Supplement to WHO Chronicle, 1981, Vol. 35, No. 5 (November)

International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances

In accordance with article 3 of the Procedure for the Selection of Recommended International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances, notice is hereby given that the following names are under consideration by the World Health Organization as Proposed Internional Nonproprietary Names.

Comments on, or formal objections to, the proposed names may be forwarded by any person to the Pharmaceuticals unit of the World Health Organization within four months of the date of their publication in the WHO Chronicle, e.g. for List 46 Prop. INN not later than 31 March 1982.

The inclusion of a name in the lists of proposed international nonproprietary names does not imply any recommendation for the use of the substance in medicine or pharmacy.

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 462

Proposed International Nonproprietary Name (Latin, English)

Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number

acidum sparfosicum sparfosic acid N-(phosphonoacetyl)-L-aspartic acid C₆H₁₀NO₄P 51321-79-0

Comprehensive information on the INN programme can be found in: WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92-4-120581-4 (price. Sw. fr. 6-); an account of this publication will be found on page 16 of this Supplement (Annex 2). All names from Lists 1-37 of Proposed International Nonproprietary Names, together with a molecular formulae index, will be found in: International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances Cumulative list No. 5, 1977, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1977 (ISBN 92-4-058011-4) (price. Sw. fr. 48-). This publication consists, in the main, of a computer printout which groups together all the proposed and recommended international nonproprietary names (INN)-in Latin, English, French, Russian, and Spanish-published up to March 1977. The printout also indicates in which of the 37 individual lists of proposed names and 18 lists of recommended names, each INN was originally published, and gives references to national nonproprietary names, pharmacopoeia monographs, and other sources. In addition, the list contains molecular formulae and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers. For easy reference, national nonproprietary names that differ from INN, molecular formulae, and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers are indexed in a series of annexes. A final annex describes the procedure for selecting recommended INN and outlines the general principles to be followed in devising these names. All the textual material published in this volume appears in both English and French.

These publications may be obtained, direct or through booksellers, from the sales agents listed on the back cover of the WHO Chronicle Orders from countries where sales agents have not yet been appointed may be addressed to World Health Organization, Distribution and Sales Service, 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland

1 See Annex 1, p. 22.

Other lists of proposed international nonproprietary names can be found in Chron. Wld Hlth Org., 1953, 7, 299; 1954, 8, 216, 313; 1956, 10, 28; 1957, 11, 231; 1958, 11, 102; WHO Chronicle, 1959, 13, 105, 152; 1960, 14, 168, 244, 1961, 15, 314; 1962, 16, 385; 1963, 17, 389; 1964, 18, 433; 1965, 19, 446; 1966, 20, 216; 1967, 21, 70, 478; 1968, 22, 112, 407, 1969, 23, 183, 418; 1970, 24,

119, 413; 1971, 25, 123, 415; 1972, 26, 121, 414; 1973, 27, 120, 330, 1974, 28, 133, supplements to WHO Chronicle, 1974, Vol. 28, No. 9; 1975, Vol. 29, No. 3, No. 9; 1976, Vol. 30, No. 9; 1977, Vol. 31, No. 3, No. 9; 1979, Vol. 33, No. 3, No. 9, 1980, Vol. 34, No. 3, No. 9, 1981, Vol. 35, No. 3.

Lists or recommended international nonproprietary names were published

in Chron. Wld Hlth Org., 1955, 9, 185; WHO Chronicle, 1959, 13, 106, 463; 1962, 16, 101; 1965, 19, 165, 206, 249; 1966, 20, 421, 1967, 21, 538; 1968, 22, 463; 1969, 23, 490, 1970, 24, 526; 1971, 25, 476, 1972, 26, 476; 1973, 27, 453; supplements to WHO Chronicle, 1974, Vol. 28, No. 10; 1975, Vol. 29, No. 10; 1976, Vol. 30, No. 10; 1977, Vol. 31, No. 10; 1978, Vol. 31, No. 10; 1978, Vol. 32, No. 10; 1979, Vol. 33, No. 10; 1980, Vol. 34, No. 10.

