International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances

In accordance with article 3 of the Procedure for the Selection of Recommended International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances,¹ notice is hereby given that the following names are under consideration by the World Health Organization as Proposed International Nonproprietary Names.

Imments on, or formal objections to, the proposed names may be forwarded by any person to the Pharmaceuticals unit of the World Health Organization within four months of the date of their publication in *WHO Drug Information*, e.g., for List 61 Prop. INN not later than 30 November 1989.

The inclusion of a name in the lists of proposed international nonproprietary names does not imply any recommendation for the use of the substance in medicine or pharmacy.

Action and Use

The statements in italics indicating the action and use are based largely on information supplied by the manufacturer. The information is meant to provide an indication of the potential use of new substances at the time they are accorded proposed INNs. WHO is not in a position either to uphold these statements or to comment on the efficacy of the action claimed. Because of their provisional nature these descriptors will not be included in the Cumulative Lists of INNs.

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 61²

Comprehensive information on the INN programme can be found in WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92.4 12081-4 (price: Sw. fr. 6-), an account of this publication will be found in Annex 2 of the present. List All names from Lists 1-47 of Proposed International Nonproprietary Names, logether with a molecular formula index, will be found in International Nonproprietary Names (INN) for Pharmaceutical Substances. Cumulative List No. 7, 1988, World Health Organization, Geneva (ISBN 92.4.056014.9) (price: Sw. fr. 65.-). This publication consists, in the main, of a computer printout which groups logether all the proposed and recommended international nonproprietary names (INN)—in Latin, English, French, Russian, and Spanish—published up to March 1988. The printout also indicates in which of the 58 individual lists of proposed names and 27 lists of recommended names each INN was originally published, and gives references to national nonproprietary names pharmacopoeta monographs, and other sources. In addition, the list contains molecular formulae and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers. For easy reference, national nonproprietary names that differ from INN, molecular formulae, and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers are indexed in a series of annexes. A final annex describes the procedure for selecting recommended INN and outlines the general principles to be followed in devising these names. All the textual material published in this volume appears in both English and French.

These publications may be obtained, direct or through booksellers, from the sales agents listed on the back cover of WHO Drug Information. Orders from countries where sales agents have not yet been appointed may be addressed to: World Health Organization, Distribution and Sales Service. 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland

¹ Text adopted by the Executive Board of WHO in resolution EB15.R7 (*Off. Rec. Wid Hith Org.*, 1955, **60**, 3) and amended by the Board in resolution EB43.R9 (*Off. Rec. Wid. Hith Org.*, 1969, **173**, 10).

Other lists of proposed and recommended international nonproprietary names can be found in Cumulative List No. 7, 1988.

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

ablukastum ablukast (\pm)-6-acetyl-7-[[5-(4-acetyl-3-hydroxy-2-propylphenoxy)pentyf]oxy]-2-chromancarboxylic acid $C_{2a}H_{34}O_a$ 96566-25-5 antiallergic, antiasthmatic

acamprosatum acamprosate 3-acetamido-1-propanesulfonic acid $C_5H_{11}NO_4S$ 77337-76-9

psychotropic

acidum alendronicum alendronic acid

(4-amino-1-hydroxybutylidene)diphosphonic acid $C_4H_{19}NO_7P_2$ 66376-36-1 Calcium regulator

acidum neridronicum neridronic acid (6-amino-1-hydroxyhexylidene)diphosphonic acid C_sH₁₇NO₇P₂ 79778-41-9 *Całcium regulator*

altoqualinum altoqualine (3S)-7-amino-4,5.6-triethoxy-3-[(1R)-1.2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7,8-trimethoxy-2-methyl-1-isoquinolyl]phthalide $C_{2r}H_{3e}N_2O_{\bullet}$ 121029-11-6 antiallergic, antihistaminic

amocarzinum amocarzine 4-methyl-4'-(p-nitroanilino)thio-1-piperazinecarboxanilide C_{1a}H₂₁N₃O₂S 36590-19-9 antifilarial

artemetherum artemether $\begin{array}{ll} (3R,5aS,6R,8aS,9R,10S,12R,12aR) - \text{decahydro-10-methoxy-3,6,9-trimethyl-3,12-epoxy-12} \\ R_{18}H_{28}O_{5} & 71963-77-4 & antimalarial \end{array}$

artesunatum artesunate $\begin{array}{ll} (3R,5aS,6R,8aS,9R,10S,12R,12aR)-\text{decahydro-}3,6,9-\text{trimethyl-}3,12-\text{epoxy-}12H-\text{pyrano}[4,3-j]-1,2-\text{benzodioxepin-}10-\text{ol, hydrogen succinate} \\ C_{1a}H_{2a}O_{a} & 88495-63-0 & antimalarial \end{array}$

