some call backs duplicated as NSNotifications
- Usually sets up the initial view in the main screen UlWindow
- http://developer.apple.com/library/ios/#DOCUMENTATION/ UIKit/Reference/UIApplicationDelegate Protocol/Reference/ Reference.html

Multitasking states

- Multitasking States
  - Not Running
  - Inactive
  - Active
  - Background
  - Suspended

**Multitasking states** 



### Multitasking states

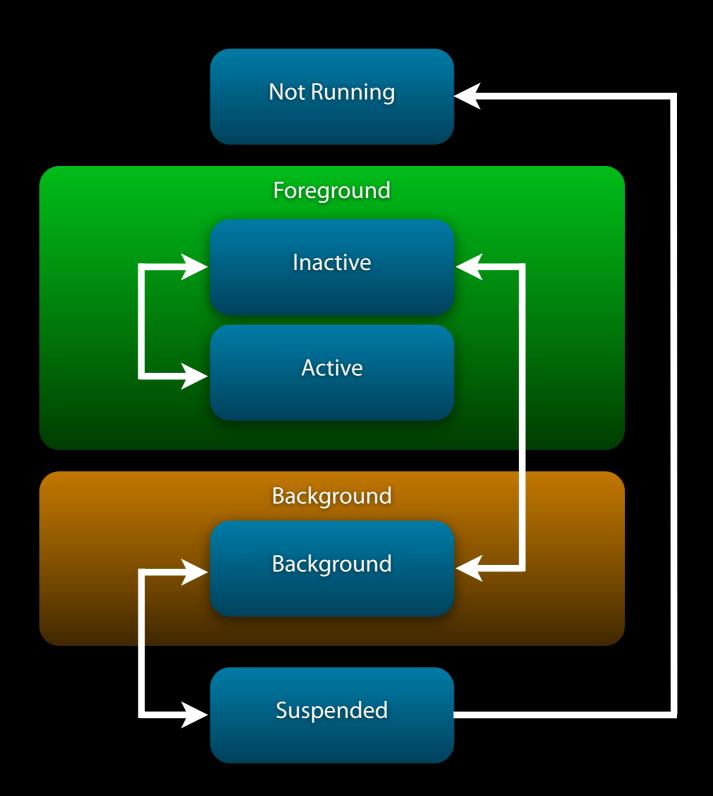
application:DidFinishLaunchingWithOptions:

applicationWillEnterForeground
application:WillResignActive:

application:DidBecomeActive:

 $application {\tt DidEnterBackground}$ 

applicationWillTerminate:

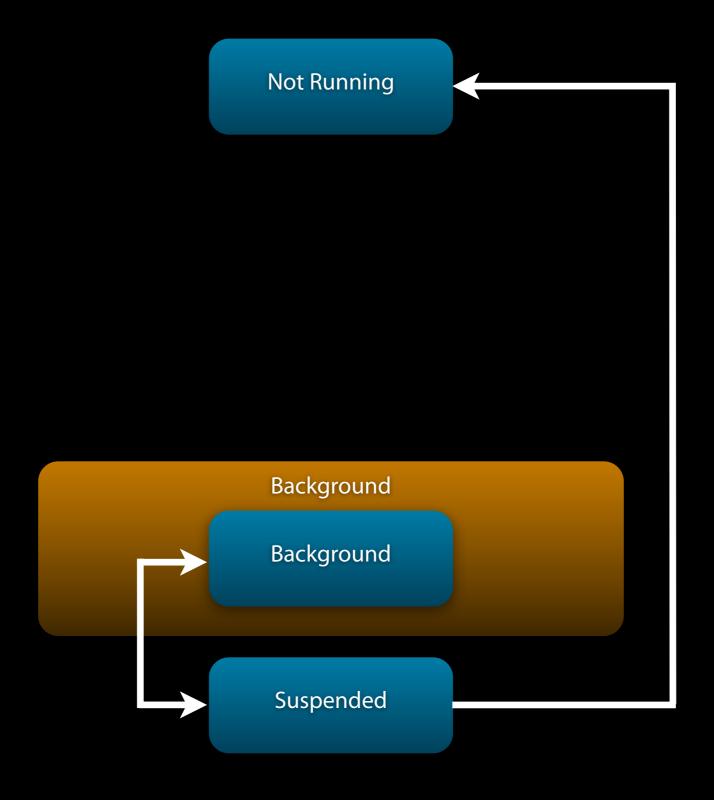


## Multitasking

#### Long running background tasks

- Playing audio content
- Location tracking
- VolP
- Receive regular updates from external accessories
- Finite length tasks

# Multitasking Long running background tasks



#### **Events that affect**

- Incoming call
- Alert dialogs
  - Text Messages
  - Push Notifications
  - Calendar Reminders

# UIApplication

#### **Overview**

- Represents the iOS Application in the OS
- UlResponder class for everything application level specifics

# Views

What we see is not necessarily what we get

## Views

#### **Overview**

- Layout and subview management
- Drawing and animation
- Event handling
  - Touch events
  - Responder Chain

### **UIWindow**

#### The root view

- Special UIView subclass
- Contains Application's content
- Works with view controllers to facilitate orientation changes
- Spans entire main screen
- Can create more to show content on external displays