adrafinilum adrafinil 2-[(diphenylmethyl)sulfinyl]acetohydroxamic acid CısHısNOsS 63547-13-7

altrenogestum altrenogest $\begin{array}{lll} 17\alpha \text{-allyl-17-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one} \\ C_{21}H_{26}O_2 & 850\text{-}52\text{-}2 \end{array}$

$$OH$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$

asocainolum asocainol (+)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-2,12-dimethoxy-7-methyl-6-phenethyl-5H-dibenz[d,f]azonin-1-ol C₂₇H₃₁NO₃ 77400-65-8

avilamycinum avilamycin an antibiotic obtained from cultures of *Streptomyces viridochromogenes*, or the same substance produced by any other means; consists mainly of avilamycin A or 4-C-acetyl-6-deoxy-2,3-O-methylene-0-galactopyranosylidene-(1 \rightarrow 3-4)-2-O-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)- α -L-lyxopyranosyl O-2,6-dideoxy-4-O-(3,5-dichloro-4-hydroxy-2-methoxy-6-methylbenzoyl)- β -D-arabino-hexopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-2,6-dideoxy-3-C-methyl-D-arabino-hexopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)-O-6-deoxy-4-O-methyl- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,6-di-O-methyl- β -D-mannopyranoside CsiHssCl2Os2 11051-71-1

COMPONENT A

MINOR COMPONENTS

bornaprololum bornaprolol 1-(isopropylamino)-3-(*o*-2-*exo*-norbornylphenoxy)-2-propanol C₁₉H₂₈NO₂ 66451-06-7

cadexomerum iodum cadexomer iodine product of reaction of dextrin with epichlorohydrin coupled with ion-exchange groups and iodine

R. - H or - CH₂ - COOH

camostatum camostat p-guanidinobenzoic acid, ester with (p-hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid, ester with N,N--dimethylglycolamide $\textit{or}\ p$ -guanidinobenzoic acid, ester with (dimethylcarbamoyl)methyl (p-hydroxyphenyl)acetate $C_{20}H_{22}N_4O_5$ 59721-28-7

carocainidum carocainide

1-[4,7-dimethoxy-6-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]-5-benzofuranyl]-3-methylurea $C_{18}H_{25}N_3O_5$ 66203-00-7

cetrimidum cetrimide mixture consisting chiefly of tetradecyltrimethylammonium bromide together with smaller amounts of dodecyltrimethylammonium bromide and hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide

ciclosporinum ciclosporin cilobaminum cilobamine cis-2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-(isopropylamino)bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-ol C₁₇H₂₃Cl₂NO 69429-84-1

ciloprostum ciloprost

(E)-(3aS,4R,5R,6aS)-hexahydro-5-hydroxy-4-[(E)-(3S,4RS)-3-hydroxy-4-methyl1-octen-6-ynyl]- $\Delta^{2(1H),\delta}$ -pentalenevaleric acid C₂₂H₃₂O₄ 73873-87-7

cinolazepanum cinolazepam 7-chloro-5- $\{o$ -fluorophenyl $\}$ -2,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy-2-oxo-1H-1,4-benzodiaze-pine-1-propionitrile C₁₈H₁₂CIFN₃O₂ 75696-02-5

conorfonum conorfone

17-{cyclopropylmethyl}-4,5 α -epoxy-8 β -ethyl-3-methoxymorphinan-6-one C₂₈H₂₉NO₃ 72060-05-0

cromitrilum cromitrile (\pm)-p-[2-hydroxy-3-[[4-oxo-2-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-4H-1-benzopyran-5-yl]oxy]propoxy]benzonitrile C $_{\infty}H_{15}N_{5}O_{5}$ 53736-51-9