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

atrimustinum atrimustine estradiol 3-benzoate 17-glycolate, 4-[p-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]phenyl]butyrate

C₄₁H₄₇Cl₂NO₆ 75219-46-4

antineoplastic

avobenzonum avobenzone $\begin{array}{lll} \text{1-(p-$tert$-butylphenyl$)-3-($p$-methoxyphenyl$)-1,3-propanedione} \\ C_{20}H_{22}O_3 & 70356-09-1 & sunscreen \end{array}$

bakeprofenum bakeprofen (\pm) -2-(m-benzoylphenoxy)propionic acid $C_{15}H_{14}O_4$ 74168-02-8 analgesic.

analgesic, nonsteroidal antiinflammatory à,

batanopridum batanopride (\pm) -4-amino-5-chloro-*N*-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-2-[(1-methylacetonyl)oxy]-benzamide

C₁₇H₂₆CIN₃O₃

102670-46-2

antiemetic

belfosdilum belfosdil tetrabutyl [2-(2-phenoxyethyl)trimethylene]diphosphonate $C_{27}H_{50}O_7P_2$ 103486-79-9 Calcium antagonist

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ O \\ CH_2 \\ P \\ O \\ CH_2 \\ CH$$

bemoradanum bemoradan (\pm) -7-(1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-4-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridazınyl)-2H-1,4-benzoxazın-3(4H)-one

C₃H₁₃N₃O₃ 112018-01-6

positive inotropic agent

alcipotriolum lcipotriol (5Z,7E,22E,24S)-24-cyclopropyl-9,10-secochola-5,7,10(19),22-tetraene-1 $a,3\beta$,24-triol

 $C_{27}H_{40}O_3$ 11

112828-00-9 antipsoriatic

camonagrelum camonagrel

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(\pm)-5-(2-imidazol-1-ylethoxy)-1-indancarboxylic acid C₁₅H₁₆N₂O₃ 105920-77-2 platelet aggregation inhibitor

carmoxirolum carmoxirole 3-[4-(3,6-dihydro-4-phenyl-1(2H)-pyridyl)butyl]indole-5-carboxylic acid $C_{24}H_{26}N_2O_2$ 98323-83-2 D_1 -dopamine receptor agonist

cefdinirum cefdinir (-)-(6*R*,7*R*)-7-[2-(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)glyoxylamido]-8-oxo-3-vinyl-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 7^2 -(Z)-oxime $C_{14}H_{13}N_5O_8S_2$ 91832-40-5 antibiotic

cilutazolinum cılutazoline 2-[[(6-cyclopropyl-m-tolyl)oxy]methyl]-2-imidazoline C₁₄H₁₆N₂O 104902-08-1 nasal vasoconstrictor

clentiazemum clentiazem

(+)-cis-8-chloro-5-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2-(p-methoxyphenyl)-1,5-benzothiazepin-4(5H)-one acetate (ester) C₂₂H₂₅CIN₂O₄S 96125-53-0 Calcium antagonist

cronidipinum cronidipine [8-(p-chlorophenyl)-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspıro[4,5]dec-2-yl]methyl methyl 1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-4-(m-nitrophenyl)-3,5-pyridinedicarboxylate $C_{30}H_{32}ClN_3O_4$ 113759-50-5 Calcium antagonist

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

danofloxacinum danofloxacin

1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-7-[(1S,4S)-5-methyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2 2.1]hept-2-yl]-4-oxo-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid $C_{19}H_{20}FN_3O_3$ 112398-08-0 antibacterial (vet.)

