Supplement to WHO Chronicle, 1984 Vol. 38, No. 2 (April)

# International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances

In accordance with article 3 of the Procedure for the Selection of Recommended International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances, 1 notice is hereby given that the following names are under consideration by the World Health Organiza-3 as Proposed International Nonproprietary Names. Comments on, or formal objections to, the proposed names may be forwarded by any person to the Pharmaceuticals unit of the World Health Organization within four months of the date of their publication in the WHO Chronicle, e.g., for List 51 Prop. INN not later than 31 August 1984.

The inclusion of a name in the lists of proposed international nonproprietary names does not imply any recommendation for the use of the substance in medicine or pharmacy.

# Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 512

Proposed International Nonproprietary Name (Latin, English) Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number

acidum acetohydroxamicum acetohydroxamic acid

acetohydroxamic acid C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> 546-88-3

Comprehensive information on the INN programme can be found in: WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Twenlieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92.4 120581.4 (price: Sw. fr. 6.—), an account of this publication will be found on page 21 of this Supplement (Annex 2). All names from Lists 1–47 of Proposed International Nonproprietary Names, together with a molecular formula index, will be found in: International Nonproprietary Names (INN) for Pharmaceutical Substances Cumulative List No. 6, 1982, World Health Organization, Geneva (ISBN 92.4 056013.0) (price Sw. fr. 55.—) This publication consists, in the main, of a computer printout which groups together all the proposed and recommended international nonproprietary names (INN)—in Latin, English, French, Russian, and Spanish—published up to April 1982. The printout also indicates in which of the 47 individual lists of proposed names and 21 lists of recommended names each INN was originally published, and gives references to national nonproprietary names, pharmacopoeia monographs, and other sources. In addition, the list contains molecular formulae and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers. For easy reference, national nonproprietary names that differ from INN, molecular formulae, and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers are indexed in a series of annexes. A final annex describes the procedure for selecting recommended INN and outlines the general principles to be followed in devising these names. All the textual material published in this volume appears in both English and French

These publications may be obtained, direct or through booksellers, from the sales agents listed on the back cover of the WHO Chronicle. Orders from countries where sales agents have not yet been appointed may be addressed to: World Health Organization, Distribution and Sales Service, 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland

<sup>1</sup> See Annex 1, p 19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Other lists of proposed and recommended international nonproprietary names can be found in Cumulative List No. 6, 1982.

acifranum acifran ( $\pm$ )-4,5-dihydro-5-methyl-4-oxo-5-phenyl-2-furoic acid  $C_{12}H_{10}O_4$  72420-38-3

acrivastinum acrivastine

(E)-6-[(E)-3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-p-tolylpropenyl]-2-pyridineacrylic acid  $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_2$  87848-99-5

ademetioninum ademetionine

(S)-5'-[(3-amino-3-carboxypropyl)methylsulfonio]-5'-deoxyadenosine hydroxide, inner salt  $C_{18}H_{22}N_{\rm e}O_{\rm s}S$  29908-03-0

aganodinum aganodine

(4.7-dichloro-2-isoindolinyl)guanidine  $C_8H_{10}CI_2N_4$  86696-87-9

amifloxacinum amifloxacin 6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-1-(methylamino)-7-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-4-oxo-3-quinolinecarboxylıc acid  $C_{16}H_{19}FN_4O_3$  86393-37-5

#### bioresmethrinum bioresmethrin

(5-benzyl-3-furyl)methyl (+)-trans-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate  $C_{22}H_{24}O_3$  28434-01-7

#### ) barperonum biriperone

 $(\pm)$ -4′-fluoro-4-(3,4,6,7,12,12a-hexahydropyrazino[1′,2′.1,6]pyrido[3,4-b]indol-2(1/f)-yl)butyrophenone  $C_{z_4}H_{z_5}FN_3O$  41510-23-0

$$\mathsf{F} = \bigcup_{\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{CH}_2-\mathsf{CH}_2-\mathsf{CH}_2}^{\mathsf{D}} \bigvee_{\mathsf{H}}^{\mathsf{H}} \bigvee_{\mathsf{H}}^{\mathsf{H}}$$