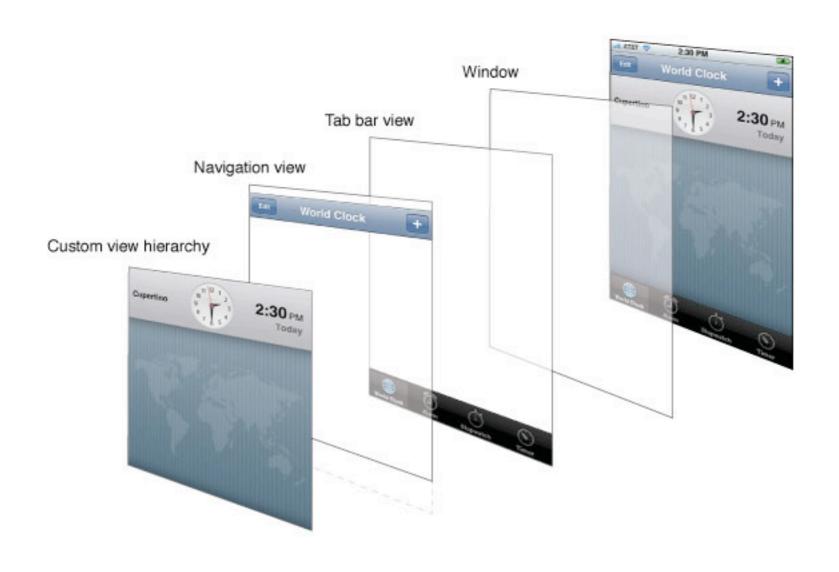
# UIView Concept

```
CGRect frame = CGRectMake(xpos, ypos, width, height);
UIView *newView = [[UIView alloc] initWithFrame:frame];
newView.layer.cornerRadius = 10.0;
```

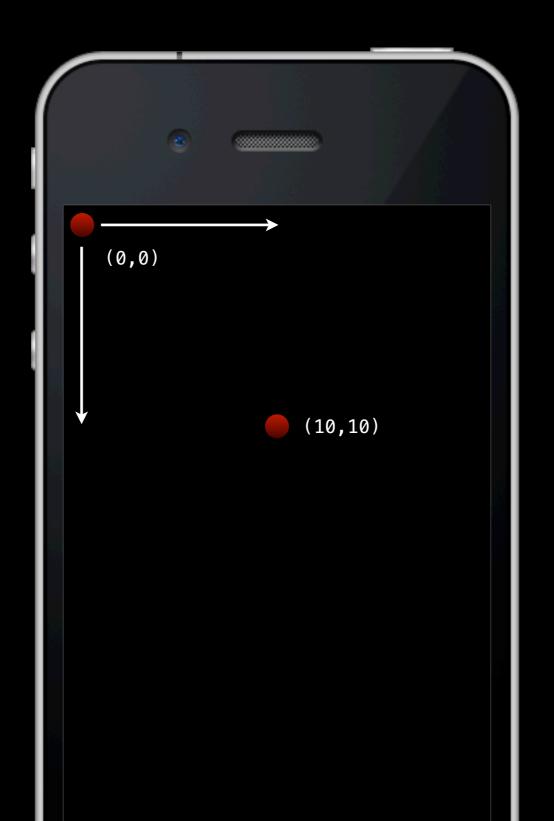
#### Concept

- Data model for display
- Values set on the UIView synched with internal CALayer
- CALayer represent buffered drawing in video memory
  - OS manipulates CALayer
  - Basis of Core Animation
- Manages subviews

## Layers



# UIView Coordinate System



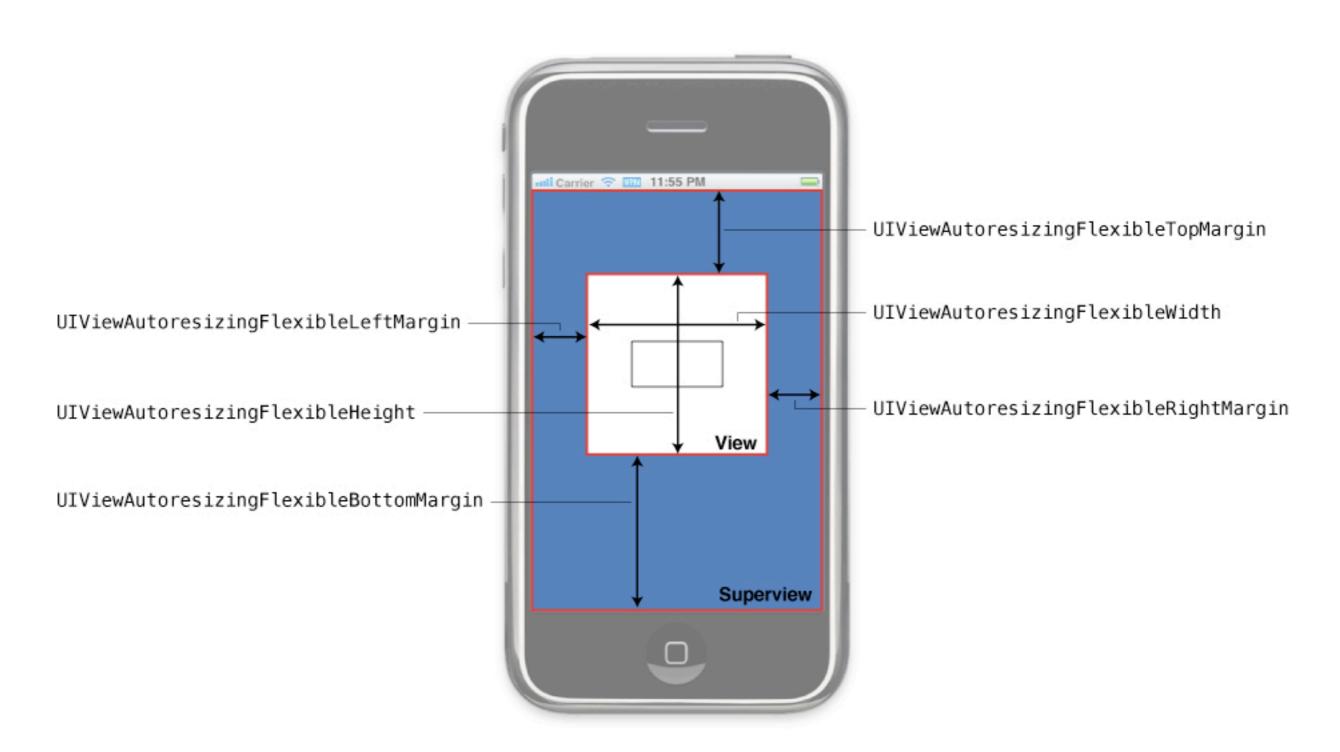
#### **Coordinate System**

- Points on a view can be converted for another view
- Converts from target view to local coordinate of current
- Scale and rotate CALayer representation of UIView