decitabinum decitabine 4-amino-1-(2-deoxy- β -p-erythro-pentofuranosyl)-s-triazin-2(1H)-one $C_0H_{12}N_4O_4$ 2353-33-5 antineoplastic

deslorelinum deslorelin 5-oxo-L-prolyl-L-histidyl-L-tryptophyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-D-tryptophyl-L-leucyl-arginyl-N-ethyl-L-prolinamide $C_{54}H_{53}N_{17}O_{12}$ 57773-65-6 LHRH analogue

dexibuprofenum Exibuprofen (S)-(+)-p-isobutylhydratropic acid $C_{13}H_{18}O_2$ 51146-56-6

analgesic, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory

divapionum divapion 6-ethyl-7-methoxy-5-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyrimidin-2-yl phenyl ketone $C_{17}H_{17}N_3O_2$ 90808-12-1 anxiolytic

$$H_3CO \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow C$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

docebenonum docebenone 2-(12-hydroxy-5,10-dodecadiynyl)-3,5,6-trimethyl-p-benzoquinone C₂,H₂₆O₃ 80809-81-0 antiallergic, antiasthmatic

$$\begin{array}{c} H_{3}C \\ \\ H_{3}C \\ \\ CH_{3} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} CH_{2}-CH_{$$

doconexentum doconexent

(aII-Z)-4,7,10,13,16,19-docosahexaenoic acid $C_{22}H_{32}O_2$ 6217-54-5 platelet aggregation inhibitor

ecomustinum ecomustine

methyl 3-[3-(2-chloroethyl)-3-nitrosoureido]-2,3-dideoxy- α -p-arabino-hexopyranoside $C_{10}H_{18}CIN_3O_6$ 98383-18-7 antineoplastic

edatrexatum edatrexate N-[p-[1-[(2,4-diamino-6-pteridinyl)methyl]]propyl]benzoyl]-L-glutamic acid $C_{22}H_{25}N_7O_5$ 80576-83-6 antineoplastic

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{COOH} \\ \end{array}$$

eflumastum eflumast 3'-acetyl-5'-fluoro-2'-hydroxy-1H-tetrazole-5-carboxanilide $C_{10}H_aFN_sO_a$ 70977-46-7 antiallergic, antiasthmatic

elgodipınum elgodipıne 2-[(p-fluorobenzyl)methylamino]ethyl isopropyl (\pm)-1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-4-[2,3-(methylenedioxy)phenyl]-3,5-pyridinedicarboxylate $C_{29}H_{33}FN_2O_6$ 119413-55-7 Calcium antagonist

emonapridum emonapride (\pm)-cis-N-(1-benzyl-2-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-5-chloro-4-(methylamino)-o-anisamide $C_{21}H_{26}CIN_3O_2$ 93664-94-9 D_1 -dopamine receptor antagonist

O C NH H CH₃

OCH₃

enalkirenum enalkiren $\begin{array}{lll} (aS)\text{-}a\text{-}[(aS)\text{-}a\text{-}(3\text{-}amino\text{-}3\text{-}methylbutyramido})\text{-}p\text{-}methoxyhydrocinnamamido}] & \text{$N\text{-}[(1S,2R,3S)\text{-}1\text{-}(cyclohexylmethyl)\text{-}2,3\text{-}dihydroxy\text{-}5\text{-}methylhexyl}]\text{Imidazole-4-propionamide} & \text{$C_{95}H_{96}N_6O_{\bullet}$} & \text{$113082\text{-}98\text{-}7$} & \text{$renn\ inhibitor} \end{array}$

H₃C NH₂ 0 H CH₂ H OH CH₃
H₃C CH₂ CH₂ H OH CH₃
H₃C CH₂ CH₂ H OH CH₃
H₃C CH₂ CH₂ CH₃
H₃C CH₂ CH₃
H₃C CH₂ CH₃
H₃C CH₂ CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C CH₃
H₃C CH₃ CH₃
H₃C

epervudinum epervudine 2'-deoxy-5-isopropyluridine $C_{12}H_{18}N_2O_5$ 60136-25-6 antiviral

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

famciclovirum famciclovir 2-[2-(2-amino-9*H*-purin-9-yl)ethyl]-1,3-propanediol diacetate (ester) $C_{14}H_{18}N_5O_4$ 104227-87-4 antiviral

fasiplonum fasiplon

6-ethyl-7-methoxy-5-methyl-2-(5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)imidazo-[1,2-a]pyrimidine $C_{13}H_{15}N_3O_2$ 106100-65-6 anxiolytic

fibrinum fibrin an insoluble plasma protein obtained by the action of thrombin on fibrinogen. The source of the product should be indicated, e.g. fibrin (bovine).