#### bromerguridum bromerguride

3-(2-bromo-9,10-didehydro-6-methylergolin-8a-yl)-1,1-diethylurea  $C_{zo}H_{zs}BrN_{a}O$  83455-48-5

$$\begin{array}{c|c} HN & HN \\ RI & CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

## broxaterolum broxaterol

(±)-3-bromo-a-[(tert-butylamino)methyl]-5-isoxazolemethanol  $C_9H_{15}BrN_2O_2$  76596-57-1

## buparvaquonum buparvaquone

2-[(4-tert-butylcyclohexyl)methyl]-3-hydroxy-1,4-naphthoquinone  $C_{z_1}H_{z_2}O_3$  88426-33-9

butanserinum butanserin 3-[4-[4-(p-fluorobenzoyl)piperidino]butyl]-2,4(1H,3H)quinazolinedione  $C_{zz}H_{zz}FN_{z}O_{3}$  87051-46-5

carumonamum carumonam (Z)-[[[(2-amino-4-thiazolyl)[[(2S,3S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-4-oxo-1-sulfo-3-azetidinyl]carbamoyl]methylene]amino]oxy]acetic acid, carbamate (ester)  $C_{12}H_{14}N_6O_{10}S_2$  87638-04-8

}

cetirizinum cetirizine ( $\pm$ )-[2-[4-(p-chloro-a-phenylbenzyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethoxy]acetic acid C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 83881-51-0

cimetropii bromidum cimetropium bromide

8-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6 $\beta$ ,7 $\beta$ -epoxy-3a-hydroxy-1aн,5aн-tropanium bromide, (—)-(S)-tropate  $C_{21}$ Н $_{28}$ BrNO $_4$  51598-60-8

ciprostenum ciprostene (Z)-(3aS,5R,6R,6aR)-hexahydro-5-hydroxy-6-[(E)-(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-octeny!]-3a-methyl- $\Delta^{2(1H),\delta}$ -pentalenevaleric acid C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>4</sub> 81845-44-5

climazolamum climazolam 8-chloro-6-(o-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-4H-imidazo[1,5-a][1,4]benzodiazepine  $C_{16}H_{13}Cl_2N_3$  59467-77-5

colistimethatum natricum colistimethate sodium

an antibiotic obtained from colistin sulfate by sulfomethylation with formaldehyde and sodium bisulfite 8068-28-8

dazmegrelum dazmegrel 3-(Imidazol-1-ylmethyl)-2-methylindole-1-propionic acid  $C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_2$  76894-77-4

deloxolonum deloxolone

')

 $3\beta$ -hydroxyolean-9(11)-en-30-oic acid, hydrogen succinate  $C_{34}H_{32}O_{4}$  68635-50-7

dezaguaninum dezaguanine 6-amino-1,5-dihydro-4H-ımidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-4-one  $C_eH_eN_4O$  41729-52-6

dibrospidii chloridum dibrospidium chloride 3,12-bis(3-bromopropionyl)-3,12-diaza-6,9-diazoniadispiro[5.2.5.2]hexadecane dichloride  $C_{18}H_{32}Br_2Cl_2N_4O_2$  86641-76-1

diproteverinum diproteverine 1-(3,4-diethoxybenzyl)-3,4-dihydro-6,7-diisopropoxyisoquinoline  $C_{2e}H_{3s}NO_4$  69373-95-1