#### Size and position

- Can be modified at runtime by changing frame attribute
- Automatic resizing in response to superview can be set
- Modes for dealing with when a view is resized

#### Size and position



#### **Drawing and Layout**

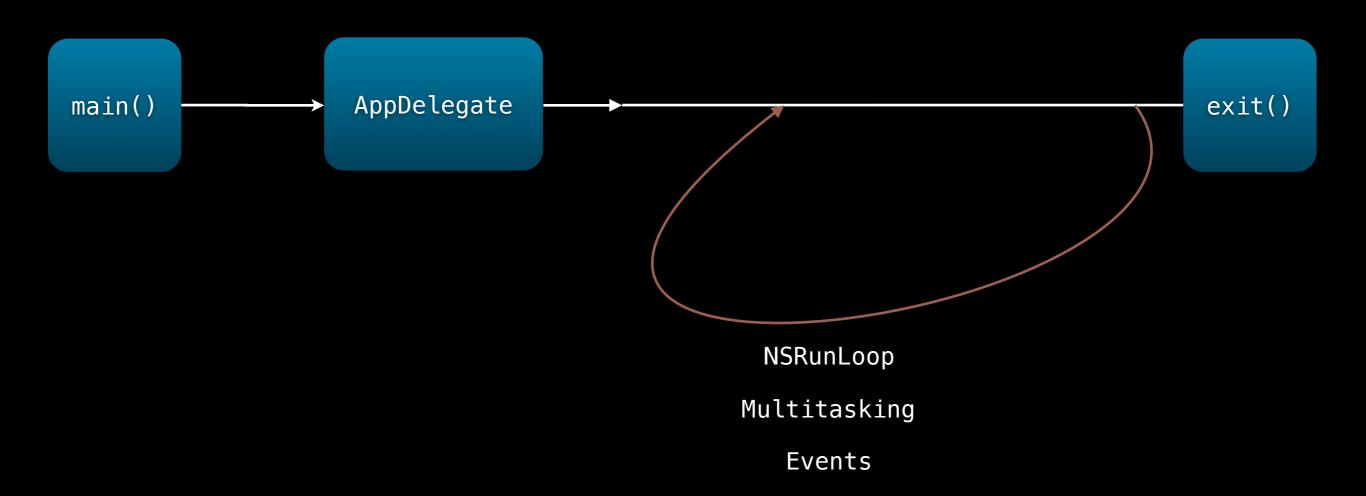
- Required to subclass UIView
- Drawing deals with rendering
  - Core Graphics draw calls
  - A way to "flatten" layers
- Layout deals with size and position of subview
- Force refresh by flagging as dirty

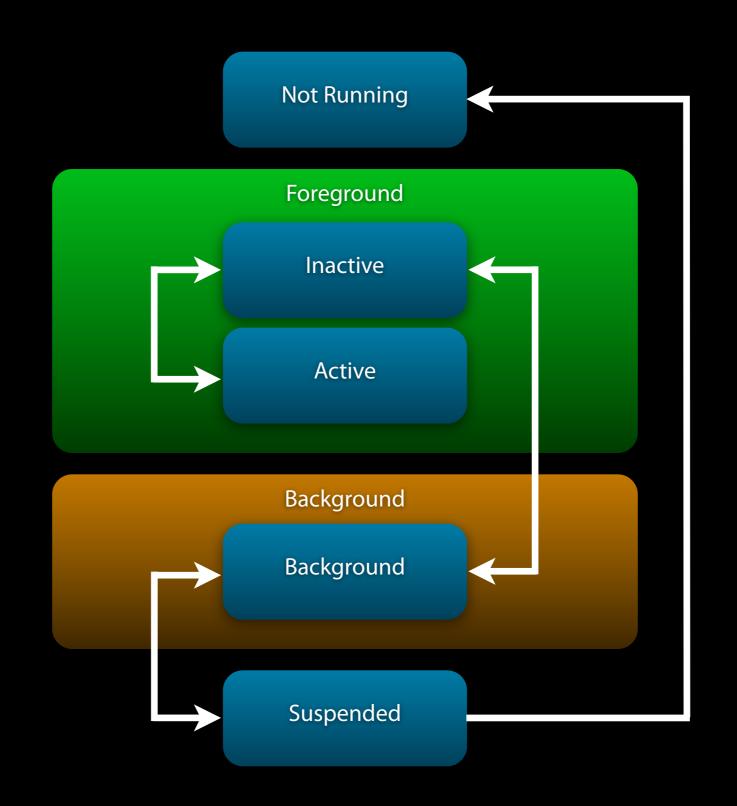
## UIView Other properties

- Visibility
  - alpha
  - opaque
  - hidden
- Background Color

# Events

What we see is not necessarily what we get





#### **Events**

#### **Overview**

- Mechanisms for handling events
- Application Events
- Touch Events
- Local/Remote Notifications