local haemostatic agent

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fludeoxyglucosum (18F) fludeoxyglucose (18F) 2-deoxy-2-fluoro- 18 F-a- 0 -glucopyranose $C_6H_{11}^{18}$ FO $_3$ 105851-17-0 r_6

radioactive diagnostic agent

flutomidatum flutomidate ethyl (\pm)-1-(ρ -fluoro-a-methylbenzyl)ımıdazole-5-carboxylate $C_{14}H_{15}FN_2O_2$ 84962-75-4 anaesthesic (vet.)

flutrimazolum flutrimazole $\begin{array}{lll} 1\text{-}[\textit{o}\text{-}fluoro-\textit{a}\text{-}(\textit{p}\text{-}fluorophenyl})\text{-}\textit{a}\text{-}phenylbenzyl}]imidazole \\ C_{22}H_{16}F_2N_2 & 119006\text{-}77\text{-}8 & \textit{antifungal} \end{array}$

galamustinum galamustine 6-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-6-deoxy-p-galactopyranose C₁₀H₁₉Cl₂NO₅ 105618-02-8 antineoplastic

gedocarnilum gedocarnil isopropyl 5-(ρ -chlorophenoxy)-4-(methoxymethyl)-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxylate

3-carboxylate C₂₃H₂₁ClN₂O₄

109623-97-4

partial benzodiazepine receptor agonist

gevotrolinum gevotroline 8-fluroro-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-[3-(3-pyridyl)propyl]-1H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole $C_{19}H_{20}FN_3$ 107266-06-8 antipsychotic

...osapentum icosapent

(all-Z)-5,8,11,14,17-eicosapentaenoic acid or (all-Z)-5,8,11,14,17-icosapentaenoic acid

C20H30O2

10417-94-4

platelet aggregation inhibitor

ısaglidolum ısaglıdole 4-fluoro-2-(2- \tan ino)isoindoline C₁₁H₁₃FN₄ 110605-64-6 antidiabetic

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

isosorbidum isosorbide 1,4:3,6-dianhydro-p-glucitol C₆H₁₀O₄ 652-67-5

lactitolum lactitol 4-*O*- β -D-galactopyranosyl-D-glucitol C₁₂H₂₄O₁₁ 585-86-4

sweetener

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laidlomycinum laidlomycin ($aS,\beta R,\gamma S,2S,5R,7S,8R,9S$)- β ,9-dihydroxy- a,γ ,2,8-tetramethyl-2-[(2R,5S)-tetrahydro-5-methyl-5-[(2R,3S,5R)-tetrahydro-3-methyl-5-[(2S,3S,5R,6R)-tetrahydro-6-hydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3,5-dimethyl-2 \mathcal{H} -pyran-2-yl]-2-furyl]-1,6-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane-7-butyric acid, β -propionate $C_{37}H_{82}O_{12}$ 56283-74-0 coccidiostatic (vet.)

letrazurılum letrazuril $\label{eq:cocidiostatic} \begin{array}{ll} (\pm)\text{-}[2,8\text{-}dichloro\text{-}4\text{-}(4,5\text{-}dihydro\text{-}3,5\text{-}dioxo\text{-}as\text{-}triazin\text{-}2(3\textit{H})\text{-}yl)phenyl]}(p\text{-}fluoro\text{-}) & phenyl)acetonitrile \\ C_{17}H_9Cl_2FN_4O_2 & 103337\text{-}74\text{-}2 & coccidiostatic (vet.) \\ \end{array}$

levobetaxololum levobetaxolol (-)-(S)-1-[p-[2-(cyclopropylmethoxy)ethyi]phenoxy]-3-(isopropylamino)-2-propanol C_{1a}H_{2s}NO₃ 93221-48-8 β -adrenoreceptor antagonist

losigamonum losigamone $(5P^*)$ -5-[(aS^*) -o-chloro-a-hydroxybenzyl]-4-methoxy-2(5P)-furanone $C_{12}H_{11}CIO_4$ 112856-44-7 antiepileptic

fosmiprofenum losmiprofen (\pm) -2-[[3-(ρ -chlorobenzoyl)- ρ -tolyl]oxy]propionic acid $C_{17}H_{15}CIO_4$ 74168-08-4 nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory

miltefosinum miltefosine choline hydroxide, hexadecyl hydrogen phosphate, inner salt $C_{21}H_{46}NO_4P$ 58066-85-6 antineoplastic