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{OC_2H_s} \\ \operatorname{OC_2H_s} \\ \operatorname{OC_2H_s} \\ \operatorname{(H_3C)_2HCO} \\ \operatorname{(H_3C)_2HCO} \\ \end{array}$$

divabuterolum divabuterol

(±)-5-[2-(tert-butylamino)-1-hydroxyethyl]-m-phenylene dipivalate  $\rm C_{22}H_{38}NO_5$  54592-27-7

dronabinolum dronabinol

(6aR, 10aR)-6a, 7, 8, 10a-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b, d]pyran-1-ol  $C_{21}H_{30}O_2$  1972-08-3

ebselenum ebselen 2-phenyl-1,2-benzisoselenazolin-3-one  $C_{13}H_{\bullet}NOSe$  60940-34-3

eldexomerum eldexomer product of etherification of hydrolysed starch with epichlorhydrin in the presence of excess alkali

epostanum epostane 4a,5-epoxy-3,17 $\beta$ -dihydroxy-4,17-dimethyl-5a-androst-2-ene-2-carbonitrile  $C_{22}H_{31}NO_3$  80471-63-2

etazepinum etazepine (±)-11-ethoxy-5,11-dihydro-5-methyl-6H-dibenz[b,e]azepin-6-one  $C_{17}H_{17}NO_2$  88124-27-0

etretinum etretin (all-E)-9-(4-methoxy-2,3,6-trimethylphenyl)-3,7-dimethyl-2,4,6,8-nonatetraenoic acid  $C_{21}H_{24}O_3$  55079-83-9

fenoldopamum fenoldopam 6-chloro-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-1H-3-benzazepine-7,8-diol  $C_{16}H_{16}CINO_3$  67227-56-9

fenretinidum fenretinide all-trans-4'-hydroxyretinanilide C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> 65646-68-6

fepradinolum fepradinol ( $\pm$ )-a-[[(2-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl)amıno]methyl]benzyl alcohol C<sub>12</sub>H, $_{18}$ NO $_z$  63075–47-8

flurithromycinum flurithromycin

(8S)-8-fluoroerythromycin  $C_{37}H_{44}FNO_{13}$  82664-20-8

fostedilum fostedil  $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{diethyl ($p$-$2$-benzothiazolylbenzyl)} \mbox{phosphonate} \\ \mbox{C}_{10}\mbox{H}_{20}\mbox{NO}_{3}\mbox{PS} & 75889\text{-}62\text{-}2 \end{array}$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{OC}_2H_s \\ \mid \\ P-\operatorname{OC}_2H_s \\ \mid \\ 0 \end{array}$$

frabuprofenum frabuprofen 2-[4-(a,a,a-trifluoro-m-tolyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl ( $\pm$ )-p-isobutylhydratropate  $C_{28}H_{33}F_3N_2O_2$  86696-88-0

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{H_3C} \\ \mathsf{H_3C} \\ \mathsf{CH} - \mathsf{CH_2} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CH_3} \\ \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{CH} - \mathsf{C} \\ \mathsf{C} - \mathsf{O} - \mathsf{CH_2} \\ \mathsf{CH_2} \\ \mathsf{N} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CF_3} \\ \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{N} \end{array}$$

glunicatum glunicate 2-deoxy-2-nicotinamido- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose 1,3,4,6-tetranicotinate  $C_{30}H_{2a}N_sO_{10}$  80763-86-6

imidazoli salicylas imidazole salicylate salicyclic acid, compound with imidazole (1.1)  $C_{10}H_{10}N_2O_3$  36364-49-5

iofetaminum (123|) iofetamine (123|)  $(\pm)$ -p-iodo-123/-N-isopropyl- $\alpha$ -methylphenethylamine  $C_{12}H_{18}^{-123}|N$  75917-92-9

$$^{123}\,\mathrm{I} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} - \mathrm{NH} - \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{CH}_3)_2$$

ipramidilum ipramidil N,N-diisopropyl-3,4-furazandicarboxamide 2-oxide  $\textit{C}_{10}\textit{H}_{15}\textit{N}_{4}\textit{O}_{4}$  83656-38-6

iproplatinum iproplatin

ab-dichloro-ce-dihydroxy-df-bis(isopropylamine)platinum  $C_sH_{2o}Cl_2N_2O_2Pt$  62928-11-4