## **Event Mechanisms**

#### Delegate

- 1-to-1 relationship between delegate and sender
- Low latency
- Usually called on same thread

### **Event Mechanisms**

#### Delegate

- Uses delegate pattern to receive messages
- Delegate usually stored as a weak ivar
- Good to check if delegate responds to a message

```
if ([delegate respondsToSelector:@selector(delegateSelector:)]) {
    [delegate delegateSelector:message];
}
```

## **Event Mechanisms**

#### **NSNotification**

- 1-to-many triggering
- Higher latency
- Non deterministic thread

#### **Event Mechanisms**

#### **NSNotification**

- NSNotificationCenter is a post office for messages
- Post NSNotification
- Unsubscribe/Subscribe to NSNotificationCenter

- Multitasking states
- System Notifications
  - Low memory warnings
  - Significant Time Change

- Multitasking states
- System Notifications
- Opening URL resource
  - Inter process messaging scheme
  - Set protocol to match in info.plist
  - Target app will launch when URL is opened

- Multitasking states
- System Notifications
- Opening URL resource
- Status bar changes
- Protected Content Changes

- Multitasking states
- System Notifications
- Opening URL resource
- Status bar changes
- Protected Content Changes
  - Files can be marked to be encrypted or "protected"
  - Different events to decrypt it

### **Touch Events**

#### Finger power

- Touch events delivered by UIWindow to UIViews
- UIViews can turn off user interaction
- UlViews can have gesture recognizers attached
- Can pass along action via responder chain

## **Touch Events**

#### Finger power

- Subclass to deal with touch events
  - touchesBegan:withEvent:
  - touchesMoved:withEvent:
  - touchesEnded:withEvent:
  - touchesCancelled:withEvent:

## Gesture Recognizers

#### Next level touch events

- Predefined gestures that can be recognized
- Set parameters that satisfy the gesture
- Set a target and action
- Add to UIView

### Notifications

#### **Remote Push Notifications**

- Event generated when Push notification is received
- 2 receive states
  - App is active
  - App is inactive/background/not started

### **Remote Notifications**

#### When active

- Payload in userinfo dictionary
- Event passed to application:didReceiveRemoteNotification:
- Always when application:didFinishLaunchingWithOptions: not implemented

### **Remote Notifications**

#### When inactive

- System alert notification popup
- Action button launches app with payload
- Event handled by application:didFinishLaunchingWithOptions:

### **Local Notifications**

#### No server involved

- Notifications are scheduled
- UILocalNotification as payload
- No need to register
- Launch behavior is similar to Remote Notifications

# UlKit/Foundation

The resources you will be using

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
- A helpful framework
  - UTF8 Strings
    - NSString, NSAttributedStrings, NSMutableString

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
- A helpful framework
  - UTF8 Strings
  - Collections
    - NSArray, NSSet, NSDictionary

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
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  - UTF8 Strings
  - Collections
  - File access
    - NSFileManager

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
- A helpful framework
  - UTF8 Strings
  - Collections
  - File access
  - Networking
    - NSURLConnection

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
- A helpful framework
  - UTF8 Strings
  - Collections
  - File access
  - Networking
  - Deserialization/Serialization
    - NSCoding, NSKeyedArchiver, NSKeyedUnarchiver

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
- A helpful framework
  - UTF8 Strings
  - Collections
  - File access
  - Networking
  - Deserialization/Serialization
  - Date/Time
    - NSDate, NSCalendar

- Foundation provides base cross platform implementation
- A helpful framework
  - UTF8 Strings
  - Collections
  - File access
  - Networking
  - Deserialization/Serialization
  - Date/Time
  - Introspection
    - @selector, NSInvocation, NSClassFromString

## UlKit iOS Framework

- UlKit provides iOS specifics by building on Foundation
  - Mainly User Interface classes
  - Application specific implementation

## Others

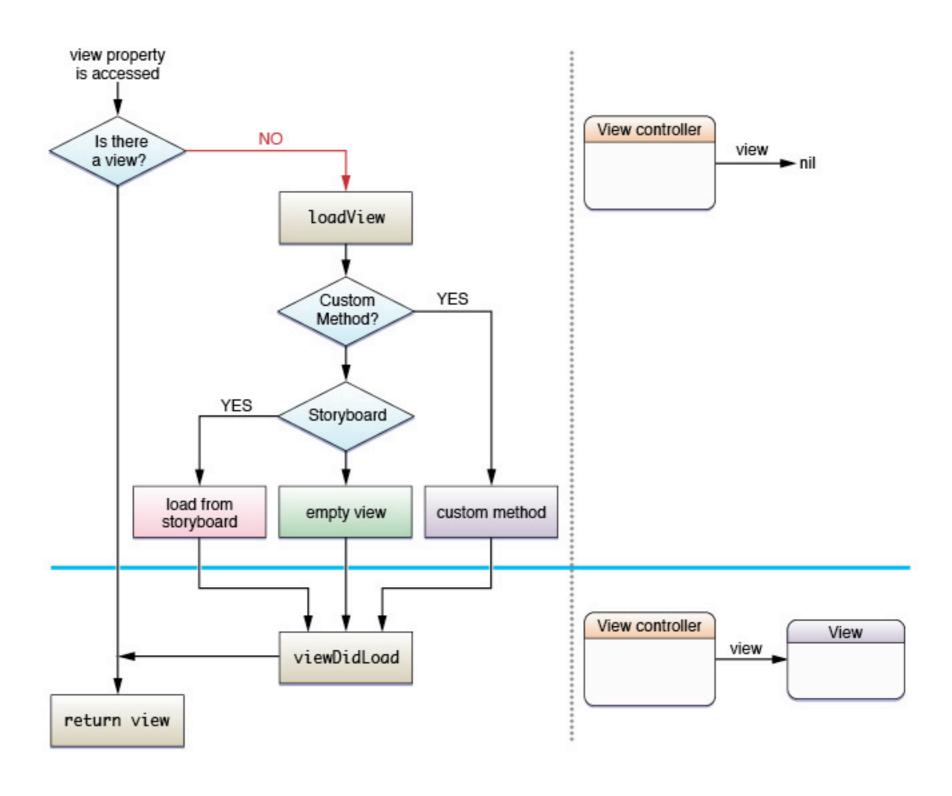
#### **System Frameworks**

- Core \*
  - Core Animation
  - Core Location
  - Core Graphics
- MapKit
- AddressBook
- EventKit
- WebKit