mırtazapinum mırtazapine 1,2,3,4,10,14b-hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine C_1 , H_1 , N_3 61337-67-5 antidepressant

moguisteinum moguisteine

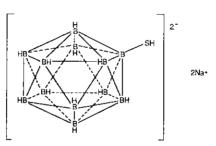
ethyl (\pm)-2-[(o-methoxyphenoxy)methyl]- β -oxo-3-thiazolidinepropionate $C_{16}H_{21}NO_5S$ 119637-67-1 antitussive

moxidectinum moxidectin $\begin{array}{lll} \text{($6R,\!25S$)-5-O-demethyl-28-deoxy-25-[(E)-1,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl]-6,28-epoxy-23-oxomilbemycin B 23-(O-methyloxime) } \\ \text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{53}\text{NO}_{\bullet} & 113507-06-5 & antiparasitic (vet.) \\ \end{array}$

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natrii borocaptas (10B) sodium borocaptate (10B) disodium undecahydromercaptododecaborate(2-)-10B₁₂
Na₂ 10B₁₂H₁₂S 103831-41-0 neutron capture agent



ocfentanilum ocfentanil $2'\text{-fluoro-2-methoxy-}\textit{N-}(1\text{-phenethyl-4-piperidyl}) acetanilide $C_{22}H_{27}FN_2O_2$ 101343-69-5 narcotic analgesic$

pemirolastum pemirolast 9-methyl-3-(1*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)-4*H*-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one C₁₀H_aN_aO 69372-19-6 antiallergic

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

penciclovirum penciclovir 9-[4-hydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)butyl]guanine $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_3$ 39809-25-1 antiviral

tolacetamolum olacetamol 5-oxo-L-proline, ester with 4'-hydroxyacetanilide $C_{13}H_{14}N_2O_4$ 114485-92-6 analgesic, antipyretic

rebamipidum rebamipide (\pm)- α -(p-chlorobenzamido)-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-4-quinolinepropionic acid $C_{19}H_{15}CIN_2O_4$ 111911-87-6 antiulcer

revospironum revospirone $2\hbox{-}[3\hbox{-}[4\hbox{-}(2\hbox{-pyrImidInyl})\hbox{-}1\hbox{-ppreazinyl}] propyl]\hbox{-}1,2\hbox{-benzisothiazolin-}3\hbox{-one} \\ 1,1\hbox{-dioxide}$

C₁₀H₂₁N₅O₃S 95847-87-3

tranquillizer (vet.)

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

rifametanum rifametane romurtidum romurtide 2-acetamido-3-O-[(R)-1-[[(S)-1-[[(R)-1-carbamoyl-3-[[(S)-1-carboxy-5-stearamidopentyl]carbamoyl]propyl]carbamoyl]ethyl]carbamoyl]ethyl]-2-deoxy-p-glucopyranose $C_{49}H_{78}N_6O_{13}$ 78113-36-7 immunomodulator

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ropinirolum ropinirole 4-[2-(dipropylamino)ethyl]-2-indolinone $C_{16}H_{24}N_2O$ 91374-21-9 D_z -dopamine receptor agonist

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & H & O \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\$$

sertindolum sertindole

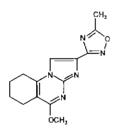
1-[2-[4-[5-chloro-1-(p-fluorophenyl)ındol-3-yl]pıperidino]ethyl]-2-imidazolidinone $C_{24}H_{26}CIFN_4O$ 106516-24-9 antipsychotic

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

suronacrinum suronacrine $\begin{array}{lll} (\pm) - 9 \text{-} (benzylamino) - 1.2, 3, 4 \text{-} tetrahydro} - 1 \text{-} acridinol \\ C_{20} H_{20} N_2 O & 104675 \text{-} 35 \text{-} 6 & cholinesterase inhibitor \\ \end{array}$

taludipinum taludipine

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tanıplonum taniplon 

)hnetium (99mTc) teboroximum Gchnetium (99mTc) teboroxime $[bis[\{1,2\text{-cyclohexanedione dioximato}\}(1\text{-})\text{-}O][\{1,2\text{-cyclohexanedione dioximato}\}(2\text{-})\text{-}O][\{1,2\text{-cyclohexanedione dioxim$