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

desocriptinum desocriptine

6'-deoxo-9,10 α -dihydro- β -ergocryptine C $_{32}$ H $_{45}$ N $_{5}$ O $_{4}$ 66759-48-6

detomidinum detomidine $\begin{array}{ll} \text{4-}\{2,3\text{-dimethylbenzyl}\}\text{imidazole} \\ \text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2 & 76631\text{-}46\text{-}4 \end{array}$

dexetozolinum dexetozoline (+)-ethyl (Z)-(S)-3-methyl-4-oxo-5-piperidino- $\Delta^{2,\alpha}$ -thiazolidineacetate C13H20N2O3S 77519-25-6

dinazafonum dinazafone

2'-benzoyl-4'-chloro-N-methyl-2-[{2-methylallyl}amino}acetanilide $C_{2\alpha}H_{2\tau}ClN_2O_2$ 71119-12-5

disoprofolum disoprofol 2,6-diisopropylphenol C12H14O 2078-54-8

doxaminolum doxaminol

<u>()</u>

6,11-dihydro-*N*-(2-hydroxy-3-phenoxypropyl)-*N*-methyldibenz[*b,e*]oxepin-11-ethylamine
C₂₈H₂₈NO₃ 55286-56-1

enalaprilum enalapril 1-[N-[(S)-1-carboxy-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline 1'-ethyl ester C₂₀H₂₄N₂O₅ 75847-73-3

enocitabinum enocitabine N-(1- β -D-arabinofuranosyl-1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-4-pyrimidinyl)docosanamide C₃₁HssN₂O₆ 55726-47-1

eptamestrolum eptamestrol 7 α -methyl-19-nor-17 α -pregna-1,3,5(10)-trien-20-yne-1,3,17-triol 1,3-dibenzoate C₃₅H₃₊O₅ 73764-72-4

$$O = C - O$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

etiprostonum etiproston

(Z)-7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(E)-2-[2-(phenoxymethyl)-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]vnyl]cyclopentyl]-5-heptenoic acid C₂₄H₃₂O₇ 59619-81-7

exepanolum exepanol (\pm)-c/s-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-3-(methylamino)-1-benzoxepin-5-ol $C_{11}H_{15}NO_2$ 77416-65-0

fenflumizolum fenflumizole 2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-4,5-bis(ρ -methoxyphenyl)imidazole C₂₃H₁₈F₂N₂O₂ 73445-46-2

neridonum trumeridone 5-chloro-1-[1-[3-(5-fluoro-2-oxo-1-benzimidazolinyl)propyl]-4-piperidyl]-2-benzimidazolinone $C_{22}H_{23}CIFN_5O_2$ 75444-64-3

fluperlapinum fluperlapine - 3-fluoro-6-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)morphanthridine $C_{19}H_{20}FN_3$ 67121-76-0

flurofamidum flurofamide *N*-(diaminophosphinyl)-*p*-fluorobenzamide C₇H₉FN₃O₂P 70788-28-2

fosenazidum fosenazide (diphenylphosphinyl)acetic acid, hydrazide C₁₄H₁₅N₂O₂P 16543-10-5

fosmidomycinum fosmidomycin

 $\begin{array}{ll} [3\text{-}(N\text{-hydroxyformamido})\text{propyl}] \text{phosphonic acid} \\ \text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{NO}_5\text{P} & 66508\text{-}53\text{-}0 \end{array}$

gabapentinum gabapentin

1-(aminomethyl)cyclohexaneacetic acid C₉H₁₇NO₂ 60142-96-3

indeloxazinum indeloxazine (\pm) -2-[(inden-7-yloxy)methyl]morpholine C₁₄H₁₇NO₂ 60929-23-9

ketanserinum ketanserin 3-[2-[4-(p-fluorobenzoyl)piperidino]ethyl]-2,4(1H,3H)-quinazolinedione C₂₂H₂₂FN₃O₃ 74050-98-9