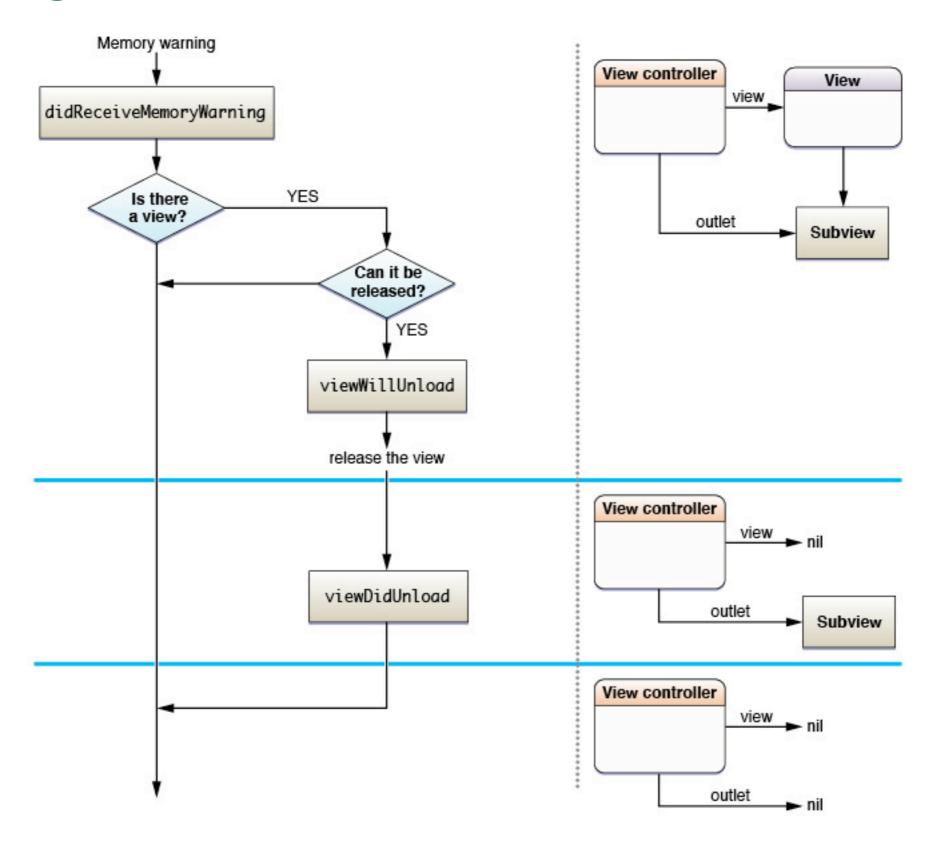
#### The C of the MVC

- Base class for most view controllers
- Provides event handling for views
  - Loading

#### Loading



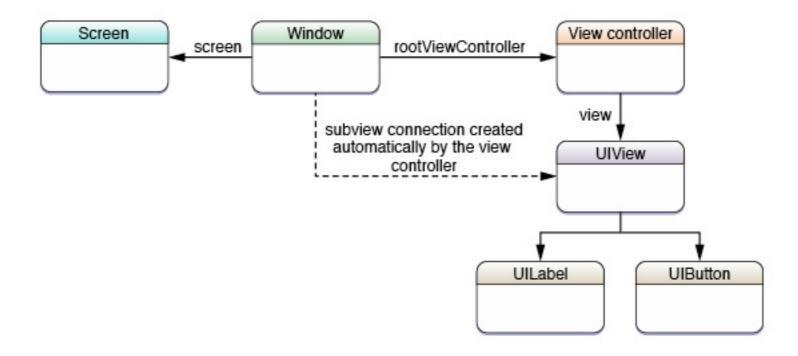
### **Unloading**



#### The C of the MVC

- Base class for most view controllers
- Provides event handling for views
  - Loading
  - Interface orientation changes
  - Manages other view controllers