0 CH₃

N 22ⁿTC

N 0 Cl

N 12ⁿTC

tenidapum tenidap

(±)-5-chloro-2-oxo-3-(2-thenoyl)-1-indolinecarboxamide C₁₄H₅ClN₂O₃S 100599-27-7 nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory

terflavoxatum terflavoxate 1,1-dimethyl-2-piperidinoethyl 3-methyl-4-oxo-2-phenyl-4H-1-benzopyran-8-carboxylate $C_{26}H_{29}NO_4$ 86433-40-1 antispasmodic .

thymotrinanum thymotrinan

N-(N^2 -L-arginyl-L-lysyl)-L-aspartic acid $C_{16}H_{31}N_7O_6$ 85465-82-3

immunomodulator

toripristonum toripristone 17 β -hydroxy-11 β -[ρ -(isopropylmethylamino)phenyl]-17-(1-propynyl)estra-4,9-dien-3-one $C_{31}H_{39}NO_2$ 91935-26-1 antiglucocorticoid

$$H_3C$$
 CH_3
 H_4C
 CH_3
 H_4C
 CH_3
 CH_3

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number Action and use

troquidazolum troquidazole

N-(3-nitro-4-quinolyl)-4-morpholinecarboxamidine $C_{14}H_{15}N_5O_3$ 108001-60-1 radiosensitizing agent

· ') velnacrinum velnacrine

(\pm)-9-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-acridinol $C_{19}H_{14}N_2O$ 112964-98-4 cholinesterase inhibitor

vintoperolum vintoperol (-)-(1*S*,12b*S*)-1-ethyl-1,2,3,4,6,7,12,12b-octahydroindolo[2,3-*a*]quinolizine-1-methanol $C_{18}H_{24}N_2O$ 106498-99-1 peripheral vasodilator

voxergolidum voxergolide $\begin{array}{lll} (\pm)\text{-}(6aR,9R,10aR)\text{-}4.6a,7,8,9.10a-hexahydro-7-methyl-9-[(methylthio)methyl]} \\ 6H\text{-}indolo[3,4-gh][1,4]benzoxazine \\ C_{16}H_{26}N_2OS & 89651-00-3 & dopamine receptor agonist \end{array}$

Names for Radicals and Groups

Some substances for which a proposed international nonproprietary name has been established may be used in the form of salts or esters. The radicals or groups involved may be of complex composition and it is then inconvenient to refer to them in systematic chemical nomenclature. Consequently, shorter nonproprietary names for some radicals

and groups have been devised or selected, and they are suggested for use with the proposed international non-proprietary names.

butepras buteprate butyrate propionate

crobefas crobefate

(±)-(E)-6-hydroxy-4'-methoxy-3-(p-methoxybenzylidene)flavanone, phosphate, ion(2-) $C_{24}H_{19}O_{4}$ P

farnesilum farnesil (2E,6E)-3,7,11-trimethyl-2,6,10-dodecatrienyl $C_{15}H_{25}$

AMENDMENTS TO PREVIOUS LISTS

WHO Chronicle, Vol. 36, No. 5, 1982

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 48

p. 13 delete insert

loxtidinum loxtidine

lavoltidinum lavoltidine

WHO Chronicle Vol. 37, No. 5, 1983

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN); List 50

p 17 levocabastinum levocabastine

replace the chemical name and the graphical formula by:

(-)-(3S,4R)-1-[cis-4-cyano-4-(p-fluorophenyl)cyclohexyl]-3-methyl-4-

phenylisonipecotic acid

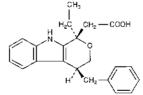
WHO Drug Information Vol. 1, No. 3, 1987

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 58

p 186 pemedolacum pemedolac

replace the chemical name, the CAS registry number and the graphic formula by the following:

 (\pm) -cis-4-benzyl-1-ethyl-1,3,4,9-tetrahydropyrano[3,4-b]indole-1-acetic acid 114716-16-4



WHO Drug Information Vol. 2, No. 4, 1988

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 60

p. 4

mequitazii iodidum mequitazium iodide

meguitamii iodidum mequitamium iodide

p. 6 cefprozilum cefprozil

replace the chemical name and the graphical formula by the following: (6R,7R)-7-[(R)-2-amino-2-(p-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]-8-oxo-3-propenyl-5thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid.