latamoxefum latamoxef N-[(6R,7R)-2-carboxy-7-methoxy-3-[[(1-methyl-1<math>H-tetrazol-5-yl)thio]-methyl]-8-oxo-5-oxa-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-en-7-yl]-2-(p-hydroxyphenyl)malonamic acid $C_{20}H_{20}N_8O_9S$ 64952-97-2

leflunomidum ~~{unomide α,α,α -trifluoro-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarboxy-p-toluidide $C_{12}H_0F_3N_2O_2$ 75706-12-6

lobenzaritum lobenzarit -4-chloro-2,2'-iminodibenzoic acid C₁₄H₁₀CINO₄ 63329-53-3

talaminum Tortalamine (4aR,10R,10aR)-8-chloro-1,2,3,4,10,10a-hexahydro-2-methyl-4a,10-(iminoethano)-4aH-[1]benzopyrano[3,2-c]pyridin-12-one C₁₈H₁₇ClN₂O₂ 76612-20-9

loxanastum loxanast cis-4-isohexyl-1-methylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid $C_{14}H_{20}O_2$ 69915-62-4

ambuterolum ambuterol

4-amino- α -[(tert-butylamino)methyl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl alcohol C13H10ClF3N2O 56341-08-3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{F}_3\text{C}\\ \text{H}_2\text{N} & \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3\\ \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \overset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}\\ \overset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{CH}_3} \end{array}$$

malathionum malathion diethyl mercaptosuccinate S-ester with O₂O-dimethyl phosphorodithioate C₁₀H₁₉O₅PS₂ 121-75-5

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathbf{H_{3}CO} & & & & \\ \mathbf{H_{3}CO} & & & & \\ \mathbf{H_{3}CO} & & & \\ \mathbf{I} & & & \\ \mathbf{S} & & & \\ \mathbf{CH_{2}} & -\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{OC_{2}H_{5}} \\ \mathbf{I} & & & \\ \mathbf{O} & & & \\ \end{array}$$

);

11

mizoribinum mizoribine 5-hydroxy-1-β-p-ribofuranosylimidazole-4-carboxamide C₈H₁₉N₃O₆ 50924-49-7

murocainidum murocainide 1-[4,7-dimethoxy-6-{2-piperidinoethoxy}-5-benzofuranyl]-3-methylurea Cı∍H₂≀N₃O₅ 66203-94-9

N - CH₂ - CH₂ - 0 OCH₃

napactadinum napactadine N,N'-dimethyl-2-naphthaleneacetamidine C14H1sN2 76631-45-3

nicainoprolum nicainoprol

(±)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-8-[2-hydroxy-3-(isopropylamino)propoxy]-1-nicotinoylquinoline C21H27N3O3

76252-06-7

nitrefazolum nitrefazole

2-methyl-4-nitro-1-(p-nitrophenyl)imidazole C10HaN4Q4 21721-92-6

norfloxacinum norfloxacin

1-ethyl-6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-7-(1-piperazinyl)-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid C16H18FN3O3 70458-96-7

meprazolum)eprazole

5-methoxy-2-[[(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]benzimidazole $C_{17}H_{19}N_2O_3S$ 73590-58-6

pafenololum pafenolol

 (\pm) -1-[p-[2-hydroxy-3-(isopropylamino)propoxy]phenethyl]-3-isopropylurea C1#H31N3O3 75949-41-0

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \text{O-CH}_2 - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \text{CH} \\ \text{CH}_3 \\ \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \text{C} - \text{NH} - \text{CH} \\ \\ \text{CH}_3 \\ \end{array}$$

picoprazolum picoprazole methyl 6-methyl-2-[[(3-methyl-2-pyridyl)methyl]sulfinyl]-5-benzimidazolecarboxylate $C_{17}H_{17}N_3O_3S$ 78090-11-6

pimobendanum pimobendan

,

4.5-dihydro-6-[2-(p-methoxyphenyl)-5-benzimidazolyl]-5-methyl-3(2H)-pyrida $_{\rm c}$? 74150-27-9