$$\begin{array}{c} ({\rm H_3C)_2CH-NH_2} & \stackrel{\rm OH}{\longrightarrow} {\rm CI} \\ {\rm IH_3C)_2CH-NH_2} & \stackrel{\rm Pt}{\longrightarrow} {\rm CI} \\ \end{array}$$

ketorolacum ketorolac ( $\pm$ )-5-benzoyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrolizine-1-carboxylic acid  $C_{13}H_{13}NO_3$  74103-06-3

losulazinum losulazine 1-[(p-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl}-4-[p-[(7-(trifluoromethyl)-4-quinolyl]amıno]benzoyl]piperazine  $C_{27}H_{22}F_4N_4O_3S$  72141-57-2

lutrelinum lutrelin 5-oxo-L-prolyl-L-histidyl-L-tryptophyl-L-seryl-L-tyrosyl-p-tryptophyl-N-methyl-L-arginyl-N-ethyl-L-prolinamide  $C_{05}H_{05}N_{17}O_{12}$  66866-63-5

mafosfamidum mafosfamide  $(\pm)$ -2-[[2-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]tetrahydro-2*H*-1,3,2-oxazaphosphorin-4- yl]thio]ethanesulfonic acid *P-cis*-oxide  $C_0H_1$ , $Cl_2N_2O_3PS_2$  88859-04-5

mecetronii etilsulfas mecetronium etilsulfate

ethylhexadecyldimethylammonium ethyl sulfate C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>48</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S 3006-10-8

$$H_3C - (CH_2)_{15} - N^{+}_{1} CH_2 - CH_3$$
,  $H_3C - CH_2 - O + SO_2 - O^{-}_{1}$ 

menogarilum menogaril

 $(2R^*,3S^*,4R^*,5R^*,6R^*,11R^*,13R^*)$ -4-(dimethylamino)-3,4,5,6,11,12,13,14-octahydro-3,5,8,10,13-pentahydroxy-11-methoxy-6,13-dimethyl-2,6-epoxy-2*H*-naphthaceno[1,2-*b*]oxocin-9,16-dione  $C_{28}H_{31}NO_{10}$  71628-96-1

mespirenonum mespirenone

15a,16a-dihydro-17-hydroxy-7a-mercapto-3-oxo-3'H-cyclopropa[15,16]-17a-pregna-1,4,15-triene-21-carboxylic acid,  $\gamma$ -lactone, acetate C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 87952-98-5

mipimazolum mipimazole 1-isopropyl-2-imidazolidinethione C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>S 20406-60-4

mitozolomidum mitozolomide

3-(2-chloroethyl)-3,4-dihydro-4-oxoimidazo[5,1-d]-as-tetrazıne-8-carboxamide  $\rm C_7H_7CIN_{\bullet}O_2$  85622-95-3

nocloprostum nocloprost (Z)-7-[(1R,2R,3R,5R)-5-chloro-3-hydroxy-2-[(E)-(3R)-3-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-1-octenyl]cyclopentyl]-5-heptenoic acid  $C_{22}H_{37}CIO_4$  79360-43-3

otimeratum natricum otimerate sodium

ethyl(hydrogen 2-mercapto-5-benzoxazolecarboxylato)mercury, sodium salt  $C_{10}H_{\bullet}HgNNaO_{3}S$  16509-11-8