Annex 1 PROCEDURE FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMMENDED INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES*

The following procedure shall be followed by the World Health Organization in the selection of recommended international nonproprietary names for pharmaceutical substances, in accordance with the World Health Assembly resolution WHA3.11:

- 1. Proposals for recommended international nonproprietary names shall be submitted to the World Health Organization on the form provided therefor
- 2. Such proposals shall be submitted by the Director-General of the World Health Organization to the members of the Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia and Pharmaceutical Preparations designated for this purpose, for consideration in accordance with the "General principles for guidance in devising International Nonproprietary Names" appended to this procedure. The name used by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical substance shall be accepted, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary.
- 3. Subsequent to the examination provided for in article 2, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice that a proposed international nonproprietary name is being considered.
- A. Such notice shall be given by publication in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization' and by letter to Member States and to national pharmacopoeia commissions or other bodies designated by Member States.
 - (i) Notice may also be sent to specific persons known to be concerned with a name under consideration

- B. Such notice shall:
 - (i) set forth the name under consideration:
- (ii) identify the person who submitted a proposal for naming the substance, if so requested by such person;
- (iii) identify the substance for which a name is being considered;
- (iv) set forth the time within which comments and objections will be received and the person and place to whom they should be
- (v) state the authority under which the World Health Organization is acting and refer to these rules of procedure.
- C. In forwarding the notice, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the proposed name during the period it is under consideration by the World Health Organization
- 4. Comments on the proposed name may be forwarded by any person to the World Health Organization within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.
- 5. A formal objection to a proposed name may be filed by any interested person within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization, 1
 - A. Such objection shall:
 - (i) identify the person objecting,
 - (ii) state his interest in the name: (iii) set forth the reasons for his objection to the name proposed
- Member States under article 7, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall: A. request that it be recognized as the nonproprietary name for the substance, and B request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary
 - ing registration of the name as a trade-mark or trade-name. 1 Text adopted by the Executive Board of WHO in resolution EB15 R7 (Off. Rec. Wid Hith Org., 1955, **60**, 3) and amended by the Board in resolu-

rights in the name, including prohibit-

6. Where there is a formal objection

under article 5, the World Health Or-

ganization may either reconsider the

proposed name or use its good

offices to attempt to obtain with-

drawal of the objection. Without prem-

dice to the consideration by the

World Health Organization of a sub-

stitut name or names, a name shall

not be selected by the World Health

Organization as a recommended in-

ternational nonproprietary name while

there exists a formal objection thereto

filed under article 5 which has not

7. Where no objection has been filed

under article 5, or all objections previ-

ously filed have been withdrawn, the

Director-General of the World Health

cordance with subsection A of article.

that the name has been selected by

the World Health Organization as a re-

commended international nonpro-

8. In forwarding a recommended in-

ternational nonproprietary name to

Organization shall give notice in ...

been withdrawn.

prietary name.

- tion EB43 R9 (Off. Rec. Wid Hith Org., 1969, 173,
- 10)
 The title of this publication was changed by WHO Chromole in January 1959 From 1987, wards lists of INNs are published in WHO L

GENERAL PRINCIPLES FOR GUIDANCE IN DEVISING INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES

- 1. International Nonproprietary Names (INN) should be distinctive in sound and spelling. They should not be inconveniently long and should not be liable to confusion with names in common use.
- 2. The INN for a substance belonging to a group of pharmacologically related substances should, where appropriate, show this relationship. Names that are likely to convey to a patient an anatomical, physiological.

pathological or therapeutic suggestion should be avoided.

These primary principles are to be implemented by using the following secondary principles

- 3. In devising the INN of the first substance in a new pharmacological group, consideration should be given to the possibility of devising suitable INN for related substances, belonging to the new group.
- 4 In devising INN for acids, one-word names are preferred; their salts should be named without modifying the acid name, e.g. "oxacillin" and "oxacillin sodium", "ibufenac" and "ibufenac sodium".
- 5. INN for substances which are used as salts should in general apply to the active base or the active acid. Names for different salts or esters of the same active substance should differ

only in respect of the name of the inactive acid or the inactive base.

For quaternary ammonium substances, the cation and anion should be named appropriately as separate components of a quaternary substance and not in the amine-salt style.

- 6. The use of an isolated letter or number should be avoided; hyphenated construction is also undesirable.
- 7. To facilitate the translation and pronunciation of INN, "f" should be

used instead of "ph", "t" instead of "th", "e" instead of "ae" or "oe", and "i" instead of "y"; the use of the letters "h" and "k" should be avoided.