pinacidılum pinacidil (\pm)-2-cyano-1-(4-pyridyl)-3-(1,2,2-trimethylpropyl)guanidine C₁₃H₁₉Ns 60560-33-0

pinafidum pinafide 3-nitro-N-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethyl]naphthalimide C₁₀H₁₇N₃O₄ 54824-20-3

pirenperonum pirenperone 3-[2-[4-(p-fluorobenzoyl)piperidino]ethyl]-2-methyl-4H-pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one C₂₃H₂₄FN₃O₂ 75444-65-4

miracetamum miracetam N-[2-(diisopropylamino)ethyl]-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidineacetamide $C_{14}H_{27}N_3O_2$ 68497-62-1

probicromilum probicromil 4,6-dioxo-10-propyl-4*H*,6*H*-benzo[1,2-*b*:5,4-*b'*]dipyran-2,8-dicarboxylic acid C₁₇H₁₂O₄ 58805-38-2

promelasum promelase

Aspergillus melleus semi-alkaline proteinase

propentofyllinum propentofylline 3-methyl-1-(5-oxohexyl)-7-propylxanthine : C₁₅H₂₂N₄O₃ 55242-55-2

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ C - (CH_2) \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} O \\ \downarrow \\ N \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} CH_1 - CH_2 - CH_3 \\ N \\ N \\ \\ CH_2 \end{array}$$

ricainidum ricainide 9-[3-(isopropylamino)propyl]fluorene-9-carboxamide C₂₀H₂₄N₂O 74517-78-5

ridaflonum ridaflone 4-phenyl-2-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethyl]-6-(α , α , α -trifluoro-m-tolyl)-3(2H)-pyridazinone C₂₃H₂₂F₃N₃O 23419-43-4

F₃C N N CH₂ - CH₂ - N

spirendololum spirendolol (\pm) -4'-[3-{tert-butylamino}-2-hydroxypropoxy]spiro[cyclohexane-1,2'-indan]-1'-one $C_{21}H_{31}NO_3$ 65429-87-0

sulfaquinoxalınum sulfaquinoxaline N¹-2-quinoxalinylsulfanilamide C₁4H₁2N4O₂S 59-40-5

suprocionum suprocione 4-propionyl-1-piperazinecarboxylic acid, ester with (\pm)-6-(7-chloro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-7-hydroxy-5H-p-dithiino[2,3-c]pyrrol-5-one C₂₂H₂₂ClN₅O₄S₂ 77590-92-2

netacinum talmetacin (\pm)-1-(p-chlorobenzoyl)-5-methoxy-2-methylindole-3-acetic acid, ester with 3-hydroxyphthalide C₂₇H₂₉ClNOs 67489-39-8

tametralinum tametraline (1R.4S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-methyl-4-phenyl-1-naphthylamine $C_{17}H_{19}N$ 52795-02-5

tefenperatum tefenperate 2-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidino)ethyl o-chłoro- α -(o-chlorobenzyl)- α -hydroxy-hydrocinnamate acetate (ester) C₂₉H₃₇Cl₂NO₄ 77342-26-8

$$CH_{2} = CH_{2} - CH_{3}$$

$$CH_{3} = CH_{3} - CH_{3}$$

temocillinum temocillin $N\text{-}[\{2S,5R,6S\}\text{-}2\text{-}carboxy\text{-}6\text{-}methoxy\text{-}3,3\text{-}dimethyl\text{-}7\text{-}oxo\text{-}4\text{-}thia\text{-}1\text{-}azabicyclo}[3.2.0]hept\text{-}6\text{-}yl]\text{-}3\text{-}thiophenemalonamic acid} $C_{16}H_{18}N_2O_7S_2$ 66148-78-5$

terlipressinum terlipressin

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textit{N-[N-[N-glycylglycyl]glycyl]-8-L-lysinevasopressin} \\ \textit{C}_{52}\textit{H}_{74}\textit{N}_{16}\textit{O}_{75}\textit{S}_{2} & 14636-12-5 \end{array}$