#### View controllers manage views



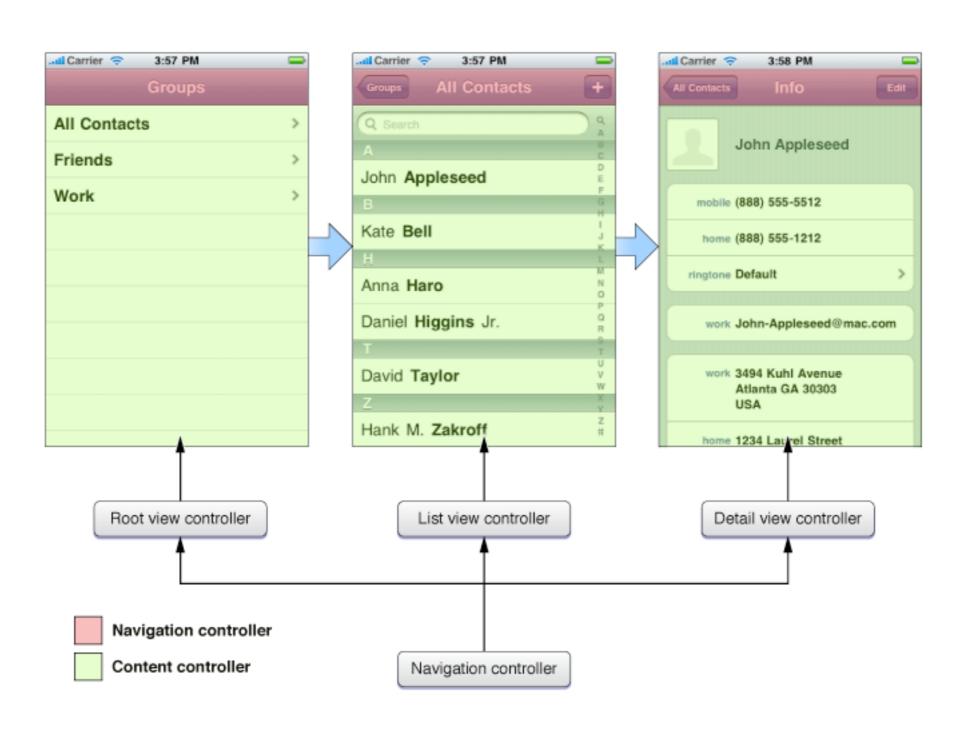
#### The C of the MVC

- Base class for most view controllers
- Provides event handling for views
  - Loading
  - Interface orientation changes
  - Manages other view controllers
  - Presenting view controllers
  - Low Memory Warnings