8. Provided that the names suggested are in accordance with these principles, names proposed by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation, or names already officially in use in any country, should receive preferential consideration.

9. Group relationship in INN (see Guiding Principle 2) should if possible be shown by using a common stem. The following list contains examples of stems for groups of substances, particularly for new groups. There are many other stems in active use, 1 Where a stem is shown without any hyphens it may be used anywhere in the name.

Latın	English	
-acum	-ac	anti-inflammatory agents of the ibufenac group
-actidum	-actide	synthetic polypeptides with a corticotrophin-like action
-actiuum -adolum	-adol	
-adol-	-adol-	analgesics
auoi		,
-astum	-ast	anti-asthmatic, anti-allergic substances not acting primarily as antihistaminics
- stinum	-astine	antihistaminics
lepamum.	-azepam	substances of the diazepam group
-bactamum	-bactam	eta-lactamase inhibitors
bol	bal	steroids, anabolic
-buzonum	-buzone	anti-inflammatory analgesics of the phenylbutazone group
-cain-	-cain-	antifibrillant substances with local anaesthetic activity
-cainum	-caine	local anaesthetics
cel-	cef-	antibiotics, derivatives of cefalosporanic acid
-cillinum	-cillın	antibiotics, derivatives of 6-aminopenicillanic acid
-conazolum	-conazole	systematic antifungal agents of the miconazole group
cort	cort	corticosteroids, except those of the prednisolone group
-dipinum	-dipin e	calcium antagonists of the nifedipine group
-fibratum	-fibrate	substances of the clofibrate group
gest	gest	steroids, progestogens
glı-	glı-	sulfonamide hypoglycemics
io-	io-	iodine-containing contrast media
-ium	-ıum	quaternary ammonium compounds
-metacınum	-metacin	anti-inflammatory substances of the indometacin group
-mycinum	-mycin	antibiotics, produced by Streptomyces strains
-nidazolum	-nidazole	antiprotozoal substances of the metronidazole group
-ololum	-olol	eta-adrenergic blocking agents
-oxacinum	-oxacın	antibacterial agents of the nalidix acid group
-pridum	-pride	sulpiride derivatives
-pril(at)um	pril(at)	angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors
-profenum	-profen	anti-inflammatory substances of the ibuprofen group
prost	prost	prostaglandins
-relinum	-relin	hypophyseal hormone release-stimulating peptides
Zojam	-terol	bronchodilators, phenethylamine derivates
åinum	-tidine	H ₂ -receptor antagonists
-trexatum	-trexate	folic acid antagonists
-verinum	-verine	spasmolytics with a papaverine-like action
vin-	vin-	vinca type alkaloids
-vin-	-vin-	villed type aireafolds

¹ A more extensive listing of stems is contained in the working document Pharm S/Nom 15 which is regularly updated and can be requested from Pharmaceuticals, WHO, Geneva

Annex 2 NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES: TWENTIETH REPORT OF THE WHO EXPERT COMMITTEE

In its twentieth report¹ the WHO Expert Committee on Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances reviewed the general principles for devising, and the procedures for selecting, international nonproprietary names (INN) in the light of developments in pharmaceutical compounds in recent years. The most significant recent change has been the extension to the naming of synthetic chemical substances of the practice previously used for substances originating in or derived from natural products. This practice involves employing a characteristic "stem" indicative of a common property of the members of a group. The reasons for, and the implications of, the change are fully discussed. Also reported is the intention to change the practice with regard to the nomenclature of individual members of polymeric series.

Other sections of the report concern instructions to be followed by bodies making application for international nonproprietary names, the availability of computer-printed cumulative lists of international nonproprietary names, information supplied by WHO Member States concerning their official use of national or international names for pharmaceutical products, and proposals relative to the withdrawal of international nonproprietary names allocated to substances that are no longer in use.

The official texts relating to the procedures for selecting, and general guidance for devising, international nonproprietary names are reproduced in two annexes to the report. Other annexes give examples of international nonproprietary names that incorporate selected stems, the most frequently used initial groups of letters in international nonproprietary names, a historical review of the programme of selecting international nonproprietary names, some useful literature references, and a model of the form to be used in all applications for international nonproprietary names.

¹ WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92 4 120581 4 Price: Sw. tr