Gly-Gly-Gly-Cys-Tyr-Phe-Gln-Asn-Cys-Pro-Lys-Gly-NH₂

tonazocinum tonazocine (\mathfrak{F})

tranilastum tranilast

N-(3,4-dimethoxycinnamoyl)anthranilic acid C1aH17NOs 53902-12-8

triciribinum triciribine 3-amino-1,5-dihydro-5-methyl-1- β -D-ribofuranosyl-1,4,5,6,8-pentaazaacenaphthylene

C13H16NeO4 35943-35-2

trimetrexatum trimetrexate 2,4-diamino-5-methyl-6-[(3,4,5-trimethoxyanilino)methyl]quinazoline $C_{19}H_{29}N_5O_3$ 52128-35-5

trimexilinum trimexiline

1)

(\pm)-2,4,6-trimethyl-N-(1-methylhexyl)benzylamine $C_{17}H_{29}N$ 58757-61-2

vecuronii bromidum vecuronium bromide 1- $(3\alpha,17\beta$ -dihydroxy- 2β -piperidino- 5α -androstan- 16β -yl)-1-methylpiperidinium bromide diacetate (ester) C₃₄H₅₇BrN₂O₄ 50700-72-6

vinzolidinum vinzolidine

methyl (3R,5S,7R,9S)-9-[3'-(2-chloroethyl)-6,7-didehydro- 4β -hydroxy-16-methoxy-1-methyl-2',4'-dioxo- 2β ,3 β ,5 α ,12 β ,19 α -spiro[aspidospermidine-3,5'-oxazolidin]-15-yl]-5-ethyl-1,4,5,6,7,8,9,10-octahydro-5-hydroxy-2H-3,7-methanoazacycloundecino[5,4-b]indole-9-carboxylate 4'-acetate (ester) C4 α HsaClNsOs 67699-40-5

viqualinum viqualine 6-methoxy-4-[3-[(3R,4R)-3-vinyl-4-piperidyl]propyl]quinoline C₂₀H₂₆N₂O 72714-74-0

$$H_3CO$$
 $CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2$
 H
 $CH = CH_2$

zaprinastum zaprinast 3,6-dihydro-5-(o-propoxyphenyl)-7H-v-triazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidin-7-one . $C_{13}H_{13}N_5O_2$ 37762-06-4

Names for Radicals and Groups

Some substances for which a proposed international nonproprietary name has been established may be used in the form of salts or esters. The radicals or groups involved may be of com-

plex composition and it is then inconvenient to refer to them in systematic chemical nomenclature. Consequently, shorter nonproprietary names for some radicals and groups have been

devised or selected, and they are suggested for use with the proposed international non-proprietary names.

troxundate

[2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethoxy]acetate

 ${\rm CH_1-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-COO^-}$

AMENDMENTS TO PREVIOUS LISTS

Supplement to Vol. 31, No. 3

International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 37

 p. 14 procaterolum procaterol Preceed chemical name by (\pm) -erythro- and replace CAS reg. no. by 72332-33-3

Supplement to Vol. 33, No. 9

International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 42

p. 19 delete

insert

metuclazepamum metuclazepam

metaclazepamum metaclazepam

Supplement to Vol. 34, No. 3

International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 43

p. 15 somatostatinum somatostatin

Replace graphic formula by the following:

Ala-Gly-Cys-Lys-Asn-Phe-Pha-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Cys

Supplement to Vol. 34, No. 9

International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 44

p. 14 delete

insert

iprazonum iprazone isoprazonum isoprazone

Supplement to Vol. 35, No. 3

Ernational Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 45

p. 13 delete

insert

tiofacicum tiofacic

steproninum stepronin

Annex 1

PROCEDURE FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMMENDED INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES *