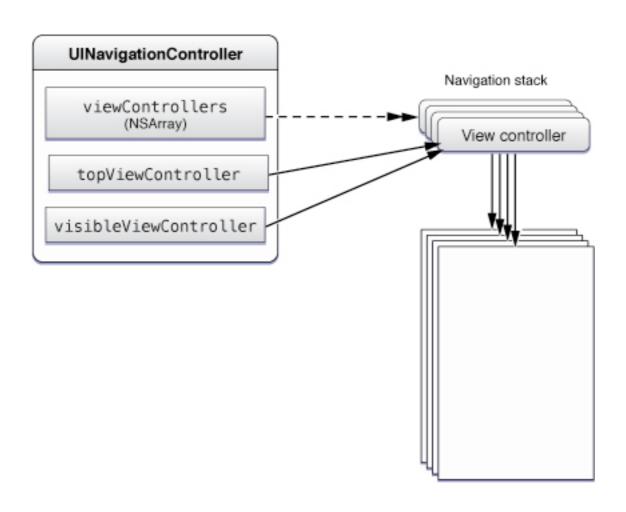
#### **Workflow control**

Provides a system to structure view controllers hierarchically

### **Organizes View Controllers**

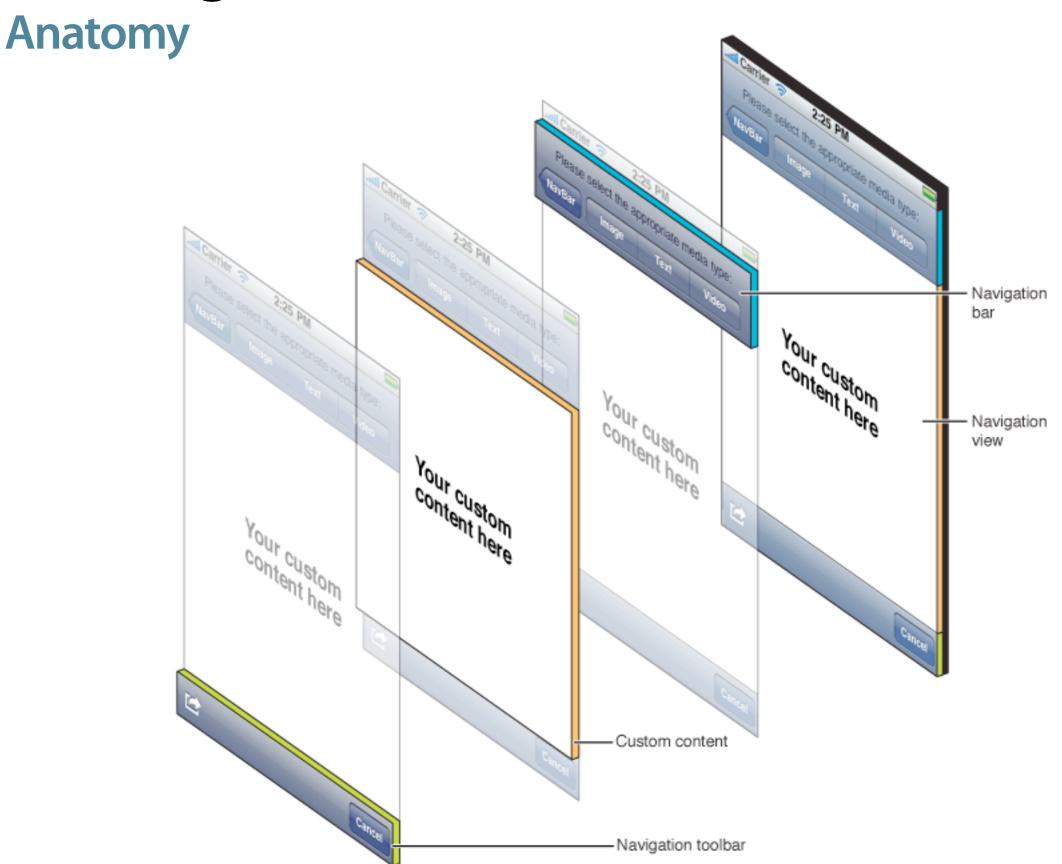


**Navigation Stack** 

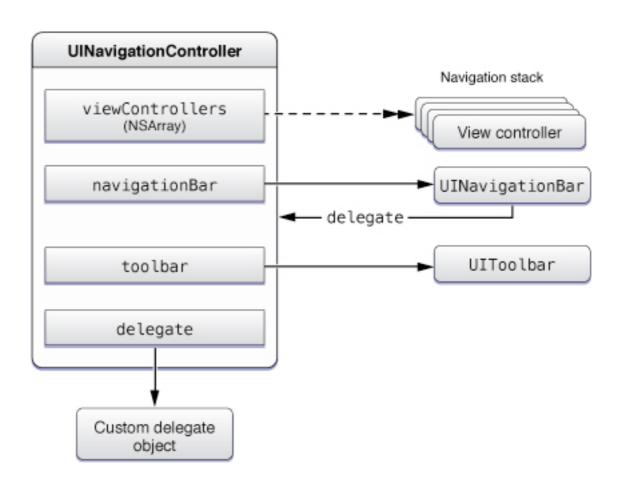


#### Workflow control

- Provides a system to structure view controllers hierarchically
- Provides UI elements that view controllers can configure

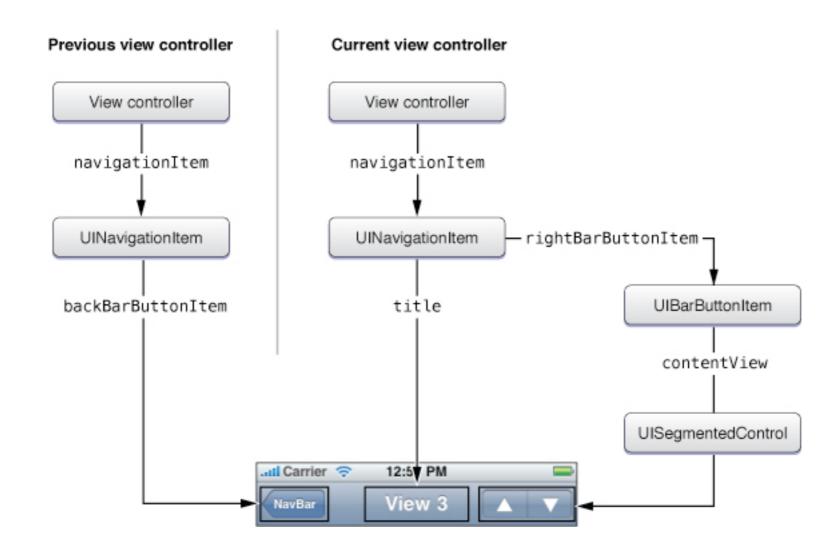


#### **Composition**



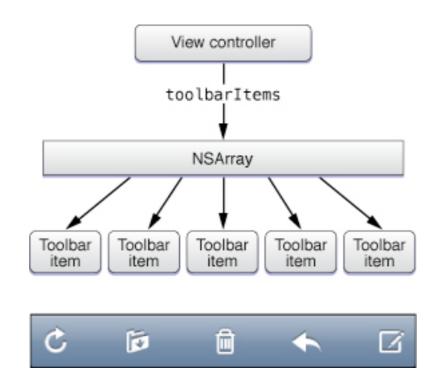
# UINavigationBar

#### **Anatomy**



# **UIToolBar**

### **Anatomy**



# UINavigationController

#### **Workflow control**

- Provides a system to structure view controllers hierarchically
- Provides UI elements that view controllers can configure
  - Settable via View Controller properties
  - Or manually added to a view

# UINavigationController

#### **Workflow control**

- Provides a system to structure view controllers hierarchically
- Provides UI elements that view controllers can configure
- Uses animations to show and hide workflow

[navigationController pushViewController:newViewController animated:YES];

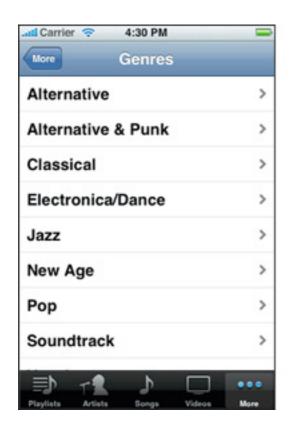
### **UITableView**

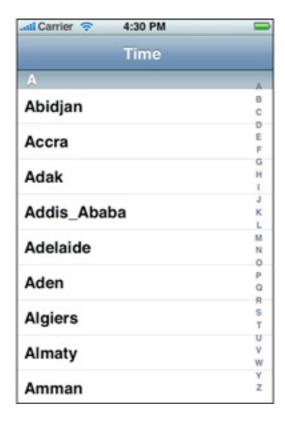
#### The table manager

- UIScrollView subclass
- Manages a group of views (cells)
- Uses delegate pattern to update and configure cells
- High performance
- Most de-facto way to present information