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

artamidum artamide

( $\pm$ )-tetrahydro-*N*-methyl-2-(2-pyridyl)thio-2-thiophenecarboxamide  $C_{11}H_{14}N_2S_2$  76732-75-7

piriprostum piriprost (4R,5R)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-4-[(E)-(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-octenyi]-1-phenylcyclopenta[b]pyrrole-2-valeric acid  $\rm C_{2a}H_{3o}NO_4$  79672-88-1

ramifenazonum ramifenazone

4-(isopropylamino)-2,3-dimethyl-1-phenyl-3-pyrazolin-5-one  $C_{14}H_{19}N_3O$  3615-24-5

revenastum revenast

2,3-diphenyl-1-[3-[4-(2-pyridyl)-1-piperazinyl]propyl]-3-pyrazolın-5-one  $\rm C_{27}H_{29}N_sO$  85673-87-6

ridazololum ridazolol

 $(\pm)$ -4-chloro-5-[[2-[[3-(o-chlorophenoxy)-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]-ethyl]amino]-3(2H)-pyridazinone  $C_{10}H_{10}Cl_2N_4O_3$  83395-21-5

riodipinum riodipine dimethyl 4-[o-(diffuoromethoxy)phenyl]-1,4-dihydro-2,6-dimethyl-3,5-pyridinedicarboxylate  $C_{1a}H_{1p}F_2NO_5$  71653-63-9

ristianolum ristianol

2-[(4-pyridylmethyl)thio]ethanol C<sub>e</sub>H<sub>1</sub>,NOS 78092-65-6

ritanserinum ritanserin 6-[2-[4-[bis(p-fluorophenyl)methylene]piperidino]ethyl]-7-methyl-5H-thiazolo[3,2-a]pyrimidin-5-one  $C_{27}H_{25}F_2N_3OS$  87051-43-2

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ C \\ C \\ N - CH_2 - CH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

ronipamilum ronipamil (±)-2-[3-(methylphenethylamino)propyl]-2-phenyltetradecanenitrile  $C_{32}H_{48}N_2 \\ 85247-77-4$ 

setoperonum setoperone 6-[2-[4-(p-fluorobenzoyl)piperidino]ethyl]-2,3-dihydro-7-methyl-5H-thiazolo[3,2-a]pyrimidin-5-one  $C_{21}H_{24}FN_3O_2S$  86487-64-1

somantadinum somantadine

 $a,\alpha$ -dimethyl-1-adamantaneethylamine  $C_{14}H_{25}N$  79594-24-4

taltibridum taltibride

2-chloro-N,N-dimethyl-5-[3-methyl-2-(phenylimino)-4-thiazolin-4-yl]benzenesulfonamide  $C_{10}H_{10}CIN_3O_2S_2$  77989-60-7

tazasubratum tazasubrate  $(\pm)$ -a-[(6-ethoxy-2-benzothiazolyl)thio]hydratropic acid  $C_{1a}H_{17}NO_3S_2$  79071-15-1

tenilsetamum tenilsetam

 $(\pm)$ -3-(2-thienyl)-2-piperazinone C.H., N.OS 86696-86-8

7696-12-0

tetramethrinum tetramethrin

2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, ester with N-(hydroxymethyl)-1-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide or 1-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximidomethyl 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylpropenyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate C19H25NO4

tilsuprostum tilsuprost

methyl ( $\pm$ )-4-[[(3a $R^*$ ,4 $R^*$ ,5 $R^*$ ,6a $S^*$ )-3,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydro-5-hydroxy-4-[(E)-(3 $S^*$ )-3-hydroxy-1-octenyl]cyclopenta[b]pyrrol-2-yl]thio]butyrate C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S 80225-28-1

timobesonum timobesone

S-methyl 9-fluoro-11 $\beta$ ,17-dihydroxy-16 $\beta$ -methyl-3-oxoandrosta-1,4-diene-17 $\beta$ carbothioate C22H29FO4S 87116-72-1

tolrestatum tolrestat

N-[6-methoxythio-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1-naphthoyl]sarcosine C14H14F3NO3S 82964-04-3

tolufazepamum tolufazepam 7-chloro-5-( $\rho$ -chlorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-1-[2-( $\rho$ -tolylsulfonyl)ethyl]-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one  $C_{24}H_{20}Cl_2N_2O_3S$  86273-92-9

transcainidum transcainide

...