The following procedure shall be followed by the World Health Organization in the selection of recommended international nonproprietary names for pharmaceutical substances, in accordance with the World Health Assembly resolution WHA3.11:

- Proposals for recommended international nonproprietary names shall be submitted to the World Health Organization on the form provided therefor.
- 2. Such proposals shall be submitted by the Director-General of the World Health Organization to the members of the Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia Pharmaceutical Preparations designated for this purpose, for consideration in accordance with the "General principles for guidance in devising International Nonproprietary Names' appended to this procedure. The name used by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical substance shall be accepted, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary.
- Subsequent to the examination provided for in article 2, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice that a proposed international nonproprietary name is being considered.
- A. Such notice shall be given by publication in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization and by letter to Member States and to national pharmacopoeia commissions or other bodies designated by Member States
 - (i) Notice may also be sent to specific persons known to be concerned with a name under consideration.

- B. Such notice shall:
- (i) set forth the name under consideration;
- (ii) identify the person who submitted a proposal for naming the substance, if so requested by such person;
- (iii) identify the substance for which a name is being considered;
- (iv) set forth the time within which comments and objections will be received and the person and place to whom they should be directed;
- (v) state the authority under which the World Health Organization is acting and refer to these rules of procedure.
- C. In forwarding the notice, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the proposed name during the period it is under consideration by the World Health Organization.
- 4. Comments on the proposed name may be forwarded by any person to the World Health Organization within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.¹
- 5. A formal objection to a proposed name may be filed by any interested person within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.¹
 - A. Such objection shall:
 - (i) identify the person objecting;
 - (ii) state his interest in the name,
 - (iii) set forth the reasons for his objection to the name proposed.

- 6. Where there is a formal objection under article 5, the World Health Organization may either reconsider the proposed name or use its good offices to attempt to obtain withdrawal of the objection. Without prejudice to the consideration by the World Health Organization of a substitute name or names, a name shall not be selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international nonproprietary name while there exists a formal objection thereto filed under article 5 which has not been withdrawn
- 7. Where no objection has been filed under article 5, or all objections previously filed have been withdrawn, Director-General of the World He. Organization shall give notice in accordance with subsection A of article 3 that the name has been selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international nonproprietary name.
- 8. In forwarding a recommended international nonproprietary name to Member States under article 7, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall:
- A. request that it be recognized as the nonproprietary name for the substance; and
- B. request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the name, including prohibiting registration of the name as a trade-mark or trade-name.
- " Text adopted by the Executive Board of WHO in resolution EB15 R7 (Off Rec Wid Hith Om. 1955, 60, 3) and amended by the Board in retion EB43 R9 (Off Rec Wid Hith Org., 1969).
- ¹The title of this publication was changed to WHO Chronicle in January 1959

GENERAL PRINCIPLES FOR GUIDANCE IN DEVISING INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES

- International Nonproprietary Names (INN) should be distinctive in sound and spelling. They should not be inconveniently long and should not be lable to confusion with names in common use.
- 2 The INN for a substance belonging to a group of pharmacologically related substances should, where appropriate, show this relationship. Names that are likely to convey to a patient an anatomical, physiological,

pathological or therapeutic suggestion should be avoided.

These primary principles are to be implemented by using the following secondary principles

- In devising the INN of the first substance in a new pharmacological group, consideration should be given to the possibility of devising suitable INN for related substances, belonging to the new group.
- 4. In devising INN for acids, one-word names are preferred; their salts should be named without modifying the acid name, e.g. "oxacillin" and "oxacillin sodium", "ibufenac" and "ibufenac sodium".
- 5. INN for substances which are used as salts should in general apply to the active base or the active acid. Names for different salts or esters of the same active substance should differ

only in respect of the name of the inactive acid or the inactive base.

For quaternary ammonium substances, the cation and anion should be named appropriately as separate components of a quaternary substance and not in the amine-salt style.