### **UITableView**

#### Various styles







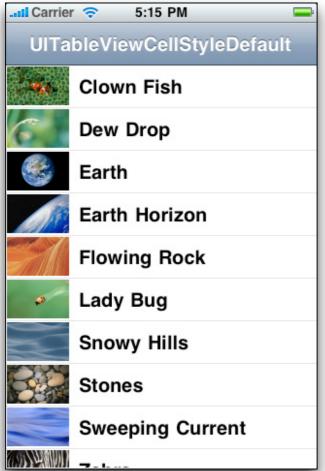
### **UITableView**

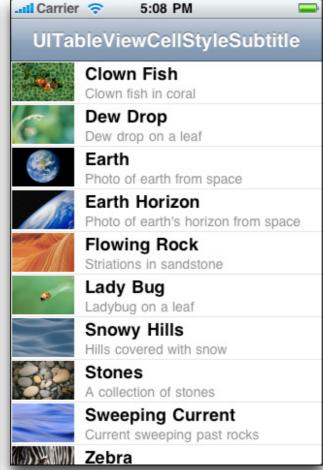
#### **Sections and Rows**

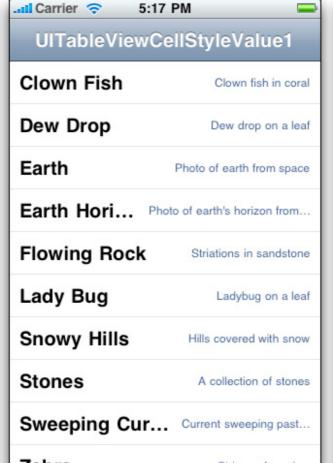
- Contains many sections
- Each section contains many rows
- Each section also has a header and a footer view
- Each row is 1 UITableViewCell

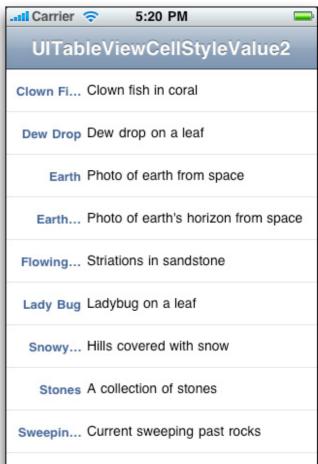
#### **UITableViewCell**

#### Various styles















### **UITableViewController**

#### The table manager

- Implements the delegate and data source for table views
- Manages a UlTableView instead of a generic view
- Can be added to a navigation hierarchy easily

## UlTabBarController

#### Sectional organization

- Manages set of views that can be toggled around
- Concept of "sections"

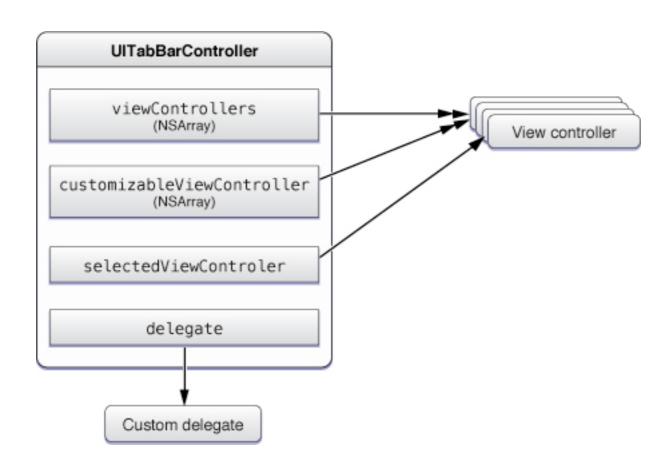
### **UITabBarController**

#### **Anatomy**



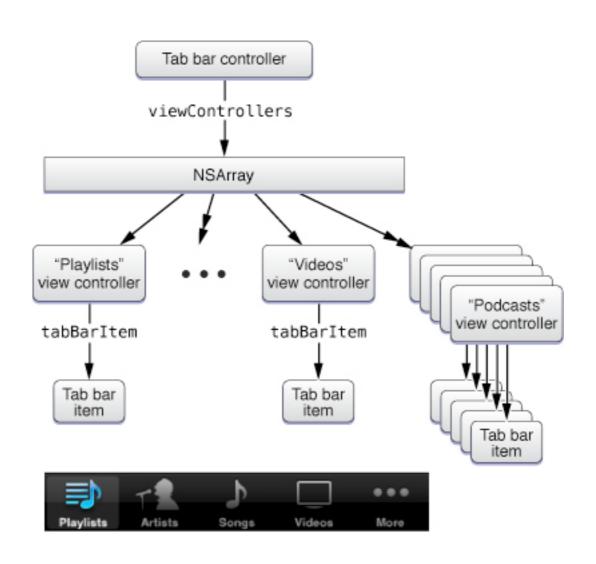
### **UITabBarController**

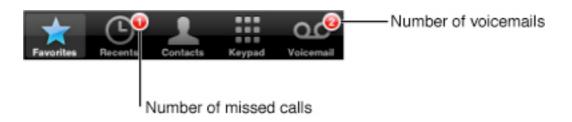
#### Composition



### **UITabBarController**

#### **Items**





If its not fast, its not good

#### Why is it important

- Slow is a bad user experience
- Native code = you are more in control
- Awesome instrumentation tools
  - Drawing performance
  - Memory usage
  - Leaks/Zombies
  - Network use

#### Memory

- Creating a new object is more expensive
- Clear out old values and reuse objects
- UITableView is a great example
- Less leaks = better performance

#### Flattening Layers

- Compositing is awesome but expensive
- Render non interactive elements in one pass
- –drawRect
- Reduce usage of transparent views

#### **I**mages

- Always use [UIImage imageNamed:@"image"]
- Internal caching mechanisms
- Autoloading of @2x images

#### **Animation**

- Provides the illusion of performance
- Strict adherence to animation duration
- Animate while continuing processing/loading

#### Don't touch the main thread

- Main thread is for UI and is watchdog'ed
- Move stuff onto secondary threads
  - Dispatch Queues
  - NSOperation

Floating point math

- Vector instruction set in ARM CPUs
- Accessible via Accelerate framework

### Tuning your code

- Test on device(s)
- Simulator is orders of magnitude faster

#### Reduce power consumption

- Don't poll, use events and call backs
- Batch network requests together when on 3G
- Turn off sensors when not in use