(  $\pm$  )-trans-4-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-hydroxycyclohexyl)-2′,6′-isonipecotoxylidide  $\rm C_{22}H_{35}N_3O_2$  88296-62-2

trazolopridum trazolopride N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)-6-methoxy-1H-benzotriazole-5-carboxamide  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5O_2$  86365-92-6

valdetamidum valdetamide 2,2-diethyl-4-pentenamide C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO 512-48-1

$$\begin{aligned} H_{3}C - CH_{3} & O \\ H_{2}C = CH - CH_{2} - C - C \\ H_{3}C - CH_{2} & NH_{3} \end{aligned}$$

valproatum pivoxilum

valproate pivoxil

hydroxymethyl 2-propylvalerate, pivalate C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>4</sub> 77372-61-3

$$\begin{array}{c} 0 & O & CH_3 \\ H_3C - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - O - CH_3 \\ H_3C - CH_3 - CH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

vincantrilum vincantril (±)-10-chloro-1,2,3,3a,4,5-hexahydro-6*H*-ındolo[3,2,1-*de*][1,5]naphthyridin-6-one  $C_{14}H_{13}CIN_2O$  65285-58-1

vintriptolum vintriptol

[23(S)]-4-deacetyl-3-[(1-carboxy-2-indol-3-ylethyl)carbamoyl]-3-de(methoxycarbonyl)vıncaleukoblastine, ethyl ester  $C_{se}H_{so}N_{e}O_{s}$  81600-06-8

zinci acetas basicum zinc acetate, basic

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{hexakis}(\mu\text{-acetato})\text{-}\mu\text{4-oxotetrazinc} \\ \text{C}_{\text{12}}\text{H}_{\text{19}}\text{O}_{\text{13}}\text{Zn}_{\text{4}} & 82279\text{-}57\text{-}0 \end{array}$ 

zofenoprilum zofenopril

(4\$)-N-[(\$)-3-mercapto-2-methylpropionyl]-4-(phenylthio)-L-proline benzoate (ester)  $C_{22}H_{23}NO_4S_2$  81872-10-8

-1 )

### AMENDMENT TO PREVIOUS LISTS

# Cumulative List No. 6, 1982

# International Nonproprietary Names (INN) for Pharmaceutical Substances:

delete

insert

p. 7

acidum halocrinicum halocrinic acid

brocrinatum brocrinat

acidum indacrinicum indacrinic acid

indacrinonum indacrinone

p. 259

propranololum propranolol

replace INN in Spanish by propranolol

265

quisultidinum quisultidine

quisultazinum quisultazine

Vol. 36, No. 2

# International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 47

delete

insert

p. 9 iotrolum iotrol

iotrolanum

iotrolan

Vol. 36, No. 5

### International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 48

delete

insert

p. 11 iodecolum iodecol ;)

iodecimolum iodecimol

Vol. 37, No. 2

## International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 49

p. 2 alifedrinum alifedrine

replace the graphic formula by:

delete

insert

p. 4 boforsinum colforsinum

boforsin

colforsin

- p. 6 dazodipinum dazodipine
- darodipinum darodipine
- p. 13 nacartocinum nacartocin

replace the graphic formula by:

p 16 piroxicillinum piroxicillin

replace the graphic formula by:

# Annex 1 PROCEDURE FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMMENDED INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES\*

The following procedure shall be followed by the World Health Organization in the selection of recommended international nonproprietary names for pharmaceutical substances, in accordance with the World Health Assembly resolution WHA3.11:

- 1. Proposals for recommended international nonproprietary names shall be submitted to the World Health Organization on the form provided therefor.
- 2. Such proposals shall be submitted by the Director-General of the World , alth Organization to the members the Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia and Pharmaceutical Preparations designated for this purpose, for consideration in accordance with the "General principles for guidance in devising International Nonproprietary Names", appended to this procedure. The name used by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical substance shall be accepted, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary.
- 3. Subsequent to the examination provided for in article 2, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice that a proposed international nonproprietary name is being considered.
- A. Such notice shall be given by publication in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization' and by letter to Member States and to national pharmacopoeia commissions or the bodies designated by Member ites.
  - Notice may also be sent to specific persons known to be concerned with a name under consideration.