- The use of an isolated letter or number should be avoided; hyphenated construction is also undesirable.
- 7. To facilitate the translation and pronunciation of INN, "f" should be

used instead of "ph", "t" instead of "th", "e" instead of "ae" or "oe", and "i" instead of "y"; the use of the letters "h" and "k" should be avoided.

8. Provided that the names suggested are in accordance with these principles, names proposed by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation, or names already officially in use in any country, should receive preferential consideration. 9. Group relationship in INN (see Guiding Principle 2) should if possible be shown by using a stem from the following list. The stem should only be used for substances of the appropriate group. Where a stem is shown without any hyphens it may be used anywhere in the name

Subsidiary group relationships should be shown by devising INN which show similarities to and are analogous with a previously named substance.

-actidum -a andr -a andr -a -arolum -a -azepamum -b -bol -bol -uainum -c -cefce -cillinum -c -cyclinum -c -cyclinum -f -forminum -f gest ge gh- io -ium -iu -metacinum -n -nidazolum -n -onidum -o -oridum -o -oridum -o -orexum -p -profenum -p -profenum -p -relinum -re sulfat -tizidum -t -tizidum -t -tizidum -t -are	arol azepam ol ozepam ol ozepam ol ozepam ol ozepam ozet- cef- cillin ort oycline str obrate ormin est i um netacin nycin oidazole olol orex oramine orex oramine oret orst eliin olifia- oerol olifia- oerol ozide	sulfa- -térol -tizide	synthetic polypeptides with a corticotrophin-like action steroids, androgens anticoagulants of the dicoumarol group substances of the diazepam group steroids, anabolic anti-inflammatory analgesics of the phenylbutazone group local anaesthetics antibiotics, derivatives of cefalosporanic acid antibiotics, derivatives of 6-aminopenicillanic acid corticosteroids, except those of the prednisolone group antibiotics of the tetracycline group estrogenic substances substances of the clofibrate group hypoglycemics of the phenformin group steroids, progestogens sulfonamide hypoglycemics iodine-containing contrast media quaternary ammonium compounds anti-inflammatory substances of the indometacin group antibiotics, produced by <i>Streptomyces</i> strains antiprotozoal substances of the metronidazole group β-adrenergic blocking agents of the propranolol group steroids for topical use, containing an acetal group anorexigenic agents, phenethylamine derivates substances of the imipramine group anti-inflammatory substances of the ibuprofen group prostaglandins hypophyseal hormone release-stimulating peptides sulfonamides, anti-infective bronchodilators, phenethylamine derivates diuretics of the chlorothiazide group spasmolytics with a papaverine-like action
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Annex 2 NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES: TWENTIETH REPORT OF THE WHO EXPERT COMMITTEE

In its twentieth report¹ the WHO Expert Committee on Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances reviewed the general principles for devising, and the procedures for selecting, international nonproprietary names (INN) in the light of developments in pharmaceutical compounds in recent years. The most significant recent change has been the extension to the naming of synthetic chemical substances of the practice previously used for substances originating in or derived from

natural products. This practice involves employing a characteristic "stem" indicative of a common property of the members of a group. The reasons for, and the implications of, the change are fully discussed. Also reported is the intention to change the practice with regard to the nomenclature of individual members of polymeric series.

Other sections of the report concern instructions to be followed by bodies making application for international nonproprietary names, the availability of computer-printed cumulative lists of international nonproprietary names, information supplied by WHO Member States concerning their official use of national or international names for pharmaceutical products, and proposals relative to the withdrawal of international non-proprietary names allocated to substances that are no longer in use.

The official texts relating to the procedures for selecting, and general guidance for devising, international nonproprietary names are reproduced

in two annexes to the report. Other annexes give examples of international nonproprietary names that incorporate selected stems, the most frequently used initial groups of letters in international nonproprietary

names, a historical review of the programme of selecting international nonproprietary names, some useful literature references, and a model of the form to be used in all applications for international nonproprietary names ¹ WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 9241205814 Price: Sw. tr. 6 —