- B. Such notice shall:
- (i) set forth the name under consideration:
- (ii) identify the person who submitted a proposal for naming the substance, if so requested by such person;
- (iii) identify the substance for which a name is being considered:
- (iv) set forth the time within which comments and objections will be received and the person and place to whom they should be directed:
- (v) state the authority under which the World Health Organization is acting and refer to these rules of procedure.
- C In forwarding the notice, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the proposed name during the period it is under consideration by the World Health Organization.
- 4 Comments on the proposed name may be forwarded by any person to the World Health Organization within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.
- 5. A formal objection to a proposed name may be filed by any interested person within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.
  - A. Such objection shall:
    - (i) identify the person objecting;
  - (ii) state his interest in the name:
  - (iii) set forth the reasons for his objection to the name proposed.

- 6. Where there is a formal objection under article 5, the World Health Organization may either reconsider the proposed name or use its good offices to attempt to obtain withdrawal of the objection. Without prejudice to the consideration by the World Health Organization of a substitute name or names, a name shall not be selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international nonproprietary name while there exists a formal objection thereto filed under article 5 which has not been withdrawn.
- 7. Where no objection has been filed under article 5, or all objections previously filed have been withdrawn, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice in accordance with subsection A of article 3 that the name has been selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international nonproprietary name.
- 8. In forwarding a recommended international nonproprietary name to Member States under article 7, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall:
- A. request that it be recognized as the nonproprietary name for the substance: and
- B. request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the name, including prohibiting registration of the name as a trade-mark or trade-name.
- \*Text adopted by the Executive Board of WHO in resolution EB15 R7 (Off. Rec. Wid Hith Org., 1955, 60, 3) and amended by the Board in resolution EB43 R9 (Off. Rec. Wid Hith Org., 1969, 173, 10).
- 10)

  †The title of this publication was changed to WHO Chronicle in January 1959

# GENERAL PRINCIPLES FOR GUIDANCE IN DEVISING INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES

- International Nonproprietary Names (INN) should be distinctive in sound and spelling. They should not be inconveniently long and should not be liable to confusion with names in common use.
- 2. The INN for a substance belonging to a group of pharmacologically related substances should, where appropriate, show this relationship. Names that are likely to convey to a patient an anatomical, physiological,

pathological or therapeutic suggestion should be avoided.

These primary principles are to be implemented by using the following secondary principles

- 3. In devising the INN of the first substance in a new pharmacological group, consideration should be given to the possibility of devising suitable INN for related substances, belonging to the new group.
- 4. In devising INN for acids, one-word names are preferred; their salts should be named without modifying the acid name, e.g. "oxacillin" and "oxacillin sodium", "ibufenac" and "ibufenac sodium".
- 5. INN for substances which are used as salts should in general apply to the active base or the active acid. Names for different salts or esters of the same active substance should differ

only in respect of the name of the inactive acid or the inactive base.

For quaternary ammonium substances, the cation and anion should be named appropriately as separate components of a quaternary substance and not in the amine-salt style.

- 6. The use of an isolated letter or number should be avoided; hyphenated construction is also undesirable.
- 7 To facilitate the translation and pronunciation of INN, "f" should be

used instead of "ph", "t" instead of "th", "e" instead of "ae" or "oe", and "i" instead of "y"; the use of the letters "h" and "k" should be avoided.

8 Provided that the names suggested are in accordance with these principles, names proposed by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation, or names already officially in use in any country, should receive preferential consideration.

9. Group relationship in INN (see Guiding Principle 2) should if possible be shown by using a common stem. The following list contains examples of stems for groups of substances, particularly for new groups. There are many other stems in active use.¹ Where a stem is shown without any hyphens it may be used anywhere in the name.

Latin	English	
-acum -actidum	-ac	anti-inflammatory agents of the ibufenac group
-adolum	-actide	synthetic polypeptides with a corticotrophin-like action
-adol-	-adol	analgesics
-autum	-adol-	
-astinum	-ast	anti-asthmatic, anti-allergic substances not acting primarily as antihistaminics
-azepamum	-astine	antinistaniinies
-azepamum -bactamum	-azepam	substances of the diazepam group
bol	-bactam bol	eta-lactamase inhibitors
-buzonum		steroids, anabolic
-cain-	-buzone	anti-inflammatory analgesics of the phenylbutazone group
-cainum	-cain-	antifibrillant substances with local anaesthetic activity
cef-	-caine	local anaesthetics
-cillinum	cef-	antibiotics, derivatives of cefalosporanic acid
cort	-cillin	antibiotics, derivatives of 6-aminopenicillanic acid
-dipinum	cort	corticosteroids, except those of the prednisolone group
-dipinum	-dipine -fibrate	peripheral vasodilators of the nifedipine group
-forminum		substances of the clofibrate group
gest	-formin	hypoglycemics of the phenformin group
gli-	gest	steroids, progestogens
io-	glı-	sulfonamide hypoglycemics
-ium	io-	iodine-containing contrast media
-metacinum	-ium	quaternary ammonium compounds
-mycinum	-metacin	anti-inflammatory substances of the indometacin group
-nidazolum	-mycin	antibiotics, produced by Streptomyces strains
-ololum	-nidazole	antiprotozoal substances of the metronidazole group
-oxacinum	-olol	$\beta$ -adrenergic blocking agents of the propranolol group
-pridum	-охасіл	antibacterial agents of the nalidix acid group
-proferium	-pride	sulpiride derivatives
-projenum prost	-profen	anti-inflammatory substances of the ibuprofen group
-relinum	prost	prostaglandins
-terolum	-relin	hypophyseal hormone release-stimulating peptides
-tidinum	-terol	pronchodilators, phenethylamine derivates
-trexatum	-tidine	H <sub>2</sub> -receptor antagonists
-trexatum -verinum	-trexate	folic acid antagonists
vin-	-verine	spasmolytics with a papaverine-like action
-vin-	VIN-	vinca type alkaloids
- 4111-	-vin-	J

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A more extensive fisting of stems is contained in the working document Pharm S/Nom 15 which is regularly updated and can be requested from Pharmaceuticals, WHO, Geneva

#### Annex 2

# NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES: TWENTIETH REPORT OF THE WHO EXPERT COMMITTEE

In its twentieth report the WHO Expert Committee on Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances reviewed the general principles for devising, and the procedures for selecting, international nonproprietary names (INN) in the light of developments in pharmaceutical compounds in recent years. The most significant recent change has been the extension to the naming of synthetic chemical substances of the practice previously used for substances originating in or derived from natural products. This practice involves employing a characteristic 'em" indicative of a common propby of the members of a group The reasons for, and the implications of, the change are fully discussed. Also

reported is the intention to change the practice with regard to the nomenclature of individual members of polymeric series

Other sections of the report concern instructions to be followed by bodies making application for international nonproprietary names, the availability of computer-printed cumulative lists of international nonproprietary names, information supplied by WHO Member States concerning their official use of national or international names for pharmaceutical products, and proposals relative to the withdrawal of international nonproprietary names allocated to substances that are no longer in use.

The official texts relating to the procedures for selecting, and general

guidance for devising, international nonproprietary names are reproduced in two annexes to the report. Other annexes give examples of international nonproprietary names that incorporate selected stems, the most frequently used initial groups of letters in international nonproprietary names, a historical review of the programme of selecting international nonproprietary names, some useful literature references, and a model of the form to be used in all applications for international nonproprietary names.

1 WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonroprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92 41205814 Price Sw. fr. 